"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Fair and cooler; winds west to northwest.

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PRESS CORRESPONDENT EXPELLED FROM RUSSIA

London Times's Representative Ordered from the Empire.

President of a Meeting Which Protested Against the Kishineff Outrages Threatened with Exile—French Socialists Denounce the Massacre.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 29.—The Times announces that it is in receipt of a telegram from its St. Petersburg correspondent stating that he has been ordered by the Russian Government to leave Russian territory.

The order, as originally communicated to the correspondent, was that he was to quit St. Petersburg yesterday, (Thursday,) but by the good offices of the British Ambassador he has been allowed three days' grace in order to make domestic arrangements before leaving.

In an editorial article to-day The Times says:

"Until we possess more detailed information it is impossible to comment adequately on this remarkable measure, unprecedented within our experience, or even to speculate on the causes to which it is due. * * *

"We feel very confident that our correspondent will not be found to have given the slightest justification for the harsh treatment dealt out to him. * * * He has displayed conspicuous judgment and moderation in the discharge of his responsible duties. * * * If there have been features in Russia's domestic policy which it was impossible for any foreign observer in his position either to overlook or minimize, he has but shared the misgivings felt by not a few thoughtful and patriotic Russians themselves."

The only recent dispatch from the St. Petersburg correspondent of The London Times which contained comment, as distinct from news, appears to have been a telegram sent on May 18 on the Kishineff outrages. Speaking of the probable dismissal of the Governor of Bessarabia, he said:

When the outbreak took place the rioters were permitted to go about their work of murder, outrage, and devastation without any interference on the part of the authorities, except in a few instances where the police officers acted without waiting for instructions from their chiefs. In other cases where Jews appealed for protection they were told that nothing could be done for them. In these circumstances, for the Government not to dismiss from his post an official so grossly negligent of his most obvious duty would have created an impression which no number of Ministerial circulars could dissipate.

The correspondent went on to say:

As it is, there is much in the action of the Central Government which needs explanation. The massacre at Kishineff has shown that the local authorities cannot always be trusted to protect the Jews, yet in a recent circular M. de Plehve has laid it down that Jewish clubs of self-defense are not to be tolerated. That may be defended on general political grounds, but it is hard to find any excuse for the indulgence extended to the anti-Semitic press.

The dispatch ended as follows:

One word more must be said, in justice to the Russian people. They must not be made to share the odium which the horrible riots at Kishineff have brought upon the anti-Semitic agitators, upon the local authorities, and, indirectly, upon the Russian Government. It would be hard to find a nation in the world which is more tender hearted and more tolerant of differences of every kind than are the Russians. The whole Liberal press has given strong expression to its horror at the terrible outrages at Kishineff, and many of the clergy, including Father John of Kronstadt and the Bishop of Jitomir, have denounced them from the pulpit.

PARTISAN OF JEWS IS THREATENED BY RUSSIA.

He Presided at a Meeting of Protest in St. Petersburg—French Socialists Denounce the Kishineff Outrages.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 29.—The Petite République, in an article quoted by the Paris correspondent of The Times, says that M. Annensky, who presided at a meeting in St. Petersburg which protested against the Kishineff atrocities, has been threatened with deportation to Siberia.

"It is thus," says the Petite République, "that the Russian Government expresses its sympathy with the victims of the Kishineff outrages."

The Times's correspondent describes a Socialist meeting held in Paris to protest against the Kishineff massacre. Twelve hundred persons were present, including a considerable number of Russians and Jews.

A Frenchman presided, supported by two women representing the Social Democracy of Poland and Lithuania, and among others on the platform were representatives of the Belgian Labor Party and the Russian Revolutionary Socialists and members of the French Chamber of Deputies and the Paris Municipal Council. The Italian Socialist Ferry telegraphed his sympathy.

After a vivid description of the massacres by M. Roubanovitch, a Belgian delegate congratulated the French proletariat on taking up the cause of their slaughtered brethren in Russia, and the French Deputy Sembat said the meeting desired to render massacres more difficult by its protestations.

The meeting resolved to condemn the agents of the Russian Government and the police who were responsible for the massacres, and to denounce the Czar's Government as the author of butcheries designed to perpetuate racial antagonisms and postpone the victory of the proletariat over autocracy and capitalism.

The meeting sent "fraternal greetings to the heroes who, in the country of the knout, have fought valiantly for the promotion of a liberal and humane régime."

Denial by Tolstoi's Son.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 28.—The Novosti to-day publishes a letter from Count Tolstoi's son, in which he denies the published report that his father gave 15,000 rubles for the relief of the Jews of Kishineff. He says Count Tolstoi desires a contradiction of the report, not because of lack of sympathy with the Jews, but because he dislikes to be credited with an action he has not performed.

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Seaboard Air Line Railway. With interchangeable mileage tickets, through cars and cafe dining service, offer a very attractive route South. Office, 1,183 Broadway.—Adv.

FLOOD AT DES MOINES.

River Twenty-one Feet Above Low Water Mark—A Thousand People Driven from Home.

Special to The New York Times.

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 28.—The Des Moines River to-day rose to twenty-one feet above low-water mark, which is very close to the mark of last year. All of the lowlands are flooded, and about 1,000 people have been driven from their homes. The levees are in better condition, and therefore the damage will not be as great as it was last year, although the loss will run up into thousands. Two spans of the new Melan Arch bridge over the river on Sixth Avenue were carried away to-day.

The part carried away was largely false work, however, and the work on the bridge will simply be delayed. A large amount of territory is flooded along the river in North Des Moines. People were driven from their homes all along the river. In anticipation of the floods they had been moving out for the past day or two, and when the big rise came to-day they were out of its way.

Camps were established to-day in different places and tents were furnished by the city to all who were in need of them. Only a limited number of requests for tents were made, however.

It was thought for a time to-day that the street car system would have to shut down owing to water sweeping into the basement of the power plant, which is situated close to the river. The cars stopped part of the afternoon, but one car is now running on each line, and pumps were set to work to remove the water. This was also done at the electric light plant. The city water works are not thought to be in any danger.

Reports from up the river are not encouraging and the indications are that the river will go still higher. A rise of another foot will endanger a number of bridges and flood a larger territory. The levees are being closely watched and gangs of men are kept busy repairing all breaks.

Train service out of Des Moines is demoralized and all are behind time. The same conditions prevail all over the State, trains being from one to twelve hours late.

CHASED THIEVES IN BOATS.

Boys Whose Clothing and Bicycles Had Been Stolen, Recovered Them and Captured the Robbers.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J., May 28.—A number of boys from Berkeley, Cutler, and Pratt schools had their clothes stolen to-day while swimming in Lake Hopatcong, but by quick work they caught the thieves, who were escaping in a row boat.

Two of the boys—Dutton and Hawkins—swam to the boat and tried to board it, but were beaten off with oars, until the others came to the rescue in row boats and subdued the thieves after one had been knocked into the water by an oar in the hands of one of the boys. Dutton, having recovered a revolver from his pocket, made the thieves row to shore. The boys then compelled them to swim to a small island in the lake, after which the police of Mount Arlington were notified.

The boys, six in number, were making the circuit of the lake on bicycles in search of a Summer camping site, when they decided to go in swimming. The thieves, after taking their clothes, made a detour and embarked in a boat. The boys saw them rowing away, but suspected nothing until they missed their clothes, when they gave chase. Their bicycles, which had also disappeared, were later found concealed in the woods.

TO FILL COLLIER'S PLACE.

Gov. Odell Will Probably Appoint Charles F. Milliken Civil Service Commissioner.

ALBANY, May 28.—The vacancy in the State Civil Service Commission, caused by the resignation of Commissioner W. M. Collier, who was President of the board, will be filled by a recess appointment by Gov. Odell, probably soon after his return from New York City early next week. It is expected that the new Commissioner will be Charles F. Milliken of Canandaigua, editor of the Ontario County Times. The salary of the office is $3,000 a year, with $50 a month expenses. Other candidates for the office are Emmet Rhodes and F. M. Parsons of the Cayuga County.

When the board reorganizes it is expected that Commissioner Cuthbert W. Pound of Ithaca will be elected to succeed Commissioner Collier as President.

E. M. THAYER'S BODY EXHUMED

Boston Citizen's Life Was Insured for $485,000 and Companies Objected to Payment.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 28.—In order to set at rest rumors of suicide, the body of Edwin M. Thayer, who died suddenly May 1 and whose life was insured for $485,000, was exhumed to-day.

It has been reported at various times that a close watch was being kept over the remains, which lay in the family lot in the Newton Cemetery, and it was generally supposed, because of the question raised by one or more of the interested life insurance companies, that if the body was disinterred, it would be at their express wish, but the exhumation to-day, as a matter of fact, was at the special desire of the family, as well as Dr. Draper, the medical examiner, who made an autopsy of the body of the deceased and pronounced the cause of Mr. Thayer's demise as acute Bright's disease.

The body was to-day taken up under the personal supervision of Dr. Draper, and his special intention is to reinforce the proof of the fact, as well as the cause, of the young man's death. The analysis will be made by some of the leading experts, and will probably include Prof. Wood.

Of the large number of insurance companies in which Mr. Thayer carried policies, some of them settled in full; several others are ready to pay over the face of the policies immediately; three, however, object to payment.

The Three Limiteds. Pennsylvania Railroad's new fast train service to Chicago and St. Louis. Consult ticket agents.—Adv.

Westcott Express Company. Furnish carriage, also check baggage from residence to destination. (Tel. 2986 38th.)—Adv.

ACCUSED BY DYING MAN, SEWALL IS VINDICATED

Bridegroom-Elect Quits Bachelor Dinner to Face Vague Charge.

ARDSLEY MYSTERY UNSOLVED

Inquest Into the Death of Coachman Brings Nothing to Light Except His Own Rambling Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

ARDSLEY-ON-HUDSON, May 28.—Having been summoned to the long-distance telephone in the midst of his bachelor dinner to be told by his fiancée that he was under suspicion in the Hafferman murder case, Rufus Lentner Sewall of Boston appeared in Irvington to-day to face his accusers. The bachelor dinner at the Puritan Club, Boston, suddenly ended, and he took the midnight train so that he might be on hand at the inquest into the death of John Hafferman, who was killed near the club station Sunday night. He was rewarded with complete vindication, which set at rest stories that have connected his name with the case and troubled the family of Robert Hewitt, whose daughter, Miss Juanita Hewitt, is to marry Mr. Sewall at her father's country place on Wednesday.

Mr. Sewall, who attended a dinner party at Mr. Hewitt's home on Sunday night, was brought into the case when John Hefferman, dying of pistol wounds on the bank by the club station last Sunday night, thrice mentioned as his slayer Mr. Hewitt's intended son-in-law. Frank A. Healy, night watchman at the station, and John Finn, a club hall boy, told the police and the Coroner of this accusation.

A goodly number of millionaire members of the Ardsley Club appeared at the inquest before Coroner Russell at the Town Hall at Irvington to dispute the charge. Edward Somerville Jaffray and Mrs. Mary Jacquelin Smith of Ardsley testified to an alibi, placing Mr. Sewall at Mr. Hewitt's house at the time of the shooting.

It ultimately developed at the inquest that Hefferman in his last moments made several different statements as to the identity of his murderer. To Dr. Denniston of Dobbs Ferry he finally said that the murderer was a total stranger to him. He told Sarah Campbell, with whom he was sitting on the bank when the tragedy happened, according to her testimony given to-day, that it was "Mr. Hewitt's son-in-law" who shot him. He told another witness that it was "Mr. Hewitt's coachman," and still another besides Dr. Denniston that he did not know the man.

ANIMOSITY OF THE SERVANTS.

The accusation against the coachman, although constituting a comparatively unimportant part of the testimony at the inquest, is thought to-night to indicate why the names of E. S. Jaffray, as "Mr. Hewitt's son-in-law," and Rufus L. Sewall as the "intended son-in-law" of Mr. Hewitt were brought into the case. Between the house servants of Mr. Hewitt and Max E. Sand, his next-door neighbor, whose coachman Hefferman was, there has existed strong animosity. In the absence of any other reason for mentioning Sewall and Jaffray, folk about the little settlement cite this one.

To make the vindication of Messrs. Sewall and Jaffray doubly sure at the inquest to-day, Coroner Russell confronted Miss Campbell with Mr. Sewall. She had repeatedly said that she could identify the man who killed her friend, but failed to recognize the young man. Shortly before this, when Mr. Jaffray was standing with two-score others in a small lower room in the Irvington Town Hall, the Coroner called upon the woman to pick out Hefferman's assailant, and she said she did not see him.

Other developments to-day had to do with another hatless man who applied at the electric light station in Tarrytown about 1 o'clock Monday morning and asked William Pasquette, an employe there, for a hat, saying that he had lost his on a freight train. Pasquette told Chief of Police Charles A. Nossiter of Tarrytown that the man did not look as though he had just jumped from a train, because his face and hands were clean, and his clothing generally neat. Pasquette reported having seen the same man Monday afternoon, but the local police have been unable to obtain further information. With them now are several county officers and two private detectives, retained, as it is understood, by wealthy Ardsley residents who desire the case to be cleared up at any cost.

TESTIMONY AT THE INQUEST.

When Coroner Russell opened the inquest at a few minutes of 4 o'clock this afternoon there were some fifty residents of Irvington, a score of newspaper men, and of his witnesses Sarah Campbell, Healy and Finn, in the room. Miss Campbell went directly on the stand, and her former testimony, in which she mentioned no one as having been accused by Hefferman in the few minutes before other aid reached him, was read to her.

"Do you want to make any further statement?" Coroner Russell asked. The reply was in the negative.

"Have you made any other statement to any one?" he demanded again.

"Well," replied the girl, hesitatingly, "I thought John said that night that he thought it was Mr. Hewitt's son-in-law that shot him."

Q.—Will you swear to that? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Will you swear that John didn't say that? A.—I don't know; he may have said Mr. Hewitt's son-in-law.

Q.—Did John know Mr. Hewitt's son-in-law? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Do you know him? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—But you stand by your testimony in saying that you could identify the murderer? A.—Yes.

Coroner Russell—Is Mr. Hewitt's son-in-law here? A voice—He is, Coroner Russell. Then stand up, said Coroner Russell.

Mr. Jaffray, who had entered during the girl's testimony with a number of other Ardsley witnesses, among them Edwin Gould, Dr. George F. Shrady, Mr. Hewitt, E. L. Eldridge, Max Sand, and Rufus L. Sewall, was standing at this time in the rear of the room. As his name was called there was a stirring of those about him. Sarah Campbell looked about her in a dazed fashion and said nothing.

"You say you can identify him. Why don't you pick him out?" asked the Coroner.

"I can't," she faltered.

"But can you identify him, anyway?"

"Yes, he had a long, thin face." Mr. Jaffray is a stout man, and his face is far from "long and thin."

"So you don't see him here?" the Coroner concluded.

"No, I don't," and the witness was excused.

Frank Healy, the night watchman at the station, after going over details of the shooting, said he stooped over Hefferman while he was lying on the ground and asked if he had been shot.

Q.—You say he told you he had been shot? A.—Yes.

Q.—Is that all? A.—No; I looked at the man after I had lit a match, and I saw he was very pale, and thought he was going to die. So I asked him if he knew who shot him, and he said: "Yes, Mr. Hewitt's intended son-in-law."

Q.—What's his name? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Did you see John Hefferman again? A.—Yes, I saw him as he was lying on the station platform, and when he was being carried into the station on the door he repeated the statement about Mr. Hewitt's intended son-in-law to me three times.

Q.—Who carried him in on the door? A.—I only know four. Mr. Hale was one, then there was Finn, the boy that's here, myself, and a Mr. Platt, I think it was. I can't say quite.

Q.—What part did you have hold of? A.—The front left-hand corner by the head.

John Finn, a hall-boy, recently hired at the Ardsley Club, who went to the scene of the shooting with Healy, corroborated this testimony:

Q.—(By Coroner Russell)—What did you say to Hefferman? A.—I asked him who shot him.

Q.—Did he know who did it? A.—Yes, he said that it was Mr. Hewitt's intended son-in-law. Then I asked him how it happened, and he said, "I had him down, but he was too strong for me and got away." Then the lights came on and Healy and the others took Hefferman on the door.

Q.—Did Hefferman make a positive statement that it was Mr. Hewitt's intended son-in-law? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did he say anything further? A.—No; he said something on his way to the station, but his head was toward Healy and I didn't hear it.

Samuel B. P. Trobridge, the architect, whose city home is at 123 East Seventieth Street, was called. He was in the party of clubmen who carried Hefferman from the place where he was shot, to the station. He said he was with Hefferman from the minute when he was put on a shutter until he left in the club wagon, and did not hear him make any statement of any kind, except to ask for water and speak of his sufferings.

Then Dr. George F. Shrady, who arrived after Dr. Denniston, told of the condition of the patient from the time he first saw the man until the operation was performed.

Q.—(By Coroner Russell)—You saw that he was mortally wounded? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did Hefferman make any statement in your hearing either in the depot or on the ride to Dobbs Ferry except to complain of pain? A.—No regular statement. He was very restless on the ride over, and insisted in getting up. We had to give him morphine to keep him quiet.

Q.—How about his condition? A.—He was suffering from what we call a surgical shock.

Q.—Now from your own experience as a surgeon, what is the usual mental condition of a man suffering from such a shock? A.—His mental condition would be decidedly below par. Such a shock is always attended by hallucinations and incoherency of speech.

Q.—Was that the mental codition of John Hefferman that night? A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you testify as an expert that John Hefferman was not in a mental condition to make a coherent statement? A.—Yes.

Edwin Gould, the next witness, said that during the time he was with Hefferman he did not hear him say who did the shooting.

Miss Campbell was recalled to say that she did not hear Hefferman make any statement to Healy.

Edward S. Jaffray said that he was a real estate broker living at Irvington. On the evening of the shooting he was a member of a dinner party at the house of Mr. Hewitt, consisting of Mrs. Hewitt and four daughters, Mr. Sewall, Mrs. Mary Jacquelin Smith of Ardsley, and Miss Smith. He, Mrs. Jaffray, Miss Juanita Hewitt, Miss Bessie Hewitt, Miss Smith, and Mr. Sewall were up stairs in the guest chamber looking at presents sent in anticipation of the wedding next Wednesday, when the telephone rang from the club and he was apprised of the shooting. He went down to the place where the wounded man lay.

"There I saw Healy and Hale and a very small boy from the club," he continued. "They were all very much excited and I asked the man on the ground, 'What's the matter, have you been shot, and do you know who shot you?' He said, 'No, I don't know. I'm shot in the back,' but he seemed to be in a dazed condition.

"Near the station Healy became so excited that he nearly dropped the end of the door, and I called to Mr. Trobridge to take hold of it. In the waiting room I asked Healy and some of the boys to get a mattress from the club, but they were so excited that they didn't know what to do. After they had finally got a mattress I asked one of those excited boys to get some brandy."

Q. (by Coroner Russell)—You had hold of the door bringing Hefferman to the station? A.—Yes.

Q.—You would have heard a statement if he had made one? A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you swear he didn't? A.—Yes.

Q.—Then if Healy says he did, that is false? A.—It is, so far as I am concerned.

Frederick L. Eldridge of 27 Washington Square, New York, an officer in the Knickerbocker Trust Company, testified that he was with Hefferman in the station, and asked who shot him.

"Mr. Hewitt's coachman," was the reply.

"Are you sure it was Mr. Hewitt's coachman?" Mr. Eldridge said he asked.

"I think so," Hefferman rejoined.

MR. SEWALL FACES THE CORONER.

Rufus L. Sewall, accused by the testimony Healy and Finn had given of Hefferman's statement, was next called. He is a young man of slight build, with a clean-cut face. The Coroner addressed him:

"Mr. Sewall, there is evidence here that you were the party that shot John Hefferman. You may make any statement, but you must know that it will be used against you. You are entitled to counsel and to all the rights of a citizen. Have you anything to say why you should not be held for the Grand Jury?"

Mr. Sewall, white faced, stood silent, and the Coroner questioned him.

Q.—Have you any counsel? A.—No Sir.

Q.—Do you want to make any statement? A.—Well, I will answer questions.

Q.—Now Mr. Sewall, I know all this is painful and I don't like to do it, but I have got to do my duty. Will you make a statement?

This time Mr. Sewall said he would, and the Coroner, in response to questions, brought out that the witness was a stock broker of Boston, and had been visiting at the Hewitt house since Wednesday last. His account of the happenings of last Sunday night agreed exactly with that given by Mr. Jaffray, except that he added that he had not worn a hat when he went down from the Hewitt house, and that Mr. Jaffray had commented on it.

"As we were carrying Hefferman to the station," Mr. Sewall continued, "I heard some one say, 'Who shot you?' and he said, 'A man from the bushes. I was shot from behind.'"

Q. (by Coroner Russell)—Were you continuously with the Hewitt family until the telephone message came that some one had been shot? A.—Yes.

Robert Hewitt, President of the Manhattan Refrigerating Company, Mr. Jaffray's father-in-law, was the next witness, and his testimony of the movements of Jaffray and Sewall was exactly in accordance with that of the two witnesses preceding.

When Mr. Hewitt had left the stand one of the newspaper men asked the Coroner if he thought he would hold Mr. Sewall.

"Not on your life," was the reply. "This is a damned outrage. That talk was the dribbling of an insane man."

Then Coroner Russell turned to where Sarah Campbell sat in the hall and said: "Sarah, stand up!"

Turning to Sewall, he said: "Mr. Sewall, stand up!"

They looked at each other for some moments.

Q.—Sarah, was that the man that shot John Hefferman? A.—No, Sir, it wasn't that man.

Q.—And you stand by your evidence that you could identify the man? A.—Yes, Sir.

The evidence of Mrs. Mary Jacquelin Smith, in corroboration what the others had said, was followed only by that of Dr. C. H. Judson of the Dobbs Ferry Hospital, who said that Hefferman was not shot in the back.

At the suggestion of some one in the room, Coroner Russell asked Mr. Sewall what size of hat he wore and the latter replied that it was 7 or 7¼, thus disposing of the supposition that the 6¾ hat found near the shooting might be his.

Coroner Russell proposed that the witnesses come next Wednesday to sign their testimony, and Mr. Sewall suggested that that was the day he was going to be married, so the Coroner changed it to Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. To W. U. Parsons, an attorney, who, at the end of the hearing said that he would represent Sewall in further proceedings, the Coroner said:

"Mr. Sewall has made his alibi, and I didn't want to put him under arrest. His witnesses prove it to my satisfaction, and there's no use of keeping him."

Then he announced his verdict as follows:

I find that John Hefferman came to his death by wounds received at the hand of person or persons unknown, and I find no evidence to support the accusations made against Rufus Sewall. I hereby censure and condemn the action of the officers of the Dobbs Ferry Hospital in delaying to notify the officials, whereby the death of this man was not known until eleven hours after the commission of the act, and if at any future time such neglect occurs in my jurisdiction, I shall hold the authorities for the Grand Jury.

This closed the inquest, but the persons most immediately interested gathered around the Coroner's table for a few moments before leaving the hall. To them he said: "I am sorry you had to come here, gentlemen. There would have been no trouble if the hospital authorities had done the right thing, and had an ante-morten statement taken in the regular way. Even if Sewall had shot Hefferman, the evidence of these two persons who repeated the dying statement would have had no standing in a court of law, for to have such standing it would have had to be sworn to."

Twenty Hours to Chicago. The train on the New York Central and Lake Shore, making the 980 miles between New York and Chicago daily in twenty hours, is appropriately named "The Twentieth Century Limited."—Adv.

New Gregorian Hotel, 35th St., bet. 5th Av. and Herald Sq.; a delightful city Summer home.—Adv.

Decoration Day excursion, Niagara Falls, via Lehigh Valley Railroad, $9.00, May 29th. Superior Pullman equipment.—Adv.

CHAMBERLAIN CARRIES THE CABINET WITH HIM

His Tariff Proposals Cause a Political Revolution.

He Makes Another Important Speech in the Commons, and Premier Balfour Indorses His Policy.

LONDON, May 29.—Mr. Chamberlain has again proved himself the strong man of the Cabinet. In a debate in the House of Commons yesterday, which may prove the most momentous of the present Parliament, he has in a frank and bold speech further developed the policy which will be universally regarded as an entire reversal of Great Britain's fiscal position, and at the same time he proved that he has managed to carry the members of the Government with him against their convictions.

The impression left on the minds of those present in the crowded chamber was that the country is on the eve of a dissolution, and that, as at the last election, Mr. Chamberlain carried the country with him on the South African war policy, he has now converted his colleagues to the belief that he will be able to carry it again on the policy of preferential trade within the empire. In addition to asking for a mandate to tax food, he asks for power to engage in a tariff war with Germany on Canada's account and to fight the American trusts.

It is safe to say that no such sudden revolution has been experienced in the political situation for very many years, nor anything so sensational.

Yesterday's debate arose on a motion that the House adjourn for the Whitsuntide holidays. Sir Charles W. Dilke (Liberal) raised a discussion on the fiscal views enunciated by Mr. Chamberlain. The House was crowded. The United States Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. White, and other foreign representatives were present.

Sir Charles maintained that Mr. Chamberlain had suggested a revolutionary change in the Government's policy, which was opposed to all traditions and to the opinions of an overwhelming majority in Parliament. He considered that, while the policy of the Government as outlined at the recent colonial conference was dangerous, it fell far short of the policy now suggested.

SPEECH BY THE PREMIER.

Premier Balfour prefaced his reply with the remark that Sir Charles had attempted to make mischief between the Colonial Secretary and himself, but any such attempt would fail. He contended that after the resolution of the colonial conference, Mr. Chamberlain was bound to raise the subject of preferential trade for public discussion. Mr. Balfour deprecated "waving the ragged, moth-eaten flags of either the protectionist or the free trade side in the controversy, now as far removed as the poles from the controversy of half a century ago."

The Premier then proceeded to argue that the tendency was to raise a tariff wall against British goods. Great Britain, he said, must become more and more dependent on foreign countries for food, and owing to exterior tariffs would find herself compelled to dispose of her exports on onerous terms, resulting in an enormous loss to the community. He therefore urged that the time had come when it should be publicly discussed whether the doctrine that revenue was never to be raised except for purposes of expenditure must not be abandoned. The Premier declared there was no contradiction between Mr. Chamberlain's views and his own, but he defended the right of any Minister to freedom of speech. This fiscal question, he said, required the most careful examination. He was not certain that a scheme was practicable, but, unless some scheme was devised, the empire could not progress. At present Great Britain was the only free trade country in the world. If the prevailing tendency continued the time must come when the only neutral markets where she could dispose of her exports would be her own protectorates, her own Crown colonies, and India, leaving this country helpless in the hands of other nations.

With respect to tariff negotiations, continued the Premier, if foreign countries were to be allowed to treat the British colonies as foreign nations, Great Britain would be forced by patriotic interests and regard for her colonies to retaliate. Canada, Australia, India, and New Zealand were parts of the empire, and it was absurd that they should be treated as separate aggregations because self-government had been given to them.

The Premier added that if preference was given to imports from the colonies they would in exchange mitigate the severity of their hostile tariffs against the motherland.

Mr. Balfour concluded by saying he did not think it would be wise to tax raw materials, and he did not know whether a tax on food would be accepted, or whether the colonies would accept the proposed tariff modifications. He knew the traditional objection of the working classes to a food tax, and he was aware of the objection of the colonies to abandoning protection. If these could not be overcome the plan collapsed. It was not true that the idea was started by Mr. Chamberlain as a policy of his own and without consultation with his colleagues. He (Mr. Balfour) was in agreement with the Colonial Secretary, and if his scheme or some other similar scheme was impracticable the empire could not be brought to the same plane of fruition as had been the case in the United States.

After a question put by David Lloyd-George, (Radical,) in reply to whom Mr. Balfour intimated that the Government did not propose to deal with the question before the dissolution of Parliament, Mr. Chamberlain spoke.

CHAMBERLAIN'S SPEECH.

The Colonial Secretary described the debate as one of the "scouting" kind, to discover the weak points of the Government's position, which prevented it from assuming the importance that the subject demanded. He expressed surprise at the fact that his speech at Birmingham on May 15 had aroused such attention. It was, he said, absolutely the same in substance as speeches delivered by Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour. There was absolutely no difference of opinion between himself and Mr. Balfour. All the critics of his suggestions had fallen in error in supposing that a reversal of Great Britain's fiscal policy was involved. Nothing of the kind had been proposed. Everything depended on the definition of "free trade," and if Cobden's definition "to bring about a free interchange of commodities at their natural prices" was accepted, then neither he nor any member of the Government sought to depart therefrom.

Although nothing was now suggested in the nature of a reversal of Great Britain's fiscal policy, continued the Colonial Secretary, it was certain that a mandate must be given the Government if the suggestions that he had thrown out were to be carried into effect. He wished to make his own position clear. He would do his utmost to bring this question in all its bearings before the people. Thus far he had only raised a principle and had not formulated a plan. If there was to be no change in the fiscal system the country would have to give up all hope of closer fiscal relations with the colonies and must abandon all idea of securing at any time closer political relations with them. If the Government received a mandate it would produce a plan. He could call another colonial conference, but he could not negotiate with the colonies before the people had given the Government a mandate. Everything would depend upon what this country had to offer.

TO CONSULT MANUFACTURERS.

In the first place, however, said Mr. Chamberlain, he must learn from every manufacturing district what articles made in those districts could be more largely sold if there were preferential rates in the colonies. What Great Britain should give was preference on great Colonial products, and that preference would have to be on raw material, or on food, or upon both. He agreed that it was undesirable to tax raw material, because Great Britain would be required to give drawbacks on the finished article, which was a complicated system, and he preferred the simple method of taxing food. The workingman's dislike to taxes on food had no terrors for him. He was prepared to go into the homes of the laboring men and argue the subject with them. He would give them a table showing how much beer and bread they used and exactly how much duty they would have to pay if this policy were carried out. He would also give them a table showing how much extra wages they would require to earn. If the Opposition were able to show that it meant greater cost of living with no increase of wages their position would be justified, but if he was able to show greater increase of wages than loss on food then "I think I shall have a chance."

It was inevitable, said Mr. Chamberlain, if preferential duties were levied, that a tax be placed on foodstuffs, and as the working classes would pay three-quarters of such a tax it was only fair that this money and the one-quarter paid by the rich classes should be applied to social reforms, like old age pensions. Such a tax was not protective in intention, but, incidentally, it would be protective. He would say to the workingman: "Not only do you get back in benefits the whole sum you pay, but also all that is paid by the richer classes. In addition to that, you receive higher wages, and it will be possible to press forward other social reforms which are at present impracticable for lack of money."

Mr. Chamberlain admitted that the grain tax, though not intended to be protective, had incidentally protected the farmer. If, he added, food were taxed in the future it would not be an unmixed evil, because it would help the depressed industry of agriculture and increase Great Britain's home supply of food. More than that, it would enable her to deal with Germany in defense of Canada. "We should not enter on war tariffs, but I would say to Germany: 'I am afraid if you cannot meet us in this matter I may be compelled to put a duty on that.'"

The Colonial Secretary said repeated representations had been made to Germany in regard to Canada, but he did not see what Germany could do to meet the British views until Great Britain was in a position to touch the pockets of the German people.

BRITAIN A DUMPING GROUND.

Was it not also conceivable, asked Mr. Chamberlain, that Great Britain, "would have to defend her trade against unjust competition, such as that of the trusts of America and the Continent? At present Great Britain was the one open market of the world, and, therefore, a general dumping ground." If dull trade comes the trusts will flood our markets and the markets in which we compete with iron and steel at prices that we cannot meet. If that happens nothing will prevent the people from putting on a duty to protect our staple industry.

Mr. Chamberlain concluded with an emphatic assertion that he intended to press the matter on public attention.

After some further discussion the motion for the Whitsuntide adjournment was adopted, and the House adjourned until June 8.

The debate practically ended with Mr. Chamberlain's speech, and the members went into the lobbies, few staying to hear Winston Churchill declare open hostility to the Colonial Secretary's policy.

The Conservatives listened to Mr. Chamberlain's speech in chilling silence, indicative of alarm and uncertainty as to the outcome of the unexpected situation. Nearly a hundred Conservative members immediately intimated to the Government whip and to Mr. Chamberlain their intention to take the opinion of their constituents on the new policy during the Whitsuntide recess.

Among the Liberal members great confidence was expressed that upon such a straight and well-defined issue they could fight as a strong, united party, while the speeches of Lord Hugh Cecil and Winston Churchill, in the course of the debate, showed that a strong section of the Conservative Party is absolutely opposed to Mr. Chamberlain's policy.

Curiously enough, all the front bench Liberals were absent from the debate, it is believed, because they disapproved of Sir Charles Dilke raising the question, which it was intended to raise more formally by a resolution which Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the leader of the Liberal Party, intended to move, declining to further discuss the Budget bill without fuller disclosure of the Government's fiscal policy. It is believed that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman will now modify this resolution and invite Parliament to repudiate the policy enunciated in the speeches of Premier Balfour and Colonial Secretary Chamberlain.

Burnett's Cocoaine allays all irritation of the Scalp, and prevents the Hair from falling out.—Adv.

Eight Trains to Chicago. Each day at the most convenient hour, and they are all full of people, for they run over the New York Central lines.—Adv.

LONDON PRESS REALIZES THE GRAVITY OF THE ISSUE.

Morning Post Says the British Electors Are Asked to Decide the Fate of the Empire—Possible American Retaliation Discussed.

LONDON, May 29.—All this morning's papers publish editorial articles commenting on the importance and far-reaching consequences of yesterday's debate in the House of Commons.

The Liberal papers point out that, while Premier Balfour professed to regard the subject as only one for discussion and without immediate import, Mr. Chamberlain treated the subject as a burning question of moment. No paper, however, doubts that Mr. Balfour has been practically converted. The Conservative Standard says point-blank that the speeches of the two Ministers were evidently prepared in concert, and other Government organs recognize the same thing.

Little attempt is made at the present stage to discuss the intrinsic merits of Mr. Chamberlain's policy. Attention is rather directed to the possibilities of such a political revolution, which is calculated to effect a new cleavage of parties at home with unforeseeable developments abroad.

The Conservative morning Post remarks that the British electorate is asked to make a decision such as can come but once in a century; a decision which must govern for better or for worse the fate of the Empire, and through it the future of the world.

While the Liberal and Radical papers denounce the Colonial Secretary's proposal as an electoral device to retain his party in power, even though it should drag the country into ruin, some Conservative organs display reluctance to grant a mandate of the character asked to the Government, which has not always proved itself too strong, without a more detailed exposition of the policy.

The Daily Telegraph opens the discussion on the proposed policy with a two-column article headed "Will America Retaliate?" in which it analyzes the trade between Great Britain and the United States. The paper shows that in 1901 the British exports to the United States amounted to $91,900,000, while America's exports to Great Britain were $640,000,000.

The article declares that a tariff war with the United States is inconceivable. It would create such a financial industrial crisis in the United States as has never been known. America's answer to imperial reciprocity, therefore, would not be retaliation, but an offer to trade under more favorable terms.

Let Us Plan Your Trip West. No matter where you are going, or when, or whether first or second class, the Rock Island is the line to take—Colorado, California, Texas, and Mexico. Tickets at 401 Broadway or 35th St. and 5th Av.—Adv.

"Chicago Limited," via Pennsylvania Railroad, leaves New York [illegible] P. M., arrives Chicago 4:00 P. M.—Adv.

IRISH LAD WINS THE BROOKLYN HANDICAP

Harry Payne Whitney's Horse Beats Gunfire by Narrow Margin.

New Time for the Great Race Made—Nearly 30,000 Persons Watch the Exciting Event at Opening of the Gravesend Track.

The most spectacular Brooklyn Handicap that has ever been run in the seventeen years of the race was decided at the Gravesend track yesterday, when Irish Lad, owned jointly by Harry Payne Whitney and Herman B. Duryea, won by the shortest of noses from William C. Whitney's Gunfire, the post and popular favorite for the race, while a crowd of 25,000 frantically cheered on the struggle between father and son—the junior and the senior Whitney.

The contenders at the end were well in front of all other horses in the race, and the only question to the last furlong of the contest was whether Whitney, Jr., might last out in front with Irish Lad, who made all the running, or whether Whitney, Sr., might overcome the lead of Irish Lad and win with Gunfire in the final strides.

As a matter of fact, the race resolved itself into a question of inches at the end, or, in the vernacular of the turfman, "the nod." Gunfire, carrying William C. Whitney's colors, showed in front one stride from the post, but in that stride was passed again by Irish Lad, with the final jump in his favor, a nose only separating the victor from the second horse, while lengths away straggled in the rest of the field.

Eight lengths away was Heno, coming in third, while the winner, ridden out to the last ounce, surpassed the record for the race by nearly three-quarters of a second. Irish Lad, winner of the seventeenth Brooklyn Handicap, finished the mile and a quarter distance in 2:05 2-5.

The crowd at Gravesend was considerably smaller than the one that witnessed the running of the Brooklyn Handicap last year. The great amount of advertisement that had been given the event and the published predictions that in all probability the attendance would be the largest in the history of the race seemed to cause people to fear that there would be no chance of getting within seeing distance of the track, and therefore they remained away. As it was, however, about 25,000 or 28,000 people crowded the grand stands, the lawn, and the paddock, and to the casual observer it appeared to be a crowd of record-breaking size.

Society was not largely represented. It never is at Gravesend. The fashionable folk seem convinced that they have done their full duty, so far as the racing season is concerned, when they have attended the Morris Park opening. But there were many well-known people at the track—those prominent in public life, in politics, and in the theatrical and sporting world.

It was a beautiful day. In the forenoon the sun and the hopes of those intending to see the great race were clouded and shortly before noon a little rain fell at Gravesend. It was nothing more than a shower, though, and stopped within an hour. The turf was moistened sufficiently to lay the dust, but not enough to make it heavy, and the lawn was made greener. Then the sun came out and shone hazily during the rest of the day. There was a soft breeze that served to straighten out the scores of flags and pennants that were suspended from every pole on amphitheatre, clubhouse, stable, and stand.

The women appeared in a majority because they were in the most conspicuous positions. They crowded the grand stands and boxes, which took on a brilliant hue from the vari-colored gowns and enormous hats of the spectators. Down below, in front of the stretch, the green lawn was black with the crowd of men rushing back and forth between the edge of the course, the grand stand, and the bookmakers' stalls.

BETTING VERY BRISK.

The bookies did a big business—the biggest thus far this year. They were there in much larger force than usual—there must have been 300 of them, all told. They expected a big day, and they found plenty of customers. The pavilion was crowded to its capacity with a mass of elbowing, shoving, shuffling men. But that was not all. To the west a canvas canopy had been stretched over some fifty stools of bookmakers, and the jostling, anxious crowd nearly swept the busy bet-placers out of the place in their struggle to get near enough to put up their money. The bookies, as a rule, made their offers charily, but they found takers readily. Their big "killing" was in the Brooklyn Handicap. Almost everybody seemed to have the tip or the conviction that it would be Oom Paul, or Gunfire, or Yardarm, or Injunction, and as bets were piled up on these horses the odds grew smaller, until just before the start of the big race the offerings were not considered an inducement except to the overenthusiastic. Few, to all appearances, had their money up on Irish Lad, the winner.

After the race there was no rush to the pavilions where the bookmakers were. And those individuals, busily and with smiling countenances, proceeded in their work of accepting money and recording the ticket numbers. Of course, in a crowd of that size and character there were pickpockets. The Pinkertons, the Jockey Club guards, and the police caught about a dozen pocket-pickers and kept them in confinement until the close of the racing day. No large losses were reported.

Conspicuous among the box holders were William C. Whitney and his son, Harry Payne Whitney, with Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney. Other notables were James R. Keene, W. S. Fanshawe, A. Featherstone, George F. Johnson, L. V. Bell, H. B. Duryea, E. R. Thomas, Jacob Worth, Frederick Gebhard, H. M. Zeigler, L. Adrians, John W. Schorr, J. B. Haggin, Frank Farrell, C. P. Waterhouse, S. S. Brown, P. J. Dwyer, Newton Bennington, Sidney Paget, P. H. McCarren, H. De Courcey Forbes, Richard Canfield, Roland B. Molineux, Gen. F. V. Greene, Congressman Timothy D. Sullivan, and Sam McKee.

All interest centred in the great event of the day, the race for the Brooklyn Handicap, and William C. Whitney, lolling back in his box, seemed convinced that he held the key to the situation in the splendid mare Gunfire. His son, Harry Payne Whitney, seemingly agreed with him, for all the friends of the Whitney family who sought tips on the race were told that Gunfire was never so good even when she won the Metropolitan Handicap as at this time.

J. W. Rogers, trainer of the Whitney stables, also freely expressed his belief that the elder Whitney's Gunfire was a certain winner. Little thought seemed to be given to Irish Lad. The plungers seemingly agreed with the opinion of the Whitney stable, and from first to last Gunfire held the unusual and conspicuous place of favorite, the only mare that ever started favorite for a Brooklyn Handicap. The next choice in the betting was as singular a selection, this being the three-year-old Yardarm, who carried the colors of E. R. Thomas, while the third choice was Oom Paul, a four-year-old, with Col. Bill a con-

sistent fourth choice. In all, twelve horses ran for the big race. Blues, Royal, Waswift, Himself, Sambo, and Francesco making up the number scratched. The race was run a little after 4 o'clock, and after a considerable delay at the post. The horses lined up in the starter's hands with Injunction on the rail at the starting point in the quarter-mile shoot, with Igniter next to him, Bonnibert third, Yardarm fourth, Articulate fifth, Irish Lad sixth, Hunter Raine seventh, Oom Paul eighth, Heno ninth, Col. Bill tenth, Gunfire eleventh, and Herbert on the outside of the twelve starters.

There was never a break from the time that the horses went into the starter's hands, though Injunction was on his worst behavior, and wheeled and kicked as if possessed, while Herbert, who was the last horse to the post, also was in a cantankerous mood. When the starter finally lined the dozen horses up in shape for a send-off and found all together, the barrier lifted with Igniter first away, Irish Lad second, and Bonnibert third, the others breaking so evenly that there was small choice as to the positions they filled with the exception that Gunfire was among the last to leave the starting post. From the first jump the jockeys were hustling, and the pace was hot. Irish Lad, who got away well in his stride, being the luckiest of the field, and showing in front in the first half furlong, racing free and willing to go on, while O'Neil, his rider, was perfectly willing to let him make his own pace. Oom Paul, sixth at the start, rushed forward to second place in the first half furlong, and laying on Irish Lad's neck slipped away from the others of the crowd, the order at the stand being Irish Lad first, by a scant length; Oom Paul second, a length and a half in front of Igniter; Heno, Bonnibert, and Herbert, while Gunfire, at this point, was back in the ruck and struggling with all her speed to get forward and take a better position.

IRISH LAD'S GOOD LEAD.

Racing to the first turn, Irish Lad, who was well out in the track passing the stand, was so far clear that he swung over and took the rail, forcing Oom Paul, who then was hot after him, to go up on the outside, the pair then being nearly three lengths clear of all the field and struggling hard for the place of vantage. Entering the back stretch, Irish Lad still led by a length, Oom Paul being scarce a length in front of Igniter, third, while Gunfire, Heno, and Bonnibert were lapped, following in close order. Through the back stretch there was no change, except that Oom Paul crept forward a little bit and delighted his backers by seemingly galloping up to the three-year-old's throat, the aspect of the race on the far turn promising that Oom Paul would surely beat Irish Lad. On the turn of the back stretch, however, Irish Lad began to slip away again, and before they were half way through the turn Oom Paul was driving hard to keep his place, while Gunfire and Heno were moving swiftly forward and half way round the turn were abreast of Igniter, the third horse to that point. Just before the horses made the bend for the straight Gunfire and Heno both bore in and Igniter was crowded off and thrown back, H. Cochran having to pull him up, and Igniter, a contender to that point, thereafter being out of the race. Into the stretch Irish Lad was first by a length, with Oom Paul still second, but driving hard, while Gunfire, Heno, and Injunction were the nearest to the leader.

The moment they were straightened out for the last quarter of a mile in the run to the winning post Oom Paul collapsed under the pressure and fell to the rear. Gunfire then taking his place and going on after Irish Lad, who still was in front, and who led into the last quarter of a mile by a clear length, while Gunfire was at least two lengths behind Oom Paul. In the run through the straight Irish Lad held his own with rare courage and splendid speed, though Gunfire gained on him at every jump. O'Neil, on Irish Lad, had the rare intelligence to keep his hands down and his whip still, and rode the race out with hands and heels, taking all out of the three-year-old it was possible, and barely lasting to stall off a most remarkable rush by Gunfire, who closed with great speed and stanch courage in the final furlong, and who would have won from a less confident rider than O'Neil. As it was, Gunfire got up to Irish Lad a half dozen jumps from the post, O'Neil then brushing away from her and holding the lead to absolutely the last jump, when Gunfire again headed him, the two horses—Gunfire for William C. Whitney and Irish Lad for Harry Payne Whitney—passing the winning post so close together that none save the judges could tell which was the winner.

It actually was what is known to racing men as a question of the nod, for Gunfire showed her head in front one jump from the post, but the stride being with Irish Lad, his head was in front again as they passed the winning post, and Irish Lad got the verdict by the narrowest of margins, while the excited thousands whooped in expectation and in ignorance of which was the actual winner. The Whitney horses, Irish Lad, winner, and Gunfire, second, were so far in front of the remainder of the field that very few people even observed which was third, and the question was asked again and again before the official numbers were displayed. To put it mildly third place was only a nominal honor, for Heno straggled in eight lengths behind the rivals for first place and for third money by a neck from the Keene's colt, Injunction, who was fourth. Far away behind Injunction came Oom Paul, fifth, Hunter Raine sixth, Col. Bill seventh, Articulate eighth, Yardarm ninth, Igniter tenth, Herbert eleventh, Bonnibert twelfth.

WINNER MADE NEW RECORD.

The race marked a superb performance for the winner, who made the fastest time in which the famous mile and a quarter has ever been covered, his time being 2:05 2-5. The fractional time of the race was: First quarter, 0:25; three-eighths of a mile, 0:37 2-5; half a mile, 0:50; five furlongs, 1:02 2-5; three-quarters of a mile, 1:14 2-5; seven furlongs, 1:27 2-5; mile, 1:40 1-5.

The performance of the winner stands out as all the more brilliant in the fact that Irish Lad practically made all his own running, and, though challenged in having to carry his pace against an older horse in the receipt of considerable weight, lasted out to stall off the final challenge of so splendid a mare as Gunfire. The value of the race was $15,100. Both William C. Whitney and his son, Harry Payne Whitney, witnessed the victory of Irish Lad, and, though defeated, Mr. Whitney, Sr., was as much delighted as his son, albeit surprised at the success of the three-year-old whom neither the owners nor the trainers thought was up to such a hard race. Trainer J. W. Rogers was as surprised as was Mr. Whitney, Sr., at the result of the race, for he, too, believed that he had not done quite enough with Irish Lad, and had confidently expected Gunfire to be returned the winner.

O'Neil, the jockey, who rode Irish Lad, stated after the race that he himself had not anticipated the victory of the kind as his orders were to wait with the colt, and he had only gone on and made running after he found that he was so well away that he could not help racing in front. Even then, as O'Neil admitted, he would have been content to drop back and let some other horse take the pacemaking task, but Irish Lad ran so free and strong that he had to let him go on and in the result win without a stroke of the whip.

Irish Lad is the colt who won the Saratoga Special, the greatest of the sportsmen's races on the Eastern turf, at Saratoga last season, and though now racing in the name of the Westbury Stable, has always been owned by Harry Payne Whitney and Herman B. Duryea, who bought the colt from John E. Madden last year. Irish Lad last Fall was selected by most expert horsemen as the colt who promised to make the best three-year-old of 1903.

The Expectation Stakes, next to the Brooklyn Handicap, held the attention of the crowd and made lively betting. S. S. Brown's colt, Broomstick, winner of the Juvenile Stakes at Morris Park, starting favorite at a shade of odds on. The barrier rose with Broomstick first away, and from end to end the brown colt galloped in the lead and won pulled up by three lengths, the only race being for the place, in which three horses fought out heads apart.

Dimple raced after Broomstick for a great part of the way, and was second almost to the finish, where Tim Sullivan and Highball went up to her, the three fighting out under whip and spur in a head finish, with Tim Sullivan having a shade the best of it on the post, he getting second place by a nose from Dimple, who beat Highball about the same distance.

In the opening race Boutonniere was the post favorite, among fourteen starters, but never was a contender. Northern Star broke in front, and, making every post a winning mark, galloped in two lengths in front of Astarita, second, while Invincible was third, a length away. In the second race McGrathiana Prince was the best backed and post favorite, but Ohnet proved the better horse, and, fencing cleverer than McGrathiana Prince and showing the most speed on the flat, won hard-ridden by a short head, while Andalusian, who made the early running, stopped badly in the last mile and was unplaced.

In the selling five furlongs, for two-year-olds, Bath Beach, well backed by his stable connection, broke out of a crowd in the first half furlong, and, leading all the way, won galloping by three lengths from Latheron, who was second. A big field ran for the last race, one mile and seventy yards, selling, and after Daisy Green and Kingraine had alternated in front into the stretch, Wild Pirate brushed forward from the rear, and, squeezing through on the rail, won cleverly by a length and a half, with Daisy Green second and Northbrook third.

SUMMARIES.

FIRST RACE.—Handicap for three-year-olds and upward; about six furlongs.
S. T. Smith's Northern Star, ch. c., 4 years, by Hanover-Starlight, 109 pounds, (Dangman,) 12 to 1 and 5 to 1 1
The Mexican Stable's Astarita, b. f., 3, 106, (Bellman,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2 2
The Albemarle Stable's Invincible, ch. c., 3, 110, (H. Cochran,) 15 to 1 and 6 to 1 3
Time—1:09 2-5. Won easily by two lengths, a length between second and third. Gay Boy, Clarion, Water Tower, Saccharometer, Boutonniere, The Guardsman, Flying Buttress, Clorita, Illyria, and Our Nugget also ran. Value to the winner, $970. Winner trained by S. Lawler.

SECOND RACE.—Hurdle handicap, for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-quarters over seven flights of hurdles.
M. T. Maloney's Ohnet, ch. g., 6 years, by Conrad-Lucy P., 160 pounds, (Songer,) 13 to 5 and 4 to 5 1
The Albemarle Stable's McGrathiana Prince, ch. g., 6, 150, (Helder,) 11 to 10 and 2 to 5 2
W. C. Hayes's Draughtsman, br. g., aged, 138, (Mr. Harris,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5 3
Time—3:15 3-5. Won ridden out by a neck, two lengths and a half between second and third. Gascar, Ben Battle, Knight of the Bronx, and Andalusian also ran. Value to the winner, $800. Winner trained by owner.

THIRD RACE.—The Expectation Stakes, for two-year-olds, penalties and allowances; five furlongs.
Samuel S. Brown's Broomstick, b. c., by Ben Brush-Elf, 122 pounds, (Odom,) 9 to 10 and 1 to 3 1
Frank Farrell's Tim Sullivan, br. c., by Esher-Turcoe, 115, (Fuller,) 10 to 1 and 3 to 1 2
E. R. Thomas's Dimple, br. f., by Mirthful-Myrtle Harkness, 112, (Jenkins,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1 3
Time—1:00 2-5. Won galloping by three lengths, a head between second and third. Highball, Jacquin, Luxembourg, Strephon, Sir Carter, and Contentious also ran. Value to the winner, $5,790. Winner trained by Peter Wimmer.

FOURTH RACE.—The Brooklyn Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter.
The Westbury Stable's Irish Lad, br. c., 3 years, by Candlemas-Arrowgrass, 103 pounds, (O'Neil,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1 1
W. C. Whitney's Gunfire, b. f., 4, by Hastings-Royal Gun, 111, (T. Burns,) 11 to 5 and even 2
W. S. Fanshawe's Heno, br. c., 4, by Henry Young or Falsetto-Quiver, 113, (H. Michaels,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1 3
Time—2:05 2-5. Won ridden out by a head, eight lengths between second and third. Col. Bill, Herbert, Bonnibert, Articulate, Igniter, Oom Paul, Hunter Raine, Yardarm, and Injunction also ran. Value to the winner, $15,100. Winner trained by J. W. Rogers.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances, scale from $4,000, down to $1,000; five furlongs.
Newton Bennington's Bath Beach, ch. c., by Albert-Moi Moloi, 102 pounds, (O'Neil,) 7 to 2 and 7 to 5 1
The Goughacres Stable's Latheron, b. c., 97, (Haack,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1 2
John W. Schorr's Walterin, b. f., 109, (Bullman,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5 3
Time—1:00 4-5. Won easily by four lengths, a length between second and third. Momon, Miss Nancy, Honey Bee, Honey Boy, Bruceville, Sailor Knot, Mountain Valley, Pleasant Memories, Charlie Fisher, and Mimon also ran. Value to the winner, $840. Winner trained by F. Barlow.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, scale from $2,500 down to $500; one mile and seventy yards.
John S. O'Brien's Wild Pirate, br. c., 5 years, by Pirate of Penzance-Right Wild, 106 pounds, (Haack,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5 1
The Mexican Stable's Daisy Green, b. f., 3, 89, (C. Smith,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1 2
M. F. Dwyer's Northbrook, b. c., 3, 88, (Fuller,) 3 to 1 and even 3
Time—1:46. Won ridden out by a length, a head between second and third. Chappaqua, Kingraine, Oclawaha, Esperito, Locket, Embarrassment, Captain R., Ben Howard, and Kickshaw also ran. Value to the winner, $570. Winner trained by M. Flanagan.

A CHANCE FOR THE INDIAN.

President Roosevelt Tells Blackfoot Braves That They Will Get Absolute Equality.

POCATELLO, Idaho, May 28.—President Roosevelt re-entered Idaho this morning and received a warm welcome here. He was met several miles outside of the town by a band of Indians from the Blackfoot Reservation who raced alongside the train into Pocatello.

There were 5,000 persons at the station to greet the President, who was met by a committee headed by Gov. Morrison and including United States Senator W. B. Heyburn and National Committeeman D. W. Stanrod. The escort to and from the Pocatello station and the stand from which he spoke was composed of Kimball Lodge, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, of which order President Roosevelt is an honorary member; the Grand Army of the Republic, Philippine veterans, and a squad of cavalrymen.

This being a railroad town, President Roosevelt took occasion to pay the railroad men present a high compliment for their vigilance and skill. Referring to the presence of men on horseback from the Indian reservation, the President said:

"I am glad to learn that many of the Indians under your care are traveling along the white man's road, and beginning not only to send their children to school, but to own cattle and property. The only outcome of the Indian question of this country is to gradually develop the Indian into a property-owning, law-abiding, hard-working, educated citizen; in other words, to train him to travel the path that we are all trying to travel, and I congratulate you upon the progress that you have made. When he is traveling that path and when he is doing his duty, he is entitled and he shall receive exactly as square a deal as any one else. [Applause.]

"After all, that is the fundamental principle of our Government. In the last analysis what America stands for more than for aught else, is for treating each man on his worth as a man."

McGILL ALUMNI DINNER.

The New York Graduate Society of McGill University of Montreal, Canada, celebrated its eighth annual dinner and Victoria Day last evening at the Aldine Club.

Among those present were Sir Percy Sanderson, President Childs of Boston, head of the New England McGill Society; Hudson Maxim, the Rev. Arthur Judge, John R. Shannon, Prof. Ling, Prof. J. A. Irwin of Cambridge and Trinity College, Dublin; Henry C. Hunter of Stanstead College, the Rev. J. J. Rowan, the Rev. Dr. L. Lewis Park, the Rev. Mr. Durban of London, and Wolfred Nelson, President of the society, who presided.

Immediately behind the President's chair were draped the Stars and Stripes and the English union jack. President Nelson proposed the health of the King of England. All present arose, and after drinking joined lustily in singing "God Save the King." The health of the President of the United States was then drunk, and "Our Country, 'Tis of Thee" was sung. The health of the Governor General of Canada followed.

WOULD OUST MAGISTRATES.

That an investigation of the conduct of three City Magistrates, with a view of formulating charges against them before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, has been carried on by the committee of the City Club, has been known for several weeks.

District Attorney Jerome, when questioned about this matter yesterday, said that he was interested in it merely from a citizen's standpoint. He thought charges could be preferred against two of the Magistrates on the ground that they were physically unfit for duty.

"I have heard for some time," said Mr. Jerome, "that such an investigation was being made. I have not been consulted, and am not in any way interested in whatever proceedings a committee of the City Club may have under way looking toward the removal of some of the Magistrates."

Wheeler H. Peckham, who is a prominent member of the City Club, said yesterday afternoon in this connection: "My lips are sealed. The matter has been mentioned to me, but by men who would not expect me to repeat what had been said."

Several of the City Magistrates when seen denied all knowledge of any investigation.

PASTORS INDORSE LOW.

Seventeen Congregational churches of Brooklyn were represented at a meeting of the Young Men's League last night at the Bethesda Congregational Church, Ralph Avenue and Chauncey Street, that borough, called for the purpose of forming a good government league or campaign club.

The Rev. Charles Harold, pastor of the church, made a speech indorsing Mayor Low. Pastors of other churches made speeches emphasizing the need of individual effort for good government. Robert H. Roy, ex-Assistant District Attorney of Brooklyn, who presided, was empowered to appoint a committee of seven which is to draft a constitution and by-laws.

CONSTITUTION LOSES HER TOPMAST IN RACE

Reliance Defeats Columbia by More Than Eight Minutes.

Belmont Yacht Almost Abreast of Reliance When Obliged to Retire—New Topmast Ready at Bristol.

If anybody ever doubted that ill-fortune had claimed Constitution for her own that doubt was dispelled yesterday when that unlucky yacht met Reliance and Columbia in the fourth race of the Glen Cove series. There was a good nine-knot breeze blowing when the racers started on the eleven-mile reach for the first mark, and when the buoy was two miles away, Constitution was almost abreast of Reliance and in the weather berth. It was then that her evil genius asserted itself. A twenty-knot puff came out of Huntington Harbor and caught the Constitution first. The sudden strain proved too much for her upper starboard topmast spreader, and when it gave way, the topmast, deprived of its support, snapped off two-thirds of its length from the top, the broken spar and the big clubtopsail tumbling in a heap to leeward. Thus when the Belmont boat was on practically even terms with Reliance, with the windward berth, and with prospects of the same favorable conditions under which she made so excellent a showing on Tuesday, she was obliged to retire from the battle.

Reliance and Columbia were left to finish the race, but Columbia, outsailed on the first leg, was never in it. The lead which the new yacht had at the first mark was slightly increased on the second leg, and more was added on the close reach home, and altogether Reliance beat Columbia by 8 minutes and 27 seconds. The elapsed times for the twenty-five-mile triangle are:

	H.M.S.
Reliance	2:09:38
Columbia	2:18:05

The race furnished additional proof of the fact that in reaching, under the conditions which usually prevail on Long Island Sound, Reliance is anything up to a half minute a mile faster than the conqueror of Shamrock I. and Shamrock II. The contest also furnished additional and convincing proof that Long Island Sound is totally unsuited as a trial ground for the big yachts. As were the three previous races, yesterday's was also a test of reaching only. The breeze was southwesterly at the start, and had it held its direction, the last leg would have been a beat home. A southerly shift, however, destroyed the prospects of seeing Reliance try her mettle against Columbia in a style of going in which the old boat has often proved her prowess, and both yachts were able to fetch the finish line on a close reach.

FINE BREEZE FOR THE RACE.

The breeze was the best that the yachts have had so far, and the time shows that they covered the course at an approximate rate of eleven miles an hour, while Reliance's gain over Columbia for the whole course averaged twenty seconds a mile. The new yacht made her greatest gain over Columbia on the first leg, which she covered in 4 minutes and 55 seconds less time than did the old boat. Reliance's gain on the short three-mile leg was only 25 seconds, but in the close reach home she did 3 minutes and 7 seconds better than Columbia.

On this reach the Reliance pointed fully as high as Columbia. Under the 12-knot breeze she heeled over considerably more than the older yacht, and her lee rail was under for the greater part of the time. But while she felt the breeze more readily than did her rivals, she held her sailing lines stiffly. On the first leg the Reliance was between Constitution and Columbia, and when the breeze held at nine or ten knots she was heeled perceptibly more than either. When the strong puffs came, however, she was less affected than her rivals, and while the puffs lasted she stood straightest of all three. When the wind on the last leg shifted to southeast it kicked up a little chop on the Sound, but apparently neither yacht was bothered by it, slipping over it with little more than the usual fuss.

Columbia, too, was not without her little misfortune. At 1 o'clock, when standing for the first mark, the tack of her jib topsail parted and the sail shot up the stay, bunching at the top. It was soon secured, but it was fully three minutes before the sail was sheeted home and drawing full.

After the accident to Constitution the yacht was headed inshore while the wreckage was cleared away. Mr. Belmont, through a megaphone, said that he had a new topmast at Bristol, but that it was not probable that it could be put aboard in time for the race to-morrow, although every effort will be made to have the yacht ready. Mr. Belmont's launch Scout went alongside and taking off Constitution's owner and Capt. Rhodes headed for City Island, where arrangements will be made for the necessary repairs. The yacht then made for her anchorage at Glen Cove, and on her way crossed the finish line of the race off Mattinnecock Point about 10 minutes after Columbia.

Among the steam yachts that followed the racers over the course were J. Rogers Maxwell's Celt, E. C. Benedict's Oneida, the new Aria, owned by David H. Blake of Bangor, Commodore Frederick G. Bourne's Delaware, Walter Jennings's Tuscarora, A. H. Alker's Florence, B. F. De Klyn's Nylked, and R. A. C. Smith's Privateer, which her owner has loaned to the New York Yacht Club Regatta Committee for the Glen Cove and Sandy Hook races.

YACHTS AT STARTING LINE.

A freshening breeze from the southwest was sweeping over the Long Island hills and making suggestions of white caps upon the ruffled waters, when a signal was set on the committee boat indicating that the twenty-five-mile course, designated as Course No. 3, would be sailed. It was then 11:50. The preparatory signal was fixed for 12, the starting signal for 12:15.

The Columbia and Constitution with booms broad off on the port hand were coming down to the line from Glen Cove Harbor, the former more than half a mile in the lead. At the same time the Reliance was to the eastward of the line. When the Constitution arrived at the line Capt. Rhodes sought the company of the Reliance. They came together above the line close to the committee boat and hauled up sharp on the wind, the Constitution on the Reliance's weather quarter. This move was the beginning of an exciting struggle for the best position at the start. First the Constitution forereached on her rival and led the way southward toward the Long Island shore. Swinging round the mark, they went to the westward, then turned and ran down to the line, wore around, and went off to the westward again. About three minutes before the time for the signal they both wore and headed for the line, the Reliance leading. The Constitution, however, was too close on his heels to suit the fancy of Capt. Barr. He threw down his helm and went about. Capt. Rhodes, instead of following his example, wore ship and again planted the Constitution on the weather quarter of his enemy. Just then boomed the gun that signaled the start. Barr luffed, and so did Rhodes. It looked as if they were making a race for Mattinnecock Point. At last Barr, who was forced close to the mark at the southern end of the line, had to bear away. He broke out his intermediate jibtopsail and crossed. Rhodes crossed close on his heels and broke out a balloon jibtopsail. The result of the encounter was decidedly in favor of Rhodes.

Meanwhile the Columbia had kept away by herself, standing first to the eastward and then to the westward of the committee boat. Just before the starting signal she took down her working staysail and replaced it with a balloon. At the flash of the gun she was near the committee boat at the lee end of the line. She had a big reaching jibtopsail up in stops, and that and the balloon staysail were broken out as she was headed for the line. She went over and laid a straight course for the mark, although it seemed that it would have been better policy to take a position well to the windward. Following are the time and order of the start:

	H.M.S.
Columbia	12:15:21
Reliance	12:16:48
Constitution	12:17:00

The wind being about southwest by south, the committee selected the long triangle of twenty-five miles in the hope of giving the yachts an eleven-mile beat on the last leg, but a subsequent shift again disappointed that hope. The first leg lay parallel with the Long Island shore eleven miles to a mark off Eaton's Point, the second leg northwesterly across the Sound three miles to a mark near Budd's Reef, while the last leg lay southwest by west, half west, eleven miles to the starting point. The tide was at the first of the ebb and the velocity of the wind about nine knots, with occasional harder puffs.

The yachts went off on an easy reach with booms on the port hand. The Reliance and the Constitution at once put up a beautiful race. They had broken out their jibtopsails while crossing the line within flycasting distance of each other. At first the Reliance drew a little ahead, but once the balloon of the Constitution began to draw well the yachts sailed on pretty even terms. For about nine miles there was very little change of position, though when sheets were eased a trifle off Centre Island the Constitution gained slightly.

The Columbia having started well ahead would have had the course all to herself had she been on the right side of the line. But she was too far to leeward to admit of easing sheets, and before Centre Island, five miles from the start, was abeam both the other yachts had passed her.

The yachts soon left the press tug far behind, and the experts were obliged to guess as to which of the leaders was gaining or losing, but it was left to an accident to decide what would probably have been one of the most exciting reaching races ever witnessed. Out of Huntington Harbor came a vicious puff that found a weak spot in the Constitution's rigging. Her upper starboard spreader gave way and her topmast and towering clubtopsail went over in a heap. The unlucky boat was out of the race just as the first mark was in plain sight, and it was a matter of seconds between her and her more fortunate rival.

Capt. Barr took a warning from his adversary's mishap. The Columbia was too far astern to give him any uneasiness, so he promptly doused his intermediate jibtopsail and set a smaller piece of canvas in its place. The first mark was turned thus:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. M.S.
Reliance	1:10:55	54:12
Columbia	1:14:28	59:07

Reliance's gain over Columbia, 4 minutes 55 seconds.

The new boat jibed her boom to starboard and flew away on the second leg without deeming it worth while to set a larger jibtopsail. Notwithstanding the fact that the Columbia carried a big-reaching jibtopsail she did not gain on her leader. The times at the second mark were:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. M.S.
Reliance	1:27:45	16:50
Columbia	1:31:48	17:16

Reliance's gain over Columbia, 25 seconds.

By the time the yachts rounded the second mark the wind had backed more to the southward, and the last leg had thus become, instead of a beat, a close reach home. The wind had also freshened to about 12 knots, and was kicking up a moderate chop, on which was displayed here and there a white cap. There could no longer be any question that so far as the result was concerned the race was already over. The only element of interest left in it was whether the old boat could make a gain under existing conditions. She gained rapidly on the press tug, and that fact gave rise to suppositions that she was gaining on the Reliance, but such was not the case. The latter gained steadily, though not so much as on the easy reach of the first leg. The finish was as follows:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Reliance	2:26:21	58:36
Columbia	2:33:26	1:01:43

Reliance's gain over Columbia, 3 minutes 7 seconds.

The last race of the Glen Cove series will be sailed to-morrow. The next meeting between Reliance, Constitution, and Columbia will be off Sandy Hook on June 8.

LIPTON FLEET SAILS.

Cheering Crowds Bid Farewell to the Two Shamrocks, Erin, and Tug Cruiser.

GOUROCK, Scotland, May 28.—Sir Thomas Lipton's flotilla, consisting of the Shamrock III., the Shamrock I., the steam yacht Erin, and the ocean tug Cruiser, whose combined crews number 170 men, sailed hence for Sandy Hook at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Great crowds of people bade them farewell, flags were everywhere displayed, and bands, whistles, and sirens combined with the cheering of the spectators to give the Cup challenger a great send-off. Sir Thomas, who was on board Shamrock III., led the cheers in response to the hurrahs from shore.

Both the Shamrocks have been fitted with booms laid fore and aft the masts to the taffrail in order to afford the crews a safe hold in rough weather. Wire life lines are placed around the boats and every precaution for the safety of the yachts and the comfort of the crews has been taken. Sir Thomas Lipton expects that the boats will make the passage in sixteen or seventeen days.

The Erin headed the flotilla, the challenger following and the Shamrock I., in tow of the Cruiser, bringing up the rear. A fleet of pleasure steamers accompanied the yachts as far as Arran Island.

Sir Thomas went only a short distance to see the yachts well started. He will sail for New York on the White Star liner Oceanic on June 17.

It is expected that the first race between the two Shamrocks in America will be held on June 26.

New Mast for Constitution on the Way.

BRISTOL, R. I., May 28.—The tug Solicitor from Newport put in here to-night, and two hours later was bound for Glen Cove with a new topmast for the Constitution to replace the one broken in to-day's race. She also carried an extra pair of spreaders, some wire rigging, and other racing gear. The topmast had just been completed when word of the accident reached the Herreshoff shops this afternoon, and hurried preparations were made to have it in readiness for shipment as soon as possible. When the tug tied up at the wharf the mast and other fittings were hustled on board, and two hours later the tug sailed. It is understood that she will be alongside the Constitution at Glen Cove to-morrow, and that the new topmast will be stepped and all repairs made in season for the concluding race of the Glen Cove series between the Reliance, Constitution, and Columbia on Saturday.

It was learned here to-day that both the Reliance and Constitution will come to Bristol next Monday. As soon as the Glen Cove races are finished preparations will be made for the run through the Sound, and the start probably will be made Sunday. Both the boats will be thoroughly inspected

TRAINED NURSES GRADUATED.

Edward Lauterbach Addresses Mount Sinai School Class.

In an address at the graduation exercises of the Mount Sinai Training School for Nurses, 149 East Sixty-seventh Street, Edward Lauterbach said last night that the profession of the trained nurse was that of a very high calling, and not a trade, and was a profession equal, if not greater, than that of any of college or university.

Mr. Lauterbach told the twenty-three nurses who were graduated that they deserved great credit for "manfully" pursuing a profession that called for self-sacrifice, and still greater credit for having at the outset resolved to brave anything in the discharge of their duties.

Other speakers were Dr. Howard Lilienthal and Kalman Haas, President of the Training School. Miss Ruby Frances House, who graduated at the head of her class, delivered the valedictory address. She received a large traveling bag, a case of surgical instruments, and a large basket of flowers.

The nurses who graduated with Miss House were Ellen Lloyd, Flore Blum, Daisy Moffett, Stella R. Cohen, Stella Grace Brown, Mary T. Anderson, Jean Gill, Fanny Myers, Elisa J. Caiger, Ella J. Huston, Louise Witter, Florence B. Bollert, Florence M. Eastman, Nora B. Rogers, Mabelle L. Brennan, Fanny H. Moore, May MacDonald, Florence Thomson, Gertrude Madole, Sarah Carr Sharp, Agnes Bell, and Erma Bristol.

To be Deported Under Contract Law.

A letter from Secretary Shaw to Immigration Commissioner Williams yesterday was to the effect that S. Lontas Charambis and Thomas Ellis should be deported under the provisions of the contract labor law. Charambis came to this country to establish a branch office of a Greek business house. He was sent here at a salary of $1,000 a year. Ellis came from England to accept a position as bookkeeper for a New Orleans firm. His case and that of the Greek were carried to Washington following the action of the boards of special inquiry.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

NANTUCKET, Mass., May 28.—The Summer home of Mrs. F. W. H. Armstrong of Colorado Springs at Siasconset was burned to-day. Loss, $8,000.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century
PREPARED BY
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MR. JEROME CRITICISES THE ELECTIVE JUDICIARY

Says Men Who Practice Criminal Law Are Not of Highest Type.

Addresses Credit Men's Association on Difficulties of Enforcing the Statutes Against Commercial Crimes.

District Attorney Jerome, in an after-dinner speech before the Credit Men's Association at the Drug Club, last night, on "The Practical Difficulties of Enforcing the Statutes Against Commercial Crimes," criticised the elective judiciary and pointed out some weaknesses in the jury system with special reference to the topic on which he spoke. Assistant District Attorneys Rand, Gans, and Miner also spoke on various phases of the subject. The remarks of all the speakers were vociferously applauded.

Charles E. Meek, President of the association, was toastmaster of the evening. He introduced as the first speaker Mr. Jerome, who was the guest of honor.

"I have been asked to say something about the relation between my office or the criminal law to matters with which you as credit men come in contact every day," said the District Attorney. "This relation is somewhat peculiar, and one that from my experience I am constrained to say in past years has not been altogether satisfactory.

"The greatness of this city to a very great extent will be in proportion to the stability and prosperity of its commerce, and this in turn is largely dependent upon the administration of criminal law. One of the most important functions of the District Attorney's office, therefore, is to prosecute commercial crimes.

"One of the unfortunate things in this city is that the men who practice criminal law are not of the very highest type and not so alert as would be the case if they interchangeably practiced both in the criminal and the civil courts. The merchant generally consults a civil lawyer, who, failing to understand the full scope of the criminal law for the protection of commerce, generally advises civil action."

Mr. Jerome gave as an instance a case where a trade mark had been violated which came under his observation while he was a Justice of the Court of Special Sessions. The complainant in the case had spent $100,000 to get injunctions in various parts of the country, without satisfactory result. In Special Sessions the defendant was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary and the violation stopped.

Another difficulty Mr. Jerome said was the question of getting legal evidence in commercial cases, because the parties interested had generally failed to take the elementary precautions necessary to insure them redress under the criminal law. Then he passed on to the jury system.

"We have, to be sure," he said, "special juries in this county, but in spite of this we can seldom get a jury that can understand an intricate commercial case. Some years ago we had a law which made special jurors exempt from service on ordinary panels. The Legislature, with the wisdom that in this State characterizes all it does in reference to commerce, repealed this law, with the result that the men whose time was worth something and who, therefore, were looking for a chance of serving on a special jury panel which was less frequently called into service, now dodge all jury duty.

"There was one time in this country when there was little chance for a guilty man to escape. In those days innocent men were often the victims of the system in vogue. During that period were created those constitutional privileges which Mr. Justice Gaynor only recently has invested with such great emphasis. Different conditions obtain to-day, and the law that was once the safeguard for the innocent is to-day little more than a magnificently conceived machine to help the guilty to escape.

"Another thing is the aptitude of our Judges. I have from the very beginning been consistently opposed to an elective judiciary. [Applause.] In every State where the elective system is in vogue there has been a progressive deterioration in the character of the judiciary. In other States, where the Judges are appointed, the judiciary has been found to compare favorably with that of Great Britain, and that is a comparison we might justly be proud of even though we may be Irish.

"Even in such States the men in judicial positions may have their idiosyncrasies and tricks may be practiced on them, but there is not a breath of the suspicion that is heard here, for instance, where you may get together with a bunch of lawyers and hear things about the judiciary that should bring the blush of shame to the face of an upright citizen. Such conditions are the result of the elective system. You do not hear anything about the Federal Judges—at least, not west of the Mississippi.

"If we turn to the criminal courts we find that the Judges there are out of touch with commercial cases. There are men of recognized ability on the criminal bench, but there sits no Judge in our criminal courts to-day whom any group of lawyers in this city would have elected to place there.

"There we have the topsy-turvy condition where Judges stay criminal action and stay the District Attorney's hand until some civil action that may be pending and which may require years to reach final disposition has been settled. In the meantime the outraged dignity and peace of the people of the State and the security of its citizens under the law must wait until the wrong of one individual has been redressed."

"The majority of the jurors we get," said Assistant District Attorney Rand, who was the next speaker, "have no more conception of commercial honor than has a cow of quadratic equations. One man is all that the accused needs, you must remember, and the chances are that there is one man in that jury box every day of the year who is practicing the very thing for which the defendant is being tried.

"And, after all, how lightly the restraining hand of the law rests upon commercial crimes. Half of all crimes committed are never detected. Only 10 per cent. of those detected are ever punished, because our forefathers, jealous of their liberties, erected hurdles in front of the public prosecutor.

"Thus you can readily understand that unless you establish among yourselves an inviolability of contract and a sacredness of obligation you will never raise the standard of commercial honor in the community. I have always wondered whether 'graft' came into business from politics or into politics from business."

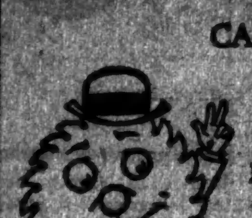
Mr. Gans, who next spoke, said in part: "I heartily agree with Mr. Rand on the necessity of instilling into the business world a feeling that honesty is the best policy. The only men who can do that in a way that will count are the business men themselves."

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Wednesday night until 12 o'clock Thursday night.)

12:30 A. M.—201 First Avenue; owner unknown; damage, $25.
1:45 A. M.—663 Washington Avenue; Peter Snyder; damage, $5.
2:15 A. M.—339 East Twenty-second Street; Frank Dunnier; damage, $10.
9:30 A. M.—1,239 Madison Avenue; Benjamin Dryfuss; damage, $10.
9:35 A. M.—666 Tenth Avenue; owner unknown; damage, $10.
12:20 P. M.—247 Rivington Street; Sarah Deichstein; damage trifling.
12:20 P. M.—337 to 341 East Sixty-third Street; American Ice Company; damage, $25.
12:50 P. M.—138 Roosevelt Street; no name; damage, 50 cents.
1:30 P. M.—158 Avenue B; owner unknown; damage trifling.
1:55 P. M.—135 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street; owner unknown; damage, $10.
3:30 P. M.—335 West Twenty-seventh Street; owner unknown; damage, $10.

"AHOY DOWN THERE CAPTAIN FOOT!"



"Is your boat a Steamer or a Breezer?" said Billy Buzz Saw.
"Well I mean your boot, if you prefer that fancy name for something built with the main objects of an Ocean Liner, viz:—to keep out water, and to make steam freely!"
"You see the Tanner has now turned Calker, and in trying to water-proof the leather has AIR-PROOFED it.
"He has sealed up its pores with astringent minerals, with caustic chemicals, and with heating oils, till you—poor old Skipper Foot—sweat like a stoker!"
"Come out of your furnace room, and step into a Regal Cooler of Valvic Ventilating Calfskin!"
"This is the leather that proves its sweat-dispelling porosity by the 'Valvic' test in Regal windows."
"Coolest, cleanest, and toughest of all foot coverings, water-proof as Cravenette, and brilliant as silk!"
"Costs you no more than the sweaty kinds of leather and can be had only in Regal shoes at $3.50—by mail, delivered, at $3.75."
"Don't forget that every Regal shoe has a genuine Oak leather sole, and that the removable seal on the bottom proves this before purchase."

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NEW YORK CITY: 43 Cortlandt St.; 115 Nassau St., bet. Ann and Beekman; 291 Broadway, cor. Reade St.; 785 " cor. 10th Street; 1211 " bet. 29th and 30th Sts.; 1341 " opp. Herald Building; 507 Eighth Ave., bet. 35th and 36th Sts.; 166 West 125th St., cor. 7th Ave.; 2280 Third Ave., s. w. cor. 124th St.
BROOKLYN: 357 Fulton St., opp. Montague St.; 111 Broadway, near Bedford Ave.; 1061 B'way, bet. Ditmars St. & Willoughby Ave.; 466 Fifth Ave.
JERSEY CITY: 66 Newark Ave.
WOMEN'S STORES.
NEW YORK CITY: 785 Broadway, corner 10th St.; 1339 Broadway, opp. Herald Square; 2087 Seventh Ave., cor. 125th St.

PRESBYTERIAN CREED REVISION ACCEPTED

General Assembly Unanimously Adopts Committee's Report.

Vital Changes in Articles of the Confession of Faith—Infant Salvation Incorporated in Church Doctrine.

LOS ANGELES, May 28.—The Presbyterian Church of the United States in general assembly to-day finally disposed of the question of revision of creed which has been before the last three General Assemblies, and which has agitated Presbyterian circles for the past fifteen years. The assembly to-day by unanimous vote adopted the revision of the Confession of Faith, as prepared by the committee appointed by the General Assembly in 1901.

Besides clearing the calendar of this important question, the assembly disposed of the "Tennessee Overture" in regard to "Separate Presbyteries in the same territory," which was commonly known as the "Colored Question" of the Presbyterian Church; also the report of the special committee on divorce and remarriage. Several minor reports also were heard during the day.

The fact that creed revision was to come up attracted the largest crowd since the opening. After disposing of some business of minor importance, Moderator Coyle announced that the Rev. Henry Van Dyke of Princeton, N. J., Chairman of the Committee on Bills and Overtures, would submit the report of the Committee on Revision.

Before reading the report Dr. Van Dyke stated that two protests, one from the Presbytery of Lehigh and the other from the St. Cloud Presbytery, tending to obstruct action on the revision question, had been before the committee, and it was recommended that they be thrown out. The assembly so ordered.

Dr. Van Dyke then proceeded with the report of the Revision Committee. He read the detailed vote on each one of the eleven overtures, which showed that no one overture had received more than ten negative votes. The overtures were voted upon seriatim and adopted. But one voice in the negative was heard, and this only on overtures five, six, and seven. A declaratory statement, which precedes the changes in the confession of faith, was read and adopted by the assembly as follows:

While the ordination vow of ministers, ruling elders and deacons, as set forth in the form of government, requires the reception and adoption of the Confession of Faith only as containing the system of doctrine taught in the Holy Scriptures, nevertheless seeing that the desire has been formally expressed for a disavowal by the Church of certain inferences drawn from statements in the Confession of Faith, and also for a declaration of certain aspects of revealed truth which appear at the present time to call for more explicit statements, therefore, the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America does authoritatively declare, &c.

By the adoption of eleven overtures, important additions, amplifications, and amendments are made to the articles to the Confession of Faith. Of these, one of the most vital is the erection into the Church doctrine of the belief that all who die in infancy are saved, which is embodied in the declaratory statements regarding Chapter III. of the Confession of Faith and Chapter X., Section 3. "That concerning those who are saved in Christ, the doctrine of God's eternal decree is held in harmony with the doctrine of His love to all mankind, His gift of His Son to be the propitiation for the sins of the whole world, and His readiness to bestow His saving grace on all who seek it; that concerning those who perish, the doctrine of God's eternal decree is held in harmony with the doctrine that God desires not the death of any sinner, but has provided in Christ a salvation sufficient for all, adapted for all, and freely offered in the Gospel to all; that men are fully responsible for their treatment of God's gracious offer; that His decree hinders no man from accepting that offer, and that no man is condemned, except on the ground of his sin.

"Also that it is not to be regarded as teaching that any who die in infancy are lost. We believe that all dying in infancy are included in the election of grace, and are regenerated and saved by Christ, through the Spirit, who works where and how he pleases."

For Section 6, Chapter XXV. of the Confession of Faith, the following is substituted:

"The Lord Jesus Christ is the only head of the Church, and the claim of any man to be the Vicar of Christ and the head of the Church, is unscriptural, without warrant in fact, and is an usurpation dishonoring to the Lord Jesus Christ."

Three additional chapters are added to the Confession concerning "The Love of God for All Men, Missions and the Holy Spirit."

At the conclusion of the reading of the report, Dr. Van Dyke spoke briefly upon the changes incorporated therein. His speech was one of the most impressive that has been delivered before the Assembly, and was said by some of the Commissioners to be one of the most notable ever made upon faith revision. Dr. Van Dyke was frequently interrupted by applause from the Commissioners.

He said he wished to make it clear to the assembly and especially did he wish to say to the brethren of the press, "That this revision does not mean that the Presbyterian Church has changed her base one inch, but it does mean that she has broadened and strengthened her foundations. Her divine society shall never be interpreted so as to mean fatalism."

Dr. Minton, Chairman of the Revision Committee, spoke briefly, and was followed by Mr. Charles A. Dickey, who said that the adoption of this report was an omen of speedy union, or at least speedy unity of all the Presbyterians in this country, and a step toward Protestant unity.

Upon the motion of Moderator Coyle the report of the Revision Committee was adopted by unanimous vote, and the next twenty minutes were spent in song and prayer.

At the afternoon session the "Colored Question" was disposed of promptly and without a flurry. Dr. Putnam, from the Committee on Bills and Overtures, reported a simple recommendation that overtures on "Separate Presbyteries for Colored Ministers," which had come up from Tennessee and other Southern States, be referred to a committee of five, this committee to report to the next general assembly. Dr. Roberts moved an amendment to this resolution, giving the colored element in the church representation on this committee and increasing the membership to seven. The amendment was accepted, and the resolution adopted.

James Yerance read the report of the American Tract Society, which was adopted.

An overture, having for its object a change in the rights of representation of the Presbyteries was promptly voted down and laid on the table.

The report of the Board of Church Erection was read and adopted.

The Board of the Church Erection Fund reported a continued activity in church building, which was more pronounced than at any time during the past sixteen years.

The total number of appropriations, either grants or loans, was 239 to 228 different churches, and the amount thus appropriated $194,209, which is less than last year by twenty-three in the number of churches and $8,059 in amount. Adding special gifts amounting to $1,068 to eight churches, of which five were not otherwise aided, gives as a total result $195,276 appropriated to 233 churches. These appropriations have been distributed through thirty-nine States and Territories, including Porto Rico, and among 118 Presbyteries.

Wallach's Straws
Open Evenings
TO-MORROW is a Holiday.
Split Sennits! The hat of the minute for well-dressed men. Sailor shapes, low Crowns and large Brims. $3.00 elsewhere, Wallach's price $1.90
Panamas, as usual, of the Best.

A SHILLING IN LONDON
PALL MALL
LONDON CIGARETTES
FOR THE CONNOISSEUR
A QUARTER IN NEW YORK

SECRETARY OF WAR ACQUITS MAJOR HOWZE

Vindicates Officer Charged with Whipping Filipinos to Death.

Major Hunter, His Accuser, Excoriated —But a Further Inquiry Is Ordered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Secretary Root to-day made public his findings in the case of Major Robert L. Howze of the Porto Rican Regiment, against whom leading anti-imperialists have pressed charges of whipping two Filipinos to death, and into whose conduct Gen. Miles directed Major G. J. Hunter of the Fifteenth Cavalry to make an inquiry. The Secretary vindicates Howze and severely excoriates Hunter, who started the trouble by reporting the case to Miles when the General was in the Philippines.

The Secretary, however, orders a further inquiry into the case, using the following language:

I am not satisfied, however, to leave the case here, resting upon ex parte affidavits. Major Howze has asked for a court of inquiry, and I direct that a board of three officers be detailed by the commanding General, Division of the Philippines, to proceed to Laoag and call before them the witnesses whose names appear upon the affidavits procured by Major Hunter and subject them to examination and cross-examination upon the facts and call all other witnesses whom they may find to have knowledge of the facts and report the testimony, having special reference to the following questions:

1. How much truth is there in these affidavits?
2. Was the investigation made by Major Hunter an impartial investigation in accordance with the order under which he acted?

Upon the coming in of their report such further order as may seem to be required will be made for the oral examination and cross-examination of witnesses, elsewhere than at Laoag, having knowledge of the facts.

It is charged that Howze, while in charge of a Luzon district, with headquarters at Laoag, whipped native prisoners, two of whom died. This was in March and April, 1900. He is also charged with having made a false report of the results of an investigation made of the subject in May, 1900. The charges, Mr. Root says, are sustained "solely by ex parte affidavits of a large number of native Filipinos who were hostile to the American troops." The Secretary continues:

"Major Hunter, who collected these affidavits nearly three years after the incidents to which they relate, appears by his own letters which accompany his report, and by the testimony of his brother officers, to have entertained a bitter, personal animosity toward Major Howze. It is clear that with the feelings which he entertained, Major Hunter was not likely to be capable of making a really impartial investigation, and that for this reason he was an unfit person to be assigned to that duty.

"The statements of these native affidavits are directly contradicted by the positive oaths of Major Howze himself and ten American officers, who were stationed at Laoag at the time, and so situated that it was impossible for them not to know whether the facts described in the inculpatory affidavits really occurred. Either the oaths and statements of these American officers are false or the native affidavits produced by Major Hunter are false.

"In weighing this conflicting testimony it is impossible to ignore the fact which appears upon these papers, and which is well known independently of these papers, that the view generally taken in a large part of the Orient, including the Philippine Islands, as to the sanctity of an oath and the moral obligation to tell the truth in judicial proceedings, varies widely from our own view, and that native testimony to almost any effect can readily be procured by a person interested in procuring it. Having this in view, and having in view the hostile feelings under the influence of which these native affidavits were procured, if there were nothing more in the case, I should feel bound to give credence to the testimony of the ten American officers."

TESTIMONY OF SURGEONS.

But the Secretary says, Howze's case does not rest on the question of the weight given to individual testimony. The two natives, José Ver and Juan Avila, who were captured on April 17, died in prison April 27. Owing to rumors that they had been beaten to death their bodies were exhumed on April 29 by Major Samuel M. Swigert of the Third Cavalry, whom Major Howze's absence left temporarily in command.

"They were examined," says the Secretary, "by two surgeons, who found that there were no marks of beatings upon their bodies and that they had died from natural causes. The original official report of Dr. Frank W. Foxworthy, Captain and Assistant Surgeon of United States Volunteers, made upon the same day, April 29, 1900, is produced by Major Howze. The other surgeon, Dr. George L. Painter, Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army, who took part in the examination, makes affidavit to the same effect. He says that upon careful examination he agreed with Dr. Foxworthy in the finding that the men had died from natural causes and that there was no evidence to show that either of them had been flogged or maltreated in any way. Dr. Foxworthy has now also sworn to the correctness of his report. There could be no more complete refutation of the statement that these two men had been beaten in the way described."

Major Swigert, the Secretary says, found that the jailers used rattan sticks on the prisoners "in a trifling and inconsiderable way," and had it stopped. He continues:

"An extraordinary circumstance connected with these charges is the fact that Major Hunter was stationed at Laoag at the time of the alleged events and made no such charges then, but that a few weeks after, on June 2, he did make a charge against Private John S. Donahue, Company G, Thirty-fourth Volunteer Infantry, for whipping Filipino prisoners in that same jail, and by order of Col. Howze charges were preferred and Donahue was tried by court-martial. The trial resulted in acquittal, which upon an examination of the record and testimony I find to have been clearly just. Major Hunter did, however, in May and June of the same year write to Gov. Taft confidentially, relating rumors of the same kind as that which Major Swigert had investigated and found to be baseless, calling attention to the fact that Major Howze, who had been placed in command over him as Lieutenant Colonel of Volunteers, was below him in the relative list of the regular army, and expressing a wish that Col. Howze might be removed. These letters were taken by Gov. Taft to Gen. MacArthur, who investigated the subject and satisfied himself that there was no basis for the rumors of cruelty.

GOV. TAFT SAVED HUNTER.

"Why Major Hunter should have refrained from making charges to the proper military officers, if at that time he thought they could be sustained, and should rather have taken the course of communicating them in confidential letters to Gov. Taft, designed to secure Major Howze's removal from command, does not appear in these papers. The course taken was underhanded and most reprehensible. Gov. Taft with difficulty induced Gen. MacArthur to refrain from ordering Major Hunter before a court-martial for this infraction of duty."

The Secretary quotes a statement of Gov. Taft's that MacArthur "set his face like flint" against cruelty to prisoners, and that he did not intend by what he said to Taft to show any disposition toward leniency in such cases. Mr. Root adds that there was a further investigation of the case in 1901, when Aguedo Agbayani, who had been Major Howze's principal civil assistant, was a candidate for the post of Provincial Governor of Ilocos Norte. According to the affidavits, if there were any beatings Agbayani was directly responsible. The Philippine Commission, before appointing Agbayani, investigated the whipping stories. They examined all the fourteen Presidentes of the Pueblos of Ilocos Norte in secret session, promising them secrecy and immunity, and then reported as follows:

"Agbayani vigorously denied the charges and we were unable to hear from a single Presidente a definite statement or even a rumor or accusation against Agbayani in this matter. We concluded that the charges were the result rather of the bitterness against him as an Americanista than because of any truth to support them. We therefore appointed him Governor."

"This appointment," says Mr. Root, "was equivalent to a finding that the cruelties now charged never existed. That the distinguished lawyers in the Philippine Commission, following this searching method to ascertain the truth, should have completely failed to get at any of the facts, if such facts as are described in these affidavits ever existed, is quite incredible.

"Upon all the papers now produced it appears that the charges against Major Howze are false; that there were no such beatings as are described in the affidavits procured by Major Hunter; that Major Howze's report upon his investigation of the subject was a true report, and that Major Howze's administration of the affairs at Laoag at the time in question is not subject to any just criticism, but rather merits commendation."

In his letter of transmittal of the papers in the case Major Gen. Davis is severe upon Major Hunter, charging him with "unmilitary conduct" and "reprehensible methods" in making charges against a brother officer in a personal and confidential letter to Gov. Taft, and in other ways. Gen. Davis further says:

"As Major Hunter was detailed by superior military authority to investigate these matters, I deem it inappropriate for me to discuss the propriety of his selection for the purpose."

With regard to Howze, Gen. Davis says:

"Unless all the native witnesses have sworn to lies, Col. Howze was not justified in making statements that he 'thoroughly investigated the matter,' and that 'none were whipped very severely,' and unless two witnesses swore falsely, Howze specifically ordered the whipping of one Gasper; also, I am forced to the conclusion that if Col. Howze did not specifically authorise the whipping of native prisoners he was, to a certain extent, morally responsible therefor, as he directed the local Presidente 'to get the truth from these prisoners,' apparently leaving it to the Presidente to adopt such measures as he saw fit for the purpose."

LUMBER DEALERS' FIGHT.

Shut-Down to be Enforced to Coerce Building Trades Board.

The New York Lumber Dealers' Association yesterday afternoon held the first general meeting that it has called since the shut-down was declared, and with enthusiasm, it was declared, reaffirmed its action in closing the yards until the United Board of Building Trades withdraws its support of the Building Material Drivers' Union.

While this action was being taken William Klein, delegate of Bricklayers' Union No. 11 and ex-Superintendent of the Department of Sewers, was in communication with the Executive Board of the Journeyman Bricklayers and Masons' International Union over the shut-down in the yards of the lumber and building material dealers. Bricklayers' Union No. 11 was authorized to arrange for a mass meeting to protest against the shut-down. The following statement was made last evening on behalf of Bricklayers' Union No. 11:

"We regard the shut-down in the building material and lumber yards and its indorsement by the Building Trades Employers' Association as an outrage. It has thrown many thousands of mechanics into enforced idleness for no apparent reason, as no attempt was made by the employers to arbitrate the demands leading to the shut-down."

W. A. Parks, Secretary of the Yellow Pine Lumber Company, which has not joined in the shut-down, said that there were some leaks by which lumber was getting through. His firm, he said, had received applications for lumber, but was not catering to any great extent to the building trade.

"There are builders who are getting lumber," he said. "The lumber is delivered generally by night. A shut-down like the present one never can be effective, owing to business competition."

A representative of the Labor Committee of the Lumber Dealers' Association admitted that there were defections among their members. Considering the large interests represented in the association, he said, these defections were so small that they did not affect the situation.

STRIKE IN PHILADELPHIA.

Seventy-five Thousand Textile Workers Will Go Out To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—Seventy-five thousand textile workers in this city will strike to-morrow to force an issue with the employers on a shorter work schedule. They demand a fifty-five-hour week, with sixty hours' pay.

Thirty-four unions met to-night, and thirty have ordered a strike, four were non-committal, and one, a small organization, voted against striking.

The strike in reality began to-day, when the workers in the Moss Rose Tapestry Carpet Mill went out, their demands having been refused.

BONDS FOR BANK INVESTMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 28.—The House of Representatives, by a vote of 78 to 50, late this afternoon, at the conclusion of an all-day debate, passed in concurrence with the Senate the bill admitting four Western railroad bonds and two Connecticut trolley bonds as legal investments for savings banks in this State. At the end of the morning session the bonds of the Worcester and Connecticut Eastern Railroad, guaranteed by the Consolidated Road, were stricken from the list.

The Hartford Street Railroad, Fair Haven and Westville of New Haven, the St. Louis Terminal, St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, Louisville and Nashville, and Buffalo and Susquehanna were all admitted.

The debate was the bitterest heard on the floor of the House in years. Committee Chairman Bicknell of Meriden, who led the minority, accused Mr. Thompson of Orange with inconsistency in changing his vote. Mr. Thompson charged the opponents of the bill with sustaining a lobby, and intimated that money had been on hand to kill the bill, and Mr. Banks of Fairfield alleged in his argument for the admission of the bonds that the savings banks of the State were dominated by one firm of New York brokers and had received considerable financial consideration from them in the matter of purchase of bonds monopolized by Goldman, Sachs & Co. of New York.

Mr. Bicknell, in his reply intimated that one of the bonds, that of the St. Louis Terminal Railroad Association, was on a property that existed simply for J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., "to make $1,000,000 during the St. Louis Exposition," and was not a safe bank investment. The bill having passed both houses now goes to Gov. Chamberlain, who followed the debate closely during to-day's session.

CITIZEN TRAIN DEFIANT.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., May 28.—The condition of Citizen George Francis Train, who has smallpox, was the cause of some concern to-day. He refused to take food or medicine until late this evening, when he consented to take a little nourishment.

Last night Mr. Train said he would not take any more food or medicine and stubbornly adhered to that determination. For a man of Mr. Train's years, the lack of nourishment, it was feared, might be serious, and the physicians labored with him all day before they prevailed upon him to accede to their wishes.

The patient is receiving considerable mail and is permitted to read letters. In conversation with Dr. Borden this evening, Mr. Train made a statement which was taken down by the doctor at his request and sent by telephone to newspaper men. It is in the nature of a statement to the public from the patient, and incidentally gives one the impression that the doctor and the other attendants are just now earning their wages. Here is what Citizen Train says:

I am surprised to find my so-called medicated food (five glasses of milk each day for four days) doctored with alcohol, never having tasted poisonous liquor. To save you from blame, I decline to take any more.

My special nurse told me she had put an egg in the glass. Now, I have touched no animal food for three decades, and here are two poisons which to me are deadly; besides, I cannot take up a newspaper without being met with carbolic acid poisoning.

Now each day the nurse sprinkles my floor several times with this poison diluted.

Now I believe the poison to be absorbed by the seven million pores of the skin.

George (this is a boy attendant) hangs two curtain sheets soaked in formaline at my door. The nurse also sponges me all over with the said carbolic acid.

Having taken no medicine in half a century, I am immune from sickness.

Unless I can have a bit of toast, oatmeal, and fruit I will eat nothing.

I have been living on shredded wheat, oatmeal, and fruit twice daily at Mills Palace when there was no one in the room.

I have been forced away from a lovely home (Minerva Lodge) and care of a loving daughter, by the Stamford authorities, against the judgment of medical authorities.

Tell my daughter that if she will stop eating animal food and giving it to my grandson, I will take medicine and such nourishment as you will furnish.

This evening the patient was told that his daughter, Mrs. Susan M. T. Guiager, had consented to live on vegetables, and so had her boy. On being told this the old philosopher consented to eat something.

Waltham Watches

The last word!

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company,
Waltham, Mass.

POSTAL OFFICIALS UNVEILING GRAFT

Beavers Alleged to Have Accepted Commission on Supplies.

Investigating More Charges Against Machen—Wynne Undoing Beavers's Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The opportunity for discretionary purchases of materials and devices for use by the Post Office Department will be the subject of reform as soon as the pending investigation is concluded. The department has been obliged often to buy an article in which there was no competition because the device was patented, and the arrest of A. W. Machen for accepting 40 per cent. of the amounts paid for fasteners for city mail boxes has served to call attention to other similar openings for collusion and fraud. Machen and Beavers expended large sums of money under discretion. In the absence of advertisements and bids the official who is so disposed may allow an exorbitant price on any patented article and put in operation a scheme to fleece the Government without much difficulty.

Mr. Payne said to-day that the charges on file against Mr. Beavers might be summed up as the payment of extravagant prices for materials and supplies used in his division, including time clocks and stamping machines. He said that there was only one charge that Mr. Beavers had received a commission on these supplies. This charge, he said, is under investigation.

A much more rigid overhauling of the affairs of Mr. Beavers's former office will begin shortly. The investigation of the affairs of the Free Delivery Division, it is stated, has not been interrupted by the arrest of Machen. The Inspectors who brought about that result are continuing their inquiry and will probe into other charges against Mr. Machen. In this connection Mr. Payne said to-day that one of the charges under investigation was an allegation that Mr. Machen had forged the name of another man on an official paper about ten years ago. He said that Mr. Machen knew of this charge, and had informed him that he (Machen) was ready at any time to bring conclusive proof that he was innocent of the transaction. Other charges involve the letter-box contracts. Some of the charges are of a similar nature to those on which yesterday's arrest was based.

The Government is anxious to expedite the trial of Machen as much as possible consistently with the proper handling of the case. It is arranging to have its witnesses at Machen's preliminary hearing, June 5. The preliminary hearing of the Groff brothers, the profits of whose firm Machen is accused of sharing on a 40 per cent. basis, has been set for June 9.

Mr. Payne said that the work of the inspectors who ran Machen down was remarkable both for completeness and the speed with which the facts were reached. One of the detectives said to-night: "You must not ask me how we got the clue. The facts bearing on this case will all be brought out at the trial. That is, some of them will be told. All of them will not be told then, and probably never will be made public unless in our old age some of us go to writing a book to tell of the adventures of Post Office Inspectors. It would all read like a romance if it were told. Dumas at his best was never more thrilling. What it involved I would not dare to tell you. I can assure you that we set no traps, and we did not get the incriminating evidence by accident. It took hard work, and it was very peculiar work.

Assistant Postmaster General Wynne spent to-day in a systematic endeavor to undo a large part of Beavers's work for the last few years. Under the pressure from Senators and Representatives in Congress he had gradually increased the salaries of Assistant Postmasters and clerks in a large number of Presidential Post Offices throughout the country. As there are nearly 5,000 Presidential offices and the annual pay roll for clerk hire amounts to $14,000,000 and salaries of Assistant Postmasters to $1,450,000, a systematic advance all along the line in response to the wishes of members of Congress has amounted in a few years to a large sum. By direction of the Postmaster General, the First Assistant sent out a circular letter to Presidential Postmasters in the country ordering them at once to report in regard to this matter and to bring the pay of Assistant Postmasters within the law and postal regulations.

It has been found that in a large percentage of cases the process of increasing salaries has gone on to such an extent that many millions of dollars have been expended in violation of law and the Postmaster General's orders.

The Postmaster General to-morrow will sign an order reducing the salaries of Assistant Postmasters, cashiers, and financial clerks in a large number of offices throughout the country. This is the first step in correcting the abuses that have been systematically authorized by Beavers during the last few years.

For the first time in the course of the investigation there has been talk to-day of the responsibility of the Sixth Auditor, Henry Castle, and Controller R. J. Tracewell, who should have been aware of the violations of the law by Beavers, and have stopped him in his robbery of the Government. Their sole duty is to safeguard the Government in the matter of expenditures, and they are expected to know the law and prevent its violation knowingly by officials.

"GRAFT" IN ARKANSAS, TOO.

Penitentiary Official, Said to Have Made Away with $100,000, Surrenders.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, May 28.—A. S. Busby, who was assistant financial agent of the State Penitentiary for four years during Gov. Sayers's administration and who has been missing for the last two months, charged with being short in his financial accounts more than $100,000, surrendered last night at Texarkana and was to-day placed in the penitentiary at Rusk, the institution of which he had formerly been the financial official.

An investigation of Busby's accounts has been going on for nearly two months. Representative Jones of Panola County, during the recent session of the Legislature, declared on the floor of the House that he had facts in his possession to prove that the State had been swindled out of more than $150,000. On instructions from Gov. Lanham, Assistant Attorney General Martin went to Rusk this afternoon to represent the State in the prosecution of Busby.

No Relief from Drought Up the River.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, May 28.—Heavy banks of clouds at intervals during the day threatened the drought, and a brief shower early this morning served to lay the dust, but these condition were followed by a cloudless sky. The Hudson River is so low that the Mechanicsville dam is unable to furnish power for the United Traction Company's trolley lines at Troy and Albany.

KOCIAN RETURNS VIOLIN

Comes on the Deutschland with Loaned Stradivarius.

He Declares He Had No Intention of Wronging Its Owner, W. C. Clopton—Latter Says He Is Glad to Get It Back.

Violinist Jaroslav Kocian arrived last night on the Deutschland, bringing with him the Stradivarius which, while on a concert tour in this country, he borrowed from W. C. Clopton, a retired lawyer, living at the Empire Hotel, Columbus Avenue and Sixty-third Street. The artist was accompanied by his uncle, Josef Jan Svátek, a lawyer and editor in chief of the Prazské Noviny.

The violinist carried the instrument, which has caused him a great deal of happiness and distress, and did not let it go out of his sight while waiting for the Custom House Inspectors to examine his baggage. He and his uncle were met at the dock by Joseph J. Kovark, a friend, who acted as interpreter.

After falling in love with the instrument which had been loaned to him for his American tour, Kocian took it with him to Europe on the Augusta Victoria, believing, as he states, that he had a right to it. Before leaving, April 25, he wrote the owner a letter, in which he stated that he would rather lose ten years of his life than part with the violin, to which he was attached. Looking like one who was about to lose a dear friend, the artist said last night:

"I am very sorry that the public has learned of this whole affair, which has put me in such a bad light, and next that I put Mr. Clopton to unnecessary trouble, notwithstanding that he had done me the great favor of loaning me the Stradivarius. But I am not guilty of wrong.

"Friends told me I could take the violin and do as I pleased with it. It was not my intention to run away with the violin. Immediately upon my arrival at Cuxhaven I telegraphed my uncle at Prague for instructions and he told me to return the violin.

"I did not understand the purport of the letter sent to Mr. Clopton, which a friend wrote for me and I copied. At the advice of my uncle I wanted to give the violin to Capt. Kaempff to take back to its owner. He would not, and said that I should send it back by express, but this was too great a risk. I went to Prague, meeting my uncle. The story was there in everybody's mouth, having come with the American papers.

"I went to the American Consul and made oath to the fact that the violin belonged to Mr. Clopton, and that I would return with it. I gave up engagements at St. Petersburg, Moscow, Vienna, and other places, so that I lose the profits and must pay fines. Then I started for America with the violin, which will be given by me without condition to Mr. Clopton in the morning."

Speaking for his nephew, Joseph Jan Svatek said that he was only a boy and that he had been badly advised. Money was owing to him in America, but not by Mr. Clopton. It had been represented to him in some way that the violin stood as surety.

Mr. Clopton said last night, on hearing of the arrival of the violinist with his violin, there was nothing to say other than that he was glad to get back the instrument.

Kocian and his uncle expect to go home on the Deutschland on her return voyage.

BIG EXODUS TO ALASKA.

Twenty-one Vessels Departing for Nome Carry 3,200 Passengers and 31,000 Tons of Freight.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Washington, May 28.—The first sixteen steamships and five sailing vessels departing this season for Nome will carry a total of 3,200 passengers and 31,000 tons of freight.

The steamships Gussie Brown and Portland have already sailed, while fourteen other steamships will get away between this date and June 15.

Everything now indicates that when the last vessel leaves in June both passengers and freight for Bering Sea districts will be left behind. These must await second sailings unless other vessels not now scheduled are placed on the Nome route.

Business this year is the most satisfactory of any since Nome was discovered. Both passenger and freight rates are fair. Most people bound for Nome want first-class accommodations. They have money and are willing to spend it.

Present indications are that Nome will be handicapped only by lack of sufficient labor. A shortage of miners is likely to occur, owing to the Winter stampede to Tanana.

Freight shipments to Nome include a large amount of mining machinery, together with much railway material and equipment.

CRAMPS' ANNUAL MEETING.

Old Officers Re-elected—To Consider Increasing Capital and Bond Issue.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—The old officers of the William Cramp & Sons' Ship and Engine Building Company were re-elected to-day by the stockholders, who met in annual session. The recent changes in the organization of the company were approved and the new Directors chosen a short time ago at a special meeting were elected. The officers are: President—Charles H. Cramp; Vice President—Edwin S. Cramp; Secretary and Treasurer—Charles T. Taylor.

The annual report showed net earnings of $623,000 for the year ended April 30, against $786,147 for the preceding year.

A special meeting of the stockholders has been called for June 25 for the purpose of voting on an increase of capital and of the bonded indebtedness of the company. It is proposed to raise the capital from $5,000,000 to $6,250,000 and to enlarge the bond issue from $1,800,000 to $7,500,000.

A Cooling TONIC

A teaspoon of Horsford's Acid Phosphate in a glass of water quenches abnormal thirst, cools the blood, improves the appetite and invigorates the entire system. Insist on having

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

RECITAL HALL, SIXTH FLOOR.
Concert to-day, 2 to 4 P. M.

Recital by Miss LEAH BARBE, Colorature Soprano, Assisted by W. L. WINCKLER, Violinist; Mr. ANDERSON, 'Cellist; Miss CHARLOTTE ERSON, Pianist.

Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE, 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

YOUR PLANS FOR DECORATION DAY.

Of course they've been thought out. And whatever they may be, needs will crop up that must be supplied. This announcement will be appreciated by thousands as a pleasantly helpful suggestion.

It certainly illustrates what a treasure trove of supplies the Simpson Crawford Co. establishment is—how distinctly helpful an organization of this character may be to everybody.

No matter what the desires or requirements for Personal, Home or Amusement equipment, this store stands ready to meet them in a thorough and most satisfactory manner.

To wind up the month of May, we prepared a host of specials that will surely give a brilliant finish to a month that has been most prosperous.

Two Uncommonly Good Values in

STIFF TRIMMED HATS.
Second Floor.

About 150 white and black Mixed Braid Hats, with either solid white or black underbrims; all made on wire frames; trimmed very swell by ourselves; value $7.50, at.. $4.95

About 200 Tuscan Braid Trimmed Hats, several shapes, all good and made up especially for this sale; representing values up to $6.50, at $3.95

CHILDREN'S MILLINERY

Very prettily trimmed Children's Hats and Flats, flower or ribbon trimmed; value $4.50, at. $2.95

MAIN FLOOR:—
Continuation of Our Greatest

UNTRIMMED HAT SALE

for both Women and Misses and Children; best values positively ever offered in this city.

39c., 48c., 58c. and 65c. each

for merchandise worth from 75c. to $1.75 each.

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
UNDERMUSLINS.
Second Floor.

29c. CAMBRIC CORSET COVERS, lace-trimmed and with hemstitched ruffle, all sizes, several styles, in French shape. Regular values, 35c. and 45c.

50c. CORSET COVERS of Nainsook and Cambric, lace and embroidery trimmed, low round necks for summer wear, French shape. Values in this assortment 75c. and 95c.

98c. and $1.50 special values in White CAMBRIC PETTICOATS, made with a deep ruffle, embroidery and lace trimmed, finished with hemstitched tucks.

50c. and 69c. CAMBRIC DRAWERS, made with a deep lace trimmed ruffle and narrow tucks; regular values, 75c. and 95c.

FRIDAY SPECIAL IN
SASH PINS.
First Floor.

A choice collection in handsome miniature and amethyst, mounted in enamelled and rose gold snake effects, also various other designs that are remarkably attractive. Upward of two hundred all told, that we cleaned up from a maker whose name is famous; many of the pins are sold regularly at $5.50; scarcely any ever sold under $2.00; on sale to-day at..........95

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
BATHING SUITS.
Second Floor.

All wool, two piece, with trimmed bottom; exceptional value, at..$2.75

Two piece, this season's patterns; the trimmings are of best quality silk, guaranteed colors and exclusive designs, at $3.75

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
MEN'S SHIRTS.
First Floor.

MEN'S $1.50 AND $1.00 NEGLIGEES, 65c.—Material is a mercerized satin striped madapolan; white grounds, with twenty-seven combinations of cluster figures and stripes; all neat, refined patterns; they are made extra wide in the body, have gathered yokes, split neckbands, continuous sleeve facings, ocean pearl buttons, and are 36 inches long; four ply detached cuffs to match; all sizes and patterns in 14 to 17½ inches and some patterns in 18 inches.

50c. MEN'S UNDERWEAR, 29c.—About 70 dozen summer weight Balbriggan and Sea Island shirts and drawers; these are all our own goods; first qualities, broken sizes and assortments.

FRIDAY SPECIAL IN
MEN'S BELTS.
First Floor.

MEN'S LEATHER BELTS, $1.00 to $2.00 kinds, for 50c. All kinds of leather, Alligator, Seal, Calf, Tan, in colors and black, of course. In all we have 2,100 of them, and a handsomer lot of belts were never offered—and we repeat, $1.00 to $2.00 belts for......................50

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
BOYS' CLOTHING.
Second Floor.

All our $5.00 and $6.00 Sailor, Norfolk and Double Breasted Two-Piece Suits. The fabrics are of the best standard makes. Fine wool serges, cheviots, cassimeres and wool crashes, at..............................$3.95

We offer all our $7.95, $8.75 and $9.75 high grade Sailor Suits in navy, gray, red and brown; beautifully trimmed, all at....................$5.75

500 Boys' Wash Suits, values up to $4.50.............................$2.95

500 Boys' Wash Suits, values up to $2.95..............................$1.50

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
TOILET NEEDS.
First Floor.

Solid Back Hair Brushes, extra quality; a fine collection at, each......45

Nail Scrubs, with solid wood backs; usually 19c., at....................12

Bath Brushes, pure bristles, long handles, at..........................39

Castile Soap, small bar, of finest grade...................................10

Meadow Brook Violet Toilet Water, 4 oz. bottle............................45

Ideal Talcum Powder, exquisitely perfumed with violet......................8

Simpson Crawford Co. Tooth Powder; usually 17c.........................12½

Powder Puffs, medium size...............10

Tooth Brushes, fine French make; value 19c............................12½

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
HANDKERCHIEFS.
First Floor.

2,000 dozen Irish Linen Handkerchiefs for men and women; importers' and manufacturers' samples and odd dozens; assorted width hems; for qualities values are unmatched.

10c. each, worth up to 20c.
15c. each, worth up to 35c.
19c. each, worth up to 50c.

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
MISSES' DRESSES.
Third Floor.

Misses' White Serge Norfolk Suits, side pleated skirt flaring from knee. A smart suit for yachting or cruising; 14 and 16 years; were $22.50, reduced to...........................$15.00

Girls' Norfolk and Sailor Blouse Dresses of White Sicilian; emblem on shield and sleeve; 6 to 14 years; formerly $12.00, reduced to......$7.50

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
SHIRT WAISTS.
Second Floor.

Women's White Lawn Waists, front of fine tucking and three rows of fine needlework; tucked stock, tucked back........................$1.00

Women's Black Lawn Waists, good quality lawn, front has 36 fine tucks in clusters of nine, with three rows of Chantilly Lace two inches wide between clusters. Tucked sleeve, 15 tucks in back...................$1.65

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
HAMMOCKS.
Basement.

Palmer make, pillow and valance, come in pretty combination colors; regular $2.00 grade, for to-day only, $1.35

Hammocks, extra wide pillow, with tassel, exceptional value $2.25; other grades from......98c. to $10.50

FRIDAY SPECIAL IN
WOMEN'S HOSIERY.
First Floor.

IMPORTED LACE LISLE HOSE, 25c.; women's very sheer quality gauze lisle thread, all-over open pattern lace hose, double heels and toes, fast color; value 45c., at, pair.........25

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
EMBROIDERIES.
First Floor.

Short lengths of fine embroidery SKIRTINGS and FLOUNCINGS, consisting of scalloped edges, hemstitched embroidered and combinations of dainty embroidery and laces; 18, 27 and 45 inches wide; actual values from 79c. to $1.75 per yard. While they last:—

39c.—18 and 27 inch widths.
85c.—23 and 45 inch widths.

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
FINE TRUNKS.
Basement.

35 WARDROBE AND BUREAU TRUNKS, entirely new, with all the latest devices and improvements; these goods are actually worth up to $26.50, and our price hardly covers the cost of material; while the above small quantity lasts, choice at...............$12.75

LEATHER BOUND TWO-TRAY TRUNKS, brass trimming, five slats on top, two leather centre bands; upper tray has hat box, shirt waist and parasol compartments; Excelsior lock and four hinges; choice of three sizes at $7.50

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
WOMEN'S GARMENTS.
Third Floor.

PEDESTRIENNE SUITS—Of Tweed, Cheviot and Mixed Mannish Materials, blouse and half-fitting coats, with and without shoulder capes, seven and nine gore flare skirts, inverted pleat and habit back, made with the closest attention as to detail and finish. Selling regularly for $22.50 and $27.50; for Friday.............................$16.50

DRESS AND PEDESTRIENNE SKIRTS—Of Tweed and Scotch Tartan Plaid, seven gore, habit and semi-habit back, correctly shaped, good hanging skirts. Selling regularly for $5.00 and $7.50; for Friday.......................$3.85

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
LOW CUT SHOES.
Second Floor.

The assortment comprises Mat. kid, patent vamps, turn soles, Cuban heels; Chrome patent leather, walking soles, Cuban heels; patent leather, with French heels. Regular value, $2.50 and $3.00, at.........................$1.95

Of Cracknot Patent Leather, Spanish arch last, high Cuban heels; Walking Shoes, glace kid, patent leather tip and facing, turn soles; glace kid, kid tip, medium walking heels, extension soles. Regular value, $3.00 and $3.50, at $2.50

FRIDAY SPECIALS IN
SPORTING GOODS.
Second Floor.

FOR GOLF.
Crescent Golf Clubs; regular $1.50 value, at...........................75
Haskell Golf Balls, at, doz...$5.15

FOR TENNIS.
Tennis outfit complete, consisting of 1 net, 42x3, bound; two guaranteed rackets, 1 pr. poles and ropes and four English tennis balls; special for today only.........................$6.50
Pin Rackets, unmarked, $7.00 grade, at..............................$4.50

FOR FISHING.
Weakfish Rods, two piece lancewood, at...........................98
Weakfish and Fluke Rods, combination; regular value $2.75, at..$1.95
Linen Lines, guaranteed strength, piece of 100 yards, at...........15

FOR DECORATING.
Standard Bunting Flags, 6x9 ft., guaranteed to hold colors, at..$3.00
Poles, any length up to 14 ft., with ball, truck and halyards, at........45

Special Sale of MEN'S OUTING SUITS, TROUSERS and STRAW HATS.
Second Floor.

Just the sort of clothing to make the holiday a comfort as well as a pleasure. Simpson Crawford clothing cannot be improved upon, as you know. These values are extraordinary—uncommonly so; and the saving is well worth taking advantage of.

OUTING SUITS

of Flannel and Crash. Coats are built for comfort, without lining. Trousers are made with belt loops and turn-up bottoms. They come in dark and light shades, in stripes and other effects. Coats and Trousers separately, if desired.

$6.75 and $9.75 Suit.

OUTING TROUSERS.

Choice patterns, in excellent quality flannels, belt loops and turn-up bottoms. Extra special at

$2.85 Pair.

Balance of our great under-price purchase of fine straws

from one of the best known makers in Hatdom, in Sennets, Milans, Splits, Japs and rough-and-ready braids. Sold in first class hat stores up to $5.00.

None worth less than $3.00; All $1.75.

The Wanamaker Store

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. and Closes at 5:30 P. M.

The Wanamaker Store

Worthy News Concerning
Women's Dresses

Bought yesterday and fresh from the maker's boxes—not trade samples.

An overstock for which expected buyers did not appear. A warm day or two will make the maker sorry that he gave you the chance to buy them at half and less.

Three hundred. Sizes in the various sorts from 32 to 44. Not all sizes in each sort.

First Price—One hundred and Seventy-five Shirt-waist Suits at Four Dollars. The following were the honest retail values on Wednesday last:

White linen lawn plaited waist, fully trimmed with Valenciennes lace; value eleven dollars.

White linen lawn, trimmed with Swiss embroidery; value eight dollars.

White linen lawn, trimmed with Valenciennes lace and black hemstitching; value ten dollars.

White linen, tailor-made; value seven dollars and seventy-five cents.

Second Price—One Hundred and Seventy-five Shirt-waist Suits at Three Dollars.

The following were the honest retail values on Wednesday last:

Mercerized chambray, variously trimmed; blue, red and tan; value seven dollars and a half.

White lawn, with black dots, trimmed with faggot stitching; value six dollars and a half.

Striped madras; value six dollars.

Linen batiste; value five dollars and a quarter.

This announcement holds the potency of stylish economy for many prudent women. It is a proper and reasonable bargain of the period.

Second floor, Broadway.

Before the Holiday!

Men's Suits at a Bargain

Lots of men will be making a hurry-up purchase today of the Summer Suit they intend to christen tomorrow—Decoration Day.

Here's a chance to buy the suit—in the newest and handsomest of the season's materials and styles, and save from two-fifty to nine-fifty by the operation.

For we have gathered about two hundred Summer Sack Suits from our regular stock, in which size-lines have become broken, and marked them for today at

$12.50 a Suit

instead of $15 to $22—their former prices. Included are:

Black Thibet Single and Double-breasted Sack Suits.
Single-breasted Sack Suits in neat colored worsteds.
Fancy Cheviot Sack Suits, double and single-breasted.

It is certainly a well-timed occasion *par excellence*, when every man who can is getting away to the country for a couple of days, and wants to go well-dressed.

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Boys' Norfolk Suits, $5

That's not their value. If at original prices, they would cost you $8 to $12.50—half as much again, up to double. The secret of the saving is that these handsome suits came to us late from the factory, and we want to hurry them into circulation.

It's a splendid day-before-Decoration-day offering! Homespuns and fancy cheviots; in stylish new patterns; sizes 7 to 17 years—

$5, worth $8 to $12.50

Also a group of Colored and White Percale Shirt-waists; with collars; well laundered; sizes 6 to 13 years, at 50c, worth 75c and $1.

Second floor, Ninth street.

Women's Hosiery And Underwear

Comfortable, right-fitting underwear is an absolute necessity of summer, at least. There is no other stock anywhere in which proper shape and fit are demanded, as they are at WANAMAKER'S.

Our stock of Hosiery is likewise exceptional.

Here are some particularly attractive items:

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR

At 18c each, 3 for 50c—Full-sized white cotton Vests, in fancy ribbed effects; low neck, plain or lace-trimmed. Worth 25c each.

At 25c each—Lisle-finished Vests, white, light-weight; low neck, short sleeves or sleeveless; or low neck, sleeveless, with pretty lace-trimmed necks, in various patterns. White ribbed cotton Drawers, with or without bands, lace-trimmed.

At 37½c each—Vests of white lisle thread, fine and soft quality; plain or with pretty lace-trimmed necks. Also white ribbed lisle thread Drawers, without bands at waist; knee-length.

WOMEN'S HOSIERY

At 18c pair, 3 pairs for 50c—Of fast black cotton; all black, sizes 8 to 9½; black with split feet, sizes 8 to 10; or all-black, Richelieu, narrow or cluster ribbed. Worth 25c a pair.

At 25c pair—Of fast black lisle thread, light-weight; plain, Richelieu or cluster ribbed. Would be good value at 38c. Also black lisle thread, in pretty patterns of allover openwork.

At 50c pair—Fine gage fast black lisle thread Stockings, in various pretty patterns of allover openwork that extends all around the stocking. Also many pretty patterns in openwork ankles. All 75c values.

Broadway.

Sailor Hats *For Women*

Sailor hats and shirt-waists go together, and they go everywhere that cool and smartly dressed women are to be found.

Sailor Hats are becoming to every face, they are protective, comfortable and inexpensive.

Naturally our stock is most complete in all the various styles—all sennit braid, wide brims. Some with high crowns, others with low broad crowns; at five prices—$1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Women's White Neckwear, 25c and 50c

Women never had so many charming kinds of white neck-things to choose from as are presented in this collection. Rather hard to tell about it, except in general—for its make-up changes about every day. We have picked up, from makers and importers, numerous small lots of pretty neckwear that in the aggregate make a brave showing. These are all priced much below their real values, and are all bright and new.

There are plain, figured and embroidered mulls, lawns, muslins, organdies, madras, linens and pique. Shapes are stocks, top collars, with or without bishop tabs; round, flat collars for warm weather, twice-around effects, ascots and four-in-hands.

A splendid array at the two popular prices, 25c and 50c each.

Broadway.

Hats for the Holiday

Of course, the straw is the conventional headgear from now on. And our stock of Straw Hats for Men is the best and most varied we know of.

Listen:

Men's Split Straw Hats, at $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 and $5.

Men's Sennit Straw Hats, at $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.

Men's soft flanged Straw Hats, in split Milan and Mackinaw straw, at $1.50 to $5.

Boys' and Young Men's Straw Hats, of split, sennit and fancy braids, 50c, $1, $1.50 and $2.

Another lot is here today of the

Panama Hats at $4

We warrant them to be genuine; soft, fine and pliable, well finished, blocked in Alpine shape, and in the natural color, without filling or whitening. Other grades, $10 to $25.

But you'll need hats tomorrow that are less likely to take hurt than a straw. Headgear for sailing, picnic, baseball, wheeling or golf. All sorts here, again in unexampled variety:

Yachting Caps, of white duck, linen or mohair, at 50c and $1.

Naval Reserve Caps, of white duck, at 50c.

Golf Caps, in new, exclusive patterns, of light, cool wool crashes, unlined, with taped seams, at 50c, $1 and $2.50.

Men's Hat Store, Annex.

Men's Soft Shirts, $1

The WANAMAKER Negligee Shirts for $1 stand in a class by themselves. That they have "arrived," is due to unremitting effort on our part—of hours of laboring with the makers, to make them build shirts according to our ideas of material and workmanship at this popular price.

Two splendid groups ready now—for the men who need a couple of new shirts to pack in their grip for to-morrow's outing:

White Negligee Shirts of handsome corded madras; plaited front; detachable cuffs.

Colored Negligee Shirts, of fancy striped madras; plain or plaited fronts; cuffs attached or detached. In the shirts with plaited bosoms, the patterns are retained in the plaits—an unusual merit in shirts at this price. And the plaits extend well below the trouser-band.

The best hot-weather shirts you ever saw at the price—

One Dollar Each Ninth st. aisle.

Then here's a Basement offering—

50c Scarfs at 25c

Regular half-dollar qualities of Four-in-hands and Tecks. Manufacturers' samples, in this season's handsome styles. Fine variety of patterns and colorings, in silks of excellent quality. Now half-price, 25c each.

Men's Golf Stocks

At 25c, worth 50c

The Summer scarf that does away with the collar, leaving a man neat and proper, but free and easy for all sorts of sport, and for all outdoor wear. Indispensable for the golfer.

These are plain white and white self-figured cheviot stocks made to sell at 50c, now at 25c each instead.

Under-Price Store, Basement.

Girls' Cool Dresses

Here's a hint of the simple, but pretty little Wash Dresses that mothers will want their little daughters to wear on the holiday excursion tomorrow.

The variety is excellent, both in materials and styles. The highest priced dress in the gathering is $12.75—these are much less. Sizes 6 to 14 years:

At $1—Guimpe Dresses of chambray, trimmed with white pique.

At $1.65—Guimpe Dresses of striped gingham; square neck of insertion, with hemstitched lawn ruffle.

At $2.25—Guimpe Dresses of plain chambray, with trimming of braid.

At $3.75—Russian Dresses of fine striped madras; white linen shield.

At $5—High-neck Dresses of dimity; yoke trimmed with lace and medallions; flounce skirt.

Second floor, Ninth street.

Muslin Underwear
With Character

Careful women are not attracted by low prices, unless they know what they stand for. The clientele of WANAMAKER'S would not be interested in muslin garments cheaply made.

The enthusiasm of the present movement has been compelled because of many substantial reasons, among them these:

1. Muslins, cambrics, nainsooks and lawns are all perfect, of selected quality, and consistent with the garments to be made.

2. Trimmings were selected for their neatness and artistic qualities; never for elaborate display.

3. The designs of the better pieces were copied from garments brought from Paris.

4. The work throughout is carefully done, in healthful and hygienic factories.

5. Sizes are liberal throughout, and the range includes *garments for large women* as well as small. Comparisons constantly show that an extra width of muslin, as well as several yards more of lace or embroidery are used on WANAMAKER nightgowns or petticoats than on those bought in other stores at similar prices—though looking much the same when folded up on the counter.

6. Price for value, nowhere is the cost of worthy underwear so low as at WANAMAKER'S; and nowhere is there variety that at all approaches the WANAMAKER display.

Chemises
At 25c—One style.
At 50c—Four styles.
At 75c—Two styles.
At 85c—Three styles.
At $1—Four styles.
At $1.25—Two styles.
At $1.50—Two styles.
Other styles, up to $7.50.

Corset Covers
At 8c—Two styles.
At 25c—Three styles.
At 35c—Three styles.
At 50c—Five styles.
At 65c—Two styles.
At 75c—Four styles.
At 85c—Five styles.

Corset Covers
At $1—One style.
At $1.25—Two styles.
Other styles, up to $7.75.

Drawers
At 10c—One style.
At 15c—One style.
At 25c—Two styles.
At 35c—One style.
At 50c—Twelve styles.
At 75c—Five styles.
At 85c—Eight styles.
At $1—Three styles.
At $1.25—Three styles.
At $1.50—Six styles.
At $1.75—Eight styles.
Other styles, up to $10.

Petticoats
At 50c—Two styles.
At 75c—Two styles.
At 85c—Two styles.
At $1—Six styles.
At $1.25—Three styles.
At $1.50—Four styles.
At $1.75—Ten styles.
At $2.25—Two styles.
At $2.50—Four styles.
At $2.75—Four styles.
At $3.25—Two styles.
Other styles, up to $30.

Nightgowns
At 38c—Two styles.
At 50c—Two styles.
At 75c—Three styles.
At 85c—Four styles.
At $1—Four styles.
At $1.25—Three styles.
At $1.50—Two styles.
At $1.75—Six styles.
Others, up to $18.50.
Second floor.

All the 10c and 15c Drawers, the 8c Corset Covers, the 25c Chemises, the 38c Nightgowns, and the 25c and 50c Petticoats are on sale in the Basement Under-Price Store.

Housekeeping Linens
More White Sale News of Importance

We cap the climax of a week's extraordinary offerings with another list of Linens that will open the eyes of those who know values, and delight housekeepers who have need of table or toilet linens. Here is a list you'll not see matched in many a moon:

TABLE CLOTHS

At $3.25, from $6—Bleached Irish double damask Table-cloths, unhemmed; 2 x 2½ yds. A very handsome fern pattern, from the celebrated "Gold Medal" manufacturer. No matching napkins.

At $8, from $10.50—Banquet Cloths, from same maker, 2¼ x 3 yds., two choice designs. Matching Napkins, dinner size, 27 in. square, at $6.50 doz., from $9.25. Fourth avenue.

At 50c, from 75c—Small cotton Table Covers, fringed; in blues and reds, with warp in white; 55 in. square, including fringe.

TABLE LINEN BY THE YARD

At 31c yd., from 40c—Cream white all-linen damask, in floral patterns, 58 in. wide.

At 70c yd., from 80c—Bleached Irish Table-linen; our specially imported leader at 80c. This week's sale price, 70c.

NAPKINS

At $2.40 doz., from $3—Bleached German Dinner Napkins, 25 in. square; soft, glove-like finish. Good value at the regular price of $3.

TOWELS

At $2.50 doz., from $3—Bleached German hemstitched huckaback Towels, imported for a leader at $3. This week's sale price, $2.50. Half-dozen at same rate.

At 25c each, fully worth 35c—Snow-white Bath (all-cotton) Towels, extra large and heavy; white or colored borders, 26 x 54 in.

At 8c yd., from 10c—Checked all-linen Glass Toweling, 16 in. wide. Fully worth 10c.

BED-LINEN

At $3.25 pair, from $3.75—Grass-bleached German hemstitched Sheets; three-quarter bed size, 72 x 90 in. Our regular $3.75 quality.

At $3.75 pair, from $4.50—Full bed size, 90 x 90 in.

At 90c pair, from $1—Pillow-cases, hemstitched to match, 22 x 36 in.

FANCY LINENS

At 35c, from 60c—Grass-bleached German Table or Sideboard Scarfs, hemstitched all around; 18 x 36 in.

At 40c, from 75c—Same as above, 18 x 45 in.

Fourth avenue.

Lawn Tennis Supplies

Going to the country for the double holiday? Then, of course, you will take your golf-clubs, or tennis racket, or both, with you. If you favor tennis, and haven't a racket, come here for it. We carry a splendid variety, and all sorts of other tennis goods as well—if you're the proud possessor of a court:

SPALDING TENNIS RACKETS

The "Practice," 75c.
The "Geneva," $1.50.
The "Lakeside," $2.50.
The "Slocum," $4.
The "Tournament," $5.
The "Favorite," $1.
The "Greenwood," $2.
The "Slocum, Jr.," $3.
The "Model A.," $7.

B. G. I. TENNIS RACKETS

The "Fairfield," $3.
The "St. George," $5.
The "Henley," $4.
The "B.G.I. Special," $7.
The B. G. I. Tennis Rackets, with special cane; inlaid throat; at $9.

Lawn Tennis Nets, from $1.25 to $5.50.
Tennis Poles, from 75c to $10.
Racket Cases, from 50c to $5.

TENNIS BALLS

The "Wanamaker Champion"—equal to the best on the market; $3.25 dozen.
The "Wanamaker Practice," $2.50 dozen.
The "Wright & Ditson," $4 dozen.

Sporting Goods Store, in Annex.

Six Notable Bargains In Wash Dress Goods

This week we are presenting a list of six Wash Goods offerings that have rarely, if ever, been equaled.

The goods are all new and desirable, and mostly staple in value; but the surplus stocks of manufacturers or importers. The prices now are ridiculously little:

At 12½c, worth 35c

Corded Striped Madras. The finest 32-inch American goods made, in fifty of the choicest of this season's patterns, in various spaced colored stripes woven in grounds of corded white madras.

At 12½c, worth 50c

Silk Striped Dimities. Printed in a great variety of handsome designs in colors and black on dimity, corded and silk striped, and figured grounds of light blue, cadet blue, pink, heliotrope, navy blue, and reseda.

At 12½c, worth 25c

Printed Irish Dimities, in a splendid variety of patterns. Small floral patterns on white, white figures and stripes, and polka-dots on colored grounds.

At 15c, worth 35c

Striped Linen Batiste, in natural linen colored grounds, made attractive with woven figured mercerised stripes of white.

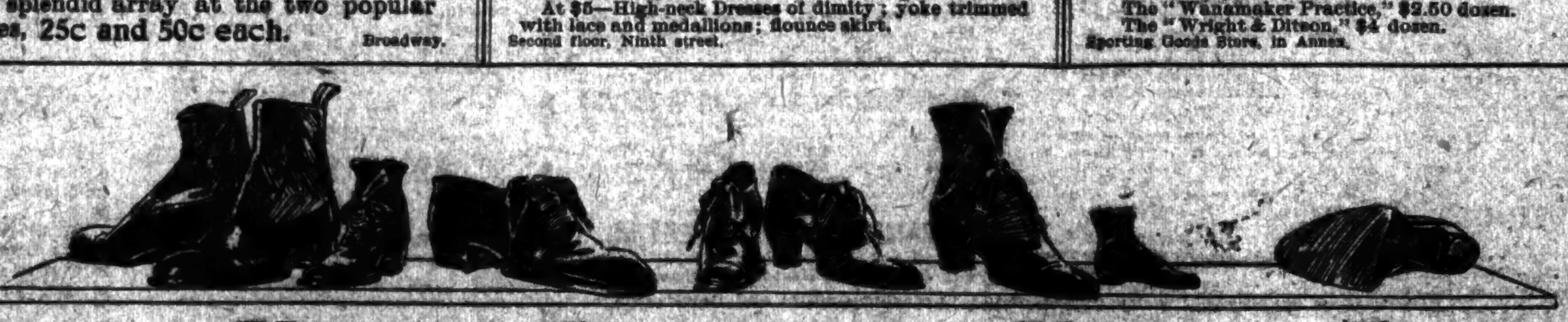
At 18c, worth 25c

Embroidered Swiss Muslins, in the most attractive of this season's designs, in black and colored figured stripes on grounds of white.

At 10c, worth 15c

Striped Madras, in some sixty patterns of corded stripes in color on white, and white on colors. Designs that were made for men's fine shirts, but the maker of the goods overdid it. 32 in. wide.

Rotunda and Fourth avenue.



Buy Your Summer Shoes Today
And Secure Holiday Wear and a Pre-Holiday Saving

Economy, when it can be most broadly profited by—that is a characteristic of WANAMAKER merchandising. And so we planned to gather here many thousands of pairs of Summer Shoes just when our public was ready and anxious to buy—

High Shoes and Oxfords, for Men and Women

Shoes for boys, girls and children—worthy, well made shoes of all desirable, seasonable sorts, worth from a half more, up to double today's prices. There are scores of different lines of which these are representative:

Men's $3 to $5 Oxford Shoes, at $1.90

Patent leather, kid velour and box calf. The $4 and $5 shoes are samples, and in sizes 6½ and 7, A and B only. All the newest styles.

Men's Oxford Shoes at $2.40

Worth $3.50, and here in complete variety. Box calf, Blucher cut; the young man's favorite style. Black kidskin, medium straight last; an easy model.

Men's $3 Dress or Business Shoes at $1.90

From our own stock, and from a high-grade factory. Patent and enameled leather, kidskin and box calf; welted and stitched soles; medium weight.

Men's $3 White Canvas Shoes, at $1.25

Made of fine canvas, with welted soles of oak leather. Both Oxford and lace shoes in the lot. Right for the holiday.

Under-Price Store, Basement.

Women's $2.50 and $3 Shoes at $1.50

Nearly three thousand pairs added today. Kidskin in half a dozen good styles, including the plain common-sense toe button; high and low heels; lace and button, kid and patent leather tips.

Women's Kidskin Boots, worth $3, at $2.20

Made in a factory producing a famous $3.50 advertised shoe. These are of kidskin, made on the semi-mannish last popular with college girls and smartly dressed business women. Lace and button.

Women's Patent Colthide Shoes at $2.60

A quality that usually sells at $4. Made of the best grade of colthide, with a bright enamel surface; dull leather tops, oak leather soles, welted and stitched, slim lasts, military heels.

Women's $2 Oxford Shoes at $1.25

Four thousand pairs for this sale. Genuine chrome kidskin with oak-tanned leather, flexible sewed soles, neat heels, straight form last.

Women's $3 Oxford Shoes at $1.50

Patent leather and patent coltskin Oxford Shoes. Models are the English walking last, high round toe, medium stout soles, trim heels. Selling in hundreds of good stores at $3 a pair.

Women's High-grade Oxford Shoes at $1.90

Soft enameled calfskin, semi-mannish last, close edge welted soles, neat heels. Sell at $3 regularly. Also kidskin in several good lasts; shoes that sell at $3 and more.

Boys' Shoes, worth $1.50, for $1.10

Sturdy Casco calf lace shoes, with solid leather soles, made on full round toe-lasts; sizes up to 2.

Rubber Sole Canvas Oxfords at 35c

With the soles sewed on, and the sole warranted not to break. All sizes, for boys, girls and men.

Children's $1.50 Shoes at 75c Pair

For girls and small boys. Box calf mostly, with a sprinkling of patent leather. Sizes run from 8 to 2, but some few sizes may be missing. Less than half price for these.

Little-Priced Belts

Several attractive groups of Women's Belts, to wear with the summer shirt-waist, at prices that make it an inexpensive matter to provide the needed belt for tomorrow's outing:

At 25c—Cloth Belts, plain and plaited effects; gilt, oxidized and black clasps; some with crocheted rings.

At 50c to 75c—Silk Belts in moire, peau de soie, satin, fancy silk braid and elastic; many different styles, with oxidized and French gray finished clasps and back-pieces.

At $1, worth $1.50—Black plaited Satin Belts, with handsome oxidized clasps and back-pieces; good assortment of designs.

Also some Wrist and Chatelaine Bags, some slightly shop-worn, at smartly reduced prices:

At 10c, from 25c—Patent leather Chatelaine Bags; gilt and nickel frames, leather-lined.

At 25c, from 50c—Tan, black and gray grain walrus Wrist Bags, large and small sizes; with inside frames.

At 10c, from 25c—Black suede and grain leather Wrist Bags, small sizes; with nickel or gilt frames and chains.

Broadway.

Gloves to Wear Away

Women's Summer Gloves, to keep your hands clean, but cool, on the almost inevitable railroad trip tomorrow, or the other excursion by trolley or boat. A special bargain to begin with:

At 25c, worth 50c a pair—Women's jersey wrist Lace Lisle Gloves; in mode, gray, white and black—excellent value at this little price.

"Kayser" Double-tipped silk gloves; black and white; all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1 a pair.

Washable Chamois Gloves, one-clasp, in white and buff, 75c a pair.

Tenth st.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS 2,000

Melazgerd, Asiatic Turkey, Demolished on April 29.

Much Havoc in the Surrounding Villages —British Foreign Office Appeals for Aid for the Survivors.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 28.—Advices which reached here to-day from Asiatic Turkey show that a terrible earthquake occurred on April 29 at Melazgerd, in the Vilayet of Van, eighty miles southeast of Erzerum.

The town was totally destroyed with its entire population, numbering 2,000 souls, including 700 Armenians, as well as the troops forming the garrison of Melazgerd. In addition, over 400 houses in neighboring villages collapsed.

A somewhat severe earth-shock was felt here this morning, but no damage was done.

LONDON, May 29.—The Foreign Office here has received some details, from the British Consul at Erzerum, regarding the recent earthquake at Melazgerd, according to which a strong earth-shock, lasting thirty seconds, was felt on the morning of April 29 throughout the entire district between Lake Van and the Russian frontier, and as far west as Kharput. The town of Melazgerd, consisting of 500 houses, was destroyed, and much havoc was wrought in the surrounding villages.

Col. Khalil Bey, commanding the garrison of Melazgerd, with his whole family, three other officers, and eighty soldiers, perished in the ruins. Lieut. Col. Tayib Bey, whose family perished, became insane.

The telegraph operator who sent the news of the catastrophe said he himself was badly injured, and that his wife and sister had been killed. He only rescued his instruments from the ruins of the office with the greatest difficulty.

The Foreign Office has appealed for subscriptions for the relief of the destitute Mohammedans and Christians of the Melazgerd district.

MAP OF THE MELAZGERD REGION.

Melazgerd is about eighty miles southeast of Erzerum, the capital of the Vilayet of Erzerum, and is on the headwaters of the East Euphrates. It is about 110 miles northeast of Mount Ararat and 700 miles southeast of Constantinople. The Russian frontier is ninety miles away on the north and seventy miles on the east.

VENEZUELAN PORTS CLOSED.

President Castro Takes Action Which Practically Amounts to a Blockade.

CARACAS, Venezuela, May 28.—The Official Gazette published to-day a Presidential decree temporarily suppressing the Custom Houses at La Vela, Quanta, Puerto Sucre, Guiria, Cano, Colorado, and Ciudad Bolivar, and allowing steamers coming from Europe thirty days and sailing vessels sixty days to reach Venezuelan ports. Steamers from the United States are allowed fifteen days and sailing vessels thirty days, and both steamers and sailing vessels from the West Indies and Demerara are allowed ten days to reach Venezuela. Steamers and sailing vessels from Trinidad and Granada are allowed two days. The allowances count from June 1.

The Custom House of Juan Griego, Margarita Island, is by the same decree transferred to Port Lamar.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—At the Venezuelan Legation the closing of the ports in President Castro's decree is regarded as an incident of his campaign against the revolutionists. All of the ports mentioned, except Bolivar and La Vela, are said to be unimportant. The majority of them are now in the hands of the revolutionists.

The question of the recognition of the blockade by the United States, for this is what the suppression of the Custom Houses practically amounts to, will be determined when the State Department receives a copy of the decree announcing the suppression. It at present has no news on the subject. The general practice of our and other Governments is to ignore paper blockades and to hold that a blockade to be respected must be effective.

LADY SOMERSET RESIGNS.

Retires from Presidency of British Women's Temperance Association Owing to Ill-Health.

LONDON, May 28.—Lady Henry Somerset has retired from the Presidency of the British Women's Temperance Association on account of her health.

Born in 1851, Lady Henry Somerset is the eldest daughter of Earl and Countess Somers. Having no brothers, she succeeded to the inheritance of a vast estate, much of it in the County of Kent. It was her interest in her tenants which first drew to her attention the importance of the drink problem, and in 1885, at her castle gates, she and forty of her tenants signed the pledge. In East London her tenants are very numerous, and she has done a great deal to better the conditions in the tenement districts of the British metropolis.

In 1891 Lady Henry attended the world's convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union in Boston, and afterward made an extended tour of this country, lecturing on behalf of the temperance cause and the higher education of women. In 1894 Lady Henry's name became very prominent in England and America owing to her crusade against the "living picture" craze.

WIFE SUES BARONET LIVING IN AMERICA.

Lady Cowell-Stepney Gets a Judicial Separation from Her Husband, Who Has Become a United States Citizen.

LONDON, May 28.—Lady Margaret Cowell-Stepney, daughter of the late Lord De Tabley, petitioned to-day for a judicial separation on the ground of the desertion of her husband, Sir Arthur Keppel Cowell-Stepney, Bart., an ex-Member of Parliament, who is a very wealthy landed proprietor of Wales, and who is now in the United States, having recently become an American citizen, renouncing his Baronetcy. Leading divorce lawyers were engaged in the case.

Lady Cowell-Stepney and her daughter testified to Sir Arthur's desertion. It appeared that shortly after the daughter was born, in 1876, Sir Arthur left home, and never returned. Last March he obtained a divorce in the courts of Idaho on the ground of the desertion of his wife, and it was sought to prove that the Idaho divorce was invalid and to secure a separation under English law.

Without touching on the validity of the Idaho divorce, Mr. Justice Jeune granted a judicial separation on the ground of clear desertion. He said the onus of proving that Sir Arthur had a bona fide domicile in America rested with the defense. Counsel for Sir Arthur said that owing to the absence of his client in America it was impossible to prove that he had a legal residence in the United States.

It developed later in the day that Sir Arthur had lived at Grand Forks, N. D., at San Diego, Cal., and in other parts of America.

After he obtained his divorce Sir Arthur wrote to his daughter that he had dropped the Baronetcy in America, following the "sensible example of Lord Fairfax."

Counsel said it clearly was Sir Arthur's intention to remain in America, and that it was impossible for Lady Cowell-Stepney to consent to her marriage being overthrown in this way.

M. LOUBET'S VISIT TO LONDON.

PARIS, May 28.—It is officially announced to-day that President Loubet will proceed to London between July 18 and July 20, to return the visit of King Edward, and that he will stay there three or four days.

LOST MONEY, SHOT HIMSELF.

Tradesman in St. Joseph, Mo., Sold His Business and Came Here to Get Rich Quickly in Wall Street.

George A. Kennard until about three weeks ago proprietor of a wholesale grocery house in St. Joseph, Mo., committed suicide yesterday afternoon by shooting himself in the temple with a pistol in a bathroom in the rear of a barber's shop at 227 Second Avenue. Mr. Kennard was about fifty years of age, and when he sold out his business in St. Joseph he came here with his wife and twelve-year-old daughter, his reason for journeying East being the belief that he might considerably increase his fortune by speculating on the New York Stock Exchange.

The family took rooms in a fashionable boarding house on Madison Avenue, near Twenty-ninth Street. Mr. Kennard would go down town every morning about 10 o'clock, and return about 5 in the afternoon. His actions were such that every one in the house thought he was holding his own in Wall Street. A day or two ago, however, he informed a man in the house that all had not gone well with him, and that unless there was a change in his luck he would soon be ruined.

Yesterday morning Mr. Kennard appeared to be in excellent spirits, and talked and laughed with the other boarders, and when the time came for him to go down town he bade his wife and daughter good-bye cheerfully and left the house. Instead of going down town, however, he went over to a store and purchased a 32-calibre pistol and a box of cartridges. He then went to Second Avenue and entered the barber shop of Paul Nocilla. There he told Nocilla that he wanted to take a bath, and a boy called "Tony" was ordered to escort him to the bathroom. Mr. Kennard had been there only a few minutes, when the report of the pistol was heard, and on the door being forced open Mr. Kennard was found dead on the floor. In his pockets were a gold watch and a letter addressed to himself at his boarding house.

Mrs. Kennard was unable to account for her husband's act. He had not intimated in any way to her, it was said, that his speculations had not been successful. A person in confidential relations with the family said that Mr. Kennard had an account of $10,000 in a New York bank. It was also said that he carried $100,000 insurance on his life.

Mr. Kennard has a brother in Omaha, Neb., who is said to be a prominent business man of that city. The body will be sent to St. Joseph to-day for burial.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 28.—Mr. Kennard, who committed suicide in New York, was for many years the principal stockholder in the Kennard Grocery Company, a wholesale house which he founded. He was considered wealthy, and when he went to New York several months ago it was announced that the intended to retire from business. But it seems that financial trouble began while he lived here. An attorney who was conversant with Kennard's affairs, said to-night:

"Kennard had comparatively little money. He had not been as prosperous in business lately as in former years, and this seemed to worry him. His grocery house was not in the so-called combine, and the larger concerns took a big share of his trade from him."

Last January his business passed into other hands, and recently an attempt was made to sell at auction his beautiful home in Jule Street. He has one son here and one in Omaha, and a daughter, Mrs. Charles Thompson, here.

Against Renaming Episcopal Church.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 28.—A resolution to the effect that it was inexpedient at the present time to make any change in the name of the Protestant Episcopal Church was adopted to-day by a vote of 143 to 5 at the Maryland Diocesan Convention.

WARLIKE ATTITUDE OF RUSSIA IN MANCHURIA

Great Energy Displayed in Preparing for Contingencies.

Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Tons of Coal Ordered — Large Quantities of Supplies Reaching Port Arthur.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 29.—The Peking correspondent of The Times says the situation in Manchuria is unchanged, but all accounts agree in regard to the energy of Russia in preparing for possible contingencies.

A well-qualified military officer on the spot writes that such extensive preparations as the placing of orders for 250,000 tons of coal betray a warlike attitude essentially provocative. He adds that steamships are constantly unloading coal and foodstuffs at Port Arthur.

A recent dispatch from Peking stated that interest chiefly centred in the Yalu River, whither small bodies of Russians were constantly proceeding, and where considerable consignments of foodstuffs and ammunition were constantly being forwarded.

It was added that trustworthy evidence confirmed the truth of the report that numbers of Chinese, described as ex-brigands, were officered by Russians. These Chinese numbered at least 2,000, probably more, and carried a distinctive circular badge with characters signifying "Protectors of the Forest."

Russians in small bodies were, it was declared, on both the Chinese (Manchurian) and Korean banks of the Yalu, and there was a constant movement of small detachments of Russians from Liau-Yang, where there were 3,000 Russians—the city having Russian sentinels and being policed by 700 Russian soldiers—through Feng-hwang-Chenn, an important strategical centre garrisoned by 600 Russians, to the Yalu.

These figures, the dispatch added, came from an eye witness, a foreign intelligence officer.

NEW POST FOR WU TING-FANG.

He is Appointed a Member of the Chinese Foreign Office — Diplomats at Peking Pleased.

PEKING, May 28.—An imperial edict issued to-day appoints Wu Ting-Fang, ex-Minister at Washington, to be a member of the Foreign Office. His rank will be below that of the five officials designated in the protocol. The appointment practically creates a new office.

The tendency lately has been to ignore the agreement that the Foreign Office is to have a responsible head, with whom the Legations can deal, and to return to the old system of the Foreign Board, whose procrastination was notorious. Since Prince Ching was appointed Premier he has been compelled to give less attention to foreign affairs.

While Wu Ting-Fang's appointment violates the protocol, he is the only English-speaking member of the Foreign Office, and he alone has had experience of foreign affairs. The Legations, therefore, welcome the selection.

THE REVOLT IN YUN-NAN.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 29.—The Chinese Foreign Office, says the Peking correspondent of The Times, has informed the Foreign Ministers that it has received reassuring news from Yun-Nan. It reminds the Ministers that Lin-nan-Foo, though a prefectural city, is a poor town and that the population is always more or less discontented. It is stated that the rebels who captured the city probably do not exceed 200. No danger to foreigners is apprehended.

The correspondent says the Chinese Government is really endeavoring to remove the impression created by the publication in its own Gazette of the alarming news from Yun-Nan.

KISHINEFF MEETING AT YONKERS.

Russian Authorities Censured and Action by This Country Urged.

YONKERS, N. Y., May 28.—A largely attended mass meeting of the residents of this place was held to-night in Teutonia Hall to denounce the outrages upon the Jews at Kishineff.

The speakers were Mayor M. J. Walsh, the Rev. James E. Freeman, pastor of St. Andrew's Memorial Church; the Rev. James J. Fulham, pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, and City Judge Kellogg. Alderman John H. Coyne presented a resolution, which was adopted, censuring the Russian authorities and urging this country to take some action toward preventing further outrages.

To Aid Kishineff Sufferers.

The New Star Theatre, at One Hundred and Seventh Street and Lexington Avenue, has arranged a benefit performance for next Friday night. About 75 per cent. of the receipts will go to swell the relief fund of the Kishineff sufferers. The performance will consist of "A Wife's Secret," between the acts of which prominent New Yorkers will make short speeches telling of the massacre and the means that are being taken throughout the world to relieve the starving people. Some of those who have promised to talk are Judge Goldfogle, Morris Blumenthal, Senator Timothy Sullivan, and the Rev. Dr. Adolf M. Rodin.

Mass Meeting in Jersey City.

A mass meeting in aid of the Kishineff sufferers will be held at the Bijou Theatre, Jersey City, next Sunday night. Among the speakers announced are Congressmen McDermott and Benny, State Senator Hudspeth, Peter James, Myron C. Ernst, Dr. H. S. Pollak, and Maurice Marks.

TO HANG PROMINENT TEXAN.

Governor Refuses to Commute Sentence of J. E. Shutt of Texarkana, Convicted of Murder.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, May 28.—J. E. Shutt, one of the most prominent citizens of Texarkana, must be hanged at New Boston, the county seat of Bowie County, to-morrow, for the killing of J. C. Whitner, an equally prominent citizen. Gov. Lanham declared finally this afternoon that he would not extend any further executive clemency. The most intense pressure has been brought to bear upon the Governor. The condemned man's wife and Col. Frank M. Henry, seventy years old, father of Congressman Henry, to-day made personal appeals, and presented a petition signed by 3,000 citizens of Bowie County, asking for commutation of sentence to life imprisonment.

Mrs. Shutt wept as she begged for the life of her husband. On the other hand the Governor had a pathetic letter from the wife of the man Shutt killed, asking that the law be permitted to take its course.

Vanderbilt Porte Cochere Must Go.

Borough President Cantor was asked yesterday if he intended to have removed to-day the porte cochere on George W. Vanderbilt's residence, at Fifty-first Street and Fifth Avenue. "No, I don't think we will," he said. "This is a week of celebration. Mr. Vanderbilt's lawyer knows of my decision. It must come down, and down it will come, probably some time next week."

The Crawford Shoe

FOR MEN $3.50 AND WOMEN

Our New Bachelor Oxford. Custom Style in every line.

Custom Styles.

Are your shoes genuine Custom Styles? Do they wear as they ought to?

Are the heels solid?

Do they fit you perfectly?

If not, it's time you tried the Crawford. Custom Style, Custom Fit and Custom Quality make Crawford Shoes sell.

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1,363 Broadway, near 36th Street.
150 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

Brooklyn.
433 Fulton St., near Smith St.
189 Broadway, cor. Driggs Ave.

Mail Order Dept., 140 Duane St., N. Y.

FASHION BOOK FREE. MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

FACTS ABOUT SUICIDES

Prof. Bailey of Yale Makes Computations from 10,000 Cases.

Man Far More Prone to Self-Destruction Than Woman—Monday the Favorite Day—9 to 12 P. M. the Popular Hours.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, May 28.—Suicide in the United States has been studied by Prof. William B. Bailey of Yale for a period covering 1897 to 1901. He has taken 29,344 cases.

In order to take a more convenient unit, 10,000 cases were taken by Prof. Bailey for computation in his statistics. Of these 7,781 were found to be males, 2,219 females, indicating that in general the ratio of suicides of males to that of females is 3½ to 1.

His tables show that the most popular suicide period is between thirty and forty years, followed closely by the period between twenty and thirty years. Nearly two-thirds of the suicides are found between the periods of twenty to fifty years.

It is found that the number of married suicides exceeds that of those who are single. This table shows the relative proportions:

	Total.	Males.	Females.
Singles	4,064	3,129	936
Married	4,807	3,817	990
Widowed	679	496	183
Divorced	198	137	62
Unknown	262	202	60
Total	10,000	7,781	2,219

More single, widowed, and divorced women commit suicide than men in like conjugal conditions, but married men are more prone than married women to take their lives.

Shooting is found to be the favorite method of suicide, followed closely by poison.

The table summarizing the causes follows:

	Total.	Males.	Females.
Drowning	800	490	310
Shooting	3,247	2,980	267
Poison	2,750	1,831	919
Cutting	810	695	115
Gas	666	466	200
Jumping	473	350	123
Hanging	952	750	202
Miscellaneous	302	219	83
Total	10,000	7,781	2,219

Despondency is the leading motive, claiming about 20 per cent. of the victims. Business loss, ill-health, and insanity follow in order, with about 13 per cent. each, disappointment in love coming next. Suicide on account of alcoholism is seventeen times as common among the males as the females, while from business loss the number is 18 to 1. Between the ages of twenty and thirty is reached the maximum of suicides from grief, chagrin, and being crossed in love.

Monday is the favorite day for committing suicide, followed closely by Sunday. From Monday down to Friday there is a gradual falling off, but on Friday there is an inexplicable increase, and then a drop on Saturday, the lowest of the week. Prof. Bailey says of this:

"For those who have endured throughout the week there is pay day at hand, followed by a day of rest. Among the males Monday is pre-eminently a day for suicide. Females prefer Sunday to Monday. Religious excitement may have something to do with this, but nearly a third of the domestic troubles leading to suicide come on Sunday.

"More than one-fourth of the suicides from financial trouble and ill-health among females occur on Monday. They apparently lack the courage in their weak or impoverished condition to take up the struggle of a new week.

"Of 10,000 cases, 3,687 occurred in the twelve hours before noon and 5,848 during the remaining twelve hours. Beginning with midnight there is a continuous increase until 6 P. M. The three hours from 6 to 9 P. M. show a falling off, while from 9 o'clock till midnight is the period of greatest frequency."

MORGAN PROPERTY RECOVERED

Jeweler Who Offered to Return it for $150 if Case Was Dropped is Held for Trial.

Henry Sartoris, thirty-six years old, a jeweler at 127 West Thirty-eighth Street, who was arrested Wednesday night as the receiver of valuables worth at least $1,500 stolen from the house of George H. Morgan of 6 East Fortieth Street, was held in $1,500 bail for examination on June 4 by Magistrate Cornell in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday.

The property, which Mr. Morgan said he would not have sold for $25,000, it being the result of years of patient collecting, has all been recovered by the police. It disappeared last Tuesday contemporaneously with Arthur Perry, whom Mr. Morgan had hired a day or two before as a second butler, and whom the police say is an ex-convict.

Mr. Morgan told the Magistrate that on the same evening Sartoris came to him with a silver double bas-relief, which was part of the loot, and told him that for $150 he might put him in the way of getting all the things back if he would drop the case against Perry and "Jack" Sears, a friend of Perry's, who is suspected of complicity. After this the police set a watch on the store and the arrest followed.

The hearing yesterday was held for the most part in the Magistrate's private room, and while Mr. Morgan was before him the Magistrate asked the reporters to withdraw. Sartoris when informed of what had been done seemed very indignant.

"This comes of trying to help a millionaire," he said. "I received the goods and knew they were stolen, but I paid the men Perry and Sears $150 for what I got, intending to turn it over to Mr. Morgan and get my money back. All I asked of him was to call off the police and let Perry and Sears go free. I was looking for nothing. There were fifty-seven pieces in all, and their intrinsic value is about $10,000.

"If I had not gone to Mr. Morgan, he might never have got his property back. After I had been to see him the detectives came to my store and waited for me to come in. If I had not given the address of my store to Mr. Morgan they would be looking for me still, I suppose."

Magistrate Cornell during the proceeding remarked that Sartoris's statement would greatly strengthen the case against Perry and Sears. Mr. Morgan said, however, that he was more anxious to punish the receivers of stolen property, who, he believed, often tempted servants to steal. "I have been unfortunate a number of times, and this time I feel that I really must act," he said.

Legal Aid Society Needs Funds.

After the monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Legal Aid Society held yesterday afternoon in the office of Arthur Von Briesen, at 49 Wall Street, it was said that the society is greatly in need of funds for finishing its year's work, and that a special effort will be made to induce friends to come to its aid immediately. Reports showed that in the month 1,358 cases have been taken up and more than $6,000 recovered for clients.

DEVERY EXPELS NOONAN.

Man Named by Murphy Dropped from the Ninth District's General Committee.

William S. Devery, at a meeting of the Tammany Hall General Committee last night, unceremoniously expelled John Noonan and fourteen others from the District Committee. Mr. Noonan Tuesday night was selected by Leader Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall as the executive member from the Ninth District. The others who went out with Mr. Noonan were Edward Browne, Alexander J. Shields, James Lawler, James Bagley, W. J. Neary, John Rackow, B. J. Molloy, Patrick Clark, Philip Clark, Frank O'Rourke, Joseph J. Featherston, James Clark, Thomas Gibney, and Frank J. Swinney.

The meeting was held at the clubrooms, on Eighth Avenue, near Twenty-third Street. The action to be taken was quite generally known, and Noonan and his friends made the claim that they had been made members of the Devery General Committee without their knowledge or consent. They had always been regular Tammany Hall men, they declared, who did not agree with Devery in his fight on the organization.

In a speech preceding the offering of the expulsion resolution Mr. Devery said:

"The claim that Noonan and others were put on our ticket without their knowledge or consent is all rot. They were notified in advance by letter. If Tammany Hall has the right to change its rules and ignore regularly elected representatives, then we, too, have that right. Noonan and others were requested to pay their assessments and failed to do so. I paid $500 to Tammany Hall.

"Now, boys, this is to be a fight to a finish, and I'll be with them to the end. I intend to get together the strongest men in every district to go into this fight against Tammany Hall.

"Dr. Parkhurst says he don't think I'm on the level, and that I have my price. Well, Parkhurst would do well to take part of the price of his expenses in Switzerland and other parts of Europe and spend it on the poor. I hope he'll climb so high over there that he will forget all about politics, and when he comes back will preach religion. He don't want to poke his nose in this fight.

"Noonan has been made leader. Why, a five-cent piece looks as big as a cartwheel to that duck. Tammany has done all it can to hurt us, but we will let Tammany hear from us."

Dr. W. J. Stewart presided, and remarks were also made by John Walsh and Assemblyman Richard Butler, the latter not only predicting the success of the Devery ticket but asserting his belief that he could go into Murphy's district and beat him at the primaries.

ANOTHER ODELL VICTORY.

Platt Candidate for Assembly Nomination Turned Down in Fulton County After a Bitter Fight.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., May 28.—The most bitter political battle ever waged in Fulton County ended to-night when the Odell wing of the party, headed by Postmaster Cyrus Durey of Johnstown, achieved a victory over the Platt faction, led by John A. Cole of Northville, ex-Index Clerk of the Assembly and political adversary of Congressman Lucius N. Littauer. The Odell men favored the nomination of Recorder Frank C. Wood of this city for member of Assembly, and the Platt contingent backed the present Assemblyman, Judge C. W. Smith of Johnstown.

There were a number of contesting delegations from Hamilton County, and when the convention declined to seat the delegates from the town of Inlet by a vote of 71 to 56 the Platt men left the hall and refused to participate longer in the convention. Recorder Wood received the unanimous vote of the remaining delegates, who numbered 82 out of a total of 132.

Mr. Wood lost a leg in the Mountain Lake Railroad disaster when sixteen people were either killed outright or died afterward. He is a lawyer and a young man of ability. The result of the convention, which lasted well into the night, is considered a notable one for the Odell leaders in Fulton County.

ODELL AND PLATT CONFER.

No Choice Made Yet for a Successor to Robert C. Morris.

Gov. Odell and Senator Platt had several talks yesterday, but nothing was done with reference to the selection of a President of the Republican County Committee. The impression is gaining ground that Robert C. Morris will return from Venezuela in time enough to resume the office. Several names are being discussed for the place, however, notably Park Commissioner W. R. Willcox, ex-Senator Lispenard Stewart, Moses M. McNee, Edward Lauterbach, and William H. Ten Eyck.

Gov. Odell dined last night with Senator Platt and Chairman Dunn of the State Committee. The Governor will attend the Sheldon dinner to-night, and some politicians believe Mr. Sheldon may be induced to reconsider his refusal of the Presidency of the County Committee. But among those high in authority Mr. Sheldon's declination is apparently considered irrevocable.

WORK ON NEW SCHOOLS.

The Number of Men Now Engaged Despite the Shut-Down.

The Building Committee of the Board of Education is still keeping a watchful eye on the progress of work on the schools. The only school as far as known where the men are working with material carted by non-union drivers is at the school in One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street, between Second and Third Avenues.

There the material is handled with the consent of the Board of Building Trades. The following statement was made yesterday by Assistant Superintendent of School Buildings Cameron regarding the state of affairs at the public schools:

"On five of the new schools which are being erected in the Borough of Manhattan there is an average of ten men at work for each. The largest number of men at work on any new school in Manhattan is seventy-five, and the general average is thirty. In Bronx Borough the average is twenty, but at Morris High School there are 120 men at work.

"In Brooklyn an average of forty men per school are employed, the largest number of men at any one school being seventy-five. In Queens the average is thirty and in Richmond the average is forty. There are at present thirteen schools being erected in Brooklyn, eleven in Manhattan, four in the Bronx, four in Queens, and two in Richmond."

Tropical Apparel for Men.

Our skeletonized suits are about the most comfortable garments in which a man can endure the Summer's torrid heat. Our tailors have fashioned them with all the individuality and character possible, which even indifferent care cannot affect. They are of fabrics such as hand-loomed Donegal Homespuns, cobweb "double twist" Tweeds, Tropical Worsteds, English and Domestic Flannels, and black or blue rough or smooth surface Serges, in various weaves, most of which are so loosely woven that they invite the passage of every stray current of air through them. They cost from $12.50 to $25.

Men's Blue Serge Suits of standard, eternally dyed, fine texture Serge, Single or Double Breasted model, half or quarter lined, tailored to hold their shape even though subjected to strenuous service. Exceptional value at $15.00

Trousers for Summer and Outing wear, of Flannels, Homespuns, Tweeds, Cheviots or Worsteds in exclusive weaves, fashioned with all the extra knacks which insure a comfortable and perfect fitting garment. $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 & $6.00

White Duck Trousers. They are designed and fashioned by tailors who are trouser-specialists. At $1.25 upward.

Summer Coats and Waistcoats, either to match or of contrasting fabrics, which include black or blue Serges, Alpaca, Sicilians, Drap d'Ete, Pongee Silks, Taffetas, Imperial Cloths, Linens and Japanese Silks, in every pattern and color which is adapted for this class of garments At $1.50 to $10.00

Driving or Travelling Ulsters of Linen, Alpaca, Mohair or Pongee Silk. In fit and finish they are far above the average garment of this class. From $2.00 to $13.50

Saks & Company

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

T. KELLY

263 Sixth Avenue.

Only Entrance Through Furniture Store.
Open Saturday Evenings Until 10.

Are You Successful?

Our Argument is this: If your personal appearance is not what it should be you are heavily handicapped in the race for success; it is not necessary that your clothes be expensive, but highly important that they are of good material, perfect in fit and finish, and up to date in style—that is the kind we offer to you on our easy payment system of

$1.00 Down, $1.00 a Week

On a Purchase of $10.00.

Men's Suits—We are nearing the end of our spring season, and that is why price cutting is in full force here. This week, fine tailored, fancy mixtures and black thibets, were $14 to $18, now at........ 10.00

Serge Suits—Than which there is none more popular or cooler for the inevitable hot weather season. Special this week: Elegant, stylish and dressy blue serge Suits, marked down from regular price, $14, to........ 10.00

Boys' Suits—Better get your son the best, when it costs no more in the end. He will appear to better advantage. We have the durable, but still handsome, Suits that stamp him as a young gentleman; cut to........ 3.95

Men's Shoes—We are making a big bid for your Shoe trade; we are shoeing thousands for little money; specials this week in vici, velour calf and patent leather, Oxford or high lace Shoes, $5 kind........ 3.50

FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

Send Postal for Catalogue.

BROOKLYN STORE, 470 FULTON ST.

Better and Better.

Cup defenders are made to order, and each time we get a better one. The same kind of study and effort have made our made-to-order $15 Suits for this season handsomer, cleaner cut, more graceful than ever before. It is a "winner," and RELIANCE is a proper name for it.

Made from Blue and Black Serges, Fancy Worsteds, Tweeds and Homespuns; cut with concave shoulders, long, narrow, close-fitting collar and lapels. $15 TO ORDER.

HIGHER IF YOU WISH.

Devine & Ronan,

150 Nassau, Corner Spruce St.

BLOCK BELOW THE BRIDGE.

OPENING OF THE "MOBILE" COACHING SEASON.
THE COACHING TRIPS OF

THE MOBILE RAPID TRANSIT CO.

Along the Historic Region of the Hudson to Philipse Manor Will Be Resumed on SATURDAY, MAY 30th. The Company's Coaches Will Start from the Fifth Avenue Hotel at 10 A. M. Daily.

Calling at the "Mobile" Company's Building, Broadway & 54th St., the route out includes Central Park, a stop at "The Overlook" at High Bridge, crosses Washington Bridge, through Van Cortlandt Park, Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, Irvington, Tarrytown, The Headless Horseman's Bridge, Sleepy Hollow, and ends at Philipse Manor.

The return start is made at 3 P. M., passes through Riverdale, King's Bridge, along the beautiful water view of Lafayette Boulevard, Audubon Park, Claremont, Grant's Tomb, and Central Park, ending at the company's offices, Broadway & 54th Street.

The total trip of about 60 miles in luxuriously upholstered coaches provided with easy springs and rubber tires does not fatigue. Every moment new objects of interest present themselves.

As a day's outing, it has no equal in any part of the world. Seats, $3.00 each.

The experience of last season shows that seats should be booked well in advance. Booking Office, Mobile Company's Building, Broadway & 54th Street.

(Telephone Number, 3020 Columbus.)

The Mobile Rapid Transit Company has for rent by the day, half day, or for trips to points within 300 miles of New York, Wagonettes for 10 persons, Large Surreys, 6 persons; Large Handsomely Upholstered Coupes for 6 persons, Dos-a-Dos, Light Surreys and Runabouts, ranging from $6.00 to $20.00 per day. Courteous and careful drivers.

Mobile Rapid Transit Company, Broadway & 54th Street, New York.

CAPT. MAUDE ON TRIAL.

Charged with Having Failed to Suppress Gambling Places.

Police Captain Thomas F. Maude of the Stagg Street Police Station, Brooklyn, was placed on trial before Deputy Commissioner Piper at Brooklyn Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon charged with having failed to suppress poolrooms and other gambling places in his precinct. The charges are brought by agents of the Society for the Enforcement of Criminal Law, and they produced Albert Winters, a detective employed by them, who testified that he visited a clubroom at 73 Meserole Street, where he placed a bet on a horse race. He was corroborated by Leon Langfield and Charles E. O'Connor, two other detectives employed by the society.

Capt. Maude, testifying in his own behalf, said that he did not have any knowledge of the fact that gambling was carried on in his precinct until after the raid on May 1. Letters were introduced to show that he had been notified by agents of the society of the existence of the poolroom nearby a year ago. Several clergymen were present to testify to his good character.

The trial was adjourned until this morning.

Killed While on a Vacation.

YONKERS, N. Y., May 28.—The body of the young man who was killed on the New York Central Railroad track by a fast express on Tuesday was identified to-day as that of Alfred Kern of 1,320 Fifth Avenue, New York City. He was twenty-three years old. He was employed by a cloak firm in New York. He was on vacation, and on Tuesday started for a day's sketching trip.

Employers' Bodies Name Delegates.

The following organizations of employers in the Building Trades Employers' Association met yesterday at 1,123 Broadway and appointed three members each from their respective committees to form part of the Board of Governors of the association: Mason Builders' Association, Hoisting Association, Master Plumbers' Association, Employing Plasterers' Association, Gas and Electric Fixtures Association, Roofers and Water Proofing Association, Tile, Grate and Mantel Association, Employing Roofing and Sheet Metal Association, House Movers and Shorers' Association, and Fireproofing Association.

PLAN TO READJUST THE LEATHER TRUST

Preferred Stockholders' Committee to Plan New Company.

Intention to Issue and Distribute for Accrued Dividends Lumber Bonds Now in the Treasury—Morton Trust Co. to Receive Deposits.

The committee acting in behalf of the preferred stockholders of the United States Leather Company has outlined a plan for the co-operation of holders of the preferred shares in regard to the bonds and stock of the Central Pennsylvania Lumber Company, which are held by the Leather Trust, and in regard to payment of dividends on Leather preferred. These three reasons are given for the co-operation:

First—To ratify the issue of the bonds of the Central Pennsylvania Lumber Company and the mortgage of that company which secures them.

Secondly—To make practicable by suitable consents of the preferred stockholders of the Leather Company a distribution to them of a considerable portion of the surplus (including bonds of the Lumber Company) to the extent to which the Board of Directors shall deem it proper to distribute securities in lieu of cash on account of the accrued dividends.

Thirdly—To assure the requisite 80 per cent. consent of the preferred stock in proper cases hereafter, where the Leather Company shall deem it sound judgment, whether for acquisition of property or for other capital purposes, to execute or authorize the issue of bonds by itself or by any company of which it owns shares of stock.

The committee says that the Executive Committee's report shows that the surplus of the company is upward of 30 per cent. of the par value of the preferred stock, but that this surplus is in large part in securities, including $10,000,000 of the lumber bonds, which need an 80 per cent. assent from the preferred stock for distribution.

The plan includes an assignment of the preferred Leather shares to the Morton Trust Company in exchange for beneficial certificates, and it constitutes a committee to act as adviser to the trust company, this committee to consist of George Foster Peabody, S. P. Davidge, Eugene Horton, George A. Vail, Theodore R. Hoyt, Nathan Allen, and Frank Healy. According to the proposed plan all payments by or to the trust company for purposes of this agreement are to be made from dividends or other income on Leather preferred over and above the annual 6 per cent. dividend paid in recent years.

It is provided that the trust company, with the assent of the Advisory Committee and a majority of the beneficial certificates, shall be bound to sell and assign the assigned preferred shares to a new company to be formed in the interest of the holders of such certificates for the purchase of the deposited shares. The members of the preferred stockholders' committee are to hold office for three years, are to be divided into three classes, one class to be chosen annually by certificate holders, and are to fill vacancies themselves.

The agreement is to become operative upon the assignment of 95 per cent. of the preferred shares, or, if the committee so orders, upon the assent of a less proportion, provided that such assignment be made before Oct. 1, 1903. The agreement is to be terminated May 28, 1913, unless in the meantime the preferred shares shall have been transferred to a new company as provided in the agreement.

One section of the proposed plan provides that members of the Advisory Committee shall be entitled to be personally interested in syndicates for the purchase and sale of such preferred stock or beneficial certificates or any property which may be acquired or held by the trust company under the agreement for the benefit of holders of the beneficial certificates, or to be individually interested in any such purchase or sale.

ACTORS' CHURCH ALLIANCE.

Fourth Annual Convention Opened by Bishop Potter—Dr. Bentley's Proposal—Officers Elected.

Bishop Potter opened the fourth annual convention of the Actor's Church Alliance of the United States and Canada yesterday in St. Chrysostom's Protestant Episcopal Chapel at Seventh Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street. After calling the delegates to order he told them that the organization had placed the dramatic profession in an entirely new light before the masses of the people. Passing on, he mildly lectured the Secretary, who, in reading the minutes, had referred to the actresses by name only without the title of "Mrs." or "Miss," and suggested "noblesse oblige" as a motto for the Alliance.

He said he had recently in London been ordered by his physician to go to the theatre and have a good laugh. "I went to one," said Bishop Potter, "but I couldn't go there any more for what I saw made me cry." The Bishop said then that he knew a good deal about empty rooms in hotels and in private houses, but this, he said, would probably prove mighty interesting reading when published in book form after his death. Commenting on the perseverence showin in extending the work by the Rev. Walter E. Bentley, the Secretary, the Bishop said, "He is doggedly sticking to like the British in the Boer War."

Reports showed a total membership of 2,700, the New York Chapter being the largest, with 1,170, the next in order being Boston, with 411 and Philadelphia with 68.

Dr. Bentley, after the Bishop had withdrawn, said that his duties conflicted with those he owed to others, as the rector of the Church of the Resurrection. He offered to resign his church if the Alliance would pay him $100 a month, and a committee of five was appointed to consider the matter and confer with Bishop Potter in regard to it. The election resulted as follows:

President—Bishop Henry C. Potter.
First Vice President—Joseph Jefferson.
Second Vice President—George D. MacIntyre.
Secretary—The Rev. Walter E. Bentley.
Treasurer—John C. Holden.
Representatives of the Clergy in the National Council—The Rev. Thomas R. Slicer, the Rev. Thomas H. Sill, the Rev. Francis J. Clay Moran, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, Charles T. Catlin, the Rev. J. W. Buckmaster, Miss Harriet Keyser, Miss Margaret Lawrence, B. F. Johnston, and Miss Louise Ewen.
Representatives of the Stage in the National Council—Susannah Westford, Harrison Gray Fiske, Harvey Leighton, Charles Dade, D. S. Spooner, Harry Leighton, Milton Nobles, Miss Edythe Totten, Myra C. Brooke, and H. M. Stoddart.

Heptasophs' Jubilee Entertainment.

The jubilee year of the Improved Order of Heptasophs was celebrated last night with ceremonies and an entertainment at the Lexington Opera House, Fifty-eighth Street, near Lexington Avenue. The members of the order and their guests crowded the hall and participated in the special observances. The Supreme officials were present, including Supreme Archon, Morris G. Cohen; Supreme Secretary, Samuel H. Tattersall; Supreme Treasurer, Charles H. Ramsey; Supreme Medical Director, S. Wasson Jones, and the Supreme Committeemen George W. Vandecar and Elmore S. Wade. The Mount Vernon Comedy Club presented the farce, "The Balloon." Olin Bryan, State Senator of Maryland, made an address as to the work of the order, and dancing followed the comedy. The affair was under the direction and management of a committee from the conclaves of this city, of which Charles E. Reid, District Deputy, was Chairman.

Bank Examiner Raynor Resigns.

Forrest Raynor, National Bank Examiner for the metropolitan district, has resigned to accept the Vice Presidency of the H. W. Johns-Manville Company. His place will be taken by Edward Ridgeley, brother of the present Controller of the Currency.

Man Who Broke Up Jersey Gangs Dead.

Peter F. Lowery died at his home, 46 Central Avenue, Jersey City, on Thursday from paralysis of the heart. He was forty-seven years old. In 1878 he was appointed a policeman and assigned to the lower Jersey City district, north of the Erie Railroad. At the time that section was terrorized by several gangs of toughs. Lowery made persistent war upon them, and by his courage succeeded in breaking them up after several hand-to-hand encounters with their members. He sent five of them to State prison for terms varying from three to seven years. He was retired in 1899 on half pay. He leaves a wife.

HORSE IDENTIFIED HIMSELF.

"Jack" Strayed, but Did Tricks for His Owner, and Was Permitted to Go Home.

Several days ago a stray horse was found on the Hudson Boulevard, Jersey City, and was taken to the stables of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. John Heins, a West Hoboken florist, called at the society's office yesterday and claimed the animal.

"How are you going to prove ownership?" asked President McCarthy.

"Don't have to," said Heins. "If it's my horse he'll prove the ownership by doing some tricks I taught him. If it isn't my horse I don't want it."

They went to the stables, and Mr. McCarthy told the stableman to turn the horse loose in the yard.

"Come here, Jack!" called Heins as the animal came out.

With a whinny of delight the horse ran over and rubbed his nose against Heins's breast.

"Shake hands," said Heins. The horse carefully lifted his right forefoot and placed it in Heins's outstretched palm. Heins walked over to Mr. McCarthy.

"Jack," said he, "take out this gentleman's watch."

The horse took the President's watch-chain between his teeth and gently pulled the watch from the pocket.

"All right," said President McCarthy. "I guess he's your horse."

Heins took the animal home.

TYPHOID AT STEVENS.

Four Students of the Institute Said to Have Died in a Year—Uneasiness in Hoboken.

A report to the effect that during the past year four of the students of Stevens Institute, who boarded in Hoboken and drank Hackensack water daily, have died from typhoid fever, and that there have been several others stricken during the past year, has caused uneasiness among the residents of Hoboken. The last of the students to succumb was Robert B. Holmes, Jr., a sophomore, whose funeral was held from Morriston on Wednesday.

Superintendent French of the Hackensack Water Company said his company was doing all it could to prevent typhoid germs from getting into the water. He said there was no direct evidence to show that the deaths of the Stevens students came from the water they were drinking, and so far as he could learn there were no cases of typhoid in Hoboken at present. Analysis of the water failed to show any germs.

DECISION IN PAVING SUIT.

Barber Asphalt Company Has the Use of "Bitulithic" Paving on Seventh Avenue Forbidden.

The Barber Asphalt Company yesterday won its injunction proceedings to restrain the City of New York and Borough President Cantor from receiving bids or awarding contracts for paving Seventh Avenue between One Hundred and Twelfth Street and One Hundred and Twentieth Street. Justice O'Gorman of the Supreme Court granted an injunction on the ground that the advertisement restricted the contractor to the use of a pavement known as the "Bitulithic Pavement."

Justice O'Gorman in his decision says: "Section 1,554 of the charter clearly intended to absolutely prohibit the laying of a patented pavement except for the purpose of repairs. No other construction is reasonable or permissible. Concededly this improvement is not for repairs and the action of the authorities is illegal and the motion to restrain is granted."

This is the first decision rendered under this section of the charter, which dates back to the Tweed times, and was passed in consequence of the fraud in the use of the so-called Nicolson pavement. It has been retained throughout amended charters.

WANTS NIXON TO ACCOUNT.

Inventor Volney Sues for Larger Share of Smokeless Powder Concern's Capital.

TRENTON, N. J., May 28.—Karl W. Volney of Newport, N. J., filed in the Court of Chancery to-day a bill against Lewis Nixon of Elizabeth, asking for a dissolution of partnership existing between himself and Mr. Nixon, and also asking for $28,000 in cash and about $1,000,000 in stock of the International Smokeless Powder Company. Mr. Volney claims to be the inventor of a smokeless powder and the organizer of the Volney Powder Company.

Subsequently, he says, he was approached by Mr. Nixon, who agreed to furnish capital and secure large Government contracts if Mr. Volney would turn over his invention to a new company, which was to be organized with Mr. Volney as general manager. The company was formed, and was called the International Smokeless Powder and Dynamite Company. Mr. Volney claims it was understood the new company would have a capital of $1,000,000, and he was to have one-tenth of the capital stock.

He charges that the company, without his knowledge, was organized with a capital stock of $10,000,000; that the patent rights which he turned over to the new company were put in for a much larger sum than he had been advised, and that he has had no share of this increased amount.

COUPLE COULD NOT AGREE.

Justice Greenbaum's Endeavor to Reconcile Morris G. Hahn and Wife Has Proved Futile.

Despite the efforts of Justice Greenbaum to reconcile Morris G. Hahn, the Wall Street note broker, and Mrs. Jeanette Hahn, his wife, trouble has been renewed between them, and they are back in the Supreme Court ready for the trial of a separation action. M. S. Hirschberg, counsel for Mrs. Hahn, moved yesterday for an allowance of $500 counsel fees and alimony for Mrs. Hahn to enable her to prosecute the action begun more than a year ago and stopped at the suggestion of Justice Greenbaum. Justice Blanchard will hear argument on the motion Monday.

Hahn, who has an office at 10 Wall Street, in June, 1900, married Miss Jeanette K. Levinson. They separated in January, 1902, and on April 19 that year Mrs. Hahn began her action for a separation on the ground of cruelty and desertion. She went to live with her mother at 260 West One Hundred and Twenty-first Street.

Pending trial Justice Greenbaum heard the motion for temporary alimony and for counsel fees and denied both. He said that the couple seemed to be unwilling each to make any allowance for the weaknesses of the other, and that neither seemed to consider the real responsibilities they undertook at the time of the marriage.

At the Justice's personal suggestion the Hahns had a meeting, and continued to meet regularly for some months at the home of the wife's mother. They could not come to an agreement. They decided to take an apartment and live there together, but they could not agree on any particular apartment and could not agree on the rent to be paid, the husband declaring the wife wanted to live on a scale far beyond his means, while the wife in turn declared that the husband wished to live in niggardly fashion.

Hahn failed to keep an appointment to meet his wife last December, and after several days she found that he had gone to Europe, where he still is supposed to be. Therefore she renewed her separation suit.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—Gen. Ferdinand W. Peck, Chicago; George B. Harris, President of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway, Chicago; A. G. Yates, President of the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Railway, Rochester; B. F. Yocum, President of the Frisco Railway Route, St. Louis; F. J. Kimball, President of the Norfolk and Western Railway, Philadelphia.

HOLLAND—J. C. Thayer, Pittsburg.

IMPERIAL—James W. Kent, Pittsburg; H. C. Erwin, Atlanta; Miles Bryan, Pittsburg; Adolphus Andrews, United States Navy.

MANHATTAN—C. W. Robertson, Milwaukee; John Muir, San Francisco.

MURRAY HILL—Prof. W. A. Newell, Williams College, Massachusetts.

FIFTH AVENUE—E. B. Addison, Richmond; Joshua Rhodes, Pittsburg; Marmaduke Wardlow, London.

HOFFMAN—George S. Cooper, Washington; C. A. Warden, Fort Wayne, Ind.

PLAZA—H. F. Chappell, Chicago; G. M. Baxter, Denver, Col.

SAVOY—C. Rem, Chicago; B. Stern, Milwaukee.

NETHERLAND—C. E. Goodman, St. Louis.

ASTOR—George Plummer, Auckland, New Zealand; W. W. Durkee, Seattle; George J. Akers, Chicago.

EMPIRE—Frank Homer, Detroit; Curtis Bates, Chicago; Charles Weidman, Pittsburg.

DECORATION DAY EVENTS

Sherman Statue to be Dedicated at Central Park Plaza.

United States Troops and National Guardsmen to Take Part in the Procession—Services and Outings.

Decoration Day as the years go by becomes more and more a day of sports and pleasure as the memory of those whose sacrifices are the occasion of the holiday fades further into the past, yet to-morrow while New Yorkers of this generation are trooping off by thousands for their first outing by the sea and woodland, the comrades of the dead soldiers of the Union will gather as before among the monuments raised in honor of their deeds or as a tribute to what they were.

Chief among the events of the day from a patriotic standpoint will be the dedication of the heroic equestrian statue of Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman at the Central Park Plaza. This statue, presented to the city by the Chamber of Commerce, is considered one of the crowning achievements of Augustus St. Gaudens. Exhibited in plaster at the Paris Salon of the Champ de Mars in 1899 it was put in a place of honor and a reproduction in staff at the Pan-American Exposition brought a special medal to the sculptor. The Municipal Art Commission yesterday notified the Park Department that they must cut down two great elms which for fifty years have marked the main portal of the Park because they obstruct the view of the statue from Fifth Avenue, and they will be gone before the procession starts to-morrow. The reviewing stand will be close to the statue, and the parade, which is to form about the Washington Arch at 8:30 o'clock, will comprise large details of both regular and State troops.

United States troops ordered to participate will be under command of Col. W. E. Dougherty, Eighth Infantry, and are the band and Companies E, F, G, and H, Eighth Infantry, Major R. F. Ames commanding; two companies of Coast Artillery from Fort Hamilton, and two companies of Coast Artillery from Fort Wadsworth, the artillery to be commanded by Major L. H. Walker. Of the National Guard of New York the First Brigade and all the organizations attached to headquarters in Manhattan, except the Eighth Regiment and the Second Battery, will parade as escort to the Grand Army of the Republic. The Second Battery and Eighth Regiment will act as escort to the Grand Army of the Republic parade in the Bronx. Squadron A will act as escort to Major Gen. Roe, and the First Signal Corps will act as escort to Brig. Gen. George Moore Smith, commanding the First Brigade.

John A. Dix Post, G. A. R., will hold its annual excursion on the North River on the Shrewsbury River steamer Albertina. The members will leave the Troy Line pier, near Christopher Street, at 12:30 o'clock and land at One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Street to participate in the exercises at the grave of the soldier and statesman whose name the post bears, in Trinity Cemetery at 2 o'clock when the principal address will be delivered by Borough President Cantor.

The Hebrew Union Veterans' Association will hold its annual memorial services in Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, in the evening, when addresses will be made by Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, Abraham Levy, and Rabbi Joseph Silverman.

The annual outing and games of the Republican Club of the Thirty-fourth Assembly District will take place at Wetzel's Point View Grove, College Point. Aqueduct Commissioner William H. Ten Eyck, George R. Manchester, and a large number of the members of the Republican County Committee will participate.

Decoration Day Excursions.

The Knickerbocker Steamboat Company's Grand Republic will make a trip up the Hudson to-morrow to West Point, Newburg, and Poughkeepsie. She will leave West Twenty-second Street at 9:10 A. M., West One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, 9:45 A. M., and South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, 8 A. M. The General Slocum will make a trip up Long Island Sound to Bridgeport, leaving West Twenty-second Street, 8:30 A. M.; Battery, 9:10 A. M.; foot of East Thirty-first Street, 10 A. M., and South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, 9:30 A. M. These trips will be repeated on Sunday.

Coney Island Boats Resumed.

The Iron Steamboat Company's trips to Coney Island will be resumed to-morrow. The boats will leave the foot of West Twenty-second Street and New Pier 1, North River, at frequent intervals. During the Winter the entire fleet has been overhauled, each vessel being fitted with new boilers and the most modern electric plant.

Fantinekill Massacre Monument.

A monument in memory of the victims of the massacre by Tories and Indians at Fantinekill on May 4, 1779, will be dedicated in Ellenville, Ulster County, to-morrow. The Grand Army of the Republic, fraternal organizations and Fire Department will participate in the parade. Thomas E. Benedict will preside, John J. Linson of Kingston will deliver the oration, and the Daughters of the American Revolution will unveil the monument.

WIRE PERFORMER FELL.

William H. Hill, a performer on a wire in the new Aerial Circus, which had its opening night last evening in Olympia Field, One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Street and Lenox Avenue, fell while performing on the wire, which broke under him. He tumbled about forty feet into a tank of water only four feet deep. He was severely bruised, but not dangerously hurt. The police then stopped the performance, turning about 500 persons out.

Many of the feats performed in the circus are of the aerial kind, and to follow Hill was Henry Schreyer in a ride on a bicycle down an incline from a point about 100 feet high to the end of the incline, about 30 feet high. Then the lets the bicycle fall and lands in the tank of water.

Hill walked out on the wire which was stretched between two poles with platforms. He was in civilian costume, but he discarded his outer clothes until he stood on the wire in tights. After going through a number of gyrations, he came out with a bed or cot, on which he was going to lie down while balancing it on the wire. As Hill got to this point the management stopped all music and noises to make the performance more impressive. Besides the 500 persons watching inside the inclosure, several hundred more were in the streets outside, who could see the performer above the fence.

Hill had balanced the bed on the wire and was about to lie down on it, when the wire broke. The bed fell one way and he another, but the bed landed on the ground, while Hill fell into the tank.

As the man fell nearly everyone in the audience, which included a number of women and girls, involuntarily cried out, some shrieking wildly, supposing the man had been killed.

CAR SMASHES AN AMBULANCE.

While responding to an ambulance call from Lexington Avenue and Thirty-second Street, received at Bellevue Hospital at 9:25 o'clock last night, an ambulance driven by Patrick Devens, in charge of Dr. Warren, was run into by a northbound Third Avenue car at Thirty-second Street and was almost demolished. Dr. Warren was thrown from his seat and landed on his head against an elevated pillar. He was unconscious when picked up. Devens was badly bruised. The horse's leg was broken and the animal was shot.

Devens says that one hundred feet or so before he reached Third Avenue he sounded his gong as a warning to possible traffic on Third Avenue. The ambulance was just in the middle of the easterly tracks when a northbound car, William Rye, motorman, going at a rapid rate, smashed into the ambulance, striking it squarely in the middle.

In the car all was confusion. Many of the passengers had been thrown from their seats to the floor and several women became hysterical. At the time of the accident a lot of persons were coming from the Third Avenue Theatre, between the acts, and a crowd quickly gathered. So dense did it become that the police reserves of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station were called out.

Dr. Warren was taken back to the hospital, where an examination showed that he had sustained a badly lacerated wound on the head, with possible concussion of the brain. The call to which the ambulance was responding was for a laborer in the subway, who had sustained a lacerated scalp wound.

The Original and Best combination of sulphur for healing and cleansing the skin is Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Its daily use in toilet and bath prevents disease. No other soap has the same sweetening and disinfecting properties. All druggists.

HILL'S HAIR and WHISKER DYE, black or brown, 50 cents.

NEW YORK CENTRAL PLAN

Holding Company to Finance New Terminal Building.

One Set of Plans for New Station Completed—An Inside Demand for Competition for the Work.

It was learned in Wall Street yesterday that the New York Central Railroad proposes to form a holding company or syndicate which is to finance the building operations necessitated by its proposed terminal improvements. It is understood that this holding company will take charge of the entire work of changing the terminal, and will guarantee to the New York Central a return of 4 per cent. per annum on all that portion of the new station which the railroad will not use.

The plans for the new station, which have been completed for some time, have been held up, and publication has been deferred in order to allow another building company to make a bid for the work. Originally it was intended to give the contract to a large corporation, which in turn was to organize the holding company, but one of the Directors objected and asked that some one else should get a chance to put in a bid. It is understood that another large company is now preparing through its engineers a bid on the same plans and specifications on which the first company made its offer.

These plans, it is understood, were drawn by a well-known firm of architects, who, among other things, designed the Madison Square Garden, and they provide for a station which, it is said, will surpass anything of its kind ever attempted, either here or abroad. The building will be as tall as any of the skyscrapers around town, but its tremendous proportions will detract from its height. The floor space is designed to take in several city blocks, with a waiting room so large that the present room will appear like an alcove in comparison.

The railroad will occupy as many of the floors as it needs, and the rest will probably be used for hotel purposes. At one time the idea was entertained of providing a place of amusement within the walls, but this, it is understood, has been abandoned. The building will be provided with large entrances, and perhaps a concourse or carriage driveway will surround it. One of the features of one of the plans submitted involves building a tower which would be 780 feet above the street level.

The Board of Directors of the New York Central met yesterday, but did not consider the plans, so it was said. They elected the old officers, and transacted other routine business. It is known that the reconstruction plans for the yards and tracks will be submitted to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at its next meeting.

TO FACILITATE TRAFFIC.

Rock Island Road to Introduce Symbal System in Moving Trains.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 28.—The Rock Island is preparing to introduce the symbol system on its road between Denver and the East in moving its freight trains. The system enables the making of much faster time than at present, and largely does away with the custom of allowing cars to be side-tracked for whole days at a time.

Under this system advance notices are sent out by the Superintendents of all terminals notifying them of the time of the arrival of the train, with an inventory of its cargo. The Superintendent then has his crew ready when the train arrives to at once continue it on to its destination.

South Shore Railway Decision.

MONTREAL, May 28.—Chief Justice Taft to-day gave a lengthy judgment denying the motion of Alfred Schiffer of New York to have the Directors of the South Shore Railway, which runs along the south shore of the St. Lawrence River, dismissed. The motion was particularly aimed at Hiram A. Hodge of New York, Frank D. White of Rutland, Vt.; Percival Clement, and Dr. W. Seward Webb, and grew out of the Meyer syndicate troubles some time ago.

Erie's Summer Book.

The Erie Railroad has just published its annual book about "Rural Summer Homes." The aim of the book is to givepractical, definite, and detailed information to all those who are looking for a location in the country in which to spend the Summer and Autumn season. The book is profusely illustrated. It may be had at any of the offices of the Erie Railroad in New York or Brooklyn or upon application to D. W. Cooke, General Passenger Agent, 21 Cortlandt Street, New York.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Rothschild, F., & Sons, Connersville, Ind.; J. J. Rothschild, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. B. Lovejoy, carpets, Broadway and Tenth Street; Albemarle Hotel; G. H. Urweiler, embroideries; Hoffman House.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; W. H. Beimethum, cloaks and suits, 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Rich, M., & Brothers, Atlanta, Ga.; M. Rich, furnishing goods, 415 Broadway; Gregorian Hotel.
Miller Brothers Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; J. E. De Belle, carpets; A. Mathis, rugs; Hotel Navarre.
Pittsburg Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; D. F. Keag, blankets, 43 Leonard Street; Westminster Hotel.
Hamburger & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; F. P. Winne, domestics, linens, and white goods, 487 Broadway; Victoria Hotel.
Hart, Schaffner & Marx, Cleveland, Ohio; L. Schaffner, woolens; Hoffman House.
Schlesinger & Mayer, Chicago, Ill.; B. Moyer, cloaks and suits, 377 Broadway; Hoffman House.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; C. F. Bacon, rugs, 480 Broome Street; Hotel Imperial.
Silver, M. T., & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; M. T. Silver, cloaks; Hotel Imperial.
Hirsch, S., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; dry goods; Victoria Hotel.
Flaxman, T., Houston, Texas; dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Strauss Brothers & Miller, Cleveland, Ohio; H. Strauss, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Miller, Daniel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. M. Easter, dress goods; Hotel Imperial.
Galland Brothers, Pittsfield, Mass.; M. Galland, piece goods; Hotel Imperial.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

A. M.		P. M.		P. M.
Sun rises...4:34		Sun sets...7:21		Moon sets 10:09

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook...	9:22	Gov. Isl'd...	9:41	H. Gate...	11:36
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook...	9:46	Gov. Isl'd...	10:04	H. Gate...	12:00

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (FRIDAY,) MAY 29.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Arapahoe, Charleston and Jacksonville	....	3:00 P. M.
Celtic, Liverpool	....	7:30 A. M.
Colorado, Mobile and Brunswick	....	3:00 P. M.
Coronda, Argentina	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
Maraval, Trinidad	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Niagara, Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.

SATURDAY, MAY 30.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Altai, Fortune Island, Jamaica, &c	6:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Athos, Haiti and Santa Marta	6:30 A. M.	....
British Princess, Antwerp	....	....
Campania, Liverpool	4:30 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Caracas, Porto Rico, Venezuela, &c	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	3:00 P. M.	....
Columbia, Glasgow	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Excelsior, New Orleans	....	3:00 P. M.
Minnetonka, London	....	8:00 A. M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:00 A. M.	....
Napolitan Prince, Azores Islands	6:30 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Nueces, Galveston via Key West		3:00 P. M.
Olinda, Havana	12:30 P. M.	....
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	....	8:30 A. M.
Santiago, Nassau and Cuban ports	10:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Sobralense, Brazil	12:00 M.	....
Vaderland, Antwerp	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

MONDAY, JUNE 1.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.

TUESDAY, JUNE 2.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Apache, Charleston and Jacksonville	....	3:00 P. M.
Liguria, Genoa and Naples	....	....
Yucatan, Colon	....	1:00 P. M.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Oceanic, Liverpool	....	12:00 M.
Philadelphia, Southampton	....	10:00 A. M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	....	10:00 A. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M., (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Wednesday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail close here Mondays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M.)

§Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for Hawaii, China, Japan, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §28, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Coptic. Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May §23 and up to May §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Ventura. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.; Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §6, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer America Maru. Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §8, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Alameda. Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §9, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Empress of China. Merchandise for United States Postal Agency at Shanghai cannot be forwarded via Canada. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Victoria. Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, (specially addressed only,) via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Moana.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Postmaster Van Cott announces that mails from Australia, New Zealand, and Hawaii of the following dates: Melbourne, May 2; Sydney, May 4; Auckland, May 8, and Honolulu, May 19, reached San Francisco on the Ventura and were dispatched east at 6 P. M., May 28, and are due in New York to-morrow.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (FRIDAY,) MAY 29.

Algonquin, Jacksonville, May 22.
Arkansas, Copenhagen, May 13.
Barcelona, Hamburg, May 16.
Ben Cruachan, St. Lucia, May 21.
El Mar, Galveston, May 23.
La Savoie, Havre, May 23.
Llandaff City, Swansea, May 14.
Pomeranian, Glasgow, May 16.
Primula, Shields, May 9.
Yanarira, Trinidad, May 19.

SATURDAY, MAY 30.

Bolivia, Gibraltar, May 17.
Bratsberg, St. Croix, May 22.
City of Augusta, Savannah, May 27.
Coamo, San Juan, May 26.
Cymric, Liverpool, May 22.
Manitou, London, May 18.
Philadelphia, Southampton, May 23.
Santiago, Havana, May 26.
Seminole, Jacksonville, May 27.
Trinidad, Bermuda, May 28.
Umbria, Liverpool, May 23.

SUNDAY, MAY 31.

Amazonense, Para, May 19.
City of Washington, Santiago, May 24.
Iroquois, Jacksonville, May 28.
Kansas City, Swansea, May 29.
Taurie, Liverpool, May 21.

MONDAY, JUNE 1.

Astoria, Glasgow, May 21.
Comus, New Orleans, May 27.
El Siglo, Galveston, May 26.
Moltke, Hamburg, May 23.
Numidian, Glasgow, May 22.

TUESDAY, JUNE 2.

Citta di Milano, Naples, May 20.
El Cid, Galveston, May 27.
Gallia, Naples, May 16.
Kansas City, Savannah, May 29.
Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen, May 24.
Minneapolis, London, May 24.
Noordam, Rotterdam, May 23.
Seneca, Algiers, May 10.

Arrived.

SS Taff, (Br.,) Canrobert, Port Antonio May 23, with fruit to the United Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 4:30 A. M.

SS Pathfinder, Parse, Arroyo May 12, Maunabo 13th, Jobos 15th, Ponce 16th, Humacao 17th, Mayaguez 18th, Arecibo 20th, and San Juan 22d, with mdse. to the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company. Arrived at the Bar at 9 P. M.

SS Jamestown, Hiller, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Thordis, (Nor.,) Gram, Yokohama Feb. 20, Hiogo March 2, Shanghai 19th, Manila 30th, Singapore April 10, Suez May 2, and Port Said 3d, with mdse. to Barber & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 12:30 P. M.

SS Apache, Staples, Jacksonville May 25, and Charleston 26th, with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Donald, (Nor.,) Pedersen, Banes May 22, with fruit to the United Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 10 A. M.

SS Horda, (Br.,) Svendsen, Cardenas May 11 and Caibarien 22d, with sugar to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at 2 A. M.

Auxiliary steam yacht Satanella, Evarts, Charleston May 22, to M. J. Lawrence.

SS Toronto, (Br.,) Whitton, Hull May 16, with mdse. and passengers to Sanderson & Son. Arrived at the Bar at 3:55 P. M.

SS Hector, Keene, Philadelphia, for Boston.

SS Goldsboro, Geoghegan, Philadelphia, with mdse. to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Patricia, (Ger.,) Reessing, Hamburg, May 16, Boulogne, 17th, and Plymouth, 18th, with mdse. and passengers to the Hamburg-American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 8:30 P. M.

SS Chattahoochee, Lewis, Boston, with mdse. to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS El Paso, from New Orleans. Passed in at Sandy Hook at 11 A. M.

SS Deutschland, (Ger.,) Barends, Hamburg May 21, Southampton and Cherbourg 22d, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Hamburg-American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 5:56 P. M.

SS Old Dominion, Burton, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to the Joy Steamship Company.

SS El Paso, Patten, New Orleans, May 23, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

WIND—At Sandy Hook, N. J., at 9:30 P. M., southwest, moderate breeze; clear.

Sailed.

SS Jefferson, for Newport News and Norfolk.
SS Wells City, (Br.,) for Bristol.
SS El Rio, for Galveston.
SS City of Macon, for Savannah.
SS Germania, (Fr.,) for Naples.
SS Bluecher, (Ger.,) for Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg.
SS La Gascogne, (Fr.,) for Havre.
SS Pretoria, (Br.,) for Bermuda.
SS Lodovica, (Aust.,) for Philadelphia.
SS Barbarossa, (Ger.,) for Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg.
SS Laurentian, (Br.,) for Glasgow.
SS Monterey, for Havana and Mexican ports.
SS Giovan Maria d'All, (Ital.,) for Mobile.
SS Tjomo, (Nor.,) for Progreso.
SS Bluefields, for Baltimore.
SS George W. Clyde, for Philadelphia.

By Cable.

LONDON, May 28.—SS Germanic, (Br.,) Capt. Hambleton, from New York for Liverpool, arr. at Queenstown at 9:06 A. M. to-day and proceeded.

SS Teutonic, (Br.,) Capt. McKinstry, from Liverpool for New York, sld. from Queenstown at 12:12 P. M. to-day.

SS La Lorraine, (Fr.,) Capt. Aliz, from New York, arr. at Havre at 10 A. M. to-day.

SS Indrawadi, (Br.,) Capt. Condy, from New York via Aden and Singapore, arr. at Manila May 26.

SS Graf Waldersee, (Ger.,) Capt. Kopff, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg, arr. at Hamburg at 1 P. M. to-day.

SS Jersey City, (Br.,) Capt. Frankland, for New York, sld. from Swansea May 28.

SS Citta di Torino, (Ital.,) Capt. Olivari, from New York for Genoa, passed Gibraltar to-day.

SS Sicilian Prince, (Br.,) Capt. Hanks, from New York for Naples and Palermo, passed St. Michael's to-day.

SS Heathford, (Br.,) Capt. Muller, for New York, sld. from Shanghai May 25.

SS American, (Dutch,) Capt. Markschlaeger, from New York, arr. at Antwerp yesterday.

SS Phoebus, (Ger.,) Capt. Schierhorst, from New York, arr. at Cuxhaven yesterday.

SS Lahn, (Ger.,) Capt. Bolte, from New York via Naples, arr. at Genoa at 1 P. M. to-day.

SS Hohenfels, (Ger.,) Capt. Brasme, from Calcutta for New York, sld. from Colombo May 25.

SS Trinidad, (Br.,) Capt. Fraser, for New York, sld. from Bermuda to-day.

SS Augusta Victoria, (Ger.,) Capt. Kaempff, from New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Hamburg, passed the Lizard at 10:55 P. M. to-day.

SS Adra, (Br.,) Capt. Beavan, from New York and Portland, Me., for Sharpness, passed Brow Head to-day.

SS Carpathia, (Br.,) Capt. Barr, for New York via Queenstown, sld. from Liverpool to-day.

Notice to Mariners.

NEW JERSEY AND VIRGINIA.

EPHS SHOAL OUTER END BELL BUOY.

(List of Beacons and Buoys, Fourth Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 45.)

Moored abreast of Cape May City, New Jersey, 1¼ miles from the beach, with channel on either side.—Notice is hereby given, by order of the Lighthouse Board, that this bell buoy, heretofore marking the station from June 1 to Nov. 1 of each year, has been permanently discontinued, and on or about June 1, 1903, the station will be marked by a red and black horizontally striped second-class iron spar buoy, to remain the year around.

TAIL OF THE HORSESHOE LIGHT VESSEL STATION.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 120, No. 553; List of Beacons and Buoys, Fifth Lighthouse District, 1902, Pages 15 and 37.)

To seaward of the southeasterly end of the Tail of the Horseshoe, inside the entrance to Chesapeake Bay, and at the junction of the main ship channel up the bay with the channel to Hampton Roads, Virginia.—Notice is hereby given, by order of the Lighthouse Board, that on or about June 1, 1903, Light Vessel No. 46 will be replaced on the station, and the gas buoy and bell buoy, now marking the station, will then be withdrawn. No change has been made in Light Vessel No. 46 in its characteristics of lights, fog signals, or general appearance.

(Lighthouse Board Notices to Mariners Nos. 29 and 36 of 1903, and Bulletin No. 162, Paragraph 12.)

"The cigar that's always good"
Robert Burns
10 cts.

THIS SPECIAL SALE TERMINATES TO-DAY.

Exchanged

AEOLIANS and ORCHESTRELLES

At Reduced Prices

THE exceptional opportunity of obtaining an AEOLIAN or an ORCHESTRELLE at greatly reduced prices should focus the attention of all intending purchasers.

INCLUDED IN THE SALE ARE A FEW PIANOLAS.

The Aeolian Company, Aeolian Hall, 362 Fifth Ave.

Selling Agents { FREDERICK LOESER CO....Brooklyn; LAUTER CO....Newark.

ONE man's comfort in his underwear another man's misery. Comfort for the Wool-man, the Silk-man or the Cotton-man in our Underwear.

At retail everywhere
AMERICAN HOSIERY CO.
Wholesale only at
108-110 Franklin St.
Underwear booklet on request.

House Cleaning Made Easy.
For All Cleaning Purposes USE
PYRANZINE
A Perfect Substitute for Benzine and Naphtha
Non-Inflammable, Non-Explosive
Sold by Grocers, Drug & Dept. Stores.
Mfd. by Am. Pyranzine Co., 63 William St., N.Y.

KENNEDY'S STORE
12 CORTLANDT ST.

Cool Shirts at Tempting Prices.

Pleated Negligees, White and Tan, 79c., worth 1.00
Madras and Percale, new designs, 1.49, worth 2.50

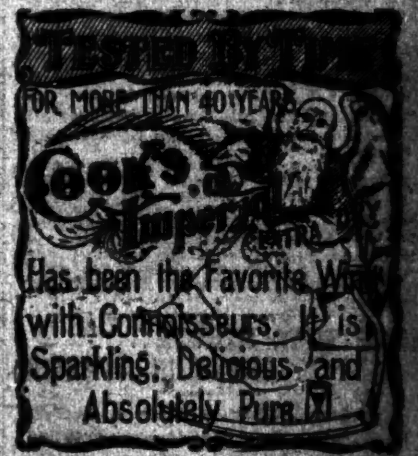
3.00 Oxford Negligees at	1.93
Belts (newest styles) at	.49
White Duck Trousers	1.49
3.00 Vests (single and double) at	.98
5.00 Washable Vests at	2.49

HATS.

Flat Sailors, Whole Sennet and Split Sennet, 1.49, worth 2.00; 1.90, worth 3.00
Porto Rico Panamas, 1.90, in the Smart West India Shapes.
Ecuador Panamas, 1.75. Our own importation (untrimmed).
Fine Soft Felt Hats 1.90, worth 3.00.
Low Shoes Under Price.

1.98, worth 4.00 and 5.00
They are styles that we want to close out.
Flat Last Low Shoes, with herringbone Shanks,

4.98 & 5.98
Made like 12.00 Custom Shoes.



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For tourists we recommend the Folding Pocket Kodak No. 3, specially equipped with Goerz Lens and Volute Shutters. Always ready and reliable, light, strong, compact, quick action, superb definition. We have them in stock ready to slip into your pocket—$63.95.

"Everything in Lenses." Moderate Prices.

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Only one store—Opposite Madison Sq. P. O.

TRAVIS BEATEN BY WARD

Dr. Culver, the Medal Play Winner, Is Disqualified.

Committee in Metropolitan Championship Believes His Score Inaccurate —Douglas and Kennaday Win.

Golfers in the Metropolitan championship tournament at the Deal Golf Club, N. J., yesterday had several surprises in store. One was the defeat of the present local champion, Walter J. Travis, by John M. Ward, the Staten Island champion, the latter winning a closely contested game by one hole. The defeat of Travis, however, was not so much of a novelty as the disqualification of Dr. D. Le Roy Culver, the Jersey City golfer, who turned in the lowest score in the previous day's qualifying round, thereby winning the medal for that honor. Culver's card was 166 for the 36 holes, while Travis came second with 168. The subject was very carefully considered by the committee. Witnesses were heard on both sides, with the result that Culver was disqualified and Travis given the medal. Culver, being unable to continue in the championship, left at once for his home.

The disqualification of Culver, which is the first time that such a drastic step has ever been taken by an open tournament in this country, was directly occasioned by a protest made by A. E. Taylor of the Lakewood Club. He, with his partner, was playing directly in front of Culver, and at the twelfth hole Taylor stated to the committee that he saw Culver hitting his ball out of a marl pit. Taylor saw Culver make two or three hits at the ball, yet the score for the hole when the card was posted was 6. Taylor claims that Culver made evasive answers when questioned about it. When the matter was brought before the Tournament Committee, consisting of C. F. Watson, A. H. Larkin, W. J. Travis, G. E. M. Harvey, and M. M. Singer, Culver claimed that he had done nothing irregular. C. E. McMahon of the Crescent Athletic Club, his partner in the round, was not at the clubhouse yesterday. The committee talked with him over the telephone and requested him to file a statement in writing. The caddies were also questioned, and the committee deemed that the evidence was against Culver. The matter is a serious one, as it involves the truthfulness of a competing golfer. Culver did not state what action, if any, he would take.

John M. Ward's defeat of Travis occurred in the morning round. The former was fully the equal of the local champion in the long game, and on the green he was better, running down his puts with admirable accuracy. For the first nine holes the game was give and take with a vengeance. Ward finished 1 up on the turn. Then two holes were halved in 4 each. Ward took the next and was 2 up, and he held this lead on the fifteenth hole. By a grand effort Travis won the next two holes in four strokes each, Ward needing five. All was square in driving to the home hole, but Travis pulled his ball near some trees and lost his chance of reaching the green safely. Ward won the hole easily in 4, while Travis needed 6, giving the former the match by 1 up. The cards are:

Out	4	5	5	4	5	4	4	3	5	5—42
In	4	5	4	6	3	4	5	4	6	4—38—80
Out	4	5	4	5	4	5	5	4	5	4—41
In	4	4	4	5	3	4	4	4	3	4—40—80

This is Travis's second defeat this season, as he was beaten in the Garden City tournament by Reinhart, a Princeton student. In the afternoon Ward met one of his clubmates, M. M. Singer of Fox Hills, and just managed to win on the nineteenth hole. Douglas won an easy match over C. H. Seeley, the Connecticut champion, beating the latter by 8 up and 7 to play, and in the afternoon he beat E. S. Knapp of Westbrook by 3 up and 2 to play. Kennaday, the New Jersey champion, won both of his matches.

The summaries:

Metropolitan Championship.—First Match Play Round—H. L. Kellogg, Deal, beat W. C. Carnegie, St. Andrew's, by 5 up and 3 to play; F. H. Croker, Deal, beat S. Allen, Deal, by default; G. T. Brokaw, Deal, beat E. N. Carnick, Essex County, by 7 up and 5 to play; Allan Kennaday, Montclair, beat A. H. Larkin, Yountakah, by 6 up and 5 to play; E. S. Knapp, Westbrook, beat G. Woodward, Marine and Field, by 2 up and 1 to play; F. L. Douglas, Fairfield, beat C. H. Seely, Fox Hills, by 8 up and 7 to play; N. W. Antony, Deal, beat F. W. Menzies, Seabright, by 5 up and 4 to play; C. B. Cory, Garden City, beat H. B. Billings, Essex County, by 3 up and 2 to play; N. P. Rogers, Jr., Baltusrol, beat C. J. Sullivan, Baltusrol, by 1 up in 20 holes; C. T. Watson, Morris County, beat J. H. Hurd, Deal, by 5 up and 4 to play; C. C. Mason, Crescent Athletic Club, beat Dr. D. L. Culver, Jersey City, disqualified under Rule 4; Jasper Lynch, Lakewood, beat Dr. D. P. Fredericks, Deal, by 1 up; M. M. Singer, Fox Hills, beat C. B. Brown, Montclair, by 5 up and 3 to play; J. M. Ward, Fox Hills, beat W. J. Travis, Garden City, by 1 up; W. C. Freeman, Montclair, beat E. A. Freeman, Montclair, by 2 up and 1 to play; John Moller, Jr., Lakewood, beat C. E. McMahon, Crescent Athletic Club, by default.

Second round—Kellogg beat Croker, 3 up and 2 to play; Kennaday beat Brokaw, 2 up and 1 to play; Douglas beat Knapp, 3 up and 2 to play; Anthony beat Cory, 2 up and 2 to play; Rogers beat Watson, 4 up and 3 to play; Lynch beat Mason, 4 up and 3 to play; Ward beat Singer, 1 up, (19 holes;) Moller beat Freeman, 3 up and 2 to play.

President's Cup.—First round—Dr. J. M. Byers, Dyker Meadow, a bye; A. E. Taylor, Lakewood, a bye; E. C. Natier, Deal, a bye; L. P. Ramage, Deal, a bye; D. L. Lloyd, Lakewood, a bye; T. C. Ennever, Baltusrol, beat T. C. Picket, Crescent A. C., 1 up in 19 holes; L. P. Runyon, New Brunswick, beat T. W. Lockhart, Powelton, 3 up and 2 to play; Joseph Chadwick, Jr., Powelton, beat J. S. Todd, Knollwood, by default.

Second round—Dr. J. M. Byers, Dyker Meadow, beat A. E. Taylor, Lakewood, 4 up and 3 to play; E. C. Napier, Deal, beat E. G. Ramage, Deal, 3 up and 2 to play; Chadwick beat Runyon, 2 up; Ennever beat D. Lloyd, 3 up and 2 to play.

AUTOMOBILE TRACK RACES.

Fast Time Looked for at Empire City Track To-morrow—Officials Appointed.

Officials have been announced as follows for the automobile race meet to be held at the Empire City track, Yonkers, to-morrow afternoon:

Referee—A. R. Pardington, American Automobile Association.

Judges—George Isham Scott, Automobile Club of America; L. R. Adams, Long Island Automobile Club; C. Arthur Benjamin, Syracuse Automobile Club.

Timers—S. M. Butler, Automobile Club of America; Frank G. Webb, Long Island Automobile Club; M. L. Budlong, National Association of Automobile Manufacturers; Roland Douglass, New York Motor Cycle Club.

Umpire—Frank Eveland, New Jersey Automobile Club.

Clerk of Course and Starter—A. J. Picard.

Announcer—Peter Prunty.

To accommodate the crowds there will be special service on the Harlem Railroad and on the Jerome Avenue trolley lines. The track can best be reached by way of the Harlem Railroad from Forty-second Street to Mount Vernon, and thence by trolley to the track. Trains leave at 11:35, 12:06, 12:35, 1:35, 2:05, 2:35, and 3:06. The track can also be reached by the "L" road to One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Street, and thence by Putnam Division trains to Dunwoodie, and from there to the track by trolley.

Mayor Walsh of Yonkers will start the first race.

Late entries received include Lawrence Waterbury's 60 horse power Mercedes in the heavy-weight class. By covering a mile on the unprepared track on Wednesday in 1:05⅘ Barney Oldfield has proved conclusively the speed of his machine, and it is generally believed that he will cover a mile in a minute when he races against Charles G. Wridgeway. Not the least interesting event will be the trial of Albert Champion with his 10 horse power motor bicycle. On Wednesday he covered a mile in 1:06⅘, which is better than the world's record.

A class that is certain to be fast is the five-mile for heavy-weight machines. The entries include J. Insley Blair's 35 horse power Panhard, considered by many a probable winner; Lafayette Markle's 18 horse power Mora, Lawrence Waterbury's 60 horse power Mercedes, and E. P. Bradley's 20 horse power Pan-American. Ten machines, including Albert C. Bostwick's Mercedes, have been entered in the middle-weight class for gasoline cars. Fifteen motor bicycles are listed to start in the five-mile motor bicycle race. The first race will start at 2:30 P. M.

Hopples Must Not Be Used.

Hopples may not be used on horses driven on the Speedway. That was the decision handed down by Magistrate Zeller yesterday in the Harlem Court. The case on which the decision is based came up some time ago through the arrest of Harrison Armstrong, an actor, for the use of such gearing on his horse. In a measure it was a test case, for the Road Drivers' Association opposed the use of hopples. Magistrate Zeller discharged Armstrong with a reprimand. He agreed with the contention of the Road Drivers' Association that hopples were dangerous while probably in no sense cruel.

Nearly all of the witnesses agreed that in case of accident to a horse or the breakage of any part of the harness the horse must necessarily fall, the driver be thrown and serious danger be incurred.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

New York Nationals Still Lead in the Pennant Race—Boston at Polo Grounds To-day.

Having won two out of the series of three games from Chicago, the New York baseball team still leads in the National League pennant race, but only by the narrow margin of three points. The visitors took the final game of the series so easily yesterday that many of those who saw all three contests, wondered how it was possible for practically the same team to have been beaten in the two previous games. It was a very decisive victory, earned by timely batting and errorless fielding. Brooklyn won by 5 to 4 from St. Louis after a hard fight. Pittsburg concluded the Eastern trip with a victory in Boston, and Philadelphia beat Cincinnati in the last game of the series there. To-day and to-morrow the Boston team will be New York's opponent on the Polo Grounds, while the Philadelphians will play three games with Hanlon's Brooklyn team at Washington Park.

Griffith's Greater New York players, having finished their Western trip, began a series of games with the American League champions in Philadelphia yesterday, and scored a victory. Although the New York Americans are next to the bottom in the championship race, there is every chance for them to get into the first division by the time they reappear on their own grounds here.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues, respectively:

Chicago, 7; New York, 1.
Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 4.
Pittsburg, 7; Boston, 6.
Philadelphia, 6; Cincinnati, 3.

New York, 5; Philadelphia, 2.
Boston, 5; Washington, 4.
St. Louis, 7; Detroit, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York Loses Last Game of Series to Chicago by 7 to 1.

At the Polo Grounds yesterday the Chicago baseball team avenged the two defeats which they experienced at the hands of McGraw's men on Tuesday and Wednesday by a decisive victory over the New York players, the score being 7 to 1. The visitors played a beautiful game, full of clean-cut and snappy work, which was a striking contrast to their efforts in the first two games of the series. They batted the curves of Luther Taylor for eleven safe hits, while the home team only got three scattered hits off J. Taylor, the Chicago pitcher in the first seven innings, but in the eighth they scored their single run off three hits, after which a fast double play retired the side. It was a narrow escape from a shut-out for the local men, and the game demonstrated the playing strength of the Chicagos, both in batting and fielding.

The visitors found L. Taylor's delivery to their liking in the second inning, when, with five successive base hits, they scored four earned runs. They added another run in the fourth and made two more in the seventh, Kling getting home with two of these tallies through McGann's poor judgment. Kling's batting and Tinker's all-round good work were the features of the game.

In the second inning after Jones had struck out, Tinker, Casey, and Evers singled to centre, right and left respectively, and all three scored on Kling's fine hit to centre. J. Taylor then placed a safe one to left, scoring Kling. Harley was dismissed on a fly to Van Haltern and Slagle struck out. With two men, Casey and Evers, disposed of in the fourth inning, Kling singled to centre and went to third on Taylor's hit to right field. The latter then attempted to steal to second, but he was run down by Gilbert and McGann, but not before Kling had tallied.

McGann fumbled Evers's grounder in the seventh, and the latter scored on Kling's hit to deep centre for three bases. J. Taylor was fielded out at first, and Harley hit to McGann, who tried to touch him on the line, but the runner evaded him and reached first base safely, Kling scoring in the meantime. The next three men were disposed of without further scoring in this inning, Kling's being the last tally made for the visitors.

New York's run in the eighth was made with the bases filled. Warner singled to centre and Bowerman, batting for L. Taylor, hit safely to left. Browne's hit to centre filled the bases, and Warner scored on Van Haltren's long fly to Jones. McGann then hit to Tinker, who, with Evers and Chance, retired the side with a very fast double play. The score:

CHICAGO.	R	1B	PO	A	E	NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Harley, rf	0	0	2	0	0	Browne, rf	0	2	2	0	0
Slagle, lf	0	0	0	0	0	V. Halt'n, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Chance, 1b	0	0	14	0	0	McGann, 1b	0	0	11	1	1
Jones, cf	0	1	4	0	0	Mertes, lf	0	1	2	0	0
Tinker, ss	1	2	3	5	0	Dunn, ss	0	0	2	1	0
Casey, 3b	1	2	1	4	0	Babb, 3b	0	0	2	2	0
Evers, 2b	2	1	2	3	0	Gilbert, 2b	0	0	2	4	1
Kling, c	3	3	2	0	0	Warner, c	1	1	5	4	0
J. Taylor, p	0	2	0	1	0	L. Taylor, p	0	1	1	2	0
						Bowerman*	0	1	0	0	0
Total	7	11	27	13	0	Miller, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	1	6	27	14	2

*Batted for L. Taylor in the eighth inning.

Chicago	0	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0—7
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Earned runs—Chicago, 4. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Left on bases—New York, 5; Chicago, 5. First base on balls—Off L. Taylor, 2; off J. Taylor, 1. Struck out—By L. Taylor, 4; by Miller, 1; by J. Taylor, 1. Three-base hit—Kling. Two-base hit—Kling. Stolen bases—Harley, (2,) Kling. Double plays—Dunn, Gilbert, and McGann; Tinker, Evers, and Chance. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

BROOKLYN, 5; ST. LOUIS, 4.

Timely batting in the fourth and sixth innings, combined with clever base running, enabled the Brooklyn baseball team to tie the score with the St. Louis players in yesterday's game at Washington Park, and the home team tallied the winning run in the eighth inning after a stubborn contest. During the early innings the Brooklyn players fielded very loosely, while the visitors batted Evans in good time, scoring four runs in the first four innings. Manager Hanlon substituted Jordan for Strang at third base in the fourth inning and put Ritter behind the bat instead of Ahearn in the fifth. After these changes were made the team played well together and won out after the visitors had the game well in hand.

Capt. Doyle's batting was the feature of the contest, as in four times at bat he made two three-base hits, one double, and a single. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	R	1B	PO	A	E	BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Farrell, 2b	1	1	3	6	0	Strang, 3b	0	0	0	1	1
Don'n, rf	1	1	2	0	0	Jordan, 3b	0	0	2	0	0
Smoot, cf	0	1	0	0	0	Sh'kard, lf	1	1	2	0	0
Brain, 3b	0	1	2	1	0	Dobbs, cf	1	1	2	0	0
Hackett, 1b	1	2	10	1	0	McC'die, rf	1	1	1	0	0
Nichols, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Doyle, 1b	2	4	5	1	0
Will'ms, ss	1	0	2	2	0	Dahlen, ss	0	0	2	5	0
Weaver, c	0	1	4	3	0	Ahearn, c	0	0	2	1	0
*Burke	0	0	0	0	0	Ritter, c	0	2	3	2	1
Sanders, p	0	0	0	0	0	Flood, 2b	0	1	4	2	1
†Barclay	0	0	0	0	0	Evans, p	0	0	0	2	0
Total	4	6	24	13	0	Total	5	12	27	14	0

*Batted for Weaver in ninth. †Batted for Sanders in ninth.

St. Louis	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	x—5

Earned runs—St. Louis, 1; Brooklyn, 4. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 8. Two-base hits—Farrell, Donovan, Smoot, Doyle, Flood. Three-base hits—Doyle, 2. Sacrifice hits—Smoot, Nichols, Barclay, Sheckard. Stolen bases—Brain, Williams, Weaver, Jordan, Dahlen, Ritter. Double plays—Farrell and Brain; Brain, Hackett, and Williams; Farrell and Hackett. First base on balls—Off Evans, 5; off Sanders, 4. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Evans. Struck out—By Evans, 7; by Sanders, 3. Wild pitch—Evans, 1. Time of game—Two hours and thirteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Moran and Halliday.

PITTSBURG, 7; BOSTON, 6.

BOSTON, May 28.—In a baseball game full of exciting situations Pittsburg defeated Boston, 7 to 6, to-day. The infielders of the home team did superb work. Platt was hit very hard. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1—6	6	1	1
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0—7	12	1	

Batteries—Platt and Kittredge; Doheny and Phelps.

PHILADELPHIA, 6; CINCINNATI, 3.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—The home baseball team bunched hits to-day and won from Cincinnati. In the eighth inning Hulswitt collided with Phillips at the plate, and the latter wrenched his knee. He was forced to retire. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—3	3	1	
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	x—6	13	1	

Batteries—Phillips, Poole, and Bergen; Duggleby and Zimmer.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	23	10	.697	Cincinnati	17	18	.486
Chicago	25	11	.694	Boston	15	16	.484
Pittsburg	22	16	.579	Philadelphia	10	24	.294
Brooklyn	18	17	.514	St. Louis	10	27	.270

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Boston in New York.
Philadelphia in Brooklyn.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New Yorks Won First Game with Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—Pitcher Plank and the Athletics' fielders had an off day to-day, and New York took the first game of the series by the score of 5 to 2. It was the first appearance of the champions since their trip, and their excellent work in the West drew a crowd of 5,372 to welcome them home.

Plank was selected to do the pitching for Mack's men, and had Chesbro, the ex-Pittsburg star, opposing him. Plank was not in form, and as the New Yorkers found his curves easy, he was taken out and Henley substituted. The visitors started bunting in the third inning, and soon had the local infielders up in the air. They fumbled and threw the ball wildly, which enabled New York to score 3 runs, enough to win the game.

A couple of errors gave New York another run in the fourth inning, but after that the champions settled down. Henley pitched fine ball, and no more runs were scored.

Chesbro was a puzzle to the home team after the first inning. Then the home team secured a run on three singles, but two hits were all they could get afterward. Chesbro also received superb support, his infielders making a number of stops and catches which brought applause from the crowd. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E	PHILADELPHIA.	R	1B	PO	A	E
A. Davis, lf	2	0	3	0	1	Hoffman, lf	1	1	1	0	0
Keeler, rf	1	4	0	1	0	Pickering, cf	0	0	3	0	0
Fultz, cf	2	3	1	0	0	H. Davis, 1b	1	2	10	2	1
Williams, 2b	0	1	0	3	0	L. Cross, 3b	0	1	0	1	0
Ganzel, 1b	0	1	12	1	0	Seybold, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Conroy, 3b	0	1	2	2	0	Murphy, 2b	0	0	2	2	1
Courtney, ss	0	1	0	4	0	M. Cross, ss	0	0	5	5	2
O'Connor, c	0	0	7	0	0	Powers, c	0	0	2	1	0
Chesbro, p	0	0	2	0	0	S'h'k'g'st, c	0	0	3	2	0
						Plank, c	0	0	1	3	0
Total	5	11	27	11	1	Henley, p	0	0	0	1	1
						Total	2	5	27	17	5

New York	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0—5
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—2

Earned runs—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 2. Two-base hit—H. Davis. Three-base hit—Williams. Sacrifice hits—Conroy and Courtney. Stolen bases—Fultz, Williams, and Conroy, (2.) Left on bases—New York, 11; Philadelphia, 4. First base on balls—Off Chesbro, 2; off Plank, 2; off Henley, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Henley. Struck out—By Chesbro, 7; by Plank, 2; by Henley, 1. Innings pitched—Plank, 3; Henley, 6. Hits—Off Plank, 6; off Henley, 5. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Sheridan.

BOSTON, 5; WASHINGTON, 4.

BOSTON, May 28.—Freeman's three-bagger and Lachance's fly to Ryan gave Boston the winning run in to-day baseball game with Washington. Wilson tried hard to win his own game with two triples. Lachance's hitting and fielding were the features. Boston's run in the sixth inning was due to poor playing by the visitors. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	x—5	11	1	
Washington	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0—4	6	3	

Batteries—Winter and Criger; Wilson and Clark.

ST. LOUIS, 7; DETROIT, 2.

DETROIT, May 28.—Detroit lost the baseball game in the first inning by some of the most headless fielding ever seen on a local diamond. Eason pitched effectively until the last inning. Donahue held Detroit safe for six innings. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0—2	9	3	
St. Louis	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2—7	8	1	

Batteries—Eason and Buelow; Donohue and Sugden.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	18	12	.600	Cleveland	14	14	.500
Detroit	17	14	.548	St. Louis	14	14	.500
Philadelphia	17	15	.531	New York	14	16	.467
Boston	16	15	.516	Washington	10	20	.333

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Philadelphia.
Washington in Boston.
St. Louis in Detroit.

New York State League Games.

At Troy—Schenectady, 8; Troy, 7.
At Ilion—Ilion, 10; Binghamton, 0.
At Albany—Albany, 5; A. J. & G., 0.
At Utica—Syracuse, 8; Utica, 5.

Harlem Yacht Club Regatta.

The Harlem Yacht Club will open the Long Island Sound Yacht Racing season to-morrow with their annual regatta. Entries have been received from the Horse Shoe Harbor, Larchmont, New Rochelle, and other Long Island clubs in addition to forty from club members. The committee has chartered a large tug for the races. The Williams Cup for club boats making the best time over the course will be sailed for. The sloop Aquilla needs but one more victory to obtain permanent possession of this trophy. The yawl Anna and the sloop Amie are also expected to compete for it. The classes are as follows: 43-foot class, sloops, yawls, and cutters; 36-foot class, sloops, &c.; 30-foot class, sloops, &c.; 25-foot class, sloops, &c.; 30-foot cabin catboats, 25-foot cabin catboats, 18 and 21 foot class.

Kaiser Presents Yachting Cup.

BERLIN, May 28.—Emperor William has presented the New York Yacht Club with a cup, to be known as the Emperor's Cup, to be competed for the first time next Fall. It is of gold, two feet high, and has on one side the arms of the United States and those of Germany and on the other the heads of an ancient Teuton and an Indian, and a sketch of the Meteor.

The New York Yacht Club had not been notified of the presentation last night.

Jockey Lyne Rides in England.

LONDON, May 28.—Lucien Lyne, the American jockey, rode in his first big race in this country at Epsom to-day, and nearly won the event, the Royal Stakes, on Foxhall Keene's Cap and Bells II. He was beaten by only a length by Sundridge, in a field of seventeen.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Horse Wins.

PARIS, May 28.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Alpha, with Nash Turner up, won the Prix Victor of $2,000 at the Longchamps meeting to-day.

Entries for Gravesend Races To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; scale from $2,500 down to $500; about six furlongs. Irish Jewell, 114 pounds; Armeath, 111; Margravinate and De Lota, 106 each; Schoharie, 105; Ran After and Benmora, 103 each; Neither One, 101; Semper Vivax and Right and True, 100 each; Genesee, 96; Blue and Orange, 95, and Anna Daly, 87. Apprentice allowance claimed for Blue and Orange, Right and True, Anna Daly, Genesee, Armeath, and Schoharie.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. Pentecost, 126 pounds; Golden Maxim, 116; Carbuncle, 111; River Pirate and Rightful, 110 each; Ethics and Surmise, 108 each; City Bank, Numeral, and Homestead, 107 each; Bon Mot, 103; The Carmelite and Interval, 100 each; Torchlight, 90, and Circus, 86.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, non-winners of $1,500, special weights, with allowances; one mile and seventy yards. The Carmelite and Mackey Dwyer, 114 pounds each; Akela, 111; Hackensack, General Prig, and Stamping Ground, 109 each; Stroller, 104, and Extravagance, 104.

FOURTH RACE.—The Patchogue Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, scale from $4,000 down to $1,000; about six furlongs. The Musketeer and Demurrer, 111 pounds; Highlander and Remorse, 108; Tribes Hill, John A. Scott, 107 each; Operator, 106; Toscan and Cinquevalli, 105 each; Plater, 102; Foxy Kane, 101; Labor, 98; Forward, 94; Blue and Orange, 90, and General Prig, 86.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; five furlongs. Cascine, 117 pounds; Collector, Jessup, Seymour, and Masedo, 112 each; Golden Drop, 108; Mohave, Tim Payne, and Monet, 107; Destiny, Profession, Thistle Heather, and Pirouette, 104 each.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden three-year-olds; six furlongs. Karma C., Innesbrook, Leipsic, Mennenfield, Matchless, Cruachan, Damon, King Carter, Northern Light, and Guy Park, 112 pounds each; Bob Hilliard, Semper Vivax, Calcutta, and Wyefield, 109 each, and The Loop, Many Thanks, Iconoclast, and Tristesse, 107 each.

SEVENTH RACE.—About six furlongs; for three-year-olds and upward, selling. Sadducee, 108 pounds; Heatherville and Tim D., Jr., 106 each; Roue, Tioga, and Highlander, 105 each; Prances, 103; Courtmaid, 102; Templeton and Julia Jenkins, 101; Rostand, 99; Burning Glass, 97; Midnight Chimes, 96, and Silverdell, 92.

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COLLEGE ATHLETES READY

New Records Looked for at the Berkeley Oval To-day.

Yale a Slight Favorite in the Championship Meet, with Harvard a Close Second—Probable Winners.

The usual meeting of the Executive Committee of the Intercollegiate Association Amateur Athletes of America, preliminary to the annual games, was held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night, with the following members present: Columbia—President E. Stauffen; Harvard—W. C. Clarke; Princeton—F. L. Wright; Cornell—Romeyn Berry; University of Pennsylvania—J. C. Gilpin. Three members of the Advisory Committee, C. H. Sherrill of Yale, Thornton Gerrish of Harvard, and Murdock Kendrick of Pennsylvania were also present.

There were no protests to be considered and the time of the committee was devoted to drawing the positions in the various events for the preliminary heats today at Berkeley Oval.

It is conceded that the honors of the intercollegiate championship meet, which begins to-day, lie between Yale and Harvard. The showing made by the athletes of the Blue and the Crimson at their dual games last Saturday indicates that there is not a great margin between them. Harvard is so close, however, that it will require all the old-time pluck and luck that are proverbial of the sons of Eli to carry them through to victory.

This was more than evident last night, when it became known that one of Yale's best men, Edward A. Deming, the half-mile runner, would be unable to compete. Deming is suffering from overstudy and too much athletic exercise. One of his feet is also lame owing to an injury received during the half-mile run at the Yale-Harvard dual meet. His inability to run lessens Yale's chances of winning the meet by from three to five points.

Harvard's athletes and followers realize that every point taken from Yale increases their likelihood of winning. As for Princeton and the other colleges, they only expect to win in certain events in which their representatives are especially proficient. All of the track Captains concur in the belief that many of the records will undergo changes when the finals are contested to-morrow.

The preliminary heats in all of the events, with the exception of the one and two mile runs, will be held to-day. Duffey of Georgetown is generally looked upon as invincible in the sprint. Duffey, Shick, Westney, and Moulton finished in that order last year in the 100 yards. If they all start there does not seem to be any reason why this order should be changed. If Sears of Cornell starts he will cut in somewhere, probably forcing Westney into fourth instead of third place.

Shick, Moulton, Lightner, and Dear seem the order for the 220 yards, though the latter may force his way up nearer to the front. If Sears of Cornell starts he will be the favorite for the event.

The quarter-mile has a very crimson look, as Holland of Georgetown is not in the best of condition. Haigh, Clerk, and Dives should all be placed, though Warren of Cornell and Thompson of Amherst may win points but at the worst Harvard will hardly do less than to get a first and a third out of this race.

The half mile will be an interesting race. I. Orton, who has been running fast all this Spring, should get first for Pennsylvania, while Klaer, his mate, may get placed. Taylor of Amherst may win second place, or Taylor of Columbia may gain those points. On form the men should finish: I. Orton, Taylor of Amherst, Taylor of Columbia.

The mile is another event in which nothing but a guess can be hazarded. Bowen of Pennsylvania will come near winning the event if he starts. Colwell of Harvard, or his mate, Walsh, should be second, with Poate of Cornell third. Camp of Cornell is about the only other man who seems to have speed enough to give him a chance. Bowen, Colwell, Poate, and Walsh may be the order at the finish, it being understood that Colwell did not try hard in the mile at Yale because he wished to save himself for the two miles.

The two-mile race will be as close as the mile. Bowen will probably start in the mile, and in that case Shutt of Cornell will probably win the two miles. Russell of Pennsylvania will force him all the way, while Bowen, even after running the mile, will be about good enough to beat out Franchot of Yale, as Franchot has not shown ability to beat 9:50, while Bowen this season will do close to 9:40. Franchot should be fourth, though Colwell may beat him again as he did last Saturday.

Clapp of Yale, Amsler of Pennsylvania, Blackmar of Williams, and Bird of Harvard should be the order in the high hurdles, while at the low barriers Clapp, Amsler, Bird, and Cairns of Cornell, or Thomas of Yale, should divide the points.

The picking of winners is not quite so difficult in the field events. Glass of Yale should win the shot-put, with De Witt of Princeton second; Schoenfuss of Harvard third, and either Tingley of Harvard or Porter of Cornell fourth. But the third and fourth places may develop into a good contest, as several men have done over 42 feet. Beck of Yale is entered, which indicates that he is eligible. If so, he may again win the event, and he should at least take second for the Blue.

De Witt of Princeton, Shevelin of Yale, Harris of Yale, and Vanduyne of Syracuse seem to be the order for the hammer throw. Hubbard of Amherst, Bowman of Yale, Fulton of Yale, and Foster of Amherst should score in this way for the broad jump if their records count for anything.

Lowe of Syracuse and Kernan of Harvard will fight it out for first place in the high jump, with the chances in favor of the present champion, Lowe. Serviss of Cornell, Tooker of Princeton, Porter of Cornell, Schoff of Johns Hopkins, and Brown of Pennsylvania have all shown about the same form the past ten days, as they have all done 5 feet 10 inches.

It is impossible to pick anything like a winner for the pole vault. Gardiner of Syracuse has the best performance of the year, as he has cleared 11 feet 6¾ inches. MacLanahan and Behr of Yale and Baird of Pennsylvania have done 11 feet 6 inches, while several others have done over 11 feet. Pole vaulting at best is a very erratic event, and any of the men in it who have cleared over 11 feet may win. Horton, the present champion, has not shown anything near his real form so far this season.

The above summary of possible winners brings Yale out a winner, with Harvard second, the margin being about five points. Pennsylvania should be third, while Cornell, Amherst, and Syracuse will battle for fourth, with Princeton at the end. The meet, from every aspect, should be a record breaker.

HACKETT WINS AT TENNIS.

He Defeats Bostwick for West Side Club Championship.

Three sets of excellent tennis were necessary yesterday to decide the winner of the championship singles in the tournament on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club, One Hundred and Seventeenth Street and Amsterdam Avenue. Yale's ex-champion, Harold H. Hackett, won the title by defeating Oviedio M. Bostwick. The latter made a brilliant stand in the last set, and treated the large gallery of spectators to some sensational tennis before the honors were decided.

In the opening set Hackett had a comparatively easy time of it in scoring the points, as Bostwick was bothered by the new service rule and on account of the majority of his side line shots going wide of the court marks. Bostwick strengthened his play considerably in the second set. He began to play the ball deep into the Yale veteran's court. This held Hackett back from the net and caused many of his drives to become ineffective, as he chopped the ball so much in stroking it that the ball fell short of the net or made it possible for Bostwick to kill the return. With the games at 4-all, however, Hackett steadied himself and was successful in taking the set at 6—4.

Deep driving continued to be Bostwick's form of attack in the final set. He played with such good judgment that he gained the commanding lead of 5 love. At this point Hackett rallied and by aggressive work from near the net he scored point after point on his place shots and passing strokes. Hackett managed to bring the game to deuce at 5 all, and then lost the eleventh game to Bostwick. The latter made a determined effort to win the next game and the set, but Hackett's sharp volleying proved too accurate, and the Yale player won the set and the title at 8—6. The summary:

Championship Singles.—Final and Championship Round—Harold H. Hackett defeated Oviedio M. Bostwick, 6—1, 6—4, 8—6.

Southern Lawn Tennis Play.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Rain interfered with play to-day in the Southern lawn tennis tournament. In the men's singles the chief events were the victory of Frank Geoghegan over M. A. Agelasto of Norfolk, 4—6, 6—2, 6—2, and J. C. Davidson's defeat of P. H. S. Cake, 9—7, 6—2. Geoghegan and Davidson probably will play in the finals.

In the women's singles Miss Elizabeth Moore beat Miss M. G. Sewall, 6—1, 6—2.

W. A. Larned, champion of the United States, played one set in an exhibition match with J. C. Davidson, champion of the District, Larned winning the set, 6—4, and was ahead in the second set when rain stopped play.

Michigan Wins Tennis Honors.

CHICAGO, May 28.—The championship in singles in the Western intercollegiate tennis tournament was won by Michigan University to-day, although the final round is still unplayed. In the semi-finals Danforth and St. John, both Michigan players, won their matches. The final match will be played at some future date on the Ann Arbor courts. The championship in doubles lies between Michigan and Wisconsin and will be decided to-morrow.

Fast Runner for Celtic Park Games.

The entries to date for the five-mile special invitation race at the Greater New York Irish Athletic Association Diamond meet at Celtic Park to-morrow are John J. Joyce of the Pastimes, five-mile junior and ten-mile senior champion; S. A. Mellor of the Mohawks, winner of the 1902 Marathon race; Fred Lorz of the Mohawks, who finished third in the 1903 Marathon race; T. J. Kennedy of the Star Athletic Club; Irving E. Coleman, crack distance man of the Twenty-second Regiment Athletic Association, and E. C. Clark of the New West Sides. Joyce is the favorite, with Mellor and Kennedy even as second choice.

The teams from the Pastimes, New West Sides, and the Greater New York Irish Athletic Association for the 880-yard team relay race at the games have been selected. The New West Sides have Bohan, 100-yard junior champion; Edwards, former quarter-mile champion indoors; Sayles and Peabody. The Pastime Athletic Club team is composed of Ashley, Spitzer, Andrews, and Jagels. The Greater New York Irish Athletic Association team is composed of Mike Cregan, the athletic policeman; Goerwitz, and Graham, the best sprinters of the club, and Scannell.

United States Gunboat Crews Race.

VILLEFRANCHE, France, May 28.—A sailing match between boats' crews from the United States cruiser Chicago and the United States gunboat Machias for a cup presented by Mr. James Gordon Bennett was decided here this afternoon. The Chicago's crew won.

Half-Mile Run Record Broken.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 28.—Athletes from Oberlin, Case, Ohio State, Reserve, Kenyon, and Ohio Wesleyan held a field day at the Cleveland Driving Park to-day. There were fifteen events, Oberlin scoring 70 1-3 points; Case, 40 1-3; Ohio State, 28; Reserve, 10; Kenyon, 4; Ohio Wesleyan, 2. The half-mile running race was done in 1:58 2-5, which breaks the Western intercollegiate record by 1 2-5 seconds. That was the only record broken.

More French Automobile Accidents.

PARIS, May 28.—A spell of bad luck seems to have overtaken the French automobilists. More or less serious accidents are reported daily. M. Serpollet, returning to-day from Bordeaux at a moderate speed, ran over a woman, breaking her leg and otherwise injuring her. It is feared she will die. Another automobilist, also returning from Bordeaux, ran into a horse. The automobilist and his chauffeur were thrown out and the latter was badly hurt. Two of the horse's legs were broken.

Memorial Day Cycle Races.

The road racing and century riding meet arranged by the New York State Division of the Century Road Club of America for to-morrow and Sunday, May 31, promises to be one of the largest and most successful ever held under the auspices of the Century Road Club of America. Chairman F. A. Dyer of the Racing Committee announces nearly 150 entries in the open 50-mile handicap road race for the championship of the United States and Canada. There are 30 prizes for the event and two loving cups for the two cycling clubs having the largest number of points. Many entries have been received from the long-distance road cracks in the East. The start will be made promptly at 1:30 P. M. from West's Hotel.

On Sunday morning the open century run of the Century Road Club of America will be run, acting in conjunction with the Bedford Club of Brooklyn. This century is for the benefit of all cyclists who did not have a chance or failed to complete the previous centuries held by the Century Road Club of America and Stuyvesant Wheelmen. The century is open to all, and there will be no entrance fee. The start will be made on the New York side of the Twenty-third Street Ferry at 6:30 A. M., also one from the Bedford Rest at the same time.

The next run of the New York Motor Cycle Club will start from club headquarters, 1,904 Broadway, near Sixty-third Street, on Sunday, May 31, at 9:30 A. M. The destination will be Ossining, by way of Eighth, Sedgwich, and Bailey Avenues to King's Bridge, Riverdale Avenue to Yonkers, Warburton Avenue and Albany Post Road to destination.

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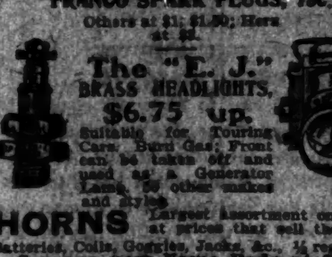
Others at $1; $1.50; Here at $2.



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GOOD AUTOS CHEAP.

Knox, $200, $800; Mobile, $225; Waverley, $350; Woods, $300, (electric;) new Searchmonts, $350 to $500; Foster Steamers, $200, $250, (shop-worn;) Long Distance, $500; Darracq, $850; Winton, $300; Covert, $350; Loomis, $350; Auto Car, $500, (four-passenger;) Oldsmobiles, $350 to $450; others.
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Columbias, Clevelands, Tribunes, Crescents, Spaldings, Monarchs, Barnes, Stearns, Relays, Olives, Snells, Yales, &c.
Best assorted lot we have had this season.

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Decoration Day marks the opening of the outdoor recreation season and this year it means several holidays.

Are you prepared to enjoy your recreation as you should?

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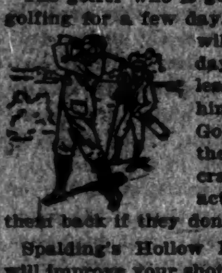
Spalding's Double Centre Net, the one that the players are fond of and club owners admire, because it lasts so well and will outwear two or three ordinary nets, $5.50, $5.00 and $4.50.

Canvas Bound Nets, $2.00, $2.25, $3.00, $3.50. Regulation machine made nets as low as $1.00; single nets, 75 cents.

GOLF



The golfer who is going away to enjoy golfing for a few days will find that he will not enjoy the day as he should unless he takes with him a few Wizard Golf Balls. Just try them. They will not crack or cut. They act perfectly. Bring them back if they don't.

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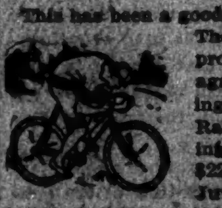

This has been a good spring for cycling. The sales of bicycles prove that cycling is again popular. Spalding's 1902 Red Head Racer, $27.50; Spalding's 1903 Nyack, $22.50; Spalding's Juvenile Bicycles, $17.50, $19.50 and $22.50.

TETHER TENNIS. This is something that will enjoy a good run this season. Anyone can play it on any lawn. 75 cents.

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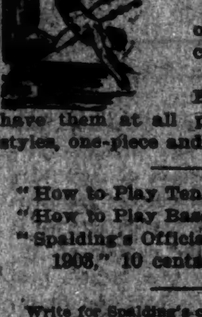

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SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, to-day, 4 P. M. BOSTON vs. NEW YORK. Adm. 50c.

BASEBALL, Jersey City, West Side Park, to-day, 4 P. M. Newark vs. Jersey City. P. R. R. ferries.

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THE RESPONSIBILITY OF CITIZENSHIP.

The Rev. DUNALD SAGE MACKAY said a wise thing in his sermon on Sunday last which merits such emphasis as it may gain from republication. What especially commends itself to approval is the following: "The greatest menace to the life of this city lies not in the hordes of foreign ignorance that are thronging our doors, but in the torpid indifference, the sluggish selfishness of those who, born and bred in the atmosphere of American civil and religious liberty, are forgetful of their responsibilities to the larger life of the city."

This is not a new discovery. Probably a great many people have expressed the same thought in generally similar language; but it crystallizes a living truth which cannot be too often or too clearly proclaimed by those who feel responsibility for the education of the people in whatever contributes to the moral uplifting and the material well-being of New York. Whenever those of the population of this city who want good government want it enough to vote for it, they get it. The forces which are controlled by the politicians of the Tammany organization never have been and never will be strong enough to take New York away from the voters who are not controlled by any one, unless the latter are so indifferent to the kind of government the city has that enough to turn the scale refrain from registering or absent themselves from the polls on election days.

If this were a new truth it might startle those who are neglectful of the obligations of good citizenship into at least a temporary interest in public affairs; but it is so well known and so obvious that those for whom it has most significance are likely to pay very little attention to it. In the assurance that this is so, the politicians of the baser sort, who have learned from experience the invincibility of a well-organized minority, expect to recover control of New York this year by reason of the difficulty of sustaining the popular interest in good government through two consecutive elections. Whenever the people take an interest in an election it results disastrously for the professional politicians and their mercenary following. That this so seldom happens enables these to make their plans with confidence about eight years in every ten.

LOOKING BACKWARD.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, in reply to a question in the House of Commons on Wednesday, said that the Government had no intention of modifying the Finance bill to provide for preferential duties on colonial products. This is the prompt and bitter ending of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S policy of a British protective tariff. It was a bold and sensational move on his part to formulate in a public speech a Ministerial policy without the formality of consulting the Prime Minister and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. But it was a characteristic act. Very likely it was a challenge to the British electorate to withdraw its favor from Mr. BALFOUR and exhibit an uncontrollable enthusiasm for his Colonial Secretary. Had the stroke been as successful as it was audacious, had Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S plan of preferential low duties on colonial products and high duties on foreign products caught the popular fancy, one of two things might have happened. Either the present Ministry would have been forced to adopt the Chamberlain policy, or the present Ministry would have been overthrown, and the new Ministry would have had Mr. CHAMBERLAIN for its chief. The curt and unsympathetic statement of the Chancellor of the Exchequer reveals no anxiety whatever on the part of the Ministry, and it would have been anxious had Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S speech not fallen absolutely flat.

Mr. JANVIER, in his history competition article published in yesterday's TIMES, recalls the Navigation Act of 1651, with its amendment of 1660, which "forbade the importation or exportation of goods into or from any of the English colonies save in English ships commanded and at least three-fourths manned by Englishmen." There was much more than this in the Navigation act, but its main purpose was to retain for Great Britain the trade of the colonies, a trade in which Dutchmen and other sea-going persons were pushing the mother country hard. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S plan of preferential duties is in reality a reversion to the commercial policy of the seventeenth century. It seemed natural, proper, and wise to the men of that age to force trade into fixed channels by artificial means. Prohibitions and embargoes were held to be the instruments by which prosperity was won. It is still so in the twentieth century—in our own case, for instance. The people of the United Kingdom, however, have long since outgrown the fashions of the seventeenth century. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S speech set forth a system of taxation quite too reactionary for the enlightened public to which he appealed. The Birmingham statesman is exceedingly able. He is supposed to be adroit. But in this case he does not seem to have been a good judge of British public opinion.

REVOLUTION, OR REACTION?

That is a queer story that comes from St. Petersburg by way of Berlin, and sets forth that a "revolutionary plot" has been discovered among the higher officers of the army. The higher officers of the army, and the officers of the army in general, are precisely the class of Russians, as the officials in general are the only class, who might be expected to approve the actual constitution of Russian society. Education for military or official purposes is the only kind of education that is really encouraged in the empire, and you would no more expect revolutionary doctrine from that source than from West Point or Annapolis.

It is quite as likely that the "plot" is reactionary as that it is revolutionary, that the evidence the Czar has given of his desire to modernize and pacify Russia has infuriated those whose class interest it is to keep Russia barbarous and disturbed. When an officer of the guards confesses that he had decided to murder the prosecutor of the Holy Synod it is quite as fair a presumption that that official was a humane and enlightened functionary as that he was a ruthless oppressor. Officers of the Russian Army constitute about the only class of Russians who are not entitled to become revolutionists by reason of the intolerableness of their condition.

QUEER JEALOUSY.

We should like to know as clearly as they are themselves able to define it the objection the youngsters in the Columbian University at Washington have to taking their degrees because a woman has been chosen by the Faculty for the degree of Doctor of Civil Laws.

It seems that Mrs. ELMA REBA BAILEY is a member of a class of nine. The Faculty, who have the authority and the responsibility in the matter, have decided that she is entitled to the degree mentioned, the highest in the gift of the university. Thereupon seven of her fellow-students announce that, if this is done, they will not appear to accept their own lesser degrees. The eighth, a son of the Peruvian Minister, Mr. CALDERON, refuses to join his mates in this extraordinary conduct. It does not appear that the objection lies to studying law with a woman, for Mrs. BAILEY has already taken the degree of Master of Laws. It can apparently have nothing to do with theories of the "proper sphere" of woman, for the successful aspirant for university honors bears the title of Mistress, and is ex officio to be ranked with the conservatives. It can hardly be that the recalcitrant students wish to discredit the capacity or fairness of the Faculty, for they are quite willing to trust the Faculty in the matter of their own degrees provided Mrs. BAILEY is shut out from a higher one. The President of the Law School is not disturbed by what, in the other sex, we should call this womanish demonstration and is willing to let the protesting students get their degrees elsewhere if they can.

PENNYPACKER INDORSED.

Political platforms are often mendacious, sophistical, and dull. We have rarely seen in any platform of a party convention, however, a resolution so conspicuously absurd as this, which was adopted by the Pennsylvania Republicans in their State Convention on Wednesday:

We heartily commend the wise, fearless, able, and patriotic administration of SAMUEL W. PENNYPACKER, Governor of our great Commonwealth. He has been conscientious in the discharge of the duties of his high office and merits the approval of our people.

To call Gov. PENNYPACKER wise is to make a grossly improper use of a most respectable English adjective. To say that he is fearless can be true only if it be added that it is the public contempt and ridicule of which he is not afraid. To say that he is able is permissible only with the qualification that if he be able in some departments of intellectual activity, he is pusillanimous in others. To call his administration patriotic is a frightful misuse of language, since a patriot at the head of a State Government would be incapable of acts tending to bring the Commonwealth into disrepute and to make its people ashamed of their State.

Not one of the compliments which this resolution bestows upon Gov. PENNYPACKER is appropriate to or is deserved by the author of that astoundingly silly and ignorant memorandum which accompanied the signing of the act passed by the disreputable Legislature of Pennsylvania for the severer punishment of libel. The Government of the State of Pennsylvania is notoriously bad, and it has for years been notoriously bad. QUAY has made and kept it so. But none of the instruments he has been graciously pleased to fling into the Governor's chair has exhibited such wonderful capacity for incurring the public contempt, such a real facility in writing himself down an ass, as this same PENNYPACKER, who recently signed a bill imposing pains and penalties upon editors, publishers, and caricaturists who have the hardihood to print articles or pictures which august persons in public office are unable to contemplate with pleasure. This is the man Mr. QUAY'S convention praises. Mr. QUAY'S delegates have strong stomachs.

RELIANCE'S THIRD VICTORY.

It may almost be said, in the language of Dogberry, to be "proved already" that Reliance is a better boat than Columbia, "and it will go near to be thought so shortly." Seven minutes in twenty-five miles, which was the new boat's margin yesterday, is a more plausible figure, as representing the respective comparative merits of the craft, than the quarter of an hour by which she beat the old one on two previous occasions. Upon the first beating we took occasion to point out that half of a quarter of an hour in thirty miles would be quite enough to justify the building of Reliance and to justify a serene confidence in our keeping of the cup.

A little better than that is yesterday's record. Luck is by its nature an incessant faster, and it does not appear that Columbia had the worse of it yesterday. In fact, she ought to have gained while Constitution and Reliance were enjoying a huffing match which took them off the course, while she was going over it about her business. "Handling" is a constant factor, and it seems to be agreed that Reliance has the better of that. But these uniform defeats cannot be reasonably explained upon any other supposition than that the winner is the better boat. The interest of the last two races has lain between Constitution and Reliance, up to the time that the former was unluckily disabled in yesterday's race. And between them the interest of the remaining trial races is likely to lie. Certainly no better weather could be hoped for than that in which the Reliance has successively made thirty miles in a little over three hours and twenty-five miles in a little more than two and a half. It is quite true that the water was smooth. But neither the challenger nor the defender can really desire rough water, on the chance of showing that his boat is less bad, for there is no "better" in the case, as a sea boat, than the other.

Meanwhile we have to acknowledge, with becoming emotions, the generous and sportsmanlike offer by the German Emperor of a cup to be sailed for by the New York Yacht Club. As a yachtsman the Emperor is an exemplary character, and that not least because he has never encouraged the building of freaks, but when he ordered a racing yacht, had her indeed sparred for racing, but insisted that she must be first of all a yacht and not a racing machine.

FOREIGN LANGUAGES IN THE SCHOOLS.

By the action of the Board of Education, confirming that of the Board of Superintendents, the study of foreign languages in the elementary schools is now limited to the last year, and in that year the pupil may take French or German as an elective, or may take instead Latin or stenography.

This is undoubtedly a wise decision as far as it goes. If foreign tongues were to be taught at all thoroughly, it would be better that they be introduced at as early a stage of attendance at the schools as possible, for much is gained by early familiarity secured through intelligent teaching. But for the great body of the pupils of the schools a language other than their own is of practically no use, and the introduction of the study of one takes time and work and money that should be devoted to something more valuable and valuable to all alike. It is hard enough at best to get into the course all that ought to be there for the average scholar, and the injection of an element that is in more senses than one foreign is injurious rather than helpful. By making the study elective in the last year ample provision is made for all pupils to whom it can by any possibility be of real service. It is questionable whether, even under these conditions, the time and labor could not be better invested.

THE CAPE COD PILGRIM MEMORIAL.

In these days of remembering and perpetuating important events in our history there is a modest movement for a monument that should appeal, we should say, with much force to all men of New England descent and to others who hold at its true value the ideal of "ordered liberty" set up nearly three centuries ago on the stormy coast of Cape Cod.

It was in the harbor of Provincetown, at the end of Cape Cod, that the Mayflower came to anchor on the 11th of November, 1620, and the Pilgrims adopted the famous compact that reads as follows: "In ye name of GOD. Amen. We, whose names are underwritten, * * * have undertaken for ye glorie of GOD, and advancement of ye Christian faith, and honour of our King and countrie, a voyage to plant ye first Colonie in ye northern parts of Virginia, do by these presents solemnly and mutually, in the presence of GOD, and one of another, covenant and combine ourselves together into a civill body politick, for our better ordering and preservation and furtherance of ye ends aforesaid; and by virtue hereof, to enacte, constitute, and frame such just and equall lawes, ordinances, acts, constitutions, and offices, from time to time as shall be thought most meete and convenient for the generall good of the Colonie, unto which we promise all due submission and obedience."

On High Pole Hill, the highest point in Provincetown, the town has set apart a site for a stone column, 200 feet above the hill and some 200 feet above the sea level, to commemorate the arrival of the Pilgrims. Money has been appropriated by the Massachusetts Legislature to meet part of the expense, and the Cape Cod Memorial Association has been formed to raise $25,000, of which one-half is in hand. An appeal is made for subscriptions for the remainder. Details can be had by addressing Mrs. SARA WHITE LEE, 83 State Street, Boston. The purpose of the association is commendable and we doubt not that its appeal will be successful.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—Of all the explanations, grave and gay, that have now been offered by our correspondents in kindly answer to our inquiry about the origin of "He makes no bones," the palm for plausibility and adequacy must be accorded to that of "K. L. B." who said that the "bones" to which the inventors and first users of the phrase referred were those of the great JOHN NAPIER—not his distinctly personal and private bones, but the numbered rods devised by him to assist his benighted contemporaries in performing the simpler operations of arithmetic. That, now, is a really noble suggestion. "NAPIER'S bones" were highly regarded, in their remote day, by a very large number of people, and their employment was common enough in some parts of Great Britain to make it possible that those who didn't need such aid were regarded by others as rash and hasty persons. So "he made no bones" might easily enough have come to mean exactly what it means to us to-day. The only trouble with this charming explanation is the somewhat serious one that it isn't true—that the phrase had been current for years and years before NAPIER'S "Rabdologia" was published. The book of that name appeared in 1617, and before that date "bones" could not have meant NAPIER'S calculating rods, while at least as early as the sixteenth, and perhaps as early as the fifteenth, century, the locution was a "cliché" known to everybody in need of a ready-made ornament for writing or conversation. Thus again is it proved that plausibility and adequacy, while excellent qualities in any explanation, must be viewed with deep suspicion when they are the characteristics of a solution of a problem like this one.

—A new grievance against steam as the banisher of sailing vessels from the sea is presented by a British medical writer in explaining why the popularity of ocean voyages as a therapeutic measure has so much declined in recent years. Of course the sea air is as good as ever, and sea food is very much better than it used to be, but, according to this authority, there can be no comparison, from the health seeker's point of view, between the two methods of transit. The sailing ship gave months of varied experience in reaching its distant destination, while steamship journeys are brief and monotonous. The vibrations and odors of the steamer, too, and its indifference to the direction of wind and wave, make seasickness more severe and more prolonged than it is on vessels moved by sail. There is something in these and other arguments presented by the British doctor, but his lamentations are exaggerated, if not entirely unjustified, for, as a matter of fact, steam has not banished sails from any ocean, and the invalid who chooses one of the best of the modern deep-water sailing ships can get everything he ever could, except the doubtful advantage of having a large company of fellow-passengers. It is a mistake to suppose that water travel must nowadays be by steamer. It is almost always both cheaper and more convenient to do it, but anybody who has desire or need to journey in the old-fashioned way will usually find the opportunity if he looks for it in the right places. The real reason, however, why few invalids are now sent to sea is probably the advance of medical science and consequent better treatment ashore. Still, there are maladies and morbid conditions for which the air and rest of an ocean voyage are excellent remedies, and there should be no delusion as to the present impossibility of securing them on sailing vessels as well as on steamers.

—To argue, as The London Times does by direct implication, that M. DE PLEHVE did send to the Governor of Bessarabia the horrible letter recently published, for the reason that the Governor acted exactly as if he had received just such a letter, will have the appearance of very queer logic, even for those of us who lack the slightest inclination to defend Russian officials, high or low. Of course, the argument is not so bad in Russia as it would be anywhere else, where Governors are under the direct and stern control of the central authority, and act without orders as rarely as they act in violation of them. But even in Russia such evidence as this is not convicting, and it is a mistake to treat it as if it were. Unfair advocacy often injures the best of causes.

NUGGETS.

His Indifference.

"He's rather an indifferent character, that fellow, isn't he?"

"That's so. He's forever saying, 'I don't care if I do.'"—Philadelphia Press.

Gave Him a Turn.

The Doctor—You regard society as merely a machine, do you? What part of the machinery do you consider me, for instance?

The Professor—You are one of the cranks.—Chicago Tribune.

Enviable.

"Yes," said the nervous man, "I have a habit of talking in my sleep."

And the eminent citizen who is expected to respond to an ovation in every town that the train goes through murmured:

"What a valuable accomplishment."—Washington Star.

Set Him to Thinking.

They had been talking as they walked. She had remarked, pathetically:

"Oh, it must be terrible to a man to be rejected by a woman!"

"Indeed it must," was his response.

Then, after a while, with sympathetic disingenuousness, she exclaimed:

"It doesn't seem that I could ever have the heart to do it."

And there came a silence between them as he thought it over.—Browning's Monthly.

MY SHIP.

Lowell O. Rose in San Francisco Bulletin.

I stood marooned on a desert isle.
With my gaze o'er the white-capped sea,
And hope leaped up in my heart the while—
My ship—would it come to me?
My beautiful ship, with its sails of snow,
Swanlike on the ocean's blue;
While ever I gazed where the sky hung low,
And ever my longing grew.

Long I watched in the burning sun,
And just at the close of day
A gleam of white where the fog banks run
Flashed up like a whitecap spray—
Flashed into my sight on the low sky line;
Then out of the sea upreared
The black storm cloud, and this ship of mine
Was lost in the blackness weird.

All night I lay on the damp seaweed,
With the spray on my sodden head;
The mad waves howled, but I took no heed,
Nor recked of their raving dread.
All night in the storm with a chilling fear,
When, lo! at the break of day,
There, dancing at anchor with sails at rest,
My ship in the harbor lay.

My beautiful ship! When the night was black,
When the sky was a hue of lead,
O'er rock and reef, through the thundering rack,
She sailed with a steady head!
Oh, faltering one, when the dark hour falls,
Deem not that all hope is past!
But hark for the sound of the Pilot's call,
For your ship will come at last!

THE FOUNDING OF NEW YORK

A SERIES OF ARTICLES WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK TIMES BY

THOMAS A. JANVIER,

Author of "In Old New York," "In Great Waters," "The Passing of Thomas," "In the Sargasso Sea," "The Uncle of an Angel," "The Aztec Treasure House," &c.

In Commemoration of the 250th Anniversary of the Founding of the City of New York.

The Text for the Prize Essays of the Pupils of the Public Schools of This City.

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CHAPTER V.

OUR FIRST REFORM GOVERNOR.

ALTHOUGH the English had acquired New Netherland, nominally, by force of arms, they were far from treating New York as a conquered province. On the contrary, with the change in the ownership of our colony there came a very pleasing change in the administration of its affairs. Col. Richard Nicolls, who was our first English Governor, managed matters so wisely that the transition from the old to the new order of things was made easily and was most noticeable in agreeable ways. And it also was made slowly. A good part of a year was suffered to pass before the City Government was reorganized, to make it conform to English customs, by substituting for the Burgomasters and Schepens and the Schout a Board of Aldermen and a Mayor; and even then most of the old city officers simply continued to carry on the Government under new names. The instrument by which that change was effected bears date June 12, 1665, and is known as the Nicolls Charter. It enlarged the authority of the City Government and was the beginning of our civic liberties and rights. What made it especially welcome at that time was the practical assurance which it gave that New York was to be treated not as a commercial investment, as the Dutch had treated New Netherland, but as a colony which deserved and which was to be given a fostering care.

The most notable outcome of that fostering policy was the making of a law in the year 1678 that was known as the Bolting act. By its provisions no millers in the colony outside of this city were permitted to grind flour for market, and no persons in the colony outside of this city were permitted to pack flour or to make biscuit for export; with the result that the export trade in what are called "breadstuffs" was thrown entirely into the hands of the millers and the merchants of New York. The country people, naturally, objected strongly to this law, which gave to the city people such great privileges at their expense; and at last, in the year 1694, they succeeded in getting it repealed. But during the sixteen years that it remained in force the city increased in wealth and in population by leaps and bounds. The revenues rose from £2,000 to £5,000, and the number of houses rose from 384 to 983. In a word, the city more than doubled in wealth and in size.

And the Bolting act did still more for us. The sea trade that it developed—mainly with the West Indies—established on a firm foundation the foreign commerce of New York. Our civic arms, granted in the year 1682, came to us in the midst of that period of great prosperity and commemorate it. The beaver is the emblem of our early fur trade; the windmill sails and the flour barrels are the emblems of the vast expansion of our commerce by our flour trade; while the "supporters"—the Indian, from whom the furs were bought, and the sailor, who navigated the trading ships—repeat the meaning of the shield. The arms, as a whole, show the sources whence the inflow of our sea wealth began.

Still another good thing came to New York in that time of energetic expansion. On the 22d of April, 1686, the city received a new and very liberal charter—that is known as the Dongan Charter, because it was granted while Gov. Dongan held office—that still farther extended the personal and commercial privileges of the citizens, and that still farther helped to increase the city's very rapidly growing foreign and domestic trade.

But there was another side, and not a pleasant side, to the great prosperity that came to our city in those early English times. Our citizens abused their newly gained liberties and fell into evil ways. Even in referring to what is styled, but very erroneously, the "drowsy" period of the Dutch domination, no one has ventured the suggestion that anybody ever went to sleep when there was a bargain to be made; and in the time with which I am now dealing—when the English had been in possession of New York for twenty years and more—exceeding wide-awakeness was the rule. Had they stopped at mere bargainmaking, our citizens would have been within their rights; but—I am sorry to say—a good many of them took to cheating the revenue laws by smuggling, and some of them sent out ships to trade with pirates for stolen goods, and some of them fairly became pirates themselves. All of which, even making allowances for the times in which they lived, goes to show that a great many very hard characters lived in this city two hundred years ago. In the Dutch times there had been some excuse for breaking the revenue laws, because those laws were oppressively severe. Under the English laws that excuse did not hold; and trading with pirates and piracy of course admitted of no excuse at all.

Col. Benjamin Fletcher was appointed Governor of New York in the year 1692, and to his weakness a large part of the evildoing of that discreditable period is to be ascribed. By him trading licenses were granted to ships which everybody knew were to engage in "the Red Sea trade," as trading with the pirates politely was called; by him privateering commissions were given to ships which everybody knew were going to sea as pirates pure and simple; under his government smuggling was carried on by the leading merchants of the city—and he granted the licenses and he permitted the smuggling because he was bribed.

Such a state of affairs could not be allowed to continue—and it was not allowed to continue—a Governor was sent out from England in Fletcher's place who brought up the pirate traders and the pirates and the smugglers with a round turn. That Governor was Richard Coote, Lord Bellomont; and of all the Governors who ruled New York during the English domination I think that he was the strongest and the bravest and the best.

Lord Bellomont arrived in New York and took up his commission as Governor April 2, 1698. He then was sixty-two years old; but he still had in him a lot of fighting strength, and he put every bit of that fighting strength into the reforming work that he had to do. In one of his speeches in the Provincial Assembly he said: "I will pocket none of the public money myself, nor shall there be any embezzlement by others"—and in those words he struck the keynote of the policy that he held fast to until the end.

By one of those perverse twists of fortune that come sometimes Lord Bellomont's first effort to break up piracy turned out badly. It actually resulted in setting afloat a most notorious pirate—Capt. William Kidd! At that time Capt. Kidd was a respectable seaman who commanded a packet-ship sailing between this port and London. His home when in this city was in Hanover Square—quite the Court end of the town in those days. Because he was so respectable and such a good shipmaster, he was given the command of an armed vessel sent out to capture all the pirates he could find, and to break up "the Red Sea trade." But instead of doing what he was sent to do, he turned pirate himself. I am satisfied that he was forced by his crew into making that very radical change in his plans, and I am sure that he did not want to be a pirate at all; but he certainly did become one, and when at last he was caught he very properly was hanged. Lord Bellomont was placed in an awkward position by the failure of his plan, and some people went so far as to say that he was Kidd's partner and had hoped to share Kidd's stealings—a charge that was absolutely false.

There were political complications in this matter, and in connection with the whole of Lord Bellomont's administration, growing out of the Hanoverian succession in England and out of the execution of Leisler in New York in Gov. Sloughter's time. Those are matters which cannot properly be discussed here. Nor do I think that they need be discussed. The main reason why Lord Bellomont was so hated in New York—and he was hated here—was not a political reason; it simply was the evil resentment of a scandalous community against the strong man who was determined to, and who did, bring its scandalous doings to an end. In making his reforms the Governor had to fight against the members of his own Council, against the provincial officials who were in office when he took up his Government, and against almost all of the merchants of the city. Practically everybody was opposed to him. "I am obliged to stand entirely upon my own legs. My assistants hinder me, the people oppose me, and the merchants threaten me." That was the way in which he himself summed up the situation in a letter to the King.

One instance will suffice to show what sort of a fight he had to make and how he made it. When the ship Fortune, a notorious Red Sea trader, came into port the Governor ordered the Port Collector, Chidley Brooke, to seize her cargo of stolen goods instantly. Brooke made no attempt to make the seizure until the next morning—and in the night-time most of the ship's cargo was brought on shore. Being in a fine temper over this evasion of his orders, the Governor gave Brooke a practical lesson in the meaning of the word "instantly" by whisking him out of his Collectorship neck and heels. Stephanus van Cortlandt was appointed in his place, and one Monsay was appointed Searcher, and the latter was sent flying off to seize the pirate plunder in the house of the merchant, Van Sweeten, who had taken it in. A constable was ordered to accompany Monsay; but each of three constables sent for, in turn, managed to be missing at the moment when his services were required. Finally, when a constable was found and the seizure was attempted, a regular mutiny broke out among the merchants—who flocked to Van Sweeten's house and hustled the two officers into a brilliantly hot loft under the roof and there locked them fast. For three hours they were imprisoned, and they had like to die of it. Furthermore, before they were quite stifled the Governor got wind of what had happened and sent a file of soldiers to relieve them and to carry the seizure through. Fancy what a righteous rage the Governor must have been in at finding in one single morning the Collector of the Port the Searcher of the Port, three constables, and a mutinous body of the principal merchants—that is, of the leading citizens of New York—all joined in opposition to his authority and in the perpetration of a crime! And yet that sort of combination was what he had to deal with from first to last.

Had Lord Bellomont been a less resolute or a less honest man he would have abandoned the thankless and seemingly hopeless task in which he was engaged. But the very difficulties which beset his reforming work only made him hang to it with a greater tenacity, and because he did hang on to it—like the lightful old bulldog that he was—he came out victorious in the end. But he was too old for such rough-and-tumble fighting, and that the strain of the conflict in which he so gallantly engaged broke down his health is very probable. He died March 5, 1701; and his body, after lying for some years in the chapel in the Fort, was buried at last in St. Paul's churchyard, where still is his unmarked grave. Very likely this brave gentleman died not unwillingly. Certainly his life here—save for the knowledge of the good work that he was doing—was as hard and as bitter as a life could be. And when his end came he had the satisfaction of knowing that he had won his victory; that through his courtiers New York piracy and the second-hand piracy of "the Red Sea trade" were as dead as he himself was about to be.

Lord Bellomont was our first reformer. What he accomplished, in the face of tremendous odds against him, stands to encourage for all time those who would strive as he strove to purify and to elevate the Government of New York.

THOMAS A. JANVIER.

MR. JANVIER'S SIXTH ARTICLE.

Mr. Janvier's sixth article, which will appear to-morrow, will be entitled "New York Under English Rule." It will tell of the growth and development of New York under the English Colonial Governors.

CITY HISTORY COMPETITION.

Information for Teachers and Pupils of the Public Schools.

The seven articles of Mr. Janvier, the fifth of which appears to-day, are to be made the basis of a City History Competition, to be conducted under the auspices of THE NEW YORK TIMES, for the pupils of the Public Schools. For the guidance of teachers, the following information is given as to the conditions of the contest:

There will be distributed $1,700 in cash prizes and 1,000 Tiffany medals. The prizes to pupils will be:

$200—Fifty prizes of ten dollars ($10) each for the best essays submitted by the pupils of the High Schools of the Public Schools of New York City. These prizes will be divided as follows: For students in the first year's course, twenty (20) prizes; for students in the second year's course, fifteen (15) prizes; for students in the third year's course, ten (10) prizes; for students in the fourth year's course, five (5) prizes.

$200—Fifty prizes of ten dollars ($10) each for the best essays submitted by the pupils of the four upper grades of the Elementary Schools. These prizes will be divided as follows: For the lowest grade of the four upper grades, twenty (20) prizes; for the next highest grade, fifteen (15) prizes; for the second highest grade, ten (10) prizes, and for the highest grade, five (5) prizes.

1,000—One thousand souvenir merit medals made by Tiffany & Co., to be distributed as follows: One to the writer of the essay chosen by the teacher of the class of the writer as the best of twenty submitted from the class. No medal award will be made for an essay unless it is designated by the teacher as the best of twenty submitted by the class, but the teacher is allowed to designate for a medal award two essays for each twenty submitted from the class.

The prizes to teachers will be:

$500—One hundred prizes of five dollars ($5) each will be awarded to the teachers of the pupils winning ten-dollar ($10) prizes.

$100—A prize of twenty dollars ($20) additional will be given to each of the five teachers of English in the High Schools whose pupil, in the judgment of the Committee of Award, submits one of the best five essays.

$100—A prize of twenty dollars ($20) additional will be given to each of the five teachers in the four upper grades of the elementary schools whose pupil, in the judgment of the Committee of Award, submits one of the best five essays.

1,000—To the teacher having a medal pupil THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS will be sent for one year. The subscription may be transferred if the teacher designes.

The school prizes will be:

To the school of each of the five boroughs of Greater New York whose pupils win the largest number of prizes a parchment testimonial will be sent as a souvenir of the contest; framed for exhibition in the schools.

For the money prizes there is no stipulation as to the number of essays which must be submitted to the teacher from each class, but in order that either of the best five essays sent in from any class may receive consideration for a medal award it is necessary that the teacher in sending should specify that they are the best five of twenty essays submitted by the members of the class.

It is only the best two essays from each class which will be considered by the Committee on Award for money prizes, and only the best two essays from each twenty members of a teacher's class, which will be considered for medal awards.

The essays to be considered must come through a teacher of the public schools.

The teacher should not correct any of the essays submitted.

Pupils should be instructed to write only on one side of the paper.

The essays may be written either in the class room or at home, but the teacher is expected to reject from his or her consideration any essay which the teacher is not convinced was both composed and written by the pupil presenting it. The teacher's signature to the essay will be regarded by the Committee on Award as a certificate of the essay's genuineness in all particulars.

All manuscripts must be sent in by June 5. No manuscript received after that date or before June 1 can be considered. Address NEW YORK CITY HISTORY COMPETITION, NEW YORK TIMES, NEW YORK CITY.

In awarding the prizes the following points will be considered in their respective order: 1—Neatness; 2—Penmanship; 3—Grammar; 4—Best summary of Mr. Janvier's articles.

Penmanship does not mean typewriting. No typewritten essays can be considered.

The length of an essay is limited to 500 words.

What is meant by "best summary of Mr. Janvier's articles" is this: The essay should give the impression left on the mind of the pupil by all seven of Mr. Janvier's articles; that is to say, the pupil should take most facts from Mr. Janvier's articles which he or she considers the most important or striking and put them in connected form in the pupil's own language, with or without comment, as may seem fitting to the writer.

All essays which it is deemed to have considered in the competition should be addressed by the teacher to "The New York

City History Competition, THE NEW YORK TIMES, New York City."

It is essential to a proper consideration by the Committee of Award of the essays sent to THE TIMES to be considered in the New York City History Competition that they should be properly marked by the teacher. Those not so marked it will be impossible for the Committee of Award to classify. In order that there should be no difficulty on this point each essay sent in should be accompanied by a certificate from the teacher in the following form:

ESSAY CERTIFICATE.

Name of writer
Address of writer
Name of school
Grade
Signature of teacher
Address of teacher
Number of essays submitted to teacher by this class.
Indicate by check thus ✓ whether this essay is 1, 2, 3, 4.

The necessity of making the first six entries in the certificate is obvious, and the necessity of the last requirement will be clear with a brief explanation.

The best two essays from any class of the public High Schools or of the four upper grades of the elementary schools will be considered for the money prizes without regard to the number of essays submitted to the teacher from that class. It is only the best two essays of twenty submitted from a class, however, which can be considered for a medal award. If forty essays are submitted by a class the teacher of that class will have the right to send to THE TIMES four essays for consideration for medal awards.

In order, therefore, that the Committee of Award will have no difficulty in awarding the medal prizes, it is necessary that the teacher should state how many essays were submitted by his or her class, and if twenty have been submitted should designate the two essays, which are sent in No. 1 and No. 2, and if forty have been submitted, should designate the four sent in No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and No. 4, according to the teacher's judgment of their degree of merit.

It is the decision of the teacher which governs the medal awards unless there should be more than 1,000 essays sent in, all of which have been designated by teachers as the best of twenty or the best of forty; in which event the Committee of Award would then select the best 1,000 upon the basis of comparative merit.

The awards will be made before the close of the schools, and it is hoped that the successful essays may be read by their authors on a day to be agreed on. The full list of those awarded money prizes and medals will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES, and the best ten essays will be published.

CITY'S BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.

Continued with Lectures, Band Concerts and Stereopticon Views.

The city anniversary celebrations were continued last night, with lectures, stereopticon views, and band concerts in various parts of the different boroughs. The attendance generally was very good.

The Seventh Regiment Band gave the concert at Madison Square, playing patriotic airs mostly, to the gratification of a crowd numbering fully 10,000 persons. Stereopticon views thrown on a screen near the Worth Monument showed the development of the city in its various departments.

About 15,000 people gathered in Tompkins Square to witness the stereopticon views and listen to a band concert. About 6,000 school children marched to the Park from the schools in the vicinity, and were banked across the north side of the square. The children sang the popular and National airs played by the band.

In Mulberry Bend Park the Old Guard Band played popular airs, and a stereopticon exhibition was given.

The Bronx Borough celebration took place in St. Mary's Park, at One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and St. Ann's Avenue. It consisted of a concert, a lecture, and stereopticon views.

REPUBLIC TRUST CHANGE.

To be Known as the Waldorf-Astoria Trust Company and to be Open in the Evening.

George C. Boldt of the Waldorf-Astoria, in the plan for the reorganization of the Trust Company of the Republic, has developed a new plan in the way of doing business as a financial institution. Instead of closing its counters at the usual hour of 3 P. M. the new company will probably keep open until late at night. Known as the Waldorf-Astoria Trust Company, it will be located in or near the hotel of that name. The theory of keeping open until late at night is based on the belief that this neighborhood of restaurants, hotels, and theatres would appreciate banking facilities at a time when their business is most active. Besides, the Waldorf-Astoria has been for some years the gathering place in the evening of many big financiers and brokers, and many schemes for stock market operations have been planned there.

The reorganization is in the hands of a committee, consisting of Stuyvesant Fish, George C. Boldt, and James B. Dill. They have formed a plan which is to be submitted to the Directors at a meeting to-day. The number of Directors will be reduced to thirteen from twenty-five, and the Directorate will contain some new names. Seventy per cent. of the stockholders are said to have consented already to the plan of reorganization.

The Trust Company of the Republic had for President until recently D. Le Roy Dresser. It attempted to launch the Shipbuilding Trust, which is just now in process of reorganization. The Trust Company suffered heavily in this scheme.

BOSTON BANK'S TROUBLES.

Controller Ridgely Asks Financial Assistance of Stockholders in Settling Affairs of Central National.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 28.—Receiver Allen of the Central National Bank has returned from Washington. He states that the Controller is particularly desirous of the voluntary assistance, both financial and otherwise, of the Directors in bringing to a rapid conclusion the affairs of the institution. He will call a meeting of the Directors during the coming week, at which time he will put the ultimatum of Controller Ridgely.

From another authentic source it was learned that the class of collateral held by the bank in many cases was next to worthless. In one instance a loan, nearly equal to the bank's capital, has been found to have been almost without value, and upon this the Directors made two distinct loans.

It can be stated authoritatively that unless the Directors come forward voluntarily and aid Receiver Allen and guarantee some of their loans, the affairs of the bank will be aired in court. The Controller has given Mr. Allen full power in the premises.

There is no immediate prospect of additional dividends to depositors, although an effort is being made to raise a sum of money sufficient to pay a small one before July 1.

Dallas Electric's Capital Increase.

TRENTON, N. J., May 28.—The Dallas Electric Company of Boston filed papers with the Secretary of State to-day, increasing its capital from $5,000 to $4,500,000.

Reception to Commander Peary.

The Fellows of the American Geographical Society met their President, Commander R. E. Peary, C. E., United States Navy, at the society's house, 15 West Eighty-first Street, yesterday afternoon at a reception given in his honor. About 700 ladies and gentlemen were present, including a number of members of the Faculties of Columbia, Princeton, Rutgers, and other educational institutions. The guests were received by Mrs. William Libbey, Miss H. L. Robbins, Mrs. John Greenough, Mrs. William G. Hamilton, the Misses Hamilton, Mrs. Francis McN. Bacon, Mrs. George R. Bowdoin, Miss Bowdoin, and Mrs. Levi Holbrook.

FOREIGN-BORN PUPILS WILL KEENLY COMPETE

Great Interest in History Contest Shown Among Them.

Teachers Encourage the Children in Many Ways, and They Are Eager for the Final Day.

A teacher of English in one of the school districts in which the foreign-born element largely predominates writes to THE NEW YORK TIMES that he believes Mr. Gross, the President of the City Teachers' Association, is mistaken in thinking that the greatest interest in the New York City History Competition is being taken in the districts in which there is the largest percentage of pupils of native parentage.

"It may be true, as Mr. Gross says," he states, "that in the so-called 'American districts,' the pupils of the public schools are receiving more encouragement from their parents to enter the competition than is given by parents to pupils of those schools which are situated in districts where there is a large percentage of foreign-born citizens, but in these latter districts the teachers, appreciating the opportunity which the competition affords to familiarize their scholars with the history of the city and thereby develop in them an affection for its institutions and a pride in its welfare which will tend to make them better citizens, are supplying that stimulus which may be lacking in the home. The 'American districts' must look to their laurels or there may be a great surprise in store for them."

Many of the teachers have been encouraging their pupils to keep scrapbooks on the competition, not only for the benefit these will be to them in preparing their essays, but for future reference. In these scrapbooks the pupils paste the articles written by Mr. Janvier and the comments made by THE TIMES on the competition. Later they will write in the books their own essays, and then they will have a complete record of the contest. In later life these books will be an interesting souvenir of an event of importance in their school days.

From all parts of the city information comes to THE TIMES of the interest of teachers and pupils in the competition. W. B. Gunnison, Principal of Erasmus Hall High School of Brooklyn, in speaking of the interest in his school, said:

"If the competition had come a little earlier, I would have had the essay to be based upon Mr. Janvier's articles substituted for the term essay in my school. It came somewhat too late for that, but I have instructed the teachers of English to give all their pupils as much encouragement and assistance as they possibly can.

"There is no doubt that the young people are deeply interested. This was manifest yesterday morning at recess when five or six of the pupils transgressed the rule which prohibits them from leaving the grounds during recess. The boys left the grounds and were missing when the session began. They all came in together and were brought before me. They offered as an excuse that they had left in search of copies of THE TIMES with the Janvier articles, and as they had the papers with them to prove their assertion, I had to accept the excuse."

INTEREST AMONG THE PUPILS.

William L. Ettinger, Ph. D., Principal of Public School No. 1, Oliver and Henry Streets, has been preparing to be transferred to Public School 147, and could not personally take so much interest in THE TIMES's competition, he explained, as he would have liked to do. He said he had referred it with his commendation to the class teachers, to whom the representative of THE TIMES might talk. Miss Agnes M. Walker, teacher of the 7A boys, (that is, boys in the first term of the seventh, or last year,) said that her pupils were enthusiastic, and every one had a copy of the Janvier articles each morning. They were reading the articles with great pleasure.

"Why, they seem to be written for us boys," said one of Miss Walker's pupils, and the teacher said she considered that that was one of the best things that could be said of them. Her pupils were at work, and would be heard from when the competition closed.

Thomas W. Clarke is the teacher of the graduating class of boys in No. 1. There are forty boys in the class, representatives of many different nationalities. Among them is a Chinese boy. When it was inquired how many of the boys were preparing for the competition Mr. Clarke said the boys themselves would answer.

"How many boys are reading the Janvier articles?" Mr. Clarke asked. Every hand was raised.

"How many are going to try to win the prizes?" Again every hand was held up.

"When does the competition close?" asked Mr. Clarke.

"June 1 to 8," was the answer in chorus. Every boy seemed to know all about the competition.

Miss Walker, who had the Chinese boy as one of her pupils last term, said that he was one of the best pupils she had, and had written very fine compositions. He will be a competitor in THE TIMES's competition.

Public School No. 40, East Twentieth Street, has for its Principal Albert Shiels, who was formerly the American representative in Ecuador. He has a school of some 1,200 boys, and they are as bright a lot as can be found anywhere. They have gone into THE TIMES's competition with the same vim that they display in their athletic games. Mr. Shiels said that he had referred the matter to his teacher of English, William K. Franklin, and Mr. Franklin would tell what he was doing.

The four upper grades of Public School No. 40 are conducted on the departmental system, that is, the teachers have specialties just as they have in high schools, and Mr. Franklin teaches English to four classes. He said he had substituted Mr. Janvier's articles for the regular work for the week. The boys will read the articles and then write compositions on them.

"The competition," said Mr. Franklin, "is an excellent drill in civic history and composition, and has aroused more enthusiasm in all the classes than anything that we have had before. Our pupils are all putting forth their best efforts, and it will be singular if we do not win one of the prizes."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

H. A. H.—The pupils of the "corporate schools" are not eligible to the New York City History Competition, as these schools are not a part of the public school system.

J. G. B.—The training department of the Normal College is a part of the college and the pupils of that department cannot be considered as the pupils of a public high school. In order to avoid complications and confusion it has been deemed necessary to confine the competition to the public high schools, which are under the control of the Board of Education, and the four upper grades of the elementary schools, which are a part of the public school system.

WILL OF BISHOP STARKEY.

His Theological Library Left to the Diocese of Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., May 28.—The will of Bishop Thomas Alfred Starkey was filed for probate at the Surrogate's office to-day. It was executed March 25, 1890, and is unusually brief.

The testator provides that his library of theological works be given to the Trustees of the Episcopal Fund of the Diocese of Newark for use by his successor and the clergy, and directs that it be kept together in the Bishop's house.

The residue of the estate, real and personal, is left to the widow, Mrs. Julia R. Starkey. If the wife had died first the residuary estate would have gone to Mrs. Kate Bemis of Joliet, Ill.

The executors named are Edward Bowditch of Albany and George M. Keasbey of this city. The value of the estate is not given.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

Trains, motor cars, and yachts are taking the fashionable set away from town to-day. The country clubs are preparing to have a very merry time and there are house parties everywhere. The bench show at James L. Kernochan's country seat is the great attraction in the Meadowbrook colony. In town it is dull, and there are no entertainments arranged for the day or evening.

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Montgomery Schuyler, Jr., was one of the passengers on the Patricia, arriving last night, and will spend his leave of absence here. He is the second Secretary of the American Embassy at St. Petersburg, and sailed for Europe about a year ago to enter upon his official duties.

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There were booked, among others, to sail yesterday on the Bluecher for Hamburg, via Plymouth and Cherbourg, Charles D. Lanier, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. McClure, Mrs. D. M. Turnure, Miss M. S. Turnure, and Robert McClure.

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Samuel Thorne, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Thorne, and Miss Alice Cheney of Boston will be married in King's Chapel the middle of June.

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The engagement of Miss Anna Earl Dodge, the daughter of Mrs. Stephen Olin, to John McCullough of the Ardsley Club is announced. Miss Dodge is the daughter of the late William E. Dodge. Her mother was a Miss Harriman, the sister of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt. She married, en secondes noces, Stephen Olin last March. The wedding of Mr. McCullough and Miss Dodge will take place at Mount Kisco some time during the Summer.

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Among those who will be on the Pioneer to-day are Henry G. McVickar, W. L. Beadleston, and Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Andrews. C. F. Kilburne had the coach yesterday and Reginald Rives was whip.

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Mrs. James F. Sullivan of Philadelphia is visiting her sister, Mrs. Oscar Livingston.

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The wedding of Edmund J. D. Cox, son of Mrs. Brinton Cox of Philadelphia, and Miss Elisabeth K. Michaux, daughter of Mrs. Frank D. Turner, will take place on Tuesday, June 23, at noon in St. James's Church, Philadelphia.

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Miss Hurry of New York, who went to Philadelphia for the horse show, is the guest there of Miss Eugenia Plumley.

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The death of Col. Johnston de Peyster at his country place at Tivoli on Wednesday afternoon has thrown into mourning one of the late Spring brides, Mrs. Garrett B. Kip. Mrs. Kip was Col. de Peyster's only child, and her wedding took place at the Tivoli on April 25, and was a small affair, owing to her father's ill-health. The honeymoon was spent at Ankony, near Tivoli, in order that Mrs. Kip might be near should Col. de Peyster's health grow worse.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 28.—H. G. Allvaith Ward of New York has rented the Roderick Terry cottage, on Gibbs Avenue, for the season. The Rev. Dr. Terry and Mr. Ward are brothers-in-law, having married daughters of the late Henry G. Marquand. The Terrys will not spend the Summer in Newport, as has been their custom for several years.

Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs and Miss Blanche Oelrichs are here to visit Mr. and Mrs. Peter D. Martin.

Ashoton Harvey of New York has taken a cottage at Jamestown for the Summer.

Among to-day's arrivals were Mrs. A. L. Andrain, Lorillard Spencer, J. W. Chanler, Henry F. Eldridge, Miss Hattie Duer, Joseph Harriman, and Miss Natalie Schenck.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Weld have arrived at their cottage, on Coddington Point.

WEDDINGS AND ENGAGEMENTS.

Miss Margaret Chalmers Holbrook, the daughter of Justice William C. Holbrook, and John Kirkland Clark, son of the late E. P. Clark, for many years editor of The Evening Post, will be married at Justice Holbrook's home, 16 West One Hundred and Thirtieth Street, on June 15, at 9 P. M. Owing to the recent death of the bridegroom's father, the wedding will be a very quiet one, and invitations have been extended only to relatives and a few intimate friends.

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The engagement is announced of Miss Maude Bradley Ellis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Ellis of Hartford, Conn., and Harry Stewart Hall, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. Brigham Hall of this city, formerly of Hartford.

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The engagement is announced of Vivian Harcourt, formerly of London, England, and Miss Lily Wiltshire. Mr. Harcourt is the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Harcourt of London, England, but has lived in New York for ten years. Miss Wiltshire is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wiltshire of Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coale—Steele.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Steele, Jr., was the scene of a beautiful wedding to-day when their daughter, Miss Annie Kathleen Steele, and George William Coale of Baltimore were married in the presence of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The ceremony, at which the Rev. Roland Cotton-Smith of St. John's Church officiated, took place at noon and was followed by a wedding breakfast.

The bride, who entered the drawing room with her father, had as her only attendant, her sister, Mrs. Edward Erskine Gwynne, and was met at the floral chancel by the bridegroom and his best man, Bradley Jones of Baltimore.

The wedding breakfast which followed was attended only by the company witnessing the ceremony.

Later in the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Coale left for an extensive honeymoon trip. They will live in Baltimore.

Northen—Fitch.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 28.—Emmanuel Church was the scene of a brilliant nuptial event at noon to-day in the marriage of Miss Mary Fitch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Fitch, to Frank Northen. The Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, pastor of the church, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Shinn of Newton.

Miss Helen Fitch, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Louis Winby of London, a cousin of the bridegroom, was best man. The bride's gown was of point lace over white satin, and that of the maid of honor was of white chiffon and lace. Both carried shower bouquets of lilies of the valley. There were no bridesmaids.

A wedding breakfast and reception followed the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, 285 Commonwealth Avenue. Mrs. Fitch, who assisted the bridal couple in receiving, was attired in gray chiffon, beautifully embroidered. The ushers were Messrs. Conover and E. C. Fitch, Jr., brothers of the bride; F. H. Hussey of Pittsburg, and Randolph Tucker, Dr. Harry Hartwell, and J. W. Goodrich, of Boston.

Smith—McLaren.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 28.—The wedding of Miss Isabelle McLaren of New York City and F. H. W. Smith of Pittsburg was solemnized here this afternoon in the First Presbyterian Church. The Rev. Donald McLaren, Chaplain, United States Navy, retired, father of the bride, officiated.

Miss Elizabeth Robinson of New York was maid of honor, and Floyd Smith, a brother of the bridegroom, best man. The ushers were Messrs. C. Hutchinson and W. C. Webster of New York, Mr. Throckmorton of Orange, Charles Hodge of Baltimore, and H. D. Shute and F. S. Viele of Pittsburg.

The bridegroom is a business man of Pittsburg and a graduate of Lehigh University. Mr. and Mrs. Smith will make their home in Sewickley, a suburb of Pittsburg.

AROUND THE THEATRES.

Work of Remodeling the Metropolitan Begun—Irish Literary Society Lecture—Other Notes.

The work of remodeling the stage at the Metropolitan Opera House was begun Monday, and work on the auditorium will start shortly. The plans for the latter alterations are in charge of Architects Carrere & Hastings. It is intended to put in a new proscenium arch, to redecorate certain portions of the interior, especially the tier faces in such a fashion as to give the auditorium a gayer appearance, and to make it apparently smaller. A large foyer will also be built on the Thirty-ninth Street side on the parterre tier.

The sum of money to be spent on both stage and auditorium has been limited to $80,000. It was originally intended to spend $100,000 or more, but it is said the Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate Company hesitate to make very large expenditures on the present building, since it is felt that a new Opera House will be built within a few years. The present one was so arranged in the beginning that it is difficult to alter it satisfactorily without rebuilding it.

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The recently organized Irish Literary Society is preparing to gain notice from the public in several ways. The society has already announced some special performances of W. B. Yeats's poetic plays next week, and now it states that to-morrow night a lecture on "The Recent Irish Literary Revival" will be given at Carnegie Lyceum by its President, Charles Johnston. Justice M. J. O'Brien of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court will preside.

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"A Japanese Nightingale," which Klaw & Erlanger secured from its author, Onoto Watanna, last Fall, has been dramatized by William Young, and will be given at Daly's in November, after the run of "The Three Little Maids."

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Marie Doro, who was featured in "The Billionaire" this season, is now the leading woman in the revival of some Daly productions at the California Theatre, San Francisco. The company opened in "The Runaway Girl," in which she is seen to advantage.

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George H. Broadhurst yesterday bought the dramatic rights to the series of "Buster Brown" pictures by R. F. Outcault. John Bratton had already written some music for the piece, and it is said to be the intention of Mr. Broadhurst to write a libretto for it and produce the piece next season.

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At a meeting of the Philharmonic Society held Tuesday, these officers were elected: President—Andrew Carnegie; Vice President—Richard Arnold; Secretary—Felix F. Leifels; Treasurer—Henry P. Schmitt; Librarian—Robert Reitz; Directors—Richard Klugescheid, Louis Kester, Gustav Dannreuther, August Roebbelen, Ernst Bauer, and Louis Schmidt; Trustees—Anton Reiff, Carl Sohst, and Philip Walther.

The election of a conductor was not considered, it having been previously agreed to use those brought here by Heinrich Conried for the Metropolitan Opera House orchestra.

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Charles Burnham, as Treasurer of the fund to provide a sanitarium for consumptive actors, yesterday received $588 from Blanche Walsh as the result of the benefit she gave at the Victoria May 1.

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Fay Templeton, who is now on the road with Weber & Fields, will probably appear in "The Runaways" at the Casino when her present season is closed. Though her starring contract with the Shuberts does not commence until next Fall, she will perhaps forego her Summer vacation to oblige the Shuberts.

IN THE SHOPS.

All sorts and kinds of hats are dressed in petticoats this year. One pretty hat with a moderately high crown and wide rim has a frill of black lace on this rim and is further trimmed with flowers.

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Another hat has the net put on over the rim something as a cover is put on a broom, sewed on the under side, carried over the edge of the rim, and drawn up near the crown on top with gathering strings, pretty narrow ribbons which match the flowers that trim the hat.

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A child's hat has several ruffles of net set on the top of the rim, the straw crown being plain and the hat trimmed with a wreath of poppies, silk ones, in that soft shade of poppy pink that is so beautiful.

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Leghorn is good for children's hats this year as always, and they are easy hats to trim. A wreath of simple flowers of any kind is all that is needed. One Leghorn hat is trimmed with poppies, very small ones carried around the crown, and a cluster of large ones at one side. These flowers are in both pink and red, the red being of a rather soft shade.

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A very beautiful lingerie hat is made of ruffles of narrow "Val." lace. The hat is almost a flat, there being only the slightest rise for the crown. This and all the back of the hat is trimmed with lilacs in the most delicate shades of pale pink and delicate mauve. There are a few folds of white chiffon on the edge of the hat between the ruffles of lace. The effect is charming.

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Another lingerie hat is made largely of "Val." lace and is in a Gainsborough shape and trimmed with big roses of pink and deep crimson with their foliage.

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Those doubled hats which look as if they were bent together to make a workbasket or some other pretty, fancy thing, are not much seen this year, but one which appears is delightful. It is one of the wide-rimmed hats, and the rim at the back is doubled entirely over to the front, covering the crown entirely. The little bit of the hat that remains to trim in front is filled in with hydrangeas, pale blue and delicate pink, the two shades separated by a bit of green foliage in the centre. There is a plaiting of fine blue, very narrow, finishing the edge of the hat and on the top, and falling over the hair are pale blue bows and green foliage. For the right kind of a girl it is a most becoming and stunning hat.

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Mexican hats which are good, with their pointed crowns, for some people, can be found for 50 cents. They are picturesque Summer outing hats.

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A lot of Summer parasols have been reduced to $1.50. Some of these are of pongee with a wide hemstitched hem and very pretty. A pongee parasol is always useful. Other parasols are in dark silks of different colors, with lines of white around the edge.

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Women's sailor hats are trimmed, many of them, with long-bows on the left side. One hat, for instance, this a rather wide sailor, is trimmed with a white silk scarf carried around the crown in tight folds, and the same folds are made into a bow with two long loops and long ends at the side.

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Another sailor is trimmed with black velvet ribbon, this about one and one-half inches wide, carried around the crown and tied in a long bow at the left side, the ends and loops in the back extending a little beyond the rim and reaching nearly to the edge in the front.

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Children's sailors are more often finished with the bows and ends in the back.

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A pink linen gown which is pretty is trimmed with big round white medallions, each outlined with white lace set in a line around the edge of the skirt. The medallions are four or five inches in diameter and the plain white centre is set closely with black French knots.

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There are more of these medallions, but smaller, set into a white lace yoke and around the lower part of the bodice in the pink. The stock is of white lace with a half-inch band of pink at the top, this set with black knots.

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A linen-colored linen gown has the jacket trimmed with white-stitched black cloth. This forms the collar and lapels carried down the full length of the coat. There are narrow bands of black on the cuffs.

CANAL TREATY MAY FAIL.

Reported from Bogota That Colombian Congress Will Almost Certainly Reject It.

COLON, Colombia, May 28.—The report comes from Bogota, the capital, that the Colombian Congress is almost certain to reject the Panama Canal treaty in its present form. It is added that open opposition to the measure is encountered everywhere.

MRS. ROOSEVELT OFF FOR GROTON

Will Visit Her Two Sons Attending the School There.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by her sister-in-law, Mrs. W. S. Cowles, left here to-day for Groton, Mass., to visit her sons, Theodore and Kermit, who are attending school there. Miss Roosevelt left for Albany, where next Tuesday she will be a bridesmaid at the wedding of Miss Ruth Pruyn and David M. Goodrich of Boston.

Mrs. Roosevelt will go from Groton to Albany to attend the wedding.

PROPHECY EMPTIES A TOWN OF NEGROES.

To Escape Predicted Tornado 8,000 Blacks Flee from Pine Bluff, Ark.

Special to The New York Times.

PINE BLUFF, Ark., May 28.—Eight thousand negroes at least have deserted this city, and will stay away until Saturday or longer, as the result of Ellen Jefferson's prophecy that the place will be destroyed by tornado to-morrow. The two railroads have sold an aggregate of $8,200 worth of tickets for from 18 to 51 cents each to those who desired to get beyond the reach of the storm.

The prophetess says that God told her to warn all the faithful to go at least six miles from Pine Bluff. The storm is scheduled to wipe Pine Bluff off the map at exactly 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Only about 700 negroes are left in town, and some of them are on the verge of flight. The prophetess is in jail at Little Rock awaiting examination as to her sanity. The craze she started will cost the city and surrounding country not less than $200,000. For ten days there have been heavy rains on the Upper Arkansas River and in this vicinity. The river is rising. Hick's Almanac says there will be heavy rains at this time of the month.

Last Friday some boys for a joke fastened a white pigeon to the hands of the town clock and threw some geese down the tower. A thousand negroes stood on the square with bulging eyes, and believed the prophetess had foretold the event. All of these things have served to increase the unreasoning fear of the negroes. A small percentage of white persons have become infected. Only one negro preacher has had the nerve to denounce the prophecy, while others stay at their posts, afraid to express their opinion for fear their fleeing flocks will dispossess them. At a trial this morning of forty negro witnesses who had been subpoenaed, only one appeared. To-day has been cloudy, and further augmented the exodus.

Baggage and freight cars are utilized by the negroes, who put together their few household goods in cracker boxes and other packages. The station agents have run out of baggage checks, and are using ordinary shipping tags.

CHANGE IN CHARITIES BOARD.

President Stewart Succeeded by Vice President Stoddard.

ALBANY, May 28.—The State Board of Charities to-day announced that at its meeting yesterday in New York City, the resignation of President William R. Stewart, which had been laid on the table at the annual meeting in April, was accepted at his urgent request. Commissioner E. V. Stoddard of Rochester, formerly Vice President of the board, was unanimously elected President, and Dr. Stephen Smith of New York City was unanimously elected Vice President.

The board approved plans for the construction of a hospital for consumptives at the Westchester County Almshouse, and voted to appoint William C. Rogers of Rochester Inspector of Almshouses in place of Inspector Dorr, resigned.

BANQUET TO WILLIAM DALTON.

Members of Tammany General Committee Honor a Veteran Leader.

A farewell banquet was given to William Dalton, who sails on the Campania to-morrow for a two months' rest in Europe, by the members of the Tammany Hall General Committee of the Eleventh Assembly District, at the Hotel Marlborough, at Thirty-sixth Street and Broadway, last night. Alderman Doull presided.

John J. Delany presented to Mr. Dalton and his wife a solid silver table set from the district. Hermann Ridder, Father O'Dwyer, John M. Quinn, Judge Giegerich, and W. J. McKenna also spoke. There were over 600 loyal supporters of Tammany present, and all references to the organization were greeted with loud cheers. It was Mr. Dalton's thirtieth anniversary as a member of the General Committee.

JAMES B. HOUSTON DEAD.

Was Godson of President Buchanan—Served in the Navy.

James Buchanan Houston, retired broker, and godson of the President of the United States for whom he was named, died yesterday from heart trouble in his rooms at the Rockingham, Broadway and Fifty-sixth Street, after an illness of six weeks. He was sixty-four years old and was born in Washington. His grandfather, Commodore Truxton, received from Congress a gold medal for gallantry in the fight between the United States frigate Constellation and the French ship of war La Vengeance.

Mr. Houston himself entered the navy shortly before the civil war and was on the San Jacinto, under Capt. Wilkes, when it captured Mason and Slidell. After the war he entered the insurance business and later became a broker. Until six years ago, when he retired, he was a member of the firm of T. Pearsall & Co. For over ten years he was President of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

He married Helen Middleton of Washington, D. C., who survives him. He leaves also a son, Buchanan Houston; a daughter, and two married sisters. He was a member of the Union and Racquet Clubs, the New York Whist Club, the Loyal Legion, and the Sons of the American Revolution.

D. W. Miller of Chattanooga Dead.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 28.—D. W. Miller, general manager of the Aetna Coal Company, was run over and killed instantly to-day at Aetna.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Johnston L. De Peyster.

POUGHKEEPSIE, May 28.—Col. Johnston L. de Peyster, only surviving son of Gen. J. Watts de Peyster, died at his country seat at Tivoli-on-Hudson last night of cirrhosis of the liver, with which he had been afflicted for two years. Col. de Peyster arrived at Tivoli from his Winter home in Washington two months ago and has been sinking fast since then. Three weeks ago a delegation of fellow-citizens visited his home and presented him with a medal for raising the first flag over the Capitol after the fall of Richmond in 1865. His wife and three daughters were at his bedside, but there was no reconciliation between the Colonel and his father, from whom he had been estranged for many years.

Col. de Peyster comes from an old Dutch family. He was born at Tivoli in 1846. He served on the staff of Gen. Weitzel in the civil war and was brevetted Lieutenant Colonel by the Governor of New York in 1865. His two brothers, John Watts de Peyster, Jr., and Frederick de Peyster, Jr., were both distinguished officers in the civil war. The elder was a Major and brevetted a Colonel for distinguished services at Chancellorsville, and the younger was brevetted Colonel for gallantry at the first battle of Bull Run.

For years there had been a feud between Col. de Peyster and his father. It originated in 1886, when Gen. de Peyster and his wife separated. In this family difference Col. de Peyster took sides with his mother, and ever afterward relations were strained between father and son. In different political contests at Tivoli they took great interest, and were always on opposite sides. The General spent large amounts in building orphan homes, churches, firehouses, and monuments. After his son's first election to office in Tivoli Gen. de Peyster made known his displeasure by forcing one of the village hose companies to vacate an $8,000 home he had previously built for them. At the village election in 1900 the issue was whether father or son should be President of the village. Col. de Peyster was elected.

Col. de Peyster married Miss Annie Toler. He had three daughters, two of whom are unmarried. The youngest, Miss Carola de Peyster, was married to Garrett B. Kip, a son of Mrs. John Blake Baker, on April 25. Col. de Peyster was a member of the Knickerbocker Club of this city. The funeral services will take place at St. Paul's Church, at Tivoli, to-morrow at noon.

Joseph Warren Burden.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., May 28.—Joseph Warren Burden of New York died this afternoon at his residence, Underledge, in Lenox. Dr. Charles McBurney of New York and Dr. Henry Colt of Pittsfield performed an operation on him at noon. Mr. Burden did not rally from the shock and died in an hour. He came on from New York only a few days ago to occupy his country place in Lenox.

Mr. Burden was a member of the famous Troy family of that name. He was a brother of Henry Burden and the late William Burden, and a cousin of I. Townsend Burden and of James Abercrombie Burden. Mr. Burden was graduated from Williams College in the year 1872. He was a member of the Union and University Clubs. Through his mother he was a relative of the Warrens, who are also from Troy, and he married Miss Hariette Griswold, a sister of the late Chester Griswold, and a daughter of the late John A. Griswold of Troy. Besides a widow, Mr. Burden leaves three children—two sons and a daughter. One of his sons is a student at Harvard. He was about fifty years of age.

Obituary Notes.

FRANK D. MARCH, President of the Standard Rivet Company of Boston, died at his home in Cambridge, Mass., yesterday after an illness which had its beginning in the latter part of February last, just after he returned from a business trip to the southwestern part of this country.

The Rev. GEORGE A. PHOEBUS died at his home, 124 Second Place, Brooklyn, yesterday. He was born seventy-three years ago in Somerset County, Maryland. After being graduated from Dickinson College he entered the Methodist ministry, laboring principally at Wilmington, Del. He retired from active work in 1880 because of ill-health. Two sons and five daughters survive him.

Mrs. WILLIAM H. KERR, mother of Henry S. Kerr of Redmond, Kerr & Co., bankers at 41 Wall Street, died suddenly at her home in the Navarro flats, 165 West Fifty-eighth Street, yesterday. A throat affection which had troubled her slightly assumed serious proportions. Her son, who lived with her, sent for Dr. M. Nicoll of 134 East Sixtieth Street, but Mrs. Kerr died before he arrived. Mrs. Kerr was the widow of a State Prosecuting Attorney of Ohio.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Collars E. & W. Lock Front. Collars.

MARRIED.

CLARKE—STRICKLAND.—In New York, privately, on account of illness, on Thursday, May 28, 1903, by the Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, Clementina Katherine Strickland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roland Strickland of Lakefield, Canada, to William Fayal Clarke of New York City.

LAWRENCE—LIEBER.—At the residence of the bride's father, Washington, D. C., Wednesday, May 27th, 1903, by the Rev. C. Earnest Smith, Louise Lieber, daughter of Gen. G. Norman Lieber, U. S. A., to Augustine N. Lawrence, Jr., of Flushing, N. Y.

McCREADY—STRONG.—On Thursday, May 28, 1903, at the Crescent Av. Presbyterian Church, Plainfield, N. J., by Rev. William R. Richards and Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, Harriet Ebner Strong to Thomas Leighton McCready of New York.

ROBINSON—PARKER.—At St. Peter's Church, on Wednesday evening, May 27, by Rev. Lindsay Parker, Ph. D., rector, Ethel, daughter of the officiating clergyman, to John Morris Robinson, Jr., of St. John, N. B.

Dublin and Belfast (Ireland) and St. John (N. B.) papers please copy.

DIED.

BROWN.—On Monday, May 25, George Whitfield Brown, Jr., aged 47 years.

Funeral services will be held at the Calvary Baptist Church, 57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs., on Friday, May 29, at 4:30 P. M. Interment private.

BURDEN.—At his residence, in Lenox, Mass., Thursday, May 28, Joseph Warren Burden.

Notice of funeral later.

COOPER.—At his residence, 118 East Twenty-first Street, Gramercy Park, on Tuesday, May 26th, Charles W. Cooper, son of the late William Cooper.

Funeral services at Calvary Church, Twenty-first Street and Fourth Avenue, on Friday, May 29, at 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

COWING.—At Winona, Minn., on Sunday, May 24, 1903, Emily Mitchell, wife of James R. Cowing.

Funeral services at the residence of H. W. Cowing, 52 Garden Place, Brooklyn, on Friday, May 29, at 3 P. M.

DE PEYSTER.—At Tivoli, on Wednesday, May 27, Johnston Livingston de Peyster, in the fifty-seventh year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

DE PEYSTER.—Col. Johnston Livingston, at Tivoli, on Wednesday, May 27.

Funeral at St. Paul's Church, Tivoli, Saturday, May 30, at 12 o'clock noon. Train leaves Grand Central Station, Hudson River Railroad, at 8:45 A. M. Returning leaves Tivoli at 2:46 P. M.

DIX.—On Tuesday, May 26, Robert Dix, aged 72 years.

Funeral at his late residence, 334 Greene Av., Brooklyn, Friday, May 29, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends of the family are invited.

DORTIC.—On May 27, 1903, Evelina, daughter of the late Sebastian G. and Ann Adele Dortic.

Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 9 East Forty-seventh Street, New York City, on Friday, May 29, at 2 o'clock P. M.

HART.—At Orange, N. J., on Thursday afternoon, the 28th inst., Jane, beloved wife of Edwin J. Hart.

Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 151 Alden St., Orange, on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Train leaves foot of West 23d St., via Erie R. R., at 1:25 for Orange Station.

HIND.—At his residence, Morristown, N. J., Thursday evening, May 28, James Fisher Hind.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

HOUSTON.—At his residence, 1,743 Broadway, New York, on Thursday, the 28th inst., James Buchanan Houston, in the 65th year of his age.

Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

Washington papers please copy.

JERVEY.—On Thursday, May 28th, in the 81st year of her age, Anna Postell, daughter of the late James P. Jervey of Charleston, S. C.

Funeral services at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Saturday, May 30th, at 2 P. M.

KERR.—Suddenly, at her late residence, 165 West 58th St., on May 28th, Harriet Ellen, widow of the late William H. Kerr.

Interment in Trinity Cemetery May 30. Kindly omit flowers.

MILHAU.—Of pneumonia, on Tuesday, May 26, Edward Leon Milhau, son of the late John Milhau, in the 70th year of his age.

Funeral from the Church of St. Charles Borromeo, Sydney Place, Brooklyn, on Friday morning, May 29, at 10 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

Boston and Philadelphia papers please copy.

MORGAN.—At East Rockaway, L. I., Wednesday, May 27, Archer Lloyd, two and a half years of age, youngest son of J. W. and Edith L. Morgan of Montclair, N. J.

Funeral services at St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Montclair, on Friday, May 29, at 2 P. M.

London and Brighton papers please copy.

NAHM.—On Thursday morning, May 28, Gertrude, beloved wife of Julius Nahm and daughter of Lewis A. and Sallie Myers.

Funeral from her parents' residence, 65 East 93d St., on Friday, May 29, at 2 P. M.

Baltimore and New Rochelle papers please copy.

RORBACH.—Suddenly, at 212 East 19th St., Robert N. Rorbach, in his 76th year.

Funeral notice hereafter.

SINCLAIR.—On May 28, 1903, Mary F. Sinclair, daughter of the late Samuel and Charlotte A. Sinclair, in her 67th year.

Funeral services at Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church on Friday at 3:30 P. M.

TRACY.—At 20 Irving Place, Tuesday, May 26, Mrs. Agnes Ethel Tracy.

Interment at Buffalo.

WILDER.—On Wednesday, May 27, 1903, at Bridgeport, Conn., Emily Lee, wife of William R. Wilder, and daughter of the late Thaddeus and Maria Beecher.

Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Miss Beecher, 199 Pembroke Street, on Friday, May 29, 1903, at 3:30 P. M. Carriages will meet the train leaving Grand Central Depot, New York City, at 1 o'clock.

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HANNA PRAISES ROOSEVELT.

Convention in His Home County Recommends the President's Nomination.

CLEVELAND, May 28.—The Republican County Convention to-day adopted resolutions indorsing the Administration of President Roosevelt and recommending his nomination and election in 1904. The resolutions also warmly praise the records and service of Senators Foraker and Hanna and Gov. Nash. Delegates to the State Convention were instructed to cast a solid vote for Col. Myron T. Herrick for Governor.

Senator Hanna addressed the convention, and paid a high tribute to President Roosevelt and his Administration. In part Senator Hanna said:

"I have nothing but commendation for the record of the President, from that awful day in Buffalo, when in the presence of his Cabinet he registered a vow, and called as witnesses the whole American people that it would be his duty as well as his pleasure to carry out the policies of William McKinley.

"That utterance gave him a high place in the hearts of the American people, and to the best of his ability he has labored honestly to carry out that pledge."

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 28.—Republicans of Hamilton County in convention to-day selected ninety-eight delegates to the State Convention at Columbus next Wednesday, and indorsed Myron T. Herrick of Cleveland for Governor and Wade H. Ellis of Cincinnati for Attorney General. No action was taken on Presidential preferences.

DEATHS REPORTED MAY 28.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. May.
BAADER, Margaret, 309 W. 44th	41	[illegible]
BISHOP, Frank A., Hannibal, Mo.	47	[illegible]
BACIGALUPO, Minnie, 215 Thompson	19	[illegible]
BYRON, John J., 345 E. 92d St.	[illegible]	27
BOEHME, Emma M. E., 409 W. 150th	[illegible]	27
BERGER, Sigmund, 226 E. 73d St.	[illegible]	27
CARMODY, Mary F., 782 Columbus Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHICKIMUG, Catharine, 401 W. 160th	[illegible]	[illegible]
COOPER, Charles W., 118 E. 21st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CLARK, Parker P., 14 E. 44th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DANIELS, George, Baptist Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
DIAZ, Bernardina, 238 E. 24th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DUNN, Mary A., 116 E. 100th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FULLER, D. H., 489 Manhattan Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FILOMIA, Cornelia, 337 E. 117th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FECHTMAN, Martin, 7 Broome St.	[illegible]	27
GASSMAN, Julian, 131 W. 32d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOETZ, Joseph L., 134 2d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOVER, Catharine, 2,001 3d Av.	27	[illegible]
GOLDBERG, Louis, 36 Minetta Lane	41	27
GEILER, Annie M., 1,517 Madison Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOLDSTEIN, Elias, 196 2d St.	[illegible]	27
GUARERA, Antonina, 317 E. 12th	[illegible]	[illegible]
HUMBERT, John R., 38 W. 100th St.	46	[illegible]
HOLST, Annie, 788 Washington St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HORN, Solomon, 372 Marcy Av., Brooklyn	[illegible]	27
HOLLORAN, Mary, 2,608 8th Av.	10	27
HACKETT, Hugh, 402 W. 46th St.	17	27
IMANUEL, Frank, 515 E. 16th St.	41	27
JESUIT, Herman, 488 10th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JENART, Isabel, 404 E. 51st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KERNER, Nathan, 232 E. 56th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KELLER, Charles, 306 E. 13th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KETTY, Margaret, 1,087 1st Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KLEIN, Joseph, 63 Mangin St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KENZON, Cornelius, 506 W. 133d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KELLY, Ellen R., 178 W. 135th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LEVY, Lewis, 174 E. 76th St.	47	[illegible]
LEMEISTER, Peter, 1,852 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LUPO, Giovanni, 211 Mott St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LONGBERRY, Kate, 252 3d Av.	[illegible]	27
LISBY, Margarita, 5 Dominick St.	[illegible]	27
MACKIE, Peter, 325 Hudson St.	[illegible]	27
MURRAY, Eugenie, 550 W. 122d St.	[illegible]	27
MULHERN, John, City H. for Aged	[illegible]	27
MAY, Charles, 501 E. 16th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCORKER, Matthew, 35 Macdougal	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCANN, Catherine, 381 W. 130th	[illegible]	[illegible]
McALLISTER, Florence, 55 1st Av.	[illegible]	27
McCABE, Michael, 1,873 1st Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
NEILSON, John, 675 Hudson St.	[illegible]	27
NAHM, Gertrude, New Rochelle	[illegible]	[illegible]
NELSON, James, 771 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'CONNELL, John, 691 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'DONOHUE, Mabel S., 63 W. 49th	[illegible]	27
O'BRIEN, Elizabeth, 18 Jane St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'BRIEN, James, 58 W. 8th St.	[illegible]	27
OSTRANDER, Helen W., 336 W. 49th	[illegible]	27
O'BRIEN, Philip, 1,404 Avenue A	[illegible]	27
PARTRIDGE, Susan E., 463 W. 151st	[illegible]	[illegible]
PADIVANO, Teresina, 204 Forsyth St.	1	[illegible]
PARFITT, Charles R., 49 W. 76th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PIKEN, Annie, 4 Suffolk St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RUTICKA, Anton, Immigrant Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROTH, Becky, 68 Sheriff St.	[illegible]	27
RIKER, William, Ossining, N. Y.	[illegible]	27
RANDOLPH, Tony, 326 E. 114th St.	[illegible]	27
STOPKA, Maria H., Immigrant Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STERN, William, 316 E. 6th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SAAR, Najeeb, 21 Washington St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHEEHY, James, Bethune St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STARK, Jennie, 180 Allen St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SIMON, Samuel, 2,107 5th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SPARROW, W. B., 172 W. 65th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STOKES, Leopoldo, 224 W. 45th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SWITZNICK, Isadore, 2 Forsyth St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHERRIN, Joseph, 208 South St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SELIG, Rose, 659 E. 5th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
TURTURIELLO, N., 327 E. 112th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
TAYLOR, Hannah, Baptist Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
TRACY, Agnes E., 20 Irving Place	[illegible]	[illegible]
VALENTI, Luigia, 474 Pearl St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WHELAN, Richard, 424 W. 48th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WECKLEIN, Frieda, E. Portchester, Conn.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WANDLING, C., 308 W. 138th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WANDLING, G., 308 W. 138th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WANDLING, H., 308 W. 138th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WHITMORE, Nancy A.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. May.
BETZ, J., 1,267 E. 169th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BRIGHAM, Phoebe A., Home for Incurables	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHAPPELL, C. H., William's Bridge	[illegible]	[illegible]
LOMAN, Rose M., 711 E. 146th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PFANNEBECKER, L., Lebanon Hos.	[illegible]	[illegible]
REISS, J. W., 2,306 Jerome Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
TUITE, Julia, 575 College Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
TAYEN, J. L., 912 Cauldwell Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. May.
AESCHLIMANN, Charles F., 20th St. and 18th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BALEY, Joseph, 168 Monitor St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BERGER, Albert C., 211 Decatur St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLIZZINSKI, James S., 371 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BRADY, Ellen, 2,004 Atlantic Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CAGGEGIE, Concetta, 649 Union St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CATTE, Alice, Orphan Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHANT, Samuel A., 346 10th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CONNELLY, Lizzie, 113 Powell St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DALTON, Andrew, 377 Sackett St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DIX, Robert, 334 Greene Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DONALDSON, Sarah E., 2,364 Atlantic Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FRANHOEFFER, F., N. Y. City Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
FREDERICK, George, L. I. C. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FROMME, William, 375 Jefferson Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GALLAGHER, Mary, 380 Hicks St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOLDSBOROUGH, Robert L., Sheepshead Bay Track	[illegible]	[illegible]
HEINZE, Henry, E. D. Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
HICKEY, John J., 10 Clermont Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HIGGINS, Millie, 8 Flushing Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HOLMES, William A., 75 Marion St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JACOBS, Helena, 97 Leonard St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JELLE, Mary, Kingston Av. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JOHNSON, W. H., 152 Cornelia St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JONES, Pauline, German Evangelical Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
KEHL, Maria A., 52 Junius St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KLOSS, Edmund, 2,050 Pitkin Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LONGOBARDO, Maria, L. I. C. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MENELLA, Michele, 112 Van Brunt St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MERRIMAN, Gladys B., 800 Van Buren St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCLOUD, Margaret, St. Peter's Hos.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McDONNELL, J., 707 Bedford Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McHUGH, Thomas, 111 N. 5th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
NAPPI, Tony, 345 Shepherd Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PARTRIDGE, Catharine, 280 Navy St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PORTER, Edward, foot 4th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RYAN, Anna, 202 Atlantic Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHMITT, C., 128 Stanhope St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCOTT, W. E., 14th St., Sheepshead Bay	[illegible]	[illegible]
SEAMAN, Elizabeth F., 700 Leonard St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SMYTH, Ernest, 387 79th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SULLIVAN, Patrick, Erie Basin	[illegible]	[illegible]
VAVIES, Margaret G., Av. K and E. 26th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WACHTER, Kaspar, 260 Withers St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WALD, William, Norwegian Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WALLS, John, 203 Hoyt St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WHITE, Eliza, 126A Quincy St.	[illegible]	[illegible]

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

Capt. John H. Beacom, Sixth Infantry, will proceed to Fort Riley for the purpose of explaining the action of the new experimental rifle with the twenty-four-inch barrel.

Major John Newton, Sixteenth Infantry, is detailed as a member of the examining board convened at Chickamauga Park, vice Major Francis H. French, relieved.

Capt. Charles T. Baker, Quartermaster, will report to Major Carroll A. Devol, General Superintendent of the Army Transport Service, San Francisco, for temporary duty.

First Lieut. Christian Briand, Fifteenth Cavalry, is relieved from treatment at the General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, and will report to Capt. John Stafford, recruiting officer at San Francisco, for temporary duty as assistant.

Second Lieut. J. Alfred Moss, Twenty-third Infantry, will proceed to Fort McHenry and report for temporary duty at that post.

Capts. Champe C. McCulloch, Jr., and Guy C. M. Godfrey, Assistant Surgeons, are relieved from further duty in the Philippines and will proceed to San Francisco.

Loren C. Grieves and Robert Morrison, Jr., cadets of the second class, Military Academy, having been reported as deficient in study, are discharged.

Capt. Lloyd M. Brett, Second Cavalry, will report to the Depot Quartermaster in Washington to assist in the inspection of horses to be purchased for the army.

Capt. John W. Joyes, Ordnance Department, is designated as Acting Quartermaster at Dusseldorf, Germany, for the purpose of attending to the shipment to this country of ordnance material.

First Lieut. Harry A. Woodruff, Seventeenth Infantry, will proceed to Vancouver Barracks and report to his regimental commander with a view of being appointed Adjutant, Second Battalion, Seventeenth Infantry.

First Lieut. Juan A. Boyle and First Lieut. Joseph W. Glidden are transferred from the Nineteenth to the Fourth Infantry.

First Lieut. Edwin J. Nowlen, Eleventh Infantry, is relieved from duty with that regiment and will report to the commanding officer of the Twenty-sixth Infantry for duty.

Navy.

Commander F. H. Delano is ordered to Coasters Harbor Island for instruction at the Naval War College.

Commander W. P. Potter, Lieut. Commander W. H. Harrison, and Assistant Surgeon M. K. Elmer are detached from the Ranger and ordered home to wait orders.

Commander D. D. V. Stuart, Lieut. Commander W. H. Allderdice, Lieuts. H. V. Butler, L. B. Jones, P. N. Olmsted, C. B. Britton, and C. S. Stanworth, and C. S. Freeman, Assistant Surgeon K. B. Ohnesorg, and Ensign R. A. Abernathy are detached from the Yorktown and ordered home to wait orders.

Commander T. Potter, Lieuts. W. M. Cross and W. P. Scott, Ensign J. F. Hellweg, and Assistant Surgeon J. T. Kennedy are detached from the Princeton and ordered home to wait orders.

Lieut. Commander W. P. White is ordered to the Alliance as executive officer.

Lieut. A. R. McCarthy is ordered to duty in connection with fitting out the Brooklyn, and to duty as navigator on that vessel when placed in commission.

Lieut. C. S. Kempff is ordered to the New York.

Ensign A. W. Pressey is ordered to special temporary duty at Guam, via San Francisco, July 1.

Ensign E. E. Scranton is ordered to the Mohican.

Ensign A. W. Johnson is ordered to the Puritan July 1.

Midshipmen C. E. Smith and F. M. Potet are ordered to the New York July 25.

Midshipman F. G. Blair is ordered home with leave for thirty days.

Assistant Surgeon M. K. Elmer is ordered home to wait orders.

Assistant George E. L. Wright, when relieved from treatment at Pensacola, is ordered home with sick leave for three months.

Assistant Paymaster F. G. Kennard is ordered to Mare Island for examination for promotion, then to wait orders.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Arrivals—The Nashville, at Key West; the Albany, the Cincinnati, and the Raleigh, at Port Said; the Panther, at San Juan; the Glacier, at Malta; the Boston, at San Francisco; the Marblehead and the Fortune, at Mare Island; El Cano, at Kow-Kiang; the Pompey, at Hongkong; the Olympia, the Vixen, and the Marcellus, at Guimanera.

Sailings—The Culgoa, from Bermuda for Guantanamo; the Barry and the Bainbridge, from Norfolk and Annapolis; the Worden, for speed trial; the Arkansas, from Memphis for Helena, Ark.

The destroyer Hopkins was delivered yesterday to the commandant of the League Island yard.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The area of low pressure that was central Wednesday evening over eastern Lake Superior has advanced to the mouth of the St. Lawrence, diminishing somewhat in energy. The Southwestern low has made little progress northeastward; it is central to-night over the Texas Pan Handle. There have been numerous thunder-storms in widely separated parts of the country, in many cases without rain. Substantial rains have fallen in the Middle Mississippi Valley, over Eastern Kansas, Oklahoma, and light rains have fallen in the Middle Rocky Mountain region, and the extreme Northwest. There have also been light rains in Northeastern Texas and Western North Carolina. It is cooler in the Upper Missouri Valley, over the eastern slope, in the Middle Mississippi Valley, and the lower lake region.

Showers and thunder storms will continue in the Middle Mississippi and the Missouri Valley, over the eastern slope Friday, and extend into the Upper Ohio Valley by Friday night. There will be showers Saturday in the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the southern portion of the Middle Atlantic States. Lower temperatures will prevail over the regions of rainfall, and it will be cooler in Eastern New York and New England.

The winds along the Middle Atlantic and New England Coasts will be fresh northwest; on the South Atlantic Coast light to fresh southwest; on the Gulf Coast fresh southeast to south; on the upper lakes mostly light to fresh southeast, and on the lower lakes fresh northwest, becoming variable.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have fresh west to northwest winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Warnings of flood stages in the Missouri River at Kansas City have been issued. The river is now beyond the danger stage at that point. Warnings of danger-line stages have been issued for the rivers of Iowa and the Mississippi, between Burlington and Hannibal. Storm warnings are displayed on the Maine Coast.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

New England, fair and cooler Friday, preceded by showers in Eastern Maine. Saturday, fair; fresh to brisk northwest winds.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania, fair and cooler Friday. Saturday, fair; fresh west to northwest winds.

New Jersey, fair Friday and Saturday; cooler in the interior Friday; fresh west to northwest winds.

Western Pennsylvania, fair Friday. Saturday, increasing cloudiness; light to fresh southeast to east winds.

Western New York, fair Friday and Saturday; warmer Saturday; fresh west winds, becoming variable.

District of Columbia, Delaware, and Maryland, fair Friday. Saturday, increasing cloudiness; probably showers; light to fresh west winds.

Virginia and North Carolina, showers Friday and Saturday, except fair on the coast; light, variable winds.

South Carolina, fair Friday and Saturday, except showers in the interior; fresh southwest to south winds.

Minnesota, fair Friday and Saturday; light northeast winds along the lake.

West Virginia, fair Friday. Saturday, showers.

South Dakota, fair Friday and Saturday.

North Dakota, fair Friday; warmer in northwest portion. Saturday, fair.

LOCAL FORECAST.—Fair and cooler; winds west to northwest.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES'S thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.— 1902.	1903.	Times. 1903.
3 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	66
6 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	70
9 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	76
12 M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	82
3 P. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	85
6 P. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	80
9 P. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	75
12 P. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	71

THE TIMES'S thermometer is 4 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 296 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	76
Weather Bureau	72
Corresponding date 1902	60
Corresponding date for last 25 years	[illegible]

The thermometer registered 67 degrees at 6 A. M. yesterday and 74 degrees at 8 P. M., the maximum temperature being 80 degrees at 2:30 P. M. and the minimum 64 degrees at 12:15 A. M. The humidity was 63 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 74 per cent. at 8 P. M.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

New York City.

GEORGE B. HALL.—Schedules in the assignment of George B. Hall, exporter, of 35 Warren Street, show liabilities of $2,861, nominal assets of $3,977, and actual assets of $674.

JOHN C. STOKES.—The Sheriff has taken possession of the premises of John C. Stokes, coal dealer, 125 St. Nicholas Avenue, on an execution for $1,491 in favor of Dixon & Eddy. An attachment against the property of the same for $2,210 has been issued in favor of R. Fitzpatrick.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

MORRIS ROMM.—Morris Romm of 261 Broome Street filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilities to the amount of $1,862 and no assets.

JAMES H. CLAREY.—James H. Clarey, baker, of 693 Sixth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities to the amount of $3,291 and no assets.

JOHN J. SHEELER.—Schedules in bankruptcy of John J. Sheeler show liabilities of $8,112 and assets of $2,756, the latter consisting principally of debts due.

JOSEPH F. FLANNERY.—Joseph F. Flannery, liquors and cigars, formerly of 536 Hudson Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilities of $4,158 and no assets.

REBECCA WEISS.—Rebecca Weiss, (Mrs. Herman Weiss,) liquor dealer, of 120 First Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilities to the amount of $1,959 and no assets.

ADOLPH WEISS.—Adolph Weiss, formerly real estate broker, of 23 Park Row, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities to the amount of $19,895 and no assets. The largest creditors are Mary E. Barnes, $4,068, and Randolph Guggenheimer, $6,000.

WEINSTEIN BROTHERS.—Joseph Weinstein, Harris Weinstein, and Max Weinstein, composing the firm of Weinstein Brothers, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities to the amount of $1,985 and no assets. Individual petitions show nominal assets and liabilities.

LESSER BROTHERS.—Lesser Brothers, attorneys for the petitioning creditors and for the receivers of Henry Burslein, manufacturer of cloaks at 50 East Ninth Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on April 24, say that Mr. Burslein has compromised with his creditors at 25 cents on the dollar and that he will continue in the same line of business. All the interested parties having given their consent, the petition has been dismissed.

PEETS COMPANY.—A petition in involuntary bankruptcy was yesterday filed against the Peets Company, manufacturers of corsets at 2 East Thirtieth Street, by Isaac B. Hopper, $3,235; Charles E. Halliday, $3.99, and Herman Boutet, $24. The petitioning creditors claimed that an act of bankruptcy had been committed when the company made an assignment yesterday to Hiram A. Merrell, and asked for the appointment of a receiver. Judge Holt appointed M. Dunn Bruce and fixed the receiver's bond at $2,500. The assets are said to amount to about $5,250, liabilities as yet unknown. The Peets Company was a close corporation, Gustave Peets being the President and members of his family Directors. The business was incorporated in March, 1902, with a capital of $10,000. Mr. Peets had formerly been in the real estate business.

HENRY KROEHL.—George F. Kroehl and Percival Kroehl, partners under the firm name of Henry Kroehl, importers of bristles at 220 Pearl Street, filed petitions in bankruptcy individually and as partners yesterday. The firm's liabilities are $271,198 and no assets. The petition of George F. Kroehl shows liabilities of $21,970 and no assets. Percival Kroehl has neither assets nor liabilities. Among the creditors appear the names of many foreign importing houses and a number of banks in this city and in New Jersey, among the latter the First National Bank of Asbury Park and the Monmouth Trust and Safe Deposit Company, of both of which Mr. George F. Kroehl was President. It was the failure of these two banks which caused the firm to make an assignment on Feb. 24 last to Henry Pressprich. On motion of Scott & Upson, attorneys for the petitioning creditors, Edmond Coffin was appointed temporary receiver, the bond being fixed at $100,000. It is claimed that the assets of the petitioners now in the hands of the assignee amount to about $280,000. The business is a very old one, having been established in 1852.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

ADAMS, Louis B.—L. Gleiss	$199
BRANTINGHAM, May T.—E. E. Huff, executrix	3,336
BAKER, George H., and Mary E. Gallagher—Perkins, Goodwin & Co.	350
BURGE, Henry and Kate—A. Blechner	128
BARD, Fred B.—F. W. Muzlee	200
BELL, Harry—E. Selon	49
COMISKY, Charles—G. J. Wallace	202
CARSON, Charles G.—G. A. Spalding	139
COPPOLA, Francesco—F. W. Cullinan, Commissioner	100
EMPIRE STATE SUGAR COMPANY—Empire State Bag Company	606
FALARDEAU, Joseph—J. G. Alexander	107
GOLDSTEIN, Max—H. Presworsky	134
GOLDBERG, Marcus A.—E. Koscherak	464
HERZFELD, Joseph—New York Veal and Mutton Company	136
HOLMES, Artemas H.—Northern Pacific Railway Company, costs	132
HIGGONS, Warren W.—A. M. McKnight	343
HUMAN, Mary—Slawson Brothers	26
INTERURBAN STREET RAILWAY Company—J. A. King	317
KRAUSE, Baldwin A.—G. Beyer	27
KRAUTNER, Elisabeth—M. Meyer	387
LESSER, Joseph S. and Morris—Mutual Loan Association	3,336
LESSER, Joseph S. and Morris—Mutual Loan Association	3,368
LEARY, Mary C., administratrix, &c.—Union National Bank of Lewisburg, Penn.	4,568
LEVY, Jennie—H. Hahlo and another, costs	379
LOPEZ, Miguel, and George Eberhard—J. Abrahams	112
LECONTE, Helen G.— and Robert G.—A. L. Prescott and another, costs	36
LANGLEY, John—H. H. Griggs	33
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—F. McGuire	505
MARTIN, Charles—H. F. Robinson	30
MENDELSOHN, Max—Richardson & Boynton Company	46
MULLER, Mathilde—J. S. Sills and another	24
MEHRINGER, Isidore—M. F. Ahearn	575
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—T. Devine	645
McCANN, Edward—North British and Mercantile Insurance Company of London and Edinburgh, costs	155
NARATH, Paul—G. W. Brand	450
NEW YORK EVENING JOURNAL PUBlishing Company—G. H. Carpenter	12 cents
NORTH AMERICAN RUBBER COMpany—H. Brossel	4,116
O'ROURKE, John F.—New York House Wrecking Company	1,901
PINGUSH, Abraham—M. Friedlander	24
PONTRICHET, Fernand—J. G. Patter	19
POLTZNER, Joseph—J. Palonieri	38
RECKEWELL, Ada G., or Shea—A. F. Wagener	114
REED, William—R. Gaffney	534
RANKINE, Harold S.—J. I. Metzger	146
RADIN, Louis—M. Greenberg	111
ROSENBERG, Herman—Ball Brothers Manufacturing Company	112
REILLY, John—E. W. Chauncey	143
STARBUCK, Martin H.—M. B. Starbuck	1,863
STRAUBEL, William F.—C. Schans	244
SAVADKIN, Louis—J. H. Taylor	230
SAVADKIN, Louis—J. H. Taylor	254
STERLING, William B.—State Bank	573
SALBERG, Fred—S. W. Johnson, President	26
SMITH, Matthew J.—C. Thorley	51
SILVERSTEIN, Peter—F. W. Cullinan, Commissioner	100
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—S. Lander, administrator	1,601
TOBIAS, Samuel—J. Levine	110
TRAVERS, Mary and Luke—Slawson Brothers	86
VAN DYKE, James R.—City of New York, costs	71
WORNOW, Max—S. Frost	104
WENDT, Frederick W. and Ernest C.—F. W. Devoe & Co.	89
WEISS, Morris—H. S. Casey	27
YUNGBLUTH, Elise—W. A. Weber	33
ZUCKERMAN, Julius, and Marcus A. Goldberg—E. Koscherak	1,964

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat, No. 2 red	.83¾
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.54½
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.36½
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.60
Cotton, middling	11.70
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05⅞
Sugar, granulated	4.88
Molasses, O. K., prime	.40
Beef, family	11.00
Beef hams	20.25
Tallow, prime	.05
Pork, mess	18.50
Hogs, dressed, 160-lb.	.08¼
Lard, prime	9.30
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	20.50
Butter, Western creamery	.22

CHICAGO, May 28.—No. 2 Spring wheat, 78@79c; No. 3, 77@79c; No. 2 red, 78¼@77½c; No. 2 corn, 45¼@45½c; No. 2 yellow, 46¼@46½c; No. 2 oats, 35½c; No. 3 white, 35@38½c; No. 2 rye, 48c; good feeding barley, 38@42c; fair to choice malting, 46@54c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.10; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.15; prime timothy seed, $3.45@$3.50; mess pork, per bbl, $17.50@17.52½c; lard, per 100 lb, $8.82½@8.85; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $9.20@9.35; dry salted shoulders, (boxed,) $8.62½@$8.12½; short clear sides, (boxed,) $9.75@9.87½; whisky, basis of high wines, $1.30; clover, contract grade, $11.80@11.75.

COTTON.—The volume of trading was no more than ordinary, and only a modicum of the recent excitement was apparent. The market opened quiet and easy at unchanged prices to a decline of 4 points, and following the call displayed still further weakness, reaching a level not unchanged to 7 points lower under disappointing cables, full estimates for receipts, and generally favorable weather. In the afternoon the market reached a new low level for the day, being finally easy at a net decline of 5@12 points with last prices practically at the bottom. Total sales of futures were estimated at 175,000 bales. Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	11.25	11.30	11.25	11.20@11.24
June	11.22	11.20	11.22	11.16@11.17
July	11.26	11.34	11.21	11.22@
August	10.78	10.84	10.68	10.67@10.68
September	10.08	10.14	10.02	10.02@10.03
October	9.65	9.67	9.56	9.56@ 9.57
November	9.49	9.50	9.47	9.42@ 9.43
December	9.49	9.51	9.40	9.40@ 9.41
January	9.48	9.50	9.40	9.40@ 9.41

LIVERPOOL, May 28.—Spot cotton, small inquiry; sales, 5,000 bales; speculation and export, 500 bales; American, 4,000 bales; receipts, 17,000 bales; American, 17,000 bales. Middling upland, 6.40d. Futures opened irregular, 4@5 points advance. Closed quiet, net 2@3½ points higher on near months and 1½@2½ points lower on late months. May, 6.14; May-June, 6.12; June-July, 6.08@6.00; July-August, 6.04@6.05; August-September, 5.91; September-October, 5.50@5.51; October-November, 5.20; November-December, 5.08@5.09; December-January, 5.06; January-February, 5.05. Manchester—Yarns dull. Cloths, offers too low.

BREADSTUFFS.—WHEAT.—A somewhat sensational advance in May was the only feature. Shorts bid it up to 88c in the last hour, against 84½c at the close on Wednesday, while the rest of the market, after a very dull day, closed with a downward tendency and ¼c under the previous night. Quotations of cash wheat, free on board afloat basis, were as follows: No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 87⅝c; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, 86⅛c; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 86⅝c, and No. 1 Northern, Chicago, 85⅝c, all to arrive; No. 2 red, New York, 83¾c nominal.

ST. LOUIS, May 28.—Wheat—July, 71⅛c; September, 69c; No. 2 hard, 73@75c. Corn—July, 42⅝c; September, 42⅛c. Oats—July, 33⅜@33½c; September 30⅛c; No. 2 white, 39½c.

MILWAUKEE, May 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83½c; No. 2 Northern, 82½@83c; July, 72⅝c. Rye—No. 1, 53½c. Barley—No. 2, 52@55c. Corn—July, 45¼@45⅜c.

DULUTH, May 28.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 80⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 76⅛c; May, 78⅛c; July, 78⅛c; September, 71c. Oats—May, 34c.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 28.—Wheat—Cash, 79⅛c; July, 77¼@77⅜c; September, 69⅝@69½c; on track, No. 1 hard, 80⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 79⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 78⅛c; No. 3 Northern, 76@78c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Spring patents, $4.30@$4.50; Winter straights, $3.50@$3.65; Winter patents, $3.70@$4; Spring clears, $3.35@$3.45; extra No. 1 Winter, $2.90@$3.10; extra No. 2 Winter, $2.60@$2.85; red dog, $21@$22, to arrive. Rye flour—Fair to good, $2.90@$3.25; choice to fancy, $3.30@$3.50. Cornmeal—Kiln-dried, $2.90@$3, as to brand. Bagmeal—Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.40; coarse, $1.04@$1.06. Feed—Spring bran, spot, $18.50; sacks to arrive, 200 lbs, prompt, $18@$18.50; Spring bran, middling, $18@$21, in 200-lb sacks; city feed, $20 nominal; linseed oil cake, $27; hominy chop, $17.50 bulk, $18.50 sacks, to arrive; oil meal, $25.50.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	85	88	84¾	87½
July	79 9-16	79¾	78⅝	78⅝
September	76	76	75 11-16	75¾
December	76⅛	76⅛	76⅛	76⅛
Corn—				
May	56	56	56	56
July	52⅝	52⅝	52 9-16	52 9-16
September	..	..	..	51⅛
December	..	..	..	49⅛

CHICAGO PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	77	77⅝	76¼	77
July	73 15-16	74¼	73 9-16	73⅝
September	71	71⅛	70⅝	70⅝
Corn—				
May	45⅛	45⅜	45⅛	45⅛
July	45⅝	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛
September	45	45⅛	44⅝	44⅝
Oats—				
May	36	36⅛	35⅝	35⅝
July	34	34⅛	33⅝	33⅝
September	31⅝	31⅝	31⅛	31⅛
Lard—				
July	$8.90	$8.97½	$8.90	$8.90
September	8.82½	8.90	8.80	8.80
Ribs—				
July	9.45	9.50	9.42½	9.42½
September	9.30	9.37½	9.20	9.20

Pork—

July	17.47½	17.47½	17.35	17.35
September	16.77½	16.82½	16.75	16.75

METALS.—Tin was again very weak in London, spot there closing at £127 7s 6d, a loss of £2 7s 6d, while futures were finally quoted at £126, or at a decline of £1 15s. The local market was unsettled, and nominal with spot quoted at $28.25. COPPER—Copper was also lower in London, closing about £2 12s 6d lower at £56 15s, and futures at £57 5s. Locally copper was quiet and nominal at $14.75@$14.87½ for lake, electrolytic, and casting. LEAD—Lead declined 2s 6d in London, to £11 10s, while it was unchanged in New York at $4.37½. SPELTER—Spelter declined 5s in London, closing at £20 7s 6d, and remained quiet here at $5.75. IRON—Iron closed at 52s 9d in Glasgow, and at 46s in Middlesboro. Locally iron was dull and weaker. No. 1 foundry, Northern, is quoted at $20@$21; No. 2 foundry, Northern, at $19@$20; No. 1 foundry, Southern, and No. 1 foundry, Southern soft, at $20@$20.50.

COFFEE.—The market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points under lower European markets and continued liquidation. Trading was less active than on the preceding day, but transactions were moderately full, and the market displayed a sagging tendency, being finally quiet net unchanged to 10 points lower, with total sales reported of 12,750 bags. The spot market was quiet, with quotations on the basis of 5⅝c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	..	..	..	3.70@3.75
June	..	..	..	3.70@3.75
July	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.80@3.85
August	..	..	..	3.90@3.95
September	4.05	4.05	4.05	4.00@4.05

PROVISIONS.—PORK—Mess, $18.25@$18.75; family $19; short clear, $18@$19.50. BEEF—Mess, $9@$9.50; family, $10@$12; packet, $9.50@$10; extra India mess, $16@$18. BEEF HAMS—$19.50@$21. DRESSED HOGS—Bacons, 8¼c; 180 lb, 8¼c; 160 lb, 8⅜c; 140 lb, 8⅝c; pigs, 9@9½c. CUT MEATS—Pickled bellies, smoking, 10½c; 10 lb, 10c; 12 lb, 9@9½c; 14 lb, 8⅝c; pickled shoulders, 8¼@8⅝c; pickled hams, 11¼@11½c. TALLOW—City, 5c; country, 5⅛@5⅜c; lard, $9.30; city lard, 9@9⅛c; refined land, South America, $9.85; Continent, $9.35; Brazil kegs, $11; compound, 7⅝@8c; stearine, oleo, 9@9½c; city lard stearine, 10@10½c.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits of turpentine, oil bbls, 52c; machine bbls, 52½c. Tar—Pine bbls, $2.25@$2.30; oil bbls, $4.40@$4.45. Resin—Common strained, $2; good strained, $2@$2.05; D, $2.15@$2.20; E, $2.20@$2.25; F, $2.30; G, $2.35; H, $2.55; I, $3.10; K, $3.40; M, $3.45; N, $3.55; W G, $3.75, and W W, $3.95.

SAVANNAH, May 28.—Turpentine at 47c bid; receipts, 894 casks; sales, 50 casks; exports, 195 casks. Resin—Receipts, 1,909 bbls; sales, 1,616 bbls; exports, 879 bbls. A, B, C, $1.70; D, E, $1.75; F, $1.80; G, $1.85; H, $2.40; I, $3.05; K, $3.10; M, $3.20; N, $3.25; W G, $3.35; W W, $3.65.

WILMINGTON, May 28.—Spirits of turpentine—Receipts, 76 casks. Resin—$1.75; receipts, 196 bbls. Crude turpentine—$2, $3.35, and $3.50; receipts, 128 casks. Tar—$1.55; receipts, 32 bbls.

CHARLESTON, May 28.—Turpentine, 46½c; Resin—A, B, C, $1.55; D, E, $1.60; F, $1.65; G, $1.70; H, $2.05; K, $3; M, $3.10; N, $3.15; W G, $3.25; W W, $3.55.

LIVE STOCK.—No trading in live cattle. Dressed beef slow at 6½@8½c; choice and extra fat beef at 8¾@9c; cables unchanged. Veals steady at $5@$7; city-dressed veals at 8@10½c. Sheep steady at $3@$4.75; lambs firm at $7.50@$8; yearlings firm at $6.62½; dressed mutton at 7@10c; dressed lambs, 12@15c; dressed yearlings, 9@12c. Hogs steady.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Calendars for Friday, May 29.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hazel, J.—Opens in Room 47, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Appraisers' cases.

2449—Tiffany vs. U. S.; 2317—A. G. Belden & Co. vs. same; 3340—Same vs. same; 3126—Goldenberg Brothers & Co. vs. same; 2540—Leaycraft vs. same; 3210—Geo. Borgfeldt & Co. vs. same; 3144—Emile Utard vs. same; 3222—Laytiss Brothers vs. same; 2781—Hahn vs. same; 3212—O. G. Hempstead & Co. vs. same; 3224—Same vs. same; 2805—James F. Smith & Co. vs. same; 3216—Van Blankensteyn vs. same; 3221—Am. Sugar Ref. Co. vs. same; 3217—Reiss & Brady vs. same; 2988—B. Ruhe vs. same; 3045—Pomeroy & Fischer vs. same; 3219—Julius Wile, Brother & Co. vs. same; 3046—Leaycraft & Co. vs. same; 3206—Lewis German & Co. vs. same; 2081—B. & O. R. R. vs. same; 3214—A. J. Hague & Co. vs. same; 2949—L. & E. Stirn vs. same; 3209—Gustav A. Jahn & Co. vs. same; 2515—Alex. Murphy & Co. vs. same; 660—Goldenberg Brothers & Co. vs. same; 3297—Lawrence, Son & Gerrish vs. same; 2129—A. L. Salt vs. same; 2017—Lawrence Johnson & Co. vs. same; 3152—Morris & Co. vs. same; 3226—Delano vs. same; 3218—Baer Brothers vs. same; 2128—U. S. vs. Paul Durand; 3230—August Pollman vs. same; 3030—Hills Brothers Co. vs. U. S.; 3229—Nerschheimer & Co. vs. same; 2902—G. Macfarland & Co. vs. same; 3339—United States vs. A. Lueder; 3067—Stearns & Spingarn vs. same; 2769—Tiffany vs. U. S.; 3373—Dunham vs. same; 3288—H. B. Teed & Co. vs. same; 2922—Elmer & Amend vs. same; 3234—R. Hilliers' Sons Co. vs. same; 3125—Downing & Co. vs. same; 3232—U. S. vs. Albert Lorsch & Co.; 2054—E. Ullmann & Co. vs. same; 3234—Same vs. Lassner & Nordlinger; 2705—U. S. vs. Perkins & Welsh; 2640—Reiss & Brady vs. United States; 2180—John Donat & Co. vs. U. S.; 3373—Same vs. same; 3166—Strauss vs. same; 2170—A. Steinhardt & Brother vs. same.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 1 P. M. Motion calendar.

Adjourned cases. 1—Waldstein vs. Rosenfield; 12—Same vs. same; 2—N. Y. Phonograph Co. vs. Gilmore; 14—Same vs. same; 3—A. B. Dick & Co. vs. F. W. Dodge Co.; 15—Merrimac Mattress Mfg. Co. vs. Sussman; 4—Barker vs. American Stove Co.; 16—Timolat vs. Phil. Pneumatic Tool Co.; 5—Osborn vs. Wash. Post Co.; 17—Ullman vs. H. A. Brownell Co.; 6—Jones vs. Universal Talking Mach. Mfg. Co.; 18—Nat. Meter Co. vs. Village of Cold Spring; 7—Young vs. Higley; 19—Maud vs. Flanagan; 8—United States vs. Carter; 20—Kirchberger vs. Crane Co.; 9—Same vs. Neely; 21—Elevator Supply, &c., Co. vs. Pedersen; Cases noticed. 10—Nat. News Board Co. vs. Haverhill Box Board Co.; 22—Edison Phonograph Co. vs. Dodin; 11—Hartzel vs. Moore; 23—Nat. Enam., &c., Co. vs. N. E. Enam. Co.; 12—Hills & Co. vs. Austrich.

STATE COURTS.

New York Calendars—Friday, May 29.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

1—Blanchard vs. Blanchard; 23—Krausse vs. Krausse; 2—Leary vs. Corvin; 24—Strauss vs. Strauss; 3—Page vs. 14th St. Bank; 25—Goldberg vs. Kirchstein; 4—Clark vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.; 26—Dry Dock Sav. Inst. vs. Goldstein; 5—Morrow vs. McMahon; 27—Maher vs. Goldsmith; 6—In re Tarrant & Co.; 28—Bond vs. Towne; 7—Schneider vs. Leader; 29—Heath vs. Hasbrouck; 8—Fletcher vs. Selleck; 30—Stokes vs. Schildknecht; 9—McNaughton vs. McNaughton; 31—Coudert vs. Wentworth; 10—Corbett vs. Men. Brass Co.; 32—Shapiro vs. Goldstein; 11—Ayer vs. Davis; 33—McDermid vs. Wright; 12—Sherin vs. St. Joseph Pub. Co.; 34—Bentien vs. Bentien; 13—Dunscomb vs. Poole; 35—Fischer vs. Korn; 14—Trowbridge vs. Tiffany; 36—Goodwin vs. Feist; 15—McQuade vs. City of New York; 37—Freygang vs. Toenniges; 16—Kane vs. Hutkoff; 38—Coats vs. Plays de Oro Mining Co.; 17—Vinton vs. Newell; 39—Folchi vs. Morgan; 18—Foerster vs. Foerster; 40—Heath vs. Hasbrouck; 19—Cytron vs. Liebovitz; 41—Potter vs. Pollock; 20—Vinton vs. Newell; 42—In re Argentum Co.; 21—Lowenfeld vs. Dolitzky; 43—Amsel vs. Amsel; 22—Le Brants vs. Conklin; 44—Rea vs. Bloodgood; 45—Wahlers vs. Wahlers; 46—Same vs. same; 47—Ayer vs. Davis.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on, 6925—Folerou vs. Folerou. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on, 8327—Townsley vs. Bankers' Life Ins. Co. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fitzgerald, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House. Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M.

1—Carl Arendt; 2—Thomas Farrell; 3—Mary J. Martin; 4—Maria Rascigno; 5—John Smart; 6—George C. Brinckerhoff; 7—Rose Ferrigan; 8—John Flynn; 9—George C. Brinckerhoff; 10—Harris Ablowich; 11—Minnie Deutsch et al., infants; 12—Thomas Farley; 13—Mary H. McTammany; 14—William H. Williams; 15—August Bossard; 16—James Murphy; 17—Donald McLean; 18—Annie Kemp; 19—Annie Louise Decker; 20—William H. Ellicott; 21—George Muller; 22—Henry M. Gasley; 23—Henry Gledhill; 24—William Sullivan; 25—Abram Kling; 26—Henry M. Gasley; 27—Josephine Rapp; 28—Catherine M. Braham; 29—Mary B. Downing; 30—Sylvester A. Murphy; 31—Josephine L. Peyton; 32—Mary Ann Woodhead; 33—Samuel Jacoby; 34—Emeline W. D. Warren; 35—Gilbert Beaman; 36—Christian M. Hoefer; 37—William H. Anderson; 38—Emil Black; 39—Pelagius Wick; 40—Robert R. Willetts; 41—Matilda C. Brant; 42—Harriet B. Delafield; 43—George C. Brinckerhoff; 44—Joseph Grafton; 45—James M. Sweet.

Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.: Christian F. Grimm, Hobart Cheesman, Thomas M. Hones, Helen R. Rogers, Emma Freer, James Flynn.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., IV., V., VI., VIII., IX., X., XI., and XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Thomas, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—General Term—Adjourned sine die.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., II., III., IV., and V.—Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Parts I., II., III., and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Andrew D. Parker vs. David K. Case et al.—John Graham.

CITY COURT—McCarthy, J.—Aitken, Son & Co. vs. Sadie Jacobs—D. Frank Lloyd.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—In re Oakley Soap and Perfumery Company—Thomas F. Keogh. Devoe vs. Zeitner—Mayer L. Halff.

SUPREME COURT—Leventritt, J.—Bowers vs. Waegerle—Miles M. O'Brien, Jr. New York Building Loan Banking Company vs. O'Neil—Raphael Tobias.

SUPREME COURT—Dugro, J.—Brown vs. Brown—William G. Choate.

Brooklyn Calendars—Friday, May 29.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term.—Adjourned.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials.—Adjourned.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Dickey, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—No day calendar.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—No day calendar. Call calendar opens in Room 10 at 2 P. M.

617—Knight vs. B. H. R. R.; 677—Lahiff vs. B'klyn, Queens Co. & Sub. R. R. Co.; 719—Candee & Krekeler Co. vs. McKeever; 679—McAllister vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 200—Corrello vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 678—Serambeis vs. same; 449—Wade vs. Bosch; 680—Kelly vs. Kenny; 564—Alff vs. Berlenbach; 681—The People, &c., vs. Block; 506—Rechtweg vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 682—Harrison vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 620—Ronalds & Johnson vs. Carey; 683—Wickland vs. same; 627—Elias vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 684—Monoghan vs. same; 628, 629—Stephen vs. same; 312—Mueller vs. Kenny; 630—Andrews, Jr., vs. Rose; 114—Donahue vs. B. Q. Co. & Sub. R. R. Co.; 631—Gray vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 465—Cheyne vs. Van Brunt St. and Erie Basin R. R. Co.; 632—Connor vs. same; 587—Berry vs. Parkin; 633—Thompson vs. same; 686—Johnson vs. Macaulay; 634—Reich vs. Laider; 687—Kamm vs. Connolly; 635—McHale vs. McLean; 688—Williams vs. B. H. R. R.; 636—Duane vs. McGovern; 691—Kuhn vs. Siebert; 637—Schupp vs. B. H. R. R.; 206—Willetts vs. Kingsland; 638—Daniels vs. same; 693—Keirer vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 639—Beckman vs. Gurian; 694—Ries vs. Edison Elec. Ill. Co.; 640—Egan vs. B. H. R. R.; 695—Rosenblatt vs. B. H. R. R.; 641—Kuhn vs. Siefert; 696—Brown vs. B. Q. Co. & Sub. R. R. Co.; 644—Clinton vs. B. H. R. R.; 645—McGowan vs. same; 697—Seely's Sons' Bottling Co. vs. B. H. R. R.; 652—Suydam vs. Healy; 653—Mariani vs. Steiner; 698—B'klyn Cedarware Works vs. Ambrose Machine Co.; 202—Cohen vs. B. H. R. R.; 699—Blackford vs. Schwartz; 177—Meyer vs. Williams; 546—Nilson vs. Nilson; 700—Decasspass vs. B. H. R. R.; 654—Evans vs. Willoughby; 702½—Garland vs. May; 656—Muck vs. Conlon; 323—Evans vs. Parker; 657—Culberton vs. B. H. R. R.; 295—Hyams, Jr., vs. B'klyn Furniture Co.; 658—Liscomb vs. Graff; 548—Forrester vs. Schwartz; 659—Caleo vs. Kaufman; 590—Goldstein vs. Gabriel; 660—McNally vs. Culhane; 704—Baron vs. Heppenheimer; 110—Devaney vs. Meltser; 705—Andrews vs. Mohrman; 553—Gottschalk vs. B. H. R. R.; 706—O'Hara vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 141—Levin vs. same; 707—Mazza vs. Patruzo; 661—Leckie vs. Interurban R. R. Co.; 708—Golden vs. Margolies; 663—Crown vs. B. H. R. R.; 709—Kesner vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 664—Schulman vs. Fox; 710—Jones vs. B. R. T. Co.; 665—Susman vs. Dangler; 711—Gray vs. Faron; 666—Sanborn vs. B. H. R. R.; 712—Burrill vs. Higgins; 667—Eastern Brew. Co. vs. Thomashefsky; 713—Swain vs. Myers; 151—Gill vs. Heyne; 714—Reeve vs. Evans; 184—Same vs. Cassin; 715—Arfeo vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 410—O'Neill vs. Gair; 716—Phillips vs. Otto; 668—Brennan vs. Connors; 717—Adelstein vs. Zirn; 669—Granger Co. vs. McKee; 718—Straub vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 670—Gilmartin vs. Sanford; 720—Dow vs. Poerschke; 671—Lyden vs. Blixh; By the court. 672—Harrington vs. Crosier; 869—Coggeshall vs. Bennet; 673—Cain vs. Finckenauer; 865—Clark vs. White; 674—Sanowich vs. Finkelstein; 866—Perlman vs. Gunz; 676—Mead vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 867—Anderson vs. Dawe.

Queens County Calendar — Monday, June 1.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.

1392—Tunney vs. Oceanic Steam Navigation Co.; 1546—Same vs. same; 1429—Alagia, as administrator, vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.; 1377—Walpers vs. N. Y. Electric Light & Power Co.; 1445—Hicks vs. L. I. R. R. Co.; 1586—Windmuller vs. Standard Distilling Co.; 1304—Sadie vs. Volkening; 1283—O'Rourke vs. Schmidt; 1036—Rock vs. N. Y. & N. Sh. R. R. Co.; 1247—Hauser vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.; 1545—Worthley vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.; 902—Wood vs. Wyeth et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. Causes will not be set down for days upon the call.

1480—Benish vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.; 1478—Motylenski vs. N. Y. Sugar Refining Co.; 86—Davrin vs. City of New York; 1498—Ilch vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.; 149—Lunning vs. Met. St. R. R. Co.; 1585—Engel vs. same; 1516—Roode vs. B. H. R. R. Co.; 1580—Sullivan vs. same; 1591—Same vs. same; 1581—Schroeder vs. same; 886—Faber vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.; 1593—Douglass vs. same; 1291—Polowsak vs. Tarter Chemical Co.; 1226—Buydam vs. Van Buren and others.

Highest number reached on general calendar, 1602.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. only, 2:15. Henry W. Savage Presents GEORGE ADE'S Hit 6th MONTH SULTAN OF SULU Music by Alfred G. Wathall.

Terrace Garden 58th & 59th Sts. near Lex. Ave. LEXINGTON OPERA HOUSE. OPENING THIRD SUMMER SEASON, TO-MORROW NIGHT. THE TERRACE GARDEN OPERA CO. IN OFFENBACH'S OPERA BOUFFE "THE BRIGANDS." Vaudeville and Music in the Open Air.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Special Prices Wed. Mats. 50c. to 1.50. Henry W. Savage's New Musical Comedy Success PRINCE OF PILSEN 100TH TIME—Monday, June 8—SOUVENIRS.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN. Beginning Next SUNDAY EVG. DUSS' Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra. Soloists, Opening night NORDICA and DE RESZKE. VENICE IN NEW YORK, the $72,000 Setting. Seats on sale. Opening night $1.50 & $3. Gen. ad. $1.

28TH ANNUAL Intercollegiate Athletic Games, BERKELEY OVAL. To-day and To-morrow at 2 P. M.

PROCTOR'S COMEDY & VAUD. SHOWS 25c. 50c. Every Aft. & Ev. Res. 75c. Bx Sts. $1. 23rd St. Big All-Star Vaudeville. 5th Av. The Rajah. Vaudeville. 58th St. The Smart Set. 125th St. On the Wabash. Big Vaudeville.

CONEY'S BEST BOSTOCKS ADMISSION 25c. CHILDREN 10c.

CIRCLE 8:15 Broadway & 60th St. THE GREAT FULGORA. O'BRIEN & HAVEL, YORKE & ADAMS, 3 LIVINGSTONS, and a Host of others.

CASINO TO-NIGHT THE RUNAWAYS

MAJESTIC GRAND CIRCLE, B'way & 59th St. Ev. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2. WIZARD OF OZ BEST SEATS, Wed. Mat. $1.00, Ev. & Sat. Mat. $1.50. with Montgomery & Stone.

VICTORIA, 42 St. B'y & 7 Av. Mat. Sat. DAVID BELASCO presents (Last Week) WARFIELD in "The Auctioneer." Next Mon., Opening Paradise Roof Gardens.

DEWEY E. 14TH ST. MATINEE TO-DAY. BOWERY BURLESQUERS. Sunday Night—Grand Concert—25c., 50c.

Manhattan Broadway & 33d St. Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET

HERALD SQ. Theatre, B'way & 35th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. 2:15. DAN DALY IN BIG LAUGH, "JOHN HENRY."

GARRICK THEATRE. 35th St., nr. B'way. EV'GS. 8:30. MATS. WED and SAT., 2:15. HENRY E. DIXEY in FACING THE MUSIC.

KNICKERBOCKER Theatre B'way & 38th. 8 times more. Evenings, 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. Liebler & Co.'s All-Star Production of ROMEO AND JULIET. Seats selling.

KEITH'S B'way and 14 St. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30 PRICES 25c. and 50c. Decoration Day Doors Open 11 A. M.

LUNA PARK THE HEART OF CONEY ISLAND. All the Thompson & Dundy Shows.

BELASCO THEATRE Last 3 times. Last Mats. Sat. DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in THE DARLING OF THE GODS.

ST. NICHOLAS SUMMER GARDEN, 66 St. & Columbus Av. GRAND OPENING NEXT MOND. NIGHT. LA LOIE FULLER & big vaudeville bill.

BIJOU Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. MABELLE GILMAN in "The Mockingbird."

14th St. Theatre, nr. 6th Av. Mats. Wed. & Sat. THE 4 COHANS LAST 2 WEEKS RUNNING FOR OFFICE

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St. Matinee Every Day. 25c. THE PRIVATE SECRETARY.

NEW STAR Lex. Av. & 107th St. Matinee Sat. "A WIFE'S SECRET." To-ngt—Benefit Kishineff Relief Fund

AMERICAN Ev. 8:15. Last 3 Times JACOB ADLER MERCHANT OF VENICE

GRAND FRANCIS WILSON "The Toreador." N'xt week—"THE GEISHA."

H & S Hurtig & Seamon's W. 125th. Lillian Burkhart & Co., Julian Rose, The De Forrests, etc. Mat. Tow'w

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups CINEMATOGRAPH. Extra Attractions. Charming Music.

ACADEMY of Music. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. A Working Girl's Wrongs.

WEST END To-night, ROYAL LILLIPUTIANS. Nxt. Wk—Kate Claxton, "Two Orphans."

THE TURF.

BROOKLYN JOCKEY CLUB. SIX RACES TO-DAY AT 2:30 P. M. SPECIAL TIME TABLE TO-DAY. Trains leave E. 34th St., N. Y., via L. I. R. R., 12:10, 12:40, 1:00, 1:10, 1:30. Leave New York terminus of the Bridge, via 5th Av. elevated, from 10:05 to 12:05 every 12 minutes; from 12:05 thereafter every 3 minutes, stopping at City Hall, Bridge St., Fulton St., Flatbush Av., 9th St., 18th St., 25th St. and 36th St.

SICK HEADACHE is generally caused by CONSTIPATION BILIOUSNESS AND LIVER TROUBLES. EITHER IS QUICKLY RELIEVED AND PERMANENTLY CURED BY Hunyadi János. THE DOSE Half a glass in the morning gives prompt and pleasant relief. DON'T BE TRICKED BY UNSCRUPULOUS DRUGGISTS WITH WORTHLESS SUBSTITUTES.

EXCURSIONS.

DECORATION DAY STEAMER GRAND REPUBLIC WEST POINT NEWBURG AND POUGHKEEPSIE BOAT LEAVES foot of West 22d St., 9:15 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:45 A. M.; So. 5th St., B'klyn, 8:00 A. M. FARE ROUND TRIP 50c. STEAMER GEN'L SLOCUM Will Make Special Excursion SATURDAY, MAY 30, and SUNDAY, MAY 31, TO BRIDGEPORT BOAT LEAVES foot of West 22d St., 8:30 A. M.; Battery Landing, 9:10 A. M.; South 5th St., Brooklyn, 8:30 A. M.; foot of East 31st St., 10 A. M. FARE ROUND TRIP 50c. SUNDAY, MAY 31, Grand Republic to West Point and Newburg. LEAVE Battery Landing, 9:00 A. M.; West 22d St., 9:30 A. M.; West 129th St., 10:00 A. M. FARE ROUND TRIP 50c.

DECORATION DAY EXCURSION. DELIGHTFUL TRIP UP THE HUDSON TO WEST POINT, NEWBURGH AND SUMMIT OF HISTORIC MOUNT BEACON. ALL THE AFTERNOON IN THE MOUNTAINS. Round trip from New York to Summit of Mt. Beacon only $1.00. To West Point or Newburgh and return, 75c. Central-Hudson Steamboat Co.'s fast and superbly equipped Steamer Homer Ramsdell leaves Franklin St. on and after May 29th every morning at 9:30 A. M., and West 129th St. at 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Newburgh at 6:30 P. M., Fishkill Landing at 6:40 P. M., West Point 7:00 P. M., arriving at West 129th St. at 10:30 P. M. and Franklin St. 11:30 P. M. The most enjoyable trip out of New York is the trip to Mt. Beacon. For $1.00 you sail 60 miles up the Hudson—to Fishkill—Otis Incline R'y to summit of highest mountain in the Highlands, and reach New York on return trip early in the evening. Grand View, Magnificent Scenery, beautiful mountain walks. Refreshments on steamer and at Mountain Pavilion.

THE NEW ROUTE TO NORTH BEACH AND COLLEGE POINT FROM EAST 134TH ST. BRONX, will be inaugurated —MAY 30— Boats leave HOLIDAYS and SUNDAYS HOURLY, 6 A. M. to 2 P. M., then HALF HOURLY. WEEK DAYS—HOURLY, 7 A. M. to 10 P. M. EAST 99TH ST. ROUTE as heretofore. HOLIDAYS and SUNDAYS—HOURLY to 1 P. M., then HALF HOURLY. WEEK DAYS—HOURLY, 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

MAUCH CHUNK Switchback and Glen Onoko EXCURSION, DECORATION DAY, MAY 30, VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS: ADULTS, $1.50. CHILDREN, 75c. Switchback Tickets, 50c. Additional. Special train from Liberty St. Station, 8:30 A. M. South Ferry, 8:25 A. M.

UP THE SOUND EXCURSION DECORATION DAY TO GREAT NECK, SEA CLIFF AND GLENWOOD Also on Sundays to Sea Cliff and Glenwood The elegant steamer "ORIENT" leaves Pier 18, E. R., near foot Wall St., 9:30; foot 31st St., E. R., N. Y., 9:45 A. M. Returning due in New York 6:30 P. M. EXCURSION TICKETS 50c

UP THE SOUND COMMENCING SUNDAY, MAY 31st AND EVERY SUNDAY THEREAFTER To SEA CLIFF and GLENWOOD The elegant steamer "ORIENT" leaves Pier 18, E. R., near foot Wall St., 9:30; foot 31st St., E. R., N. Y., 9:45 A. M. Returning due in New York 6:30 P. M. Excursion Tickets 50 Cents.

WEST POINT NEWBURGH & POUGHKEEPSIE. UP THE PICTURESQUE HUDSON. Grand Daily Outings, (except Sunday,) By Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY." From Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A. M.; New York, Desbrosses St. Pier 8:40; West 22d St. Pier 9:00; West 129th St. Pier 9:20. Returning due in New York 5:30 P. M. MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS. Half rate to Cairo, N. Y., May 29th to June 5th. IDEAL DECORATION DAY EXCURSIONS.

DECORATION DAY AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO WEST POINT. STEAMER MARY POWELL Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45, W. 22nd St. 2, W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Arriving West Point 4:45. Tickets good to return by Special West Shore train or any regular train. Fare round trip $1. Return N. Y. Cent. $1.10, or return Str. "Rensdell" $1. Ample time to see Dress Parade, Public Buildings, &c. Orchestra on board. This excursion also made every Saturday.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO CONEY ISLAND COMMENCING MAY 30TH. Leave FOOT 22D ST., North River, 9:30, 10:45 A. M., 12:00 M., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:00 P. M. Leave Pier (New) No. 1 North River, Half hour later. Leave NEW IRON PIER, CONEY ISLAND, 11:10 A. M., 12:25, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 6:10, 7:40 P. M. ROUND TRIP TICKETS, 25 CENTS.

UP THE HUDSON Sail to West Point. Stopping at Empire Grove on way and on return. DECORATION DAY. TICKETS 50c. CHILDREN 25c. Steamer JOHN SYLVESTER and barge, leave West 129th St. 9 A. M. EXCURSION LENOX PRESBY. SABBATH SCHOOL.

DECORATION DAY SPECIAL 3-DAY TRIP TO NIAGARA LEAVING FRIDAY, MAY 29TH. Hotel and All Expenses $15.50 THOS. COOK & SON 261 & 1185 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—BENJAMIN F. MONTANYE, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Benjamin F. Montanye, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 8th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 8th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 28th, 1903.

NO. 5,787.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE A. PAYNE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy. To the creditors of George A. Payne of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1903, the said George A. Payne was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of F. K. Pendleton, No. 35 Broad St., Room 1,544, in N. Y. City, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

F. K. PENDLETON, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 29, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—JULIUS SAUER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Julius Sauer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 30th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 8th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 28th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of J. CHARLES SOLOMON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

Notice is hereby given that J. Charles Solomon, bankrupt, has filed his petition, verified May 25th, 1903, praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of all creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court; and that all creditors and other parties in interest are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in said district, at the United States Court House, Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 8th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 27th, 1903.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court of the State of New York, held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of May, 1903. Present: Hon. James A. O'Gorman, Justice. In the matter of the application of the MARLOW J. SULLIVAN COMPANY for leave to change its name to Marlow Sullivan Company.

Upon reading and filing the notice of application dated March 24th, 1903, the petition of the Marlow J. Sullivan Company, a domestic corporation, duly verified by Marlow J. Sullivan, its Secretary and Treasurer, wherein said petitioner prays for an order authorizing it to assume another corporate name, to wit, the Marlow Sullivan Company, and upon filing the certificate of John F. O'Brien, Secretary of State, annexed thereto, certifying that the name which said corporation proposes to assume is not the name of any other domestic corporation or a name which he deems so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive, and upon filing due proof by affidavits, showing that the notice of the presentation of said petition has been duly published once in each week for six successive weeks in The New York Times and in The New York Law Journal, two daily newspapers published in the County of New York, in which county the certificate of incorporation is filed, and in which it has its principal place of business, and upon reading and filing due proof of notice of said application upon the Attorney General of the State of New York, and the court being satisfied by said petition and by the affidavits and the certificate presented therewith that the petition is true, that there is no reasonable objection to the change of name proposed, and that the petition has been duly authorized, and that the notice of presentation of the petition as required by law has been made,

Now, on motion of Kronfeld & Harris, the attorneys for the petitioner, it is

Ordered, That the said petition be and the same hereby is granted, and the petitioner herein, Marlow J. Sullivan Company, be and it hereby is authorized to assume another corporate name, to wit, the name Marlow Sullivan Company, after the first day of June, 1903. It is further

Ordered and directed, That this order be entered, and the papers on which it is granted be filed, within ten days from the date thereof in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, and that a certified copy of this be filed within ten days from the date thereof be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and it is further

Ordered, That a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in The New York Times, a newspaper published in the County of New York, beginning within ten days after entry hereof.

Enter: J. A. O'G., J. S. C.

KRONFELD & HARRIS, Attorneys for Petitioner, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, May 4th, 1903.—Present, Hon. James A. O'Gorman, Justice.—In the matter of the application of the W. J. SCHAEFER COMPANY for leave to change its corporate name.

Upon reading and filing the petition of the W. J. Schaefer Company, a domestic stock corporation, duly verified by Hubert Dunning, its President, wherein said petitioner prays for an order authorizing it to assume another corporate name, to wit: "The Christopher-Dunning Company," and upon filing the certificate of the Secretary of State annexed thereto certifying that the name which said corporation proposes to assume is not the name of any other domestic corporation or a name which he deems so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive; and upon filing due proof by affidavits showing that notice of the presentation of such certificate has been duly published for six weeks in the New York Commercial and The New York Times, two daily newspapers published in the City and County of New York, and the court being satisfied by said petition and by the affidavits and certificate presented therewith that the petition is true, and that there is no reasonable objection to the change of name proposed, and that the petition has been duly authorized, and that notice of the presentation of the petition as required by law has been made.

Now, on motion of Jones, McKinny & Steinbrink, attorneys for the said petitioner, no one opposing, it is

Ordered, That the said petition be and the same hereby is granted, and that the petitioner herein, "The W. J. Schaefer Company," be and is hereby is authorized to assume another corporate name, to wit: "The Christopher-Dunning Company," on the 6th day of June, 1903, and it is further

Ordered and Directed, That this order be entered and the papers on which it is granted be filed within ten days from the date hereof in the office of the Clerk of New York County, the County in which the certificate of incorporation of said corporation is filed, and that a certified copy of this order, within ten days after the entry thereof, be filed in the office of the Secretary of State; and, further, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in The New York Times, a newspaper published in the County of New York, beginning within ten days after the entry thereof.

Enter: J. A. O'G., J. S. C.

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SURROGATE NOTICES.

LEARY, SYLVESTER N.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Marie A. Leary, the widow of deceased; Marie Josephine Leary, a daughter of deceased; Sylvester James Leary, a son of deceased; Automatic Supply Company, American Steel Casting Company, George J. Brown, David Barry, Herman Boker & Company, Commercial Company, Chester Cast Steel Company, Crescent Bolt Fastener Company, Cruleo, Keenan & Company, M. J. Drummond & Company, J. E. Ferris, J. H. Gautier Company, William Gardell & Son, General Forging Company, Henry R. Hill, Hendricks Bros., H. F. Holtorf, T. F. Kelly & Company, John Kling, Kennedy Valve Company, James Kelly, Lewis Landsberg, A. J. & J. McCollum, New York & New Jersey Telephone Company, J. W. Paxson Company, Charles E. Pratt, Charles E. Ring & Company, George Reeves, Celina Rice, Sloss Iron & Steel Company, Scranton & Lehigh Coal Company, George Schumacher, Eugene Sutherland, Stephenson Manufacturing Co., Whitehead Bros. Co., Waterbury Rope Company, A. C. Becker, Dalley, Nash & Company, Henry Purvegel, William J. Lewis, Morris & Cumings Dredging Co., Fisher Bros. Refining Co., Francis W. Barnett, M. D., George Leary, Hoffman House, Philip Alberti, Autographic Register Company, American Ice Company, Bessemer Coke Company, Buffalo Foundry Supply Company, Andrew J. Connick, Edison Electric Illuminating Company, Richard Hogan, Charles F. McKenna, William F. McGarry, Manhattan Storage & Warehouse Company, New York Athletic Club, Thomas & Prindle, Pettinos Brothers, Park & Tilford, Richard S. Wiesmer, John J. Young, J. W. Martin, J. H. Connors, Irvona Coal & Coke Company, John Parkinson, Rogers, Brown & Company, Curtiss & Company Mfg. Co., George N. Robinson, Arnold, Constable & Company, B. Altman & Company, Best & Company, K. F. Dana, Davis Collamore & Company, Flatbush Gas Company, Haas Bros., Lichtenstein Millinery Company, Emery Marvel, James McCreery & Company, R. O'Donovan & Company, Bessie Sullivan, F. A. O. Schwartz, Stern Brothers, Tiffany & Company, Tyson & Company, Wensley & Gilroy, Dr. James C. Wilson, De Camp & Company, Fisher Sisters, Lord & Taylor, G. Jason Waters, R. H. O'Hare, James Kelly, A. J. & J. J. McCollum, J. J. McCabe, T. F. Kelly & Co., George J. Brown, Woodward Iron Company, Automatic Supply Company, Abbe Manufacturing Company, Daniel J. Leary, and to all persons interested in the estate of SYLVESTER N. LEARY, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 7th day of July, 1903, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Marie A. Leary and George Leary, as executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. [Seal.] Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 19th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of Surrogates' Court.

MacLEAN, JOSEPHINE.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to heirs at law and next of kin of JOSEPHINE MacLEAN, deceased, send greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 12th day of June, 1903, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the last will and testament of Josephine MacLean, deceased, and to show cause why the decree heretofore entered admitting to probate the said last will and testament and adjudging the same to be a valid will to pass real and personal estate should not be sustained, and why said heirs at law and next of kin of the said Josephine MacLean, deceased, should not be bound thereby, with the same force and effect as if they had been previously cited to attend the original probate thereof; and show cause, also, why the letters testamentary issued to William MacLean on the 31st day of May, 1901, shall not be confirmed and ratified, and show cause why such other and further relief in relation to the proof of said will should not be granted; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. [L. S.] Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 17th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

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SUPREMACY IN LEGAL ADVERTISING. THE NEW YORK TIMES [illegible]

SUMMER RESORTS.

Summer Land

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HALF RATES FOR SUMMER HOME SEEKERS

On Friday, May 29, & Saturday, May 30

the ERIE RAILROAD and N. Y., SUSQ. & WEST. R. R. will sell special excursion tickets to those interested in finding locations for the summer by the lakes and rivers or in the mountains of Orange, Sullivan, and Delaware Counties, New York, and Pike, Wayne, and Monroe Counties, Penna., AT THE FARE ONE WAY. Tickets will be good to return until and including the Monday following date of sale.

These tickets will be on sale at ERIE ticket offices, at 399, 1199, 261, 112 Broadway, 21 Cortlandt St., 25 Union Square, 157 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., Chambers St. and West 23d St. Ferries, New York; 333 and 860 Fulton St. and 390 Broadway, Brooklyn; 122 River St., Hoboken; Jersey City Station, 782 Market St., Newark; Newark Station, Paterson Stations (Erie and N. Y., S. & W.)

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Beautifully illustrated books free on application to ticket agents or by sending stamps for postage to D. W. COOKE, Genl. Pass. Agent, New York.

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During the hot summer can be had at moderate cost

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of Orange, Sullivan, Ulster and Delaware Counties, N. Y., on the New York, Ontario & Western Railway. Physicians heartily recommend this region as one of great natural beauty and absolute healthfulness, 2,000 feet above the sea, with Pure Air, Pure Water, Pure Milk. No Malaria or Mosquitoes and within three hours' ride from New York. Send 8 cents for postage to the undersigned, or call and get free at offices below the SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED BOOK, "SUMMER HOMES," of 200 pages. It gives list of over 900 Hotels, Farm and Boarding Houses, with their location, rates of board, facilities, attractions, &c.

On May 29th and 30th Excursion tickets at reduced rates will be sold at 425 Broadway, 1354 Broadway and Ferry offices, giving an opportunity of personally selecting a summer home, and also enjoying a day's fishing in this delightful region. Tickets good returning up to Monday, June 1.

IN NEW YORK: 341, 165, 367, 425, 1354, 1370 Broadway; 3 Park Place; 287, 245 4th Av.; 245 Columbus Av.; 153 East 125th St.; 273 West 125th St.; 182 5th Av.; ticket offices Franklin and 42d St. Ferries.

IN BROOKLYN: 4 Court St.; 860 Fulton St.; 479 Broadway; Eagle Office.

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Along the North Shore of Long Island Sound, at the charming inland locations of Connecticut, and among the Berkshires and Litchfield Hills, reached by the finest through and suburban train service running out of New York. Send 2-cent stamp to New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, Room No. 3, Grand Central Station, New York, or to Passenger Department, New Haven, for descriptive books and lists of hotels, boarding houses, rates for board, and passenger fares.

NEW YORK.

Richfield Springs.

Messrs Earle and Son announce the opening of the Hotel Earlington, Richfield Springs, N.Y. Thursday June 25th. St James Saturday June 20th. New York Office Hotel Earlington 27th St. West near Broadway

NEW YORK.

Thousand Islands.

THE MURRAY HILL HOTEL 1000 ISLANDS.

Coolest and best located hotel on the St. Lawrence River. No Malaria. No Asthma. No Hay Fever. No Mosquitoes. No Flies. Cuisine the finest. Illustrated Booklet on application. Charles F. Connor, Murray Hill Hotel, Murray Isle, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court of the State of New York, held in Part II. thereof, at the Court House for the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 14th day of May, 1903.—Present: Hon. Henry Bischoff, Jr., Justice.—In the matter of the petition of CHRISTINA RICHTBERG, as executrix of and devisee in trust under the last will and testament of Hermann Richtberg, deceased, for the discharge of a certain mortgage.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Christina Richtberg, as executrix of and devisee in trust under the last will and testament of Hermann Richtberg, deceased, duly verified the 12th day of May, 1903, which said petition describes a certain mortgage of record in the Register's Office for the County of New York, purporting to have been made by said Hermann Richtberg to one Elizabeth Rosenfeld, wife of Simon Rosenfeld of the City of New York, in the State of New York, dated the 21st day of March, 1878, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, on the 21st day of March, 1878, at 3:10 o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber 1,117 of Mortgages, Page 197, to secure payment of the sum of seven thousand dollars and interest, in manner following, that is to say: The sum of three thousand five hundred dollars at or before the expiration of two years from the date of said mortgage and the remaining sum of three thousand five hundred dollars at or before the expiration of four years from the date of said mortgage, with interest thereon at seven per cent., payable half-yearly; which said mortgage appears to be undischarged, and a lien upon the lands and premises described in said mortgage, which said lands and premises are situate on the southwesterly side of Forty-first Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and County of New York, in the State of New York; that such mortgage is paid; that the mortgage has been dead for more than five years, and that such mortgage has not been assigned or transferred and has never been foreclosed; that said mortgagee died at the said County of New York on or about the second day of February, 1878, and that letters testamentary upon the estate of said mortgagee were issued out of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York, to her said husband, Simon Rosenfeld, on the 13th day of March, 1878; and that the names and the present or last-known places of residence of all the surviving next of kin and heirs and heiresses at law of said mortgagee and her said husband, Simon Rosenfeld, are correctly set forth in said petition so far as the petitioner can ascertain the same; now, it is, on motion of Isaac and Jacob Fromme, attorneys for the petitioner,

Ordered, that all persons interested in the said mortgage be and they are hereby required to show cause at a Special Term of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, to be held in Part I. thereof, at the County Court House for the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 15th day of June, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, why said mortgage should not be discharged of record. And it is further

Ordered, that this order shall be published once a week for three weeks in The New York Law Journal and in The New York Times, and that a copy of this order shall be personally served on each of the said next of kin and heirs and heiresses at law who reside within the State of New York, on or before the 26th day of May, 1903, and that copies of such order shall on or before the 15th day of May, 1903, be deposited by or on behalf of the petitioner in the Post Office at the City of New York, in the State of New York, each contained in a securely closed, post-paid wrapper, directed to each of the said next of kin and heirs and heiresses at law who reside without the State of New York at their present or last-known places of residence, as specified and set forth in said petition. Enter. H. B. Jr., J. S. C.

THURINGIA AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE Company.—Pursuant to an order of the Hon. David Leventritt, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, made at a Special Term thereof, held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1903, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the said County of New York, on the 11th day of May, 1903, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the THURINGIA AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY are required to render an account of all debts and sums of money owing by them respectively and to pay the same to the undersigned Receiver by the time and at the place hereinafter specified; and all persons having in their possession any property or effects of the said company are required to deliver the same to the said Receiver by the said time and at the said place; and all creditors of the said company are required to deliver their respective accounts and demands, and all persons holding any open or subsisting contract of the said Company are required to present the same in writing and in detail, to the subscriber, Frederick G. Voss, who was duly appointed Receiver of all the property of said corporation, by said order, and has duly qualified as such Receiver, at his office, No. 100 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 3d day of July, 1903.—Dated, New York, May 12th, 1903.

FREDERICK G. VOSS, Receiver.

UNDERWOOD, VAN VORST & HOYT, Attorneys for said Receiver, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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NEW YORK.

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HOTEL CHAMPLAIN

Bluff Point, N. Y.

Overlooking Lake Champlain, the Green Mountains of Vermont, and the Adirondacks.

In Center of Natural Park of 800 Acres.

GOLF — Finest 18 hole course in Northern New York. Tournaments every Saturday

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"The Leading Hotel of the Catskill Mountains."

Every comfort and convenience of a city hotel of the highest grade in the heart of the Catskills. Golf links, tennis courts, swimming pool, &c. Superb scenery. Cuisine unexcelled. Parlor cars direct from New York to hotel grounds in three and one-half hours. H. E. EDER, Manager. N. Y. Office, 249 5th Avenue. Telephone 1008 Madison Sq. OPENS JUNE TWENTY-FIFTH.

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Its range is 12,000 square miles. A light that casts its rays into five States. BOATING, GOLF, MUSIC, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, NEW DINING ROOM. Special rates to guests arriving before July 4. CITY OFFICE, 25 UNION SQUARE, 1 TO 5 P. M. CHAS. AND GEO. H. BEACH, Managers, Catskill, New York.

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Hotel Kaaterskill,

Renovated and improved, OPENS JUNE 27, under same management. MR. JOHN RITCHIE will be at Savoy Hotel, 5th Av. and 59th St., N. Y., Wed., Thurs., and Friday to make room engagements.

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JEFFERSON HEIGHTS, CATSKILL, N. Y., WILL OPEN UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT. The Best-Known House Along the Hudson River. Seven-Hole Golf Course on the Grounds. Direct Access by Boat and Rail. Personal Investigation Solicited. Frank N. Rogers, Prop.

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OPENS JUNE 20, 1903.

POTTER'S SEASIDE HOUSE, SEASIDE STATION, ROCKAWAY BEACH. AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS; POSITIVELY THE COOLEST APARTMENTS AND DINING ROOMS ALONG THE ATLANTIC COAST. First-class restaurant; popular prices. Tel., 26 Hammell's.

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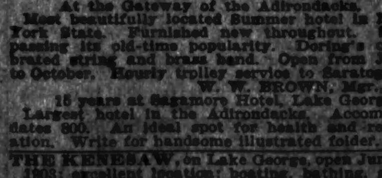
NEW FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL, LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.



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15 years at Sagamore Hotel, Lake George. Largest hotel in the Adirondacks. Accommodates 800. An ideal spot for health and recreation. Write for handsome illustrated folder.

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In the Shawangunk M'tns. Accommodates 200. Elevation 1,500 ft. Grand Scenery. Healthiest Location. All amusements. No malaria, no mosquitoes. Coolest and best equipped house in the mountains. Personal inspection solicited. Illustrated booklet. PAUL NICHOLS, Greenfield, Ulster Co., N. Y.

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SPECIAL DECORATION DAY ATTRACTIONS AT

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UNDER LAST YEAR'S POPULAR OWNERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT.

Recently remodeled, refurnished, enlarged, and thoroughly modernized. Capacity, 500. Electric lights, hydraulic elevator, one-third mile of broad piazzas overlooking the Delaware River and Mountains. Well-kept golf links, with frequent tournaments. Orchestra and dancing. Unsurpassed table. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Excellent roads, delightful walks, fishing, boating, and bathing. 2½ hours from New York via D., L. & W. R. R. Write for illustrated booklet and all information.

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A most delightful lake and mountain resort. Opens June 25th. Perfect Golf Links. Fishing, Rowing, Bathing, Tennis, and Dancing. Superior Music. Post, telegraph, telephone offices in hotel. Booklet. G. S. MOULTON, Manager. N. Y. Office, Aeolian Building, 362 Fifth Av. (34th St.)

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GOLF, TENNIS, BOATING, MUSIC. Pure Spring Water. Private tables for guests. J. BEN HART, WAWBEEK, N. Y.

QUIET, COMFORTABLE, HOMELIKE. WILLEY HOUSE, HURRICANE, N. Y. Special rates in June. WILLEY & MOTISHER, Props.

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Heart of Adirondacks, STEVENS HOUSE, Lake Placid, N. Y. Circulars. Special June Rates.

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Mount Pleasant House, Neversink, Sullivan Co., N. Y. Elevation 1,900 feet, southwest spurs of Catskill Mts. Summer home for city people among mountains, rivers, woodland. Two pianos, one organ. Village 10 minutes' walk. Price $7-$10. Circulars. W. V. DENMAN.

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KIAMESHA LAKE HOTEL, KIAMESHA, SULLIVAN COUNTY, N. Y. Accommodations for 250; fishing, golf, tennis, and bowling. Wm. F. Chase, N. Y. office, 1,183 Broadway, Room 617.

HOTEL ROCKWELL, Monticello, N. Y. Geo. W. Rockwell. Thoroughly renovated; steam heat, electric lights, baths; transients, $2, $2.50, $3; special weekly rates to July 1st.

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HOTEL PINNEY, Liberty, N. Y. Opens May 1st. Rooms, with private baths; accommodates 200; all modern improvements; booklets and rates on application. E. EUGENE PINNEY.

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THE KENMORE, Kauneonga, Sull. Co., N. Y., situated on picturesque White Lake. All modern and sanitary improvements; accommodates 100. Booklets. E. M. VAN ORDEN, Prop.

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NEW ENGLAND.

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JEFFERSON, N. H. OPENS EARLY IN JUNE.

In the White Mountains. A. J. MURPHY, Manager. Information obtained and engagements made by addressing Mr. Murphy at the LAUREL HOUSE, Lakewood, N. J.

Lake Sunapee, N. H. BEN MERE INN—OPENS JUNE 20TH. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET TO S. L. THOMPSON, MANAGER, BEN MERE INN, SUNAPEE, N. H.

BETHLEHEM, New Hampshire, the Summer paradise for health, rest, and recreation. See Sunday's New York Times.

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A beautifully located Resort Hotel for select patronage. All rooms en suite with private baths and strictly modern conditions and furnishings. Careful service in all departments. A new casino for indoor amusements; superior stable equipments and "auto" quarters; golf links; tennis courts; good music, and a multitude of well-kept walks and drives through picturesque country. Easy distance from popular Golf and Yacht Clubs. FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

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Heart Green Mountains, fronting lake; delightful climate; fine drives, fishing, boating, bathing, outdoor sports; opens June 15th. H. J. Fisher, Lake Dunmore, Vermont.

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Atlantic City.

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Ocean Av. and Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J. Unobstructed ocean view from all rooms. 100 rooms. 50 private baths. High class. European plan. White service throughout. Café attached. C. GENET & SONS, Props.

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ACME, Kentucky Av., near Beach; comfortable family house; modern improvements; terms reasonable. Mrs. G. W. Stoddard.

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Hot and cold sea water, with shower attachments, etc., in all baths.

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Atlantic City, N. J. This well-known hotel remains open throughout the year. Golf, yachting, driving, riding, the ever famous boardwalk, &c. Illustrated Booklet. N. Y. office, 289 4th Av. 'Phone 1749—18th. Also 1364 Broadway.

HOTEL RUDOLF

Direct Ocean front. Atlantic City, N. J. American and European plans. Open throughout the year. Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. Music. Write direct to hotel for terms and booklet. C. R. MYERS.

HOTEL STRAND. Ocean front—Fireproof—Seawater baths. FAIRBAIRN & WILLIAMS, Owners and Props.

Belmar.

Belmar, N.J. Opens Early in June

HOTEL COLUMBIA

Direct Ocean Front. Descriptive Booklet and diagram on application. M. LINDSAY.

Asbury Park.

THE BURRINGTON.—Now open, under management of responsible hotel caterers. Full particulars by addressing R. J. Garner, Mgr., 317 7th Av., North Asbury Park, N. J.

THE DELORAINE. ASBURY PARK, No. 212 Fourth Avenue.

Ocean Grove.

Highland House.—When going to Ocean Grove stop at the Highland, 25 Atlantic Av.; enlarged, improved; liberal table; good service; reasonable rates. F. D. Rosecrans.

THE PALISADES, Centrally located. Block from ocean. $1.00 per day up. Special June rates.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL

51st Boulevard and Lake Shore, Chicago. Summer Resort on the city's edge. Nearly 1,000 feet of veranda over-looking Lake Mich. 450 outside rooms. 10 min. downtown. Booklet free.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE

NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.

Minnetonka, May 30, 9 AM | Minne'ha, June 13, 7:30 AM
Minneapolis, June 6, 3 PM | Mesaba, June 20, 3 AM

New York—London via Southampton.

MANITOU.....June 6, 2 A. M.
MENOMINEE.....June 13, 9 A. M.
MARQUETTE.....July 3, 9 A. M.

ALL MODERN STEAMERS, LUXURIOUSLY FITTED WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE. ALL STATEROOMS AMIDSHIPS on UPPER DECKS. FIRST CABIN PASSENGERS CARRIED FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON. FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY TO 1 BROADWAY.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.

Phila....June 3, 10 AM | New York, June 17, 10 AM
St. Paul, June 10, 10 AM | Phila., June 24, 10 AM

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.

Vaderland, May 30, 10 AM | Zeeland, June 13, 10 AM
Kroonland, June 6, 10 AM | Finland, June 20, 10 AM

Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway, N.Y.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.

From Piers 51 and 52, North River.

Campania, May 30, 9 AM | Lucania...June 13, 8 AM
Umbria....June 6, 1 PM | Etruria...June 20, Noon

EXTRA TUESDAY SERVICE.

Carpathia, June 9, 4 PM | Aurania, June 23, 3 PM

Carrying Second and Third-Class Only.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

ANCHOR LINE

Glasgow and Londonderry.

Columbia, May 30, Noon | Ethiopia, June 13, Noon
Astoria....June 6, 3 PM | Anchoria, June 20, Noon

First saloon, $60 to $100.

Second Cabin, $35 and up; third class, $26 and up. For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

Celtic..May 29, 7:30 AM | Teutonic..June 10, Noon
Oceanic....June 3, Noon | *Victorian, Ju.16, 9:30 AM
Cymric....June 5, 2 PM | Germanic, June 17, Noon

*Liverpool direct, $40 and up, 2nd class only. Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line.

WEEKLY SAILINGS TO NAPLES—GENOA.

Citta di Milano..................June 9

Cabin, $55 & up. Dining saloon on promenade deck. Boleghesi, Hazfield & Co., 29 Wall St.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS

by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 25 Union Square, 'Phone 3960—18 St. New York.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Intended steamship sailings from Vancouver for Japan, China, and Philippine Islands.

R. M. S. Tartar, June 8 | Emp. of China, July 6
Emp. of Japan, June 15 | Emp. of India...July 27
R.M.S. Athenian, June 29 | Emp. of Japan..Aug. 17

Hawaiian, Fiji Islands, Australia & New Zealand.

Moana.........June 26 | Miowera.........July 24

For rates and information apply at 353 & 1 B'way.

BY SEA TO MAINE

on the Fast Modern Steamships of the MAINE STEAMSHIP CO. Is the most delightful short sea trip out of New York. Fare until June 1st. $3.50 One Way. $5.00 Round Trip. Write for illustrated descriptive booklet, mailed free. Offices, Pier (New) 32 East River and 290 Broadway, New York.

CLARK'S ROUND THE WORLD TOURS leave Aug. 1, Sept. 5, Oct. 3; 125 days, $1,850. Party to Europe per "Umbria," July 4, $280. F. C. CLARK, 113 Broadway, N. Y.

COOK'S TOURS AROUND THE WORLD. Thirty-second Annual Series. Parties leave Sept. 29, Oct. 8, 15, 22. Illustrated programmes from THOS. COOK & SON, 261 & 1185 B'way, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

THE 20 HOUR TRAIN

BETWEEN

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO

Suits the banker, broker, professional man and man of general business. It saves a day. This train is appropriately named the

20TH CENTURY LIMITED,

and is the fastest train for the distance the world has ever seen. Of course, it runs over the

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL AND LAKE SHORE RAILWAYS.

To get the best accommodations, it is well to apply two or three days in advance.

In addition to the 20 hour train, we have seven other trains, New York to Chicago, every day.

We also have a fine service to St. Louis and Cincinnati, with the best equipment the Pullman Company can furnish.

SEE TIME TABLE IN THIS PAPER.

For copy of a picture of the 20th Century Limited, send a 2-cent stamp to George H. Daniels, G. P. A., Grand Central Station, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

SHORT SEA TRIP

NO. 24

4 Days' Duration

NEW YORK to OLD POINT COMFORT, RICHMOND and VIRGINIA BEACH, VA. VIA

OLD DOMINION LINE

Lv. N. Y. daily, except Thurs. and Sun., arr. Old Point Comfort next morning. Includes dinner at Hotel Chamberlin. Lv. Old Point Comfort same day 5:00 P. M., arr. at Norfolk 6:15 P. M. Lv. Norfolk on new steamers "Berkeley" or "Brandon" 7:00 P. M. via James River, arr. Richmond next morning. Includes dinner at either Murphy's Hotel, The Lexington, or New Ford's Hotel. Lv. Richmond on new steamers "Berkeley" or "Brandon" 7:00 P. M. via James River, arr. Norfolk next morning. Includes railroad fare to and from Virginia Beach and dinner at Princess Anne Hotel. Lv. Norfolk 7:00 P. M. same day, arr. N. Y. next afternoon.

$19.00

Tickets and Stateroom Reservations at Pier 26, North River. Telephone 1580 Franklin. For other trips from 3 to 7 days' duration apply to OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO., 81 Beach Street, New York.

OLD DOMINION LINE. DAILY SERVICE

For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West. Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26 N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M. H. B. WALKER, Vice Pres. & Traffic Manager.

North German Lloyd.

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.

From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Kronprinz, June 2, 3 PM | Kaiser...July 11, 10 AM
Kaiser...June 16, 10 AM | K.Wm.II, July 21, 3 PM
K.Wm.II., June 23, 3 PM | Kaiser...Aug. 4, 10 AM
Kronprinz, July 7, 3 PM | Kronprinz, Aug. 11, 7 AM

THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS

S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."

707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER. SAILS JUNE 23, JULY 21, AUG. 25.

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE. PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.

From Bremen Pier, Hoboken, N. J.

Kurfuerst, June 4, Noon | Barbarossa, July 2, 11AM
Bremen...June 11, 11 AM | Kurfuerst, July 9, 10 AM
Lahn...June 18, 10 AM | Bremen...July 16, 9 AM
Friedrich, June 25, 10 AM | Lahn...July 23, 11 AM

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.

From Pier 24, ft. of Amity St., Brooklyn.

†Hohenzoll'n, June 6, 2 PM | P. Irene...July 4, 11 AM
*Weimar, June 13, 10 AM | Hohenz'n, July 18, 11 AM
K. Albert, June 20, Noon | *Weimar, Aug. 1, 11 AM
Lahn...June 27, 10 AM | Lahn...Aug. 15, 10 AM

†S. S. Hohenzollern June 6, 2 P. M., will arrive at and sail from the New Bremen Pier, foot of 3d Street, Hoboken, N. J.

*Naples, Genoa only.

OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N.Y. Louis H. Myer, 48 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.

FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG. Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.

Pennsyl. May 30, 9:30 AM | F. Bism'ck. June 11, 10 AM
Deutschland, June 4, 1 PM | Palatia, June 13, 7:30 AM
Patricia, June 6, 3 PM | A. Victoria, June 18, 10 AM
Moltke....June 9, 4 PM | Pretoria, June 20, 1 PM

THE GREAT OCEAN FLYER,

S. S. Deutschland

Record Voyage, 5 Days, 7 Hrs., 38 Min. SAILS JUNE 4, JULY 2, AND SEPT. 15.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE. Offices, 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

Hudson River by Daylight.

Palatial Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY" of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the World.

Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A. M.
" Desbrosses St. Pier .... 8:40 "
" West 22d St. .... 9:00 "
" West 129th St. .... 9:20 "

Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Daily, except Sunday. Special Trains to Catskill Mtn. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Most delightful One-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat.

Restaurant open at 7 A. M. MUSIC.

Half rate to Cairo, N. Y., May 29th to June 8th. Delightful DECORATION DAY EXCURSIONS.

JOY LINE — Lowest rates New York to Providence. First Class Service.

Fast and elegant Steamers leave New York daily excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St. Summer rate $2.00 to Providence. In effect June 1st. Telephone, 3063 Franklin.

ON AND AFTER MAY 29TH,

Steamer for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, and Rondout week days, except Saturdays, at 4:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 1:00 P. M. For Highland Falls, West Point, Cold Spring, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie, week days, except Saturdays, at 5:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 2:00 P. M., and West 129th Street at 3:30 P. M. Morning boat every day from Franklin Street at 9:30 A. M., West 129th Street 10:00 A. M., for Newburgh, Fishkill Landing, Cornwall, Cold Spring, and West Point. See ad. under head of Excursions.

STEAMER MARY POWELL

Leaving Desbrosses St. at 3:15 P. M. (Saturdays and Holidays, 1:45 P. M.), W. 22nd St. 3:30 P. M. (Saturdays and Holidays, 2 P. M.), 129th St. on Saturdays and Holidays only, 2:20 P. M. For Highland Falls, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, New Hamburgh, Milton, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston. Orchestra on board.

PEOPLE'S LINE

FOR ALBANY. ADIRONDACK OR DEAN RICHMOND

Leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. weekdays. Direct connections to points North, South, East, and West. EXCURSION, $2.50.

TROY BOATS "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leave West 10th St. Pier daily 6 P. M., except Saturday. Direct railroad connections at Troy for all points North and East. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY.

CATSKILL, HUDSON AND COXSACKIE BOATS

Leave Pier 33 N. R., every weekday, 6 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

STATIONS FOOT OF WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.

The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M.—FAST MAIL.—Parlor, Sleeping, and Dining Cars. For Chicago, Indianapolis, and Louisville.

9:55 A. M.—ST. LOUIS LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis. Dining Car.

10:55 A. M.—PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Compartment Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit.

1:55 P. M.—CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville (via Cincinnati and Louisville), Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

4:55 P. M.—CHICAGO LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Toledo, and Cleveland. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M.—ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Welch, W. Va. (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)

5:55 P. M.—WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:55 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:25 P. M.—CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and St. Louis.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

7:55, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car), 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 3:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 3:20), 3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars, 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sunday, 7:55, 8:25 (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars, 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 5:25, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 9:25 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express, 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 4:25 P. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT AND NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week days and 8:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, and Standard Coaches on week days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.

CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week days.

For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station), 5:55 A. M., 12:10, 3:25, 3:40, and 4:55 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 3:30, 9:00 A. M., 12:30, 2:30, 3:40, 4:20, and 5:10 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M.)

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

6:05, 7:25, 7:55, 7:55 (Dining Car), 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 (Dining Car), 9:55 (St. Louis Limited), 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car), 10:25 (Penna. Limited), 10:55 (Dining Car), 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 1:55 (Dining Car), 3:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 3:20), 3:55, 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25, 4:55 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 4:55 Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only, 5:55 (Dining Car), 7:55, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night week-days. Sundays, 6:05, 7:55 (Dining Car), 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 9:55 (St. Louis Limited), 9:55, 10:25 (Penna. Limited), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 2:55 (Dining Car), 3:25 (Dining Car), 3:55, 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only, 4:55 (Dining Car), 5:55 (Dining Car), 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1,354, 113, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.); 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.); 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 398 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agent. 5-24-1903.

FAST LOCAL SERVICE ON THE

Hudson River, Harlem and Putnam Divisions OF

The New York Central.

The country lying north of New York City is wonderfully beautiful, and with its fast express trains leaving Grand Central Station via the Hudson River Division, the Harlem Division, and the Putnam Division in connection with the elevated railroad via 155th Street, or with the opportunity to go in and out of Grand Central Station, changing at High Bridge, and with optional commutation tickets, makes it about all that could be desired in the way of train service.

This healthful and beautiful region lying between the Hudson River and the Sound is a most delightful section for transient or permanent living. Summer timetables now in effect.

OUR RECREATION AND INFORMATION BUREAUS

will furnish you with timetables of trains and information regarding hotels and boarding houses. These bureaus are located at

1,216 Broadway, corner of 30th Street;
415 Broadway, corner Canal Street;
275 Columbus Av., corner 72d St., New York, and
338 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

Send a 2-cent stamp for any one of the following numbers of the "Four-Track Series":

No. 4. Suburban Homes North of the Harlem River.
No. 14. Bronx Park.
No. 23. Real Rapid Transit.

To GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF RAUTH & BRANDT, firm formerly doing business in the City of New York, at No. 484 Broadway, and to whom it may concern:

Please take notice that we will move in the United States District Court, for the Southern District of New York, on the 8th day of June, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., for an order dismissing the petition in bankruptcy filed against the said firm on May 9th 1903, praying that they be adjudicated bankrupts.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.

Yours, etc.,

ENGEL, ENGEL & OPPENHEIMER, Attys. for Rauth & Brandt, No. 132 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.

Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:

North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 2:45, 5:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 28 and 40, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—*MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 5:55 A. M., Troy 6:30 A. M.
7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30 A. M.—*EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:45 P. M.
8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.
10:30 A. M.—†DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:10 A. M.
11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:55 P. M.
12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.
1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. 26¼ via M. C.
2:45 P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.
3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7 P. M.
3:35 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS, AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED. 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:25 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:30, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. 28 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
6:35 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.
7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL. Due Buffalo 7:25 A. M., Niagara Falls 8:45, Toronto 10:50 A. M.
9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.
9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL. Due Cincinnati 7:30, Indianapolis 10:15 P. M., St. Louis 7:30 second morning.
9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 33 hours by Lake Shore.
11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, and Chicago.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

9:08 A. M. and 3:36 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sundays at 9:20 A. M. Pullman cars on all through trains.

Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.

Ticket offices at 167, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 153 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn. Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND

Via Springfield and the BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD. (N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: 10:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:30 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.

Leave Boston 10:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.

Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.

A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)

Leave Desbrosses St. Station, New York, as follows, and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:

*7:10 AM—For interm. points to Albany.
*11:30 AM—(1) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:30 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
*5:00 PM—(2) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Cleve. and Chic.
*7:45 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chic.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex (1) at 11:20 A. M., (2) at 4:50 P. M. Leaves Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at 11:20 A. M., (2) at 4:50 P. M. Time tables of principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.

A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Liberty Street and South Ferry (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK.—4:00 (7:15 Easton only), 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:00, 6:00 (5:45 Easton only) P. M. Sundays, 4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON.—4:00, 9:10 A. M., 1:20 P. M. Sundays, 4:25 A. M., 1:00 P. M.

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT.—4:00, 9:45 A. M., 1:30, 4:30 (3:40, 5:00 Lakewood and Lakehurst only) P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:40 A. M., 12:40 P. M.

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON.—9:40 A. M., 1:30 P. M.

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT AND SEASHORE POINTS.—4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:40, 4:30, 5:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:15 A. M., 4:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA.—(READING TERMINAL)—4:00, 7:00, 8:00, *9:00, †10:00, †11:00 A. M., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00 P. M., *12:15 mdt.

24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—4:25, 10:20, *11:45 A. M., 1:00, 5:00 P. M., *12:15 mdt.

READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—4:00, 4:25, 9:00, 10:10, (10:00, 11:00 A. M. Reading only), 1:00, 1:20, 3:00 P. M. Reading, Pottsville and Harrisburg only, 4:00, 5:00 P. M.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE.—From ft. Rector St., Pier 8, Seabright, Monmouth Beach and Asbury Park, Pt. Pleasant, 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 3:45, 5:00 P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 5:00 P. M. xFrom Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Parlor cars only. ||Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., B'klyn; 390 B'way, W'msburg. N. Y. Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

Leave South Ferry, Liberty St.

	South Ferry	Liberty St.	
Balto.-Washington.	† 9:25AM	† 9:30AM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington.	*10:25AM	*10:30AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington.	*11:25AM	*11:45AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington.	*12:55PM	* 1:00PM	Diner
"Royal Limited"	* 3:35PM	* 3:40PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington.	* 4:55PM	* 5:00PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington.	* 6:55PM	* 7:00PM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington.	12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleepers

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg....	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus.	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve.	*3:35pm.	*3:40pm.	Limited
"Pittsburg Limited"	*5:55pm.	*6:00pm.	Buffet.
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Norfolk	†12:55pm.	1:00pm.	Diner.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: 167, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: ...

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 107, 261, 355, 1234 and 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y., 860 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 390 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn. N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PEARSON, CHARLES EDGAR.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES EDGAR PEARSON, late of the City of Ottawa, Dominion of Canada, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of its attorneys, Wallach & Cook, No. 33 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 30th day of June, 1903.—Dated New York, December 18th, 1902. KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Ancillary Executor. WALLACH & COOK, Attorneys for Ancillary Executor, 33 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks weak.

Money easy, 1¾@2¼ per cent.

The damage to the stock market by the cotton speculation which had been looked for on this side the ocean arrived yesterday from the other side. A loser in Liverpool was compelled to sell Rio Tinto, and the London settlement day coincided with a fall in the price of copper metal. The combined effect was to add Amalgamated's weight to the depressing influence of continued liquidation in Rock Island. Together they would have hurt a stronger market than yesterday's, which sagged all day, a dispirited rally at the end having little effect upon the day's net changes. They were almost uniformly downward, an advance of 1⅝ in Reading second prefered being the only noteworthy exception. Rock Island was the most active stock, an eigth of the day's total business being done in its stock alone and at a decline of 1. Amalgamated lost 3½ on much less business. Both classes of St. Paul were among the weak ones, Consolidated Gas seems to have struck a range below 200, and there was no strength in the Pacifics. It was a bad day to float the National Mexican scheme. No attempt was made to support it against the market, and it reacted both with the market and upon the maxim to sell upon announcements of good news. The common rose and the preferred fell, which is mentioned for what it may be worth as the Street's judgment upon the details of the scheme. There was a considerable gain in activity "at the expense of values," according to the stereotyped phrase. The same is true of the bond market. There was no movement in Steel 5s, but Rock Island 4s, Union Pacific convertibles, and Wabash Bs all lost good fractions.

The price movement was all there was to the market, and the day's business contributed no answer to the only question universally asked, "Who is selling and why?" The crop news was good, and the labor situation was no worse. The freight handlers' strike hangs fire, but the packers accepted a reduction of their demands by 2 cents per hour upon the firm front shown by their employers. Forecasts of the bank statement—a day early upon account of the Saturday holiday—were of the same general character as last week. A free movement of cash from the interior more than offsets the effect of gold exports and loss to the Sub-Treasury, and the loans item will be the controlling and unknown factor. Yesterday's export of gold to Canada will show chiefly in next week's statement, which promises to be further adversely affected through considerable gold exports, as sterling is obstinately strong, and the supply of bills is inadequate to reduce it. The banking situation in England is much like that here. Fresh resources are hard to get, the pressure for loans continues, and the situation, while not bad, is not improving. The reduction in the Bank rate is more nominal than real, and the attraction for our gold is maintained by the price paid for bullion. The plain fact is that London is less independent of foreign money now than before the Transvaal loan was placed, for mail advices make it clear that it is carried upon loans, and is not digested by purchases with investors' money. Undigested consols and undigested securities are twin problems reflected in banking situations which have similarities. St. Paul's net earnings report was not at all of the sort the weakness of the stock would indicate, and other good statements were neglected. The market is not of that sort.

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

B'klyn Un. Gas	2¼	Ry. Steel Spring pf.	½
Nat. R. R. of M.	⅝	Reading 2d pf.	1⅝
N. Y. C. & St. L.	1	Tex. Pac. Land Tr.	1
Pressed S. Car	½	Third Avenue	2

Stocks Declined.

Amal. Copper	3½	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	3
Am. C. & F. pf.	¾	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	2½
Am. Cotton Oil	¾	Mo., Kan. & T.	1¼
Am. Linseed	1	Mo., K. & T. pf.	½
Am. Smelting	1¼	Nat. Biscuit	½
Am. Smelting pf.	½	Nat. R. R. of M. pf.	1¼
Am. Sugar	1½	N. Y. Air Brake	4½
Am. Tel. & Tel.	6½	N. Y., Ont. & W.	¾
Am. Woolen	½	Norf. & West.	¾
Anaconda Copper	3½	North American	2⅝
At., Top. & S. F.	¾	Pac. Coast 2d pf.	1
Balt. & Ohio pf.	½	Pacific Mail	2⅝
B'klyn R. T.	1½	Penn. R. R.	½
Brunswick	½	Pere Marquette	½
Canada South.	¾	Pressed S. C. pf.	½
Canadian Pacific	2⅝	Pullman	3
Cent. of N. J.	3	Reading	1⅛
Ches. & Ohio	¾	Reading 1st pf.	½
Chi., M. & St. P.	¾	Rep. Steel	1⅜
Chi. & N. W.	1	Rep. Steel pf.	1¼
Chi. Term. Tr.	¾	Rock Island	1
Chi. Term. Tr. pf.	1¼	Rock Island pf.	2½
Col. Southern	¾	St. J. & G. I. 1st pf.	7
Consol. Gas	2½	St. J. & G. I. 2d pf.	3
Corn Products	½	St. L. & S. F.	2
Corn Prod. pf.	½	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	1
Del. & Hudson	1½	St. L. S. W.	½
Den. & R. G.	1¼	Sloss-Sheffield	2
Den. & R. G. pf.	1½	Southern Pacific	¾
Detroit South. pf.	1	Southern Railway	¾
Distillers' Sec.	½	So. Ry. pf.	½
General Electric	3½	Tenn. Coal & I.	1½
Hocking Valley	1	Texas & Pacific	1
Hock. Valley pf.	½	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	1
Illinois Central	1½	Twin City	1⅛
Int. Paper	1	Union Pacific	1⅛
Int. Pump	1	Un. Ry. Inv. pf.	3
Iowa Central	1¼	U. S. Leather pf.	½
Iowa Central pf.	1½	U. S. Realty	½
K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	1	U. S. Rubber pf.	2½
Kan. City South.	1½	Wabash	½
Louis. & Nash.	1	West. Union	¾
Man. Beach	1	Wheel. & L. E.	¾
Manhattan	¾	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	½
Met. Street Ry.	¾	Wis. Central	1
Met. Securities	2		
Mexican Central	¾		
Minn. & St. L.	1		

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s.....4.....1⅛

Bonds Declined.

Am. H. & L. 6s	1	Peo. Gas, Chi., con. 6s	4
Chi., R. I. & P. col. 4s	1½	St. L. & S. F. gen. 5s	1⅜
Col. Fuel conv. 5s	1	Stand. R. & T. 1st	1
Ft. W. & D. C. 1st	1	W. & L. E. con. 4s	1
F. & P. M., Pt. H. Div. 5s	3½		

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
May 28	893,138
To date this year	86,183,745
Corresponding date last year	79,734,271

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

May 28	$2,667,500
To date this year	$282,294,850
Corresponding date last year	$423,168,100

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Express Company.
American Railways, Philadelphia.
Diamond Match Company.
Laclede Gas Light Company—Preferred stock.
Philadelphia Electric Company.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Mechanics' Bank, Brooklyn.
National Biscuit Company—On preferred stock.
Pennsylvania Railroad.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Brookstone, Grossman & Co.

WINTER WHEAT CONDITIONS.

The Winter wheat crop has been greatly benefited by recent rains in nearly all sections of the West, according to reports to Dun's Review. The stand is generally quite good, though the grain is backward, and the production in some States will undoubtedly be curtailed in consequence of the recent severe drought and hot winds. Still, conditions are now quite satisfactory. There are reports of slight damage by the Hessian fly in isolated and widely scattered sections, but the damage is trifling. Fields that were turning yellow from the dry, hot weather are now revived. In the southern part of Ohio the plant is headed, but in the northern part of the State, while the stand is good, additional moisture is needed. In Indiana the recent rains have helped the crop, which previously had retrograded. In Illinois the outlook is good, although in some sections the yield will be considerably reduced. In the greater part of Kentucky and in some parts of Tennessee the crop is retarded by the drought, which still continues, though in the western part of Kentucky recent showers have greatly improved conditions. In Missouri and Kansas there has been an abundance of rain. In Northern Texas the crop is improved, but in the central and southern sections of the State where harvesting is now progressing, the yield is estimated at only two-thirds of last year.

FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

The developments in yesterday's market, which was weak from beginning to end—the late rally being but half-hearted—convinced doubting ones in the Street that despite the recent enormous selling of long stock liquidation is not yet complete. While it is not welcome to the bulls, and though the bears may unduly emphasize it, it must be set out as a fact nevertheless that the bulk of yesterday's selling was undoubtedly of long stock, with London and Canadian interests joining the local people, who were forced, or deemed it advisable, to sell. Such stocks as General Electric, which declined over 3 points; Pullman Palace Car, whose loss also was 3; Consolidated Gas, American Telegraph and Telephone, and New York Air Brake, are clearly not issues that appeal to would-be short sellers; while in respect to such standard stocks as St. Paul, New York Central, and Pennsylvania, it is agreed that he would be more than an ordinarily daring operator who would venture to sell these securities at the present level. Especially so is this true of Pennsylvania, backed as it now is by a syndicate of great resources and power. Yet all of these issues sold down materially during the day, and, though the more active ones rallied somewhat toward the close, the final figures did not make an encouraging showing for the bulls.

Some bankers there are in the Street who do not hesitate to declare that this is a liquidating market, and that from this time on until after the Presidential election stocks will be for sale on every show of strength, the belief being that the Presidential contest will of itself tend to unsettle business and make capital timid and hesitant pending the final result. These bankers, it may be said, are of opinion that already the "turn" in the business world has come and that the present market decline is nothing other than a discounting of the poorer times to come. On the other hand, there are other bankers of equal standing and importance as those already referred to, who say they see no signs of any "turn" or any end to the present prosperity and who, though inclined to welcome stock market inactivity for some time—opposing themselves to any effort to make a bull market—insist nevertheless that at present prices the market has discounted a very great deal that is unfavorable and is therefore at an attractive level for investors.

Between these contrary opinions—one pessimistic, the other hopeful—the trading element in the Street is much at sea, and is becoming more so as the steady outpouring of stocks continues. As one facetious individual remarks, the market is selling "mystery on," the mystery being who are the heavy sellers—whence comes the ever-pressing stream of long stock. That it is not the "little men" every one understands and appreciates. They long since have been shaken out. It is rich men who are suffering, but exactly what rich men is not certain. Without question some of the Westerners have suffered; beyond a doubt also some of the prominent Pittsburg and New York steel men have lost millions on the decline; and even some of the Morgan and Standard Oil following have had their financial wings clipped. The difficulty is to get any accurate information on the subject or to know how much additional stock must needs be liquidated before the atmosphere is thoroughly cleared. If, as is stated, some other industrial corporations must be reorganized in as drastic a manner as the shipbuilding combine, bankers say there is no knowing when the liquidation may cease.

When prices were at their lowest yesterday and every one was asking what was the matter with the market the head of a leading Stock Exchange house, which has been active in Pennsylvania stock since first it was listed here, gave the following as his view of the situation: "Present conditions which prevail in the financial world are due to the excesses committed by rich men and corporations during the past two years. The collapse in confidence which has occurred in the last thirty days seems to have been chiefly occasioned by the Pennsylvania Railroad being compelled at the last moment to have their new issue of stock underwritten. This corporation, which has been foremost the last six years in buying and branching out, and which has ignored the possibility that they might not readily place securities as they desired, has been compelled to virtually acknowledge that they have come to the end of their rope. When they announced some months ago the stock allotment, the largest emission of stock ever undertaken by any corporation, (and when their own stock was selling around 145,) that they would pay off $40,000,000 of borrowed money with the first proceeds of the new stock, it never occurred to them that, as inopportune as the time might be and as large as the issue might be, it would not be a success. A few days ago, when the stock was offered down to within a little over five points of the subscription price and was declining at the rate of a point a day, they at last woke up to the fact that as great as the credit of their corporation had been, they had just about exhausted it. It is not astonishing that the financial world should be shocked. Fortunately, the situation has been saved, stock has been underwritten, and will be taken, and the company will be able to fulfill its obligations and make its extensions as purposed. It will take some time to recuperate, but as business conditions are healthy and the country prosperous, this will come about."

Far and away the most active stock on the list—the activity being at the expense of values—was Rock Island, which sold down at one time nearly three points, later recovering half the loss. The selling of the stock was on an enormous scale—more than 110,000 shares being traded in—with one firm alone putting out 20,000 shares and another firm 10,000. In each case it is understood that this was long stock, but for whose account could not be learned. All day long there was a persistence in the Street of the rumors of trouble among the controlling interests in the property, but as in times past these could not be verified. The source of the selling of the stock, and its character, however, lent some color to the reports which heretofore have been regarded as put out largely for stock jobbing purposes. It was not possible to obtain any information yesterday. President Leeds is in Virginia, James H. Moore is out of the city, W. H. Moore was in Philadelphia, and D. G. Reid, who was in the city, refused to make any statement. One of the principal bear arguments on the stock is that as compared with such shares as St. Paul and Northwest it is relatively much too high.

A Stock Exchange firm who usually do business for a big copper house were the largest sellers of Amalgamated Copper yesterday, the stock breaking at one time over 4 points and rallying but a point from the lowest. Coincidentally, Anaconda sold down 9¼ points. No reason was advanced for the selling other than the reports that some London interests were in trouble and would have to liquidate their copper stocks. It is believed that the selling here, as in Sugar Trust stock, was for the account of Standard Oil interests.

John F. Harris, the head of the house of Harris, Gates & Co., just returned from a trip abroad, is a big bull on the country, but not so on the market. "I look for a dull and dragging market for some time to come," said Mr. Harris yesterday. "While earnings are big and business good, nevertheless best sentiment seems to be against any attempt to advance prices at this time. It will be necessary for the banks to strengthen their position in anticipation of the demand for money this Fall to move the crops. I am not bearish, however, and I believe ultimately in higher prices."

Ever since the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company decided to abandon the publication of its monthly statement of earnings, the stock—though widely "tipped" for a rise, with the floating supply of the stock reported as reduced to a minimum—has steadily declined. Yesterday it was one of the market's weakest features, selling down over 2 points on liquidation. An effort was made to support the issue by insiders, People's Gas and other stocks being liquidated as a protective measure. Under the supporting orders the stock rallied a point.

The selling of Mexican National preferred stock was principally by speculators and represented nothing more important than profit taking, on the Wall Street theory to sell "when the news is out." Banking interests bought on the decline, the idea of Government partnership being regarded as a bull argument for the stockholders.

The sharp break in Canadian Pacific was hastened by the sale of a large block of stock for the account of a London trader, who seems to have been caught short of cotton and long of stocks. Canadian interests also were sellers.

A number of minor pools were forced to sell yesterday, this explaining the declines, on comparatively few transactions, in such stocks as United States Rubber preferred, Pacific Mail, North American, St. Joseph and Grand Island, and Denver and Rio Grande.

Gould brokers were open buyers of Missouri Pacific, which was one of the strongest stocks on the list. The gossip continues that Mr. Gould is getting ready to announce his plans of a greater Missouri Pacific system.

It was reported on the Street yesterday that the May net earnings of the Steel Trust will exceed $12,000,000. The stocks of the corporation were strong all day, despite the further cut reported in pig iron.

Commission houses are deserted these days, except by a few "left over" marginites. The remaining public absolutely refuses to be drawn into the market.

London was a seller in this market yesterday to the extent of probably 20,000 shares. Some of the selling was of stock bought some days ago and was at a loss.

MOVEMENT OF CURRENCY.

Discussing the movement of currency during the week Dow, Jones & Co. say:

The principal movements of currency for the five days ended May 27 indicate that the banks gained thereby $561,600.

They received from the interior $6,451,000 and sent to the interior $1,812,500, of which $200,000 was transferred through the Sub-Treasury to New Orleans. The gain from the interior was $4,638,500.

New gold was received to the amount of $928,500, of which $622,100 was on New York Assay Office checks, $106,500 on San Francisco Mint checks and telegraphic transfers, and $100,900 on Seattle Assay Office checks.

Gold exports were $3,462,600, of which $900,900 went to Paris in bars, $305,700 to Berlin in bars, and $2,260,000 to Argentina in coin.

The ordinary disbursements of the Sub-Treasury amounted to $18,032,500. Payments by the banks to the Sub-Treasury for customs, internal revenue, 5 per cent. redemption fund, &c., were $19,575,400. The loss on Sub-Treasury operations proper was $1,542,900.

The total gain from the interior and new gold was $5,567,100. The total loss on Sub-Treasury operations and gold exports was $5,005,500, so the net gain was $561,600.

The feature this week was the large gain from the interior, which was more than sufficient to offset the loss by gold exports. The currency came from nearly every part of the country. Some of the most important remittances were made by St. Louis, Milwaukee and St. Paul and Louisville. The shipments were mostly to near by points and to New Orleans.

Customs collections for the five days were $2,340,300, a daily average of $468,000. Last week the daily average was $531,000. Pension payments for the five days, however, were only $818,000, a daily average of $163,000, comparing with a daily average last week of $276,000. This explains the loss on Sub-Treasury operations proper.

THE NEW COTTON CROP.

Latham, Alexander & Co. have issued their annual estimate of cotton acreage, under date of May 27. They say:

With the view of obtaining the most reliable information possible concerning the cotton acreage of the United States for 1903 we addressed 4,000 letters to banks, bankers, cotton commission merchants and responsible planters, embracing every cotton growing county in the South, asking acreage estimates.

Up to this date we have secured 3,080 replies, of average date of May 22, and the following tabulation is the result:

State.	Acreage Increase. P. C.	Acreage. 1902.	Acreage. 1903.	Season. Days Later.
Alabama	2	3,501,727	3,589,280	14
Ark. and Missouri	3	1,961,627	2,020,476	10
Florida	1½	253,286	257,085	18
Georgia	2½	3,862,439	3,958,999	12
Louisiana	2½	1,617,678	1,658,120	18
Mississippi	2	3,181,408	3,245,036	16
N. C. & Virginia	4	1,113,316	1,157,848	13
South Carolina	4	2,205,909	2,294,145	13
Tennessee	5	754,311	792,552	18
Texas and various	2½	8,661,595	8,878,440	17
Total		27,114,105	27,851,981	*14.7

*Average.

The total estimated increase of cotton acreage in the United States for 1903 is 2.72%, or 737,876 acres, more than last year, and the average planting of the crop is about fifteen days later than normal. Our correspondents report the crop late in all sections, and complaints of low temperature and imperfect stands, rendering some replanting necessary, have been quite general, but that it has improved within the past two weeks on account of beneficial rains and warmer weather; still, in no part of the cotton belt is the crop in as promising condition as at this time last year.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Merger of the South Baltimore Car Works, the South Baltimore Foundry, and the Ryan & McDonald Manufacturing Company, into one company, to be known as the South Baltimore Steel Car and Foundry Company, with a capital stock of $1,000,000.

Several of the largest hardware factories of New Britain, Conn., said to be planning a consolidation.

Guthrie (Oklahoma) advices that a Pennsylvania syndicate has bought for $1,000,000 the Witteville coal mines of the Devlin Weir Coal Company and the Fort Smith and Western Railroad.

According to Wheeling (West Va.) dispatches the Fairmount Steel and Iron Company proposes to build a steel mill to cost several hundred thousand dollars to be devoted particularly to a special grade of steel rails.

Announcement from Memphis, Tenn., that the Merchants' Cotton Compress and Storage Company and the Gulf Compress Company will be consolidated under one management.

Capital stock of the Cherokee Falls Manufacturing Company of Columbia, S. C., increased from $200,000 to $1,000,000.

Incorporation in Missouri of the St. Joseph, Parkville and Kansas City Railway with a capital of $5,000,000.

Mortgage for $2,000,000 filed at Canton, Ohio, by the Akron-Alliance Connecting Railway Company in favor of the Eastern Trust Company of New York.

Anderson (Ind.) dispatches stating that the stockholders and Directors of the Union Traction Company and of the Indianapolis Northern Traction Company have ratified the proposition to consolidate the companies under the name of the Union Traction Company of Indiana.

Stockholders of the Pittsburg Oil and Gas Company to meet in Pittsburg on June 4 to act on a proposition to issue $1,800,000 gold bonds for increasing the company's plant and extending the scope of its operations.

Statement from Pittsburg that the Directors of the Union Natural Gas Corporation have recommended the increase of the capital stock from $8,000,000 to $9,000,000, and at a special meeting on Monday next the stockholders will vote upon the proposition.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 1¾@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. The majority of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½ per cent. for sixty days, 4 per cent. for ninety days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four months, 4½@4¾ per cent. for five and six months, and 5 per cent. for eight months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $22,410,505; balances, $8,632,506; United States Sub-Treasury debit balance, $841,-[illegible]66.

Money on call in London, 3½@3¾ per cent.; short bills, 3 5-16 per cent.; three months' bills, 3⅜ per cent.

Foreign exchange was very strong. Nominal rates were $4.85½ for sixty days and $4.88½ for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.85¼; demand, $4.8815@$4.88¼; cables, $4.88¾. Commercial bills were $4.84¾@$4.84⅞. Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¼ and 5.15⅝; reichsmarks, 94¼ @ 94 15-16 and 95 7-16@95½; guilders, 40 1-16 and 40¼.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—5c premium. Chicago—25c premium. New Orleans—Commercial, 60c discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, 7½c; telegraphic, 10c. St. Louis—55c premium. Cincinnati—Between banks, 15c premium; over counter, 50c premium. Pittsburg—25@35c premium. Louisville—50c premium.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 29.—The Times, in its City article to-day, says there was a strong demand for money yesterday owing to the Stock Exchange payday, but the market did not increase its indebtedness to the Bank of England largely. Discount rates were steady.

The Bank of England return shows that the reserve is £335,000 lower, at £24,846,000. Its proportion to current liabilities has fallen ⅝ per cent. to 50⅝ per cent.

The Bank of England yesterday bought £80,000 bar gold.

On the Stock Exchange the tone was less cheerful, chiefly owing to the renewed weakness in American rails, which was apparently connected with, though not entirely due to, the heavy falls in copper and copper securities. Rio Tinto fell 2⅛ and Anaconda ⅛. Nothing authentic is known of any difficulties in the copper market.

Little was doing in other departments. Consols were unchanged at 91 13-16. Home rails declined, owing to liquidation.

American rails were badly affected by Wall Street's weakness and reports of impending cotton and copper failures. They closed at the lowest points touched in the course of the day.

South American bonds were firm. South Africans were rather firmer.

Bar silver was 3-16d per ounce lower at 24 7-16d spot and ⅛d per ounce lower at 24 3-16d forward, closing dull.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, May 28.—Money was in increased demand to-day, the market relying upon the Bank of England.

Business on the Stock Exchange was undecided, operators being chiefly occupied with the completion of the settlement. Consols were steady. Argentines and Brazilians were strong. Rio Tintos were offered for Paris account. Americans were flat in sympathy with New York and owing to the absence of local support. There were some realizations, and prices closed weak. Kafirs were weak.

Copper suffered heavily to-day, and there were no attempts to check the decline. The metal opened at 60⅝, and closed at 58⅞. About 1,500 tons were sold.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 91 12-16; consols for account, 91 12-16; Anaconda, 4⅛; Atchison, 76; Atchison preferred, 97⅞; Baltimore and Ohio, 89¾; Canadian Pacific, 128½; Chesapeake and Ohio, 40¼; Chicago Great Western, 21⅛; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 155⅞; De Beers, 21½; Denver and Rio Grande, 32¾; Denver and Rio Grande preferred, 87⅝; Erie, 34⅝; Erie first preferred, 69¼; Erie second preferred, 57; Illinois Central, 139; Louisville and Nashville, 116; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 24⅛; New York Central, 129¼; Norfolk and Western, 69; Norfolk and Western preferred, 91; Ontario and Western, 27; Pennsylvania, 65½; Rand Mines, 10⅝; Reading, 25⅝; Reading first preferred, 42½; Reading second preferred, 34; Southern Railway, 27⅝; Southern Railway preferred, 92½; Southern Pacific, 52; Union Pacific, 86¼; Union Pacific preferred, 91; United States Steel, 32½; United States Steel preferred, 83⅝; Wabash, 26⅛; Wabash preferred, 46.

Bar silver dull at 24 7-16d per ounce.

Money, 3¼@3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅜ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3⅜ per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres, 127.27½; Madrid, 36.25; Lisbon, 22.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, May 28.—Prices on the Bourse to-day opened irregular and closed firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 5c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 18c for checks.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation increased 3,875,000f, Treasury accounts current increased 46,175,000f, gold in hand increased 4,475,000f, bills discounted increased 128,700,000f, and silver in hand increased 2,225,000f.

BERLIN, May 28.—Business on the Boerse to-day was extremely quiet owing to the approach of the Whitsuntide holidays. The private rate of discount was 3⅛ per cent.

Money on call was quoted at 3 per cent. Exchange on London, 20 marks 46 pfennigs for checks. Discount rates: Short bills, 3 per cent.; three months' bills, 3½ per cent.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 28.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve decreased £335,000, circulation increased £598,000, bullion increased £262,266, other securities increased £513,000, other deposits decreased £51,000, public deposits increased £64,000, notes reserve decreased £317,000, Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 50.74 per cent., as compared with 51.43 per cent. last week.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3¾ per cent.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 28.—The market was a shade softer, due to the restiveness occasioned among timid holders by the weakness in New York. There were more declines than usual, though none was of special significance. Alabama Coal and Iron preferred was 1¼ points lower, despite the approach of the time when the new financial plan will be effective. Central Trust was higher on various rumors, the most important of which hints at a change in the status of the company. Cotton Duck plans will be submitted to the Directors at Jersey City Friday.

Money on call was at 5@5½ per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 2,104 shares of stock and $111,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,050	Seaboard Ry. common	24½	24	24
250	Seaboard Ry. pf.	41⅝	41	41
20	Atl. Coast Line of Ct.	265	265	265
200	Consolidated Gas	69	68⅝	69
310	Cotton Duck (tr. rcts.)	3½	3⅜	3½
10	G. B. S. Brew. com.	12½	12½	12½
64	Central	61½	61¼	61½
10	Ala. Coal & Iron pf.	85	85	85
100	Baltimore Brick com.	8	8	8
100	Balt. & Ohio com.	87	87	87
	BONDS.			
$9,000	Seaboard Ry. 10-year	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
10,000	Seaboard Ry. 4s	80½	80½	80½
5,000	South Bound 5s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
1,000	West. Va. Central 6s	113	113	113
21,000	United Rys. & El. inc.	68¼	68	68
12,000	United Rys. & El. 4s	93	92⅞	92⅞
7,000	Cotton Duck 5s	69½	69¼	69½
5,000	Cotton Duck incomes	21½	21⅜	21½
1,000	Sav., Fla. & West. 6s	130	130	130
5,000	Ga., Car. & North. 5s	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝
400	Atl. Coast Line 4s, new	87	87	87
25,000	North. Car. 4s, 1913	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝

A. W. Krech in Philadelphia Directorate.

Alvin W. Krech, Vice President of the Mercantile Trust Company of New York, was elected a Trustee yesterday of the Commercial Trust Company of Philadelphia.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Much irregularity was shown in the outside market yesterday, but the trading was not altogether unfavorable, for the day's net losses were to some extent offset by the gains which were made. Only a few issues showed much activity, but the number of stocks dealt in was somewhat larger than of late. The introduction of the new Mexican National securities was an event of interest and helped somewhat to increase the volume of transactions. The copper stocks were only slightly affected by the sharp decline in Amalgamated Copper on the Stock Exchange, and none of these issues showed much activity. Northern Securities suffered more than most other stocks and closed at the lowest price of the day.

MEXICAN NATIONAL second preferred was traded in from 29¾ up to 30, and closed at 30⅛ bid. Some effort was made to establish a market in the new deferred stock, but no transaction resulted from these efforts.

NORTHERN SECURITIES, which is the most easily affected of all the outside stocks by the movements of the Stock Exchange market, was under pressure nearly all day, and when the market closed was selling at 92, a decline of nearly two points. At this price the stock was less than one point above the low record in the stock, which was reached during last week's decline.

ELECTRIC VEHICLE, in which there has been little or no trading recently, was forced down to 7, but quickly recovered more than a point. At the close 8 was bid for 1,000 shares of the stock. No transactions were reported in the preferred.

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,300	American Can	6⅛	6	6
1,850	American Can pf.	45½	44½	44½
320	Am. Writ. Paper	4⅝	4	4⅝
100	Bamberger De Lamar	10	10	10
100	Bay State Gas	9-32	¼	9-32
155	Compressed Air	1⅛	⅞	⅞
100	Electric Boat pf.	41	41	41
200	Elec. Lead Redun. pf.	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜
200	Electric Vehicle	8½	7	8½
500	Fuel Oil Power	24⅞	24½	24⅞
100	Gold Hill Copper	5-16	5-16	5-16
600	Greene Con. Copper	22⅜	21⅞	21⅞
4,100	Hackensack Meadows	15	14⅞	15
500	Havana Tobacco	41½	40	40
200	Interborough R. T. 90 per cent. paid	100	100	100
225	Int. Mer. Mar. pf.	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞
400	Light, Fuel & Power	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞
400	Manhattan Transit	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
330	Marconi W. of Ca.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
1,600	Mex. Nat. 2d pf. w.i.	30	29¾	30
3,200	Mont. & Bos. Cop.	1½	1⅜	1 7-16
5,100	Northern Securities	93⅞	92	92⅜
475	New Orleans Ry.	14⅜	14	14
10	Otis Elevator pf.	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
10	Pitts., B. & L. E.	33	33	33
200	Rapid Vehicle rights	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
40	Safety Car Heating	180	178	178
400	Seaboard Air Line	24	24	24
280	Seaboard Air Line pf.	40⅞	40⅝	40⅞
55	Standard Oil	649	648	649
325	Tenn. Copper	28⅜	*27⅞	28⅜
300	Tonopah Mining	9	9	9
300	Tintic Mining	5	5	5
225	Union Copper	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
200	United Copper	18	18	18
250	U. S. Light & Trac.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
5	Wash. Ry. & El. pf.	43	43	43
300	White Knob Copper	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝

*Less than 100 shares.

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$105,000	C., R. I. & P. 5s, w.i.	88	87	87
10,000	Erie conv. 4s, w.i.	88	87⅝	88
4,000	†International Salt 5s	40	40	40
30,000	Int. Mer. Mar. 4½s	100	‡98	‡98
4,000	Lack. St. 5s, full pd.	98	98	98
6,000	New Orleans Ry. 4s	81½	81½	81½
3,000	†U. S. Shipb. 5s	43	43	43

†Sell flat. ‡Seller 90 flat.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Wednesday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	May 28. Bid.	May 28. Asked.	May 27. Bid.	May 27. Asked.
American Banknote	55	56¾	56¼	57½
American Chicle	112	118	115	119
Amer. Chicle pf.	87	91	89	92
American De Forest	..	10	..	10
American Diesel Engine	15	17	15	17
American Elevated	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Amer. Malting 6s	100⅞	101½	100⅞	101½
Amer. Sparklets pf.	..	5	..	5
American Typefounders	33	35	33	35
Amer. Typefounders pf.	94	96	95	96
Amer. Writing Paper	4	4¼	4	5
Am. Writing Paper pf.	15	18½	16½	19
Am. Writing Paper 5s	72½	73½	73½	74½
Bamberger De Lamar	9½	10½	9½	10½
Borden's Cond. Milk	116	118	114	118
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107	109	107	109
British Columbia Copper	4	4½	4	4½
California Copper	3-16	⅜	3-16	⅜
Camden Land	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Casein Co. of America	..	12	..	12
Casein Co. of Am. pf.	..	78¾	..	78¾
Central Fireworks	20½	23	20½	23
Central Fireworks pf.	62	67	62	67
Central Foundry	2⅝	3¼	2⅝	3¼
Central Foundry pf.	15	16	15	16½
Central Foundry 6s	63	65	63	65
Compressed Air	⅝	⅞	⅝	1⅛
Con. Refrigerating	4	4⅝	4	4⅝
Con. Rubber Tire	¼	1⅛	½	1⅛
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	5	7½	5	7½
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	7	10	7	10
Detroit & Mackinac	33	..	33	..
Detroit & Mackinac pf.	83	..	83	..
Dominion Securities	5	20	5	20
E. W. Bliss	150	160	150	160
E. W. Bliss pf.	150	160	150	160
Electric Boat	20	28	20	28
Electric Boat pf.	39	41	41	50
Electric Lead Reduction	1⅛	2	1⅛	2
Electric Lead Reduc. pf.	3	3⅝	3	3⅝
Electric Vehicle	8¼	9½	8	10
Electric Vehicle pf.	13½	15	13¾	15
Electro-Pneumatic	⅜	⅛	⅜	⅛
Empire Steel	12	14	12	14
Empire Steel pf.	..	51	..	51
Erie conv. 4s, w. i.	87⅝	88¼	87	88
Gold Hill Copper	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Gugg'h'm Ex., 50% paid	108	112	110	112
Guggenheim Exploration	110	125	114	125
Hall Signal	90	100	90	100
Havana Tobacco	39	40	39	41
Havana Tobacco pf.	50	59	50	59
Houston Oil	7¼	8	7¼	8
Houston Oil pf.	30	50	30	50
Interb. R. T., 90% paid	99	100	99½	100½
Interb. R. T., full paid	99	100	99½	100½
Intern. Mer. Marine	8⅝	10	8⅝	10
Intern. Mer. Marine pf.	27	29	27⅝	28¼
Int. Mer. Marine 4½s	97½	100	97½	100
International Salt	10¼	11	10	10½
International Salt 5s	40	40½	40	40½
Internat. Silver 1st 6s	100⅝	102½	100½	103½
Internat. Silver deb. 6s	..	92½	..	92½
Inter. Silver	..	3⅝	..	3⅝
Inter. Silver pf.	15	50½	15	50½
Kitchener Mining	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Lackaw. Steel 60% paid	85	90	85	90
Lackaw. Steel full paid	..	88	..	88
Lackaw. St. 5s, 25% paid	97½	98	97½	97⅞
Lackaw. St. 5s, full paid	98	98½	98	98½
Maine Steamship	18	22	18	22
Maine Steamship 5s	75	78	75	78
Majestic Copper	3½	3⅝	3⅝	4
Marconi Wireless of Ca.	6	6½	..	⅜
Mex. Nat. 2d pf., w. i.	30¼	32	..	..
Mex. Nat. C., $17 pd. off.	5¼	7	5¼	7
New Eng. Trans.	⅛	¾	⅛	¾
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	40	45	40	45
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	70	75	70	75
N. Y. Trans.	6¼	6⅝	6½	7
North Am. L. & Pulp	8	11	8	11
Otis Elevator	39	41	39	41
Otis Elevator pf.	95½	96½	95½	96½
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	½	1½	½	1½
Pacific Pack. & Nav. pf.	..	4½	..	4½
Peoria, Dec. & Evansv.	¼	½	¼	½
Royal Baking Powder pf.	101	102½	101	102½
Safety Car Heating	175	180	176	180
Seaboard Air Line	23⅞	24	24½	24⅝
Seaboard Air Line pf.	40⅝	41½	41½	42
Seminole Mining	1	1½	1	1¼
Simpson-Crawford	27	35	27	35
Simpson-Crawford 6s	80	83	80	83
Standard Coupler	28½	32½	28½	32½
Standard Coupler pf.	125	135	125	135
Standard Oil	651	656	640	655
Standard Milling	5	6	5	6
Standard Milling pf.	..	25	..	25
Standard Milling 5s	71½	74	72	75
Storage Power	⅜	⅞	⅜	⅞
Tonopah Mining	8⅝	9⅛	9	9¼
Trenton Potteries	20	23	20	23
Trenton Potteries pf.	90	95	90	95
Trenton Potteries deb.	72½	75	72½	75
Union Copper	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝
Union Typewriter	110	114	110	114
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	118	120	118	120
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	115	120	115	120
United Box Board	3	4	3	4
United Box Board pf.	20	23	20	23
United Copper	15	19	15	19
U. S. Cotton Duck	5	6	5	6
U. S. Rubber col. ref. 5s	96½	98½	96½	98½
Universal Tobacco	1½	2½	1½	2½
Universal Tobacco pf.	4	5	4	5
Virginia & Southwestern	25	31	25	31
White Knob Copper	14	14⅜	14¼	15
White Knob Cop. con. 6s	122	..	122	..

Street Railways.

	May 28. Bid.	May 28. Asked.	May 27. Bid.	May 27. Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	245	247	245	247
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	99¾	100½	99¾	100½
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	105	107	105	107
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	110	114	110	114
Broadway Surface 2d	100	101	100	101
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	100	104	100	104
Brooklyn City Railroads	237	240	237	240
Brook. R. T. new 4s	81½	83	82½	82¾
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	220	210	220
Con. Traction of N. J.	67	68	67	68
Con. Traction 5s	107½	108¼	107½	108¼
Eighth Av. Railroad	400	415	400	415
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	107	110	107	110
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	96	101	99	101
Grand Rapids Street Ry.	52	56	52	56
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	96	97½	96	97½
Jersey City H. & P.	17½	18½	17½	18½
Jersey City H. & P. 4s	75	76	75	76
Nassau Electric 4s	82½	83¼	82½	83½
New Orleans Rys.	13½	14	14	..
New Orleans Rys. pf.	40½	45	..	41½
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	81½	81½	81	81½
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	20	22	20	22
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	79	80	79	80
St. Louis Transit	24	24¼	24¼	24¾
St. Louis Tr. 5% notes	96	97	96	97
Second Av. R. R. consols	113	115	113	115
Sixth Avenue R. R.	160	165	160	165
Steinway R.R. Co. 1st 6s	114	118	114	118
Syracuse Rapid Transit	26	30	26	30
Syracuse Rapid Tr. pf.	77	79	77	79
Union Railway 1st 5s	115	118	115	118
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	73½	75½	74	75

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Thursday, May 28, 1903.

Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
15	17	64	Allis-Chalmers Co.	14½	14½	14½	14½	[illegible]
58⅞	58⅞	68,725	*Amal. Copper Co.	61	61	57⅜	58⅞	-3½
36¼	36¾	900	Am. Car & F. Co.	36½	36½	36¼	36¼	[illegible]
89⅞	89½	200	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	-¾
34	35	500	Am. Cotton Oil	34½	34½	34	34	-¾
10¼	12	200	*Am. Grass Twine	10½	10½	10½	10½	[illegible]
5⅞	6¼	100	Am. Hide & Leather	5½	5½	5½	5½	[illegible]
7⅞	8¼	600	*Am. Ice Co.	8¼	8¼	8	8	[illegible]
8½	10	400	*Am. Linseed Co.	10	10	10	10	-1
23½	23½	1,500	*Am. Locomo. Co.	23½	23⅞	23	23½	[illegible]
47½	48	600	*Am. S. & R. Co.	48	48	47½	47½	-1¼
94	94¾	420	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	94¾	94¾	94	94	-½
122¼	122½	12,975	*Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	123	123⅞	121	122	-1½
151	153½	100	Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.	153	153	153	153	-6½
11¼	12	200	*Am. Woolen Co.	11½	11½	11½	11½	-½
88	90	4,100	*Anaconda Cop. M. Co.	90	90½	85	88	[illegible]
90	100	50	Asso. Merchants 1st pf.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	[illegible]
74⅛	74¼	47,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	74¼	74⅞	73⅞	74¼	-¾
94⅛	95	310	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	95	95	94⅛	94⅜	[illegible]
87⅞	87⅞	28,200	Baltimore & Ohio	87⅞	88⅜	87	87⅞	[illegible]
90	91½	250	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	90⅞	90⅞	90½	90⅞	-½
59⅞	60	14,370	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	60⅛	61	58⅞	59⅞	-1½
205	212	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	205½	205½	205½	205½	[illegible]
8	8⅜	470	Brunswick City	8⅜	[illegible]	8	8	-½
67½	68	100	Canada Southern	68	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	-¾
124⅝	124¾	30,381	Canadian Pacific	128⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	-2⅝
163	170	400	Central R. R. of N. J.	165	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	-3
39½	39⅞	2,640	Chesapeake & Ohio	39½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	-¾
28	28½	1,500	Chicago & Alton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
20¼	20⅜	2,075	Chicago Great West.	20¾	[illegible]	20	20¼	[illegible]
86⅞	89	200	Chi. Gt. West. deb.	86⅞	87⅞	86½	87⅞	[illegible]
149⅛	149¼	71,960	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	149⅞	150⅛	148½	149⅛	-¾
175	175⅛	35	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	176½	176½	174⅝	174⅝	[illegible]
175	176	1,050	Chicago & Northw.	175¼	176	175	176	-1
14¼	15¼	600	Chi. Term. Trans.	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	-¾
24¼	25	500	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	-1¼
3⅞	4½	250	Chicago Union Traction	4¼	4¼	4	4	[illegible]
68	69	2,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	69	69	68⅝	68	[illegible]
19⅝	20	200	Colorado & Southern	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	-¾
29½	30	410	Col. & Southern 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
15	18	400	Col. & H. C. & I.	17	17	17	17	[illegible]
198	198½	1,400	Consolidated Gas	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	-2½
111½	112	100	*Con. Tobacco Co. pf.	111½	111½	111½	111½	[illegible]
29½	30	962	Corn Products Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	-½
78⅛	79⅛	300	Corn Products Co. pf.	79⅛	79⅛	79	79	-½
170⅛	171½	1,200	Delaware & Hudson	170⅛	171½	170	170⅛	-1½
32	32½	400	Denver & R. G.	31½	31½	31½	31½	-1¼
84½	84⅞	1,000	Denver & R. G. pf.	85⅛	85⅛	84½	84½	-1½
13½	14	300	Detroit Southern	13⅜	14	13⅜	13⅜	[illegible]
26	27	200	Detroit Southern pf.	26	26	26	26	-1
77	77¼	30	Detroit United Ry.	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	[illegible]
28⅛	28	585	*Distillers' Securities	27	27	26⅝	26⅝	-½
12	12½	300	*Dul., S. S. & At.	12	12	12	12	[illegible]
17½	18⅞	40	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	14½	14½	14½	14½	[illegible]
33⅞	33⅞	24,900	Erie	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	33⅞	[illegible]
67⅛	67⅝	4,900	Erie 1st pf.	67⅝	67⅝	67⅛	67⅝	[illegible]
56	56¼	3,245	Erie 2d pf.	56	56¼	55⅞	56	[illegible]
181	181½	925	General Electric	183⅝	183½	181	181	-3½
95	97	750	Hocking Valley	95	97	95	95	-1
94½	94¾	200	Hocking Valley pf.	94½	94⅝	94½	94½	-½
135⅜	135½	2,124	Illinois Central	135⅝	135⅝	134⅞	135½	-1½
16	17	100	Internat. Paper	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	-1
70	71	100	Internat. Paper pf.	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	[illegible]
38	39	100	Internat. Steam Pump	39	39	39	39	-1
28½	29¼	200	Iowa Central	28	28⅝	28	28⅝	-1¼
50	52	100	Iowa Central pf.	51	51	51	51	-1½
37	40	200	Kanawha & Michigan	37	37	37	37	[illegible]
76	77½	200	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	76⅛	76⅛	76	76	-1
27	28	2,000	Kansas City South.	27	27	24⅞	27	[illegible]
48⅛	48½	300	Kansas City South. pf.	48	48⅜	48	48⅜	-1½
113	113½	2,120	Louisville & Nashville	112½	113	112¼	113	-1
12	14	100	Manhattan Beach	12	12	12	12	-1
137½	137½	6,195	Manhattan Elevated	137⅝	137⅝	136⅝	137	-¾
90⅜	91½	500	*Met. Securities	91	91	90	90	-2
128⅜	129	2,900	*Met. Street Railway	129⅜	129⅜	128⅛	129	-¾
24⅞	25	6,900	Mexican Central	25⅜	25⅜	24¾	24⅞	-¾
80	82	200	Minn. & St. Louis	80	82	80	82	-1
57⅛	58	800	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	58⅜	59	57	57	-3
116⅝	117	150	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	-2½
23⅞	23⅞	2,150	Mo., Kan. & Texas	23⅜	24	23	23⅞	-1¼
53	53⅛	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	-½
105⅛	105½	32,400	Missouri Pacific	105⅛	105⅞	104⅞	105½	[illegible]
39	40	300	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	40⅛	40⅛	40	40	-½
17	17¼	1,200	*Nat. Lead Co.	17⅛	17½	17	17⅛	[illegible]
23⅛	23⅜	5,720	Nat. R. R. of Mex.	23	23⅝	22⅞	23⅛	+⅝
44⅛	45⅛	6,700	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	46	46⅛	44⅛	44⅛	-1¼
47	49	300	New Central Coal	47	47	47	47	[illegible]
150	160	250	*New York Air Brake	157	157	155	155	-4½
126⅞	126⅞	5,110	New York Central	126⅞	126⅞	125⅞	126⅞	[illegible]
29	31	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	31	31	31	31	+1
1	1⅛	3,348	N. Y., N. H. & H. rts.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	[illegible]
26⅛	26⅜	5,210	N. Y., Ont. & West.	26⅞	26⅞	25⅞	26⅛	-¾
68	68½	1,750	Norfolk & Western	68⅞	68⅞	67⅞	67⅞	-¾
90	91	800	North American	89	90	88	90	-2⅝
65	70	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	65	65	65	65	-1
27	28	650	Pacific Mail	28½	28½	27	27	-2⅝
127	127⅛	39,282	Pennsylvania	127⅜	127⅜	126⅛	127⅛	-½
2	2⅛	15,586	Pennsylvania rts.	2⅛	2⅛	1⅞	2	[illegible]
100⅜	100⅜	2,270	People's Gas, Chicago	100⅜	100⅞	100	100⅜	[illegible]
85½	87½	100	Pere Marquette	87	87	87	87	-½
83	85	100	Philadelphia Co.	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	[illegible]
56	56½	350	Pressed Steel Car	55½	56⅛	55½	56⅛	+½
89	90	200	Pressed Steel Car pf.	89½	89½	89½	89½	+½
208	212	400	Pullman Company	209⅝	210	209⅝	210	-3
31	31¼	400	*Railway Steel Spring	31½	31⅝	31	31	-½
85½	87½	300	*Ry. Steel Spring pf.	85	86	85	85½	+½
48⅝	48¾	27,100	Reading	49	49¾	48⅝	48⅝	-1⅛
82	83½	210	Reading 1st pf.	82½	83	82½	83	-½
65	68	200	Reading 2d pf.	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	+1⅝
14⅞	15⅜	3,000	*Rep. Iron & Steel	16	16	14⅞	14⅞	-1⅜
75½	76	800	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	75½	75½	74⅞	74⅞	-1¼
35⅛	35¼	123,560	Rock Island Co.	35⅜	35⅜	33⅜	35¼	-1
69½	70	4,500	Rock Island Co. pf.	71	71⅛	68	69	-2½
23⅞	24	420	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co.	24½	24⅜	23⅞	23⅞	[illegible]
78	79½	100	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co. pf.	79	79	79	79	[illegible]
40	45	200	St. Jo. & G. I. 1st pf.	42	42	40	40	-7
15	17	725	St. Jo. & G. I. 2d pf.	16	16	15	15	-3
71	71½	1,400	St. L. & San Fran.	70⅞	71½	70	71	-2
64½	66	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	66	66	65	65	-1
20	20⅛	100	St. Louis Southw.	20½	20½	20½	20½	-½
46½	47	900	St. Louis Southw. pf.	45	46½	44⅞	46½	[illegible]
48	49	1,100	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	50	50	49	49	-2
85	92	100	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co. pf.	87	87	87	87	[illegible]
50	50⅛	29,750	Southern Pacific	50⅝	50⅝	49½	50⅛	-¾
26⅞	26⅞	7,350	Southern Ry., ext.	27½	27½	26¾	26⅞	-¾
90	90½	200	South. Ry. pf., ext.	90½	90½	90	90	-½
55	55½	3,900	Tennessee Coal & Iron	55⅝	56	54¼	55	-1½
30½	31	2,500	Texas & Pacific	31	31	30⅜	30½	-1
35	37½	100	Texas Pac. Land Tr.	38	38	38	38	+1
118	120	100	Third Avenue	120	120	120	120	+2
39	39½	500	Tol., St. L. & West. pf.	39	39	39	39	-1
104	104½	1,450	Twin City R. T.	105	105¼	103½	103½	-1⅛
83⅜	83½	74,820	Union Pacific	84½	84⅝	82⅝	83½	-1⅛
88½	89	18	Union Pacific pf.	89	89	89	89	[illegible]
16½	17	900	United Rys. Invest.	17½	17½	17	17	-½
51	53	500	United Rys. Invest. pf.	53½	53½	52	52½	-3
110	120	25	United States Express	115	115	115	115	[illegible]
10⅜	10½	32,950	*U. S. Leather	10⅝	11	9⅞	10½	-½
94½	94⅞	8,153	*U. S. Leather pf.	93⅞	95⅛	93⅞	94	-½
18	18¼	8,920	U. S. Realty & Con.	18½	18½	17¾	18	-½
63	64½	400	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	62	63	62	63	[illegible]
49½	51½	400	U. S. Rubber pf.	48½	49½	48½	49½	-2½
31⅛	31½	25,920	U. S. Steel	31⅜	31⅝	31	31½	[illegible]
81⅝	81½	10,000	U. S. Steel pf.	81½	81⅝	80⅝	81½	[illegible]
57½	58	380	Va.-Caro. Chemical	57½	57½	57	57½	[illegible]
25½	25⅝	1,000	Wabash	25⅝	25⅝	25⅜	25½	-½
45½	45¾	3,800	Wabash pf.	45⅞	45¾	44⅞	45½	[illegible]
83½	84	820	Western Union Tel.	84	84	83⅜	83½	-¾
..	..	800	Westinghouse rts.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	[illegible]
22	22½	900	Wheeling & Lake Erie	22½	22½	21½	21⅞	-¾
35	36	500	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	36	36	35	35	-½
20⅝	20⅝	1,470	Wisconsin Central	21¼	21¼	20½	20⅝	-1
42½	43	300	Wisconsin Central pf.	42⅞	42⅞	42½	42½	-½
	Sales	893,138	*Unlisted. †From last previous sale.					

	May 28. Bid.	May 28. Asked.	May 27. Bid.	May 27. Asked.
United Traction, Prov.	100	102	100	102
United Traction bonds	111	113	111	113
Wash. Ry. & Electric	10	11½	10	11½
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pf.	41½	42	40½	42
Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	77½	78½	77½	78
Gas Companies.				
Amer. Lt. & Tr.	70	77	70	77
Amer. Lt. & Tr. pf.	95	99	95	98
Buffalo Gas	6¼	8¼	6¼	8¼
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	109	110½	109	110½
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	90	95	90	95
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds.	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	26¼	27	26¼	27
Denver Gas 5s	74	77	74	77
Denver Gas 6s	82½	..	82½	..
Indianapolis Gas	70	80	70	80
Indianapolis Gas 6s	103	104	103	104
Mutual Gas	300	315	300	315
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	107½	108	107¾	108½
N.Y.&E.R.Gas Co. 1st 5s	110	113	110	113
N.Y.&E.R.Gas Co. Con. 5s	108	111	108	111
Northern Union 5s	106½	..	106½	..
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	94	97	94	97
St. Paul Gas 5s	89	92	89	92
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	..	131	..
Standard Gas, N. Y. pf.	152½	..	152½	..
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s	97	98½	97	98½
Ferry Companies.				
Brooklyn Ferry	7	11	7	11
East River Ferry	80	85	80	85
East River Ferry 5s	90	95	90	95
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	105	110	105	110
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	107	107½	106½	107½
Union Ferry	37	39	37	39
Union Ferry 5s, ex coup.	90	93	90	93

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 28.—Local issues were not active and only slightly did they reflect the temper of Wall Street. Can stocks were weakened somewhat, the preferred selling below 45 again. Offerings were thought to be sympathetic with the pressure on Rock Island stock. Swifts sold at 111. This is a low level in recent sales, yet there seems to be nothing of moment working against the stock in question. Telephone stock sold at 140, Metropolitan Elevated preferred at 69. Biscuit shares were weak for a time. Pneumatic Tool once more slid down hill to 50.

Time and call loans, 5@6 per cent. New York exchange, 25c premium.

Complete stock transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
330	American Can	6½	6	6
525	American Can pf.	45	44½	44½
178	Chicago City Railway	200½	200	200½
5	Chicago Telephone	140	140	140
200	Chicago Pneu. Tool	52	50	50
7	Diamond Match	135½	135	135½
10	Met. L. pf.	69	69	69
200	Mil. & Chi. Brew. com.	3	2	3
672	National Biscuit	40¼	39⅝	40
136	National Biscuit pf.	101	100¾	101
130	Swift & Co.	111½	111	111
50	United Box Board	3½	3½	3½

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 28.—Loaning rates are low and the demand for money is very light. Clearing House rate, 3 per cent.; New York funds, par to 5c premium; call loans, 2½@3 per cent.; time money, 3¼@4¼ per cent.; exchanges, $20,704,507; balances, $2,054,294.

Speculative interest to-day was chiefly in Amalgamated Copper and Copper Range. The selling of Amalgamated was the heaviest in many weeks, and the stock dropped over 3 points to 57⅝, with the rallies feeble and of little consequence.

Copper Range also took a downward turn, scaling nearly 3 points off its market price before the set-back was checked. The low figures touched 57, which is very close to being the low record point of the year. All the other coppers suffered sympathetically with Amalgamated and Copper Range. As a group, outside of the leading specialties, the copper shares were, for the day rather quiet. The general market as a whole kept well in line with the coppers and with the New York list, in that it showed pronounced weakness for several of the specialties.

Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	RAILROADS.			
300	Atchison	74¼	73⅞	74
10	Atchison pf.	95	95	95
36	Boston & Albany	254	254	254
38	B. C. & M., Class 4	193	193	193
40	Boston Elevated	145½	145¼	145½
3	C. J. R. & S. Y.	149	149	149
50	Fitchburg pf.	137	137	137
300	Massachusetts Electric	29¼	28⅝	29¼
121	Massachusetts Elec. pf.	85	85	85
50	Mexican Central	24¾	24¾	24¾
110	N. Y., N. H. & H.	191½	190½	190½
3,096	N. Y., N. H. & H. rts.	1⅛	1	1⅛
1	Northern (N. H.)	165	165	165
10	Old Colony	202	202	202
235	Union Pacific	84½	83⅝	83⅝
39	West End	90⅛	90	90
	TELEPHONES.			
425	American	155	153	153
10	Mexican	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
115	Western	17	17	17
18	Western pf.	96	95½	95½
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
700	Am. Ag. Chemical	18½	18	18
50	Am. Ag. Chemical pf.	77	77	77
2,062	American Sugar	123⅛	121⅛	122
115	American Sugar pf.	120⅛	120	120
700	American Woolen	11⅞	11⅛	11½
29	American Woolen pf.	77¼	77	77
1,085	Dom. Iron & Steel	19¼	18	18½
109	General Electric	183	182½	183
773	Massachusetts Gas	44	42½	42½
217	Massachusetts Gas pf.	83	83⅛	83⅛
115	Pullman	212	210	211
1,000	United Fruit	104⅛	103⅛	103½
121	United Shoe Machine	46	45	46
100	Union Land & Copper	3	3	3
54	United Shoe Mach. pf.	30	29⅞	29⅞
200	U. S. Leather	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
1,311	U. S. Steel	31⅛	30⅞	31
165	U. S. Steel pf.	81⅛	81	81⅛
10	Westinghouse	94	94	94
247	Westinghouse rights	3⅛	3⅛	3
	MINING.			
5	Adventure	7¼	7¼	7¼
254	Allouez	6¼	6	6
15,338	Amalgamated	61	57¼	57⅝
140	American Zinc	10	10	10
370	Bingham	27¼	27⅛	27¼
2,380	Centennial	21⅞	19⅞	20⅞
3,637	Copper Range	59½	57	58
124	Daly-West	46½	45⅞	46⅛
270	Dominion Coal	94	91½	91½
305	Elm River	3	3	3
100	Franklin	9	9	9
400	Granby	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
600	Guanajuato	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
550	Isle Royale	7⅞	7¼	7¼
95	Mass	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	Michigan	6⅜	6	6⅜
750	Mohawk	47	46⅛	46⅛
50	Old Colony	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
50	Old Dominion	16⅞	16	16
232	Osceola	62	60	60
250	Parrot	25	24½	24½
80	Phenix	4½	4½	4½
40	Quincy	105	105	105
850	Shannon	12½	12½	12½
185	Tamarack	119	119	119
55	Trinity	7⅛	6⅞	7
100	Tri-Mountain	85	85	85
1,032	U. S. Coal	12½	12½	12½
3,055	United States	22⅞	22	22½
3,557	Utah	21⅞	20⅞	20⅞
350	Victoria	5	4⅞	4⅞
1,580	Winona	10½	9⅝	9¾
130	Wolverine	70	70	70
135	Wyandotte	2	1⅞	1⅞

*British Columbia, 3⅝ bid, 4¼ asked.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday, May 28, 1903.

[illegible]

Total sales ... $2,667,500

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Thursday, May 28, 1903.

[illegible]

BONDS.

[illegible]

NOTES OF INSURANCE INTERESTS.

A. C. Olds of Kansas City has been appointed State agent of the Phoenix Assurance Company of London for the Pacific Coast territory to fill the vacancy due to the resignation of H. McD. Spencer.

The National Fire Protection Association has chosen these officers for the year: President—C. A. Hexamer; Vice President—W. A. Anderson; Secretary and Treasurer—W. H. Merrill, Jr.; Executive Committee—W. H. Stratton, Chairman; A. Blauvelt, F. M. Cabot, C. M. Goddard, H. C. Henley, E. U. Crosby, J. T. Naylor, N. J. T. Stewart, H. C. Stockdell, and Herbert Wilmerding.

FINANCIAL.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES.

THE IRVING NATIONAL BANK.
GREENWICH AND WARREN STREETS.
Capital, surplus, and profits, $2,000,000.
Adhered to sound banking principles.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne
ISSUE
Letters of Credit,
Travelers' Checks,
AVAILABLE EVERYWHERE.
Investment Securities.
11 WILLIAM STREET.

American Express Company
ISSUES
Foreign Exchange,
Cable & Telegraphic Transfers,
Travelers Cheques and Letters of Credit
Available throughout the world.
65 BROADWAY.

Redmond, Kerr & Co.
41 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
232 LA SALLE ST., Chicago.
GRAHAM, KERR & CO., Philadelphia.
Transact a General Foreign and Domestic Banking Business.
ISSUE TRAVELERS'
Letters of Credit,
In Sterling, Francs, Marks or Dollars, payable in all parts of the world.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Bonds for Investment.
N. W. HARRIS & CO.
BANKERS,
31 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
CHICAGO. BOSTON.
CIRCULARS ON REQUEST.

MANUFACTURERS COMMERCIAL Co.
280 AND 400 BROADWAY.
FISCAL AGENT FOR MANUFACTURERS.
Pays Interest on 3 to 6 Month Investments Secured by Trust Deposit Certificates.

(ESTABLISHED 1863.)
W. T. HATCH & SONS,
BANKERS,
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MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
Henry P. Hatch. Arthur M. Hatch.

Vermilye & Co.,
BANKERS,
NASSAU & PINE STS., NEW YORK. 13 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.
201 EAST GERMAN STREET, BALTIMORE.

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BANKERS,
100 Broadway, New York.
NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
NO. 59 WALL ST.
Issue international cheques, commercial and travelers' credits available in all parts of the world.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—Some weakness developed in the local list to-day, but it was not pronounced except in a few issues. Bell Telephone lost 2¾; Consolidated Lake Superior preferred, ¾; Electric Storage Battery, 2; Broad Top preferred, 1; United Gas, ¾, and the warrants, ¾; Philadelphia Company, ¾. The arbitrage issues followed New York's lead. There was not much pressure in the market, but buyers hesitated to make new commitments until the situation in New York became clearer. There were rumors here all day of some big New York and Chicago people in trouble, and this acted as a deterrent, even upon those who were ready and willing to buy.

Total sales, 26,131 shares and $37,900 bonds. Range of prices:

[illegible]

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 28.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

[illegible]

*New high mark.

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver closed in London at 24 7-16d per ounce and in New York at 53c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 42½@43½c.

On the Consolidated Exchange 100 shares of Caledonia sold at 1.50, 300 Chollar at .20, 200 Comstock at .07½, 100 Consolidated California and Virginia at 1.85, 1,000 Consolidated Imperial at .07@.07½, 1,000 Cripple Creek Consolidated at .06, 900 Elkton at .41@.38, 200 Portland at 1.88, 1,000 Potosi at .22, and 100 Standard at 3.10.

Sharp Advance in Foreign Exchange.

There was a sharp advance in foreign exchange yesterday just before the close of the market, demand sterling rising ten points to 4.8825, with hardly any bills offered. Exchange experts said that more gold would probably be exported. Yesterday $650,000 in gold coin was withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury for shipment to Canada.

Small Corner in May Wheat.

A small corner in May wheat developed yesterday on the Produce Exchange. It was a local affair entirely, the wheat market in Chicago and other cities not being affected. May wheat jumped up 2⅝c during the last hour of trading, when many shorts rushed to cover. T. H. Waterman of Albany is credited with being the bull leader and with having manipulated this squeeze of shorts. May wheat closed at 87½c, or 2½c above the opening.

Financial Continued on Page 14.

NATIONAL RAILROAD CO. OF MEXICO.

To the Holders of Common Stock (Voting Trust Certificates) of the National Railroad Company of Mexico:

After prolonged negotiations we have entered into an Agreement with the Government of the United States of Mexico by which the latter will, on certain terms and conditions, acquire by purchase from us a very large amount of the several classes of the capital stock of your Company.

The advantages to all other stockholders of having the Mexican Government largely interested as a stockholder in your Company are self-evident.

Besides these advantages, the above-mentioned Agreement provides, among other things, as follows:

In the event of the purchase by the Government being consummated, the Government will transfer to us, for sale to the Railroad Company at cost, its holding of $1,000,000 4½% Second Debenture Stock of the Interoceanic Railway Company of Mexico (Acapulco to Vera Cruz,) Limited. By the acquisition of this debenture stock the National Railroad Company of Mexico will, with the preference and common shares of the Interoceanic Company already owned, practically control the Interoceanic Railway, and thus not only secure a valuable line from the City of Mexico to Vera Cruz and the much needed outlet to the Gulf of Mexico, but become at the same time the largest railway system in Mexico.

The Government will also procure, in the event of said purchase, in favor of the National Railroad Company of Mexico, a concession from the Executive of the United States of Mexico, subject to legislative ratification, to the effect in substance, that for a period of twenty years, from October 31, 1902, no right, privilege, or concession shall be granted by the United States of Mexico to any person or corporation, other than the National Railroad Company, to construct, maintain, or operate any railroad of any kind (except branch or local lines connecting only with the trunk lines of the National Railroad) in a zone extending along the Northeasterly boundary of Mexico bounded on the Northeast by the Rio Grande River and on the Southwest by a line drawn 80 kilometres southwest therefrom and parallel therewith, and lying between the Gulf of Mexico and the meridian running through a point on the Rio Grande River distant 100 kilometres northwest from Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, in the State of Coahuila, measured along said river. This, it is expected, will prevent for twenty years the construction of any line in the zone above described which would compete with your Company for through traffic with the United States. This concession will also provide for its termination on January 1, 1907, unless the Railroad Company shall within three years from January 1, 1904, complete its line from Monterey to Matamoros (whereof about 140 miles remain to be built) and will also provide that on the application of the Railroad Company, the United States of Mexico will consent to the consolidation of the ownership and operation of the properties of the National Railroad Company of Mexico, the Mexican International Railroad Company (already controlled by your Company) and the Interoceanic Railway Company, a total of about 3,504 miles.

The Agreement with the Government contemplates the conversion of the $33,350,000 common stock of your Company into two classes of stock, whereof $22,233,333⅓ is to be known as second preferred stock and $11,116,666⅔ is to be known as deferred stock. The second preferred stock is to be entitled to receive dividends thereon, if and when earned and declared, up to, but not exceeding 5 per cent. in any year before any dividend shall be paid on the deferred stock, but such preferred dividends shall not be cumulative. After the payment in any year of dividends of 4 per cent. on the existing preferred stock and of 5 per cent. on the second preferred stock, holders of the second preferred stock and of the deferred stock shall be entitled to rank on an equality in the distribution of any profits that may then be distributed in dividends, if and when declared. Said second preferred stock and said deferred stock shall be issued only in exchange for and in conversion of the existing common stock of your Company, and at the rate of two shares of second preferred stock and one share of deferred stock for every three shares of existing common stock. The Government has consented to include, as part of the shares to be purchased from us, the total issue of deferred stock which may be offered during a limited period, at the price of $10 per share in cash.

The rights of the existing preferred stock will not be affected in any manner by the proposed arrangement.

Holders of common stock voting trust certificates who may desire to avail themselves of the benefit of this arrangement must deposit their voting trust certificates, accompanied by proper assignments thereof, executed in blank, in New York with MESSRS. SPEYER & CO., or in LONDON with MESSRS. SPEYER BROTHERS, or in AMSTERDAM with MESSRS. TEIXEIRA DE MATTOS BROTHERS, on or before the 10th day of June, 1903. For voting trust certificates, so deposited, Receipts will be given entitling the holders thereof, on October 31, 1903, and on the surrender of such Deposit Receipts, to receive certificates for second preferred stock to the amount of two-thirds of the common stock called for by voting trust certificates so deposited respectively, and to a cash payment at the rate of $3.33 per share of such common stock, or, at our option, to the return, free of charge, of voting trust certificates for the same number of shares of common stock so deposited. Stock certificates for second preferred stock will be issued only in shares of $100 each. Any fractional amounts of second preferred stock must be adjusted in cash, by the holders of the Deposit Receipts at the time of their surrender, at prices to be fixed by Speyer & Co. by sale or by purchase of such fractional amounts as may be required to even their holdings.

The consummation of the Agreement above referred to is dependent upon a sufficiently large number of stockholders depositing their common stock voting trust certificates for conversion and disposition as stated above.

Messrs. Speyer & Co. have agreed that they will, at the request of the Government and the National Railroad Company, act for a period of ten years as the fiscal agents of the Company.

The Voting Trustees are of the opinion that the consummation of the purchase by the Government and of the plan outlined above will so strengthen the position of the company and safeguard the interests of its security holders in the future that they will be justified in dissolving the Voting Trust.

We consider the arrangement outlined above as eminently advantageous to the holders of all bonds and shares of the National Railroad Company of Mexico, and we strongly recommend your prompt acceptance and your depositing hereunder the common stock voting trust certificates held by you.

Holders of large amounts have already signified their approval by depositing their common stock voting trust certificates under the terms of this circular.

SPEYER & CO., New York.
SPEYER BROTHERS, London.

New York and London, May 28, 1903.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J. (Adjacent to P. R. R. Ferries.)
Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus and Profits, $1,800,000.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
DIRECTORS:
John W. Hardenbergh, President. Robert S. Ross, Vice-President.
George W. Young, Vice-President. Oscar L. Gubelman, Sec. & Treas.
WALTER E. AMMON, AUGUST BELMONT, C. LEDYARD BLAIR, FREDERICK G. BOURNE, WILLIAM BRINKERHOFF, JOHN D. CARSCALLEN, FREDERIC CROMWELL, C. C. CUYLER, JACOB J. DETWILLER, CHARLES D. DICKEY, GEORGE G. HAVEN, JAMES N. JARVIE, WILLIAM R. JENKINS, G. H. KELSEY, GUSTAV E. KISSEL, HENRY LEMBECK, JAMES A. MACDONALD, RICHARD A. McCURDY, ROBERT H. McCURDY, ALLAN L. McDERMOTT, JAMES G. MORGAN, EDWIN A. STEVENS, EBEN B. THOMAS, MYLES TIERNEY, JAMES TIMPSON, CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, JOHN J. VOORHEES.

Chartered 1822.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William St., New York.
Capital, - - $1,000,000.
Undivided Profits, - 7,000,000.

TOWN OF BRIDGEPORT, STATE OF CONNECTICUT, COURT HOUSE BONDS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons in interest that, pursuant to a provision expressed in each of said bonds, the City of Bridgeport, State of Connecticut, as the successor of said Town of Bridgeport, has exercised its option and pleasure and hereby calls in for payment and redemption, and will, on the second day of July, A. D. 1903, redeem and pay one hundred and fifty bonds, numbered from one to one hundred and fifty, inclusive, of said Town of Bridgeport, of the denomination of one thousand dollars each. Said bonds being known and designated as "Court House Bonds," dated July 2d, 1888, and signed by William E. Seeley, Daniel N. Morgan, and Frederick Hurd, as Agents of said town.

Said bonds will be redeemed and paid at the Pequonnock National Bank, in said Bridgeport, the office of the Treasurer of said city.

CITY OF BRIDGEPORT, By FREDERICK W. HALL, Treasurer of said city, duly authorized.

BONDS OF THE METROPOLITAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under a certain mortgage dated May 24th, 1888, and an agreement dated November 1, 1888, both executed by The Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company, which the NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY has assumed and agreed to pay, hereby invites proposals for the sale to it on July 1st, 1903, of bonds secured by said mortgage at a price satisfactory to the NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY at a rate not exceeding par and 10 per centum premium, to such an amount as shall not exceed the sum of $12,964.28. H. C. DEMING, President.

New York, April 30, 1903.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO. (OF CALIFORNIA.)

First Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company has determined to use to redeem First Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company (of California) $20,457.72 now in the Sinking Fund for the redemption and payment of bonds of that issue, and that bonds of such issue will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders. Such bids should be deposited with Andrew K. Van Deventer, Assistant Treasurer of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, at his office, 120 Broadway, New York City, at or before 12:00 o'clock noon on the 1st day of June, 1903, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company (of California) Five Per Cent. Bonds."

New York, April 30, 1903.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., By E. H. HARRIMAN, President.

Twenty-third Street Railway Company

Notice is hereby given that the company will pay to the holders of its following numbered First Mortgage Bonds of the issue of $250,000, viz.:

[illegible]

the face value thereof, with interest to July 1, 1903, on presentation and surrender of the same, with unmatured coupons attached, to the Morton Trust Company, No. 38 Nassau Street, New York, on and after said date, the said bonds having been drawn for payment in accordance with the provisions of such bonds. Interest thereon ceases July 1, 1903.

CHARLES E. WARREN, Secretary.

Forty-second Street and Grand Street Ferry Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the company will pay to the holders of its following numbered bonds, viz.:

[illegible]

the face value thereof, with interest to July 1, 1903, on presentation and surrender of the same, with unmatured coupons attached, to the Morton Trust Company, No. 38 Nassau Street, New York, on and after said date, the said bonds having been drawn for payment in accordance with the provisions of such bonds. Interest thereon ceases July 1, 1903.

CHARLES E. WARREN, Secretary.

"PRACTICAL WALL STREET"
A pamphlet for traders. Write for Free copy to MALLETT & WYCKOFF, 10 Wall St., New York.

United States Leather Company.

To the Preferred Stockholders:

The undersigned have, as a committee, prepared a plan for co-operation between holders of the Preferred Stock of the United States Leather Company. This has been done upon the request of important holders, and the committee has to-day issued a circular stating the principal features of the plan, and accompanied by a circular of approval by many of the largest stockholders. The necessity for the plan is due primarily to three circumstances: (1) The accrual of about thirty-seven per cent. of unpaid dividends upon the preferred stock; (2) The accumulation by the Leather Company of a surplus equal to more than thirty per cent. upon its preferred stock, (the available portion of such surplus being largely represented by first mortgage bonds of the Central Pennsylvania Lumber Company,) and the obvious propriety that the preferred stock should promptly receive some part of this; and (3) the prohibition contained in the charter of the Company against the issuance of bonds or debentures or the making of a mortgage, either by the Company itself or by any company of which it holds a majority of the stock.

The plan is embodied in an agreement between the Assenting Preferred Stockholders, the Morton Trust Company and this Committee, under which shares of preferred stock are to be assigned to the Trust Company, subject to the provisions of the agreement which has been prepared under the direction of Messrs. Edward M. Shepard of New York, John G. Johnson of Philadelphia, and R. V. Lindabury of Newark, N. J. The agreement provides for the giving of the 80 per cent. consent, as may be proper, and further provides a power to accept for the Assenting Preferred Stockholders the payment of portions of their dividends in securities now in the treasury of the Leather Company. Without such a provision the best interests of the Company might not for a long time permit a dividend on account of the arrearage. The plan is believed to be in the interest not only of the preferred stockholders and the Company itself, but of the common stockholders.

The advantage to the preferred stockholders of a prompt adoption of the plan is believed to be obvious.

Copies of the circulars of this Committee, and of the recommendatory circular of the important stockholders who have already been reached, may be obtained at the Morton Trust Company, No. 38 Nassau Street, or at the office of this Committee, Room 1907, No. 54 William Street. Copies of the Agreement may also be examined at the same offices.

This Committee invites conference or correspondence, and will facilitate any stockholder in the deposit of shares with the Morton Trust Company under the Agreement.

GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY, Chairman.
S. P. DAVIDGE,
EUGENE HORTON,
THEODORE R. HOYT,
GEORGE R. VAIL,
NATHAN ALLEN,
FRANK HEALY, Committee.

GEORGE L. NICHOLS, Counsel.

L. G. MYERS, Secretary, 54 William Street.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK.

30 NASSAU STREET, May 27th, 1903.

By an amendment to the Constitution of the New York Clearing House Association, adopted Feb. 11, 1903, Trust Companies sending their exchanges through a member of the Association shall on and after June 1st, 1903, keep in vaults a cash reserve.

We have the required reserve in our vaults and will continue to avail ourselves of the Clearing House facilities.

HENRY C. SWORDS, President.
H. H. CAMMANN, Vice President.
H. W. REIGHLEY, Secretary.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
140, 142, 144 & 146 Broadway.
The first Safe Deposit Company.
First established. First in Security.
First in its record of 37 years' business without a loss.
We invite inspection of our new vaults.

FOR SALE,
FEDERAL SUGAR
PREFERRED STOCK.
W. G. GALLAGHER,
35 AND 37 BROAD ST., N. Y.

Lincoln Trust Company
208 FIFTH AVENUE, 1128 BROADWAY. (Madison Square.)
Capital & Surplus $1,000,000
Henry R. Wilson, Pres. Frank Tilford, V. Pres't. Owen Ward, 2d V. Pres. R. C. Lewis, Treas. Wm. Darrow, Jr., Sec.

N.Y. Security and Trust Co.
46 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus, $5,000,000
Charles S. Fairchild, Pres. Abram M. Hyatt, V.-Pres. Osborn W. Bright, 2d V.-Pres. L. Carroll Root, 3d V.-Pres. Alex. S. Webb, Jr., Sec. Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Sec. James E. Keeler, 2d Asst. Sec'y.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO
66 BROADWAY, 234 5TH AVE.
100 WEST 125TH STREET.
THIRD AVE. & 148TH ST.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE HOUSES

W. E. WOODEND & CO.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
Members N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange.
Broad Exchange Bldg.,
25 Broad Street,
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN & COTTON.
CITY BRANCHES:
36 West 33d St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.
Hotel Endicott, 81st St. and Columbus Av.
Temple Bar Bldg., 44 Court Street, Brooklyn.
Daily Market Letter and Weekly Review Issued.

JACOB BERRY & CO.
Members {New York Produce Exchange, Consolidated Stock Exchange}
Established 1865.
44-46 Broadway, New York.
Boston, Phila., Hartford, Montreal.
Transact a general brokerage business in Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton

Albert H. Vernam & Co.,
35 NEW STREET, NEW YORK,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Transact a General Banking and Stock Exchange Business.
We make a specialty of
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

E. MILLIKEN & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange.
NEW YORK—52 BROADWAY.
BROOKLYN—44 Court St. (Temple Bar Bldg.)
Solicit orders for purchase or sale of
STOCK AND BOND INVESTMENTS
Telephone, 3570 Broad.
Correspondence solicited.

JOSEPH COWAN & CO.
Members {Consolidated Stock Exchange, New York Produce Exchange, Toronto Board of Trade.}
STOCK BROKERS,
MAIN OFFICES, 44 and 46 BROADWAY.
Branch Offices {1,293 B'WAY, COR. 33TH ST. 215 B'WAY, COR. CANAL ST. 57 East 59th St., (near Madison Av.)}
DAILY MARKET LETTER ISSUED.

TEBO & NEOSHO RAILROAD COMPANY.

The First Mortgage Bonds of the TEBO & NEOSHO RAILROAD COMPANY, maturing June 1st, 1903, will be paid, with accrued interest, at the office of the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 54 Wall St., New York, on that date.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, By J. N. WALLACE, Fourth Vice President.

DIVIDENDS.

The Lawyers' Mortgage Insurance Company, 37 Liberty St., New York, May 28, 1903.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent. upon the capital stock payable at the Company's offices on Wednesday, July 1st next, to stockholders of record on the 20th day of June next.

O. EGERTON SCHMIDT, Treasurer.

IOWA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

Coupons due June 1, 1903, from First Mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Mercantile Trust Company, 120 Broadway, New York City.

F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

The United States Leather Company, 26-28 Ferry St., New York, May 28th, 1903.

A dividend of $1.50 per share of its Preferred Stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable July 1st, 1903, to Preferred Stockholders of record June 12th, 1903. JAMES R. PLUM, Treasurer.

United States Steel Corporation.

The interest on Series F bonds, due June 1st, will be paid at maturity by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. Registration books close May 21 and reopen June 2, 1903.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Treasurer.

KEWAUNEE, GREEN BAY & WESTERN R. R.

Coupons due June 1st, 1903, will be paid at the office of the Company, 40 Wall St., New York City. MARK T. COX, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF THE CONTINENTAL TRUST Company of the City of New York.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of that company, held at the office of the company in the City of New York, on May 20, 1903, the following amendments to the By-Laws were adopted, viz.:

The first seven lines of Section 1 were amended so as to read as follows:

"The Officers of this Company shall be a President, three Vice Presidents—to be designated 'First,' 'Second,' and 'Third,'—a Secretary, a Treasurer, and such other officers as shall from time to time be appointed by the Trustees, all of whom, except the President and the three Vice Presidents, shall hold their offices respectively during the pleasure of the Board of Trustees."

The first four lines of Section 2 were amended so as to read as follows:

"Within one week after the annual election the Board of Trustees shall meet for the purpose of electing a President and three Vice Presidents."

Continental Trust Company of the City of New York. By HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.

New York, May 22, 1903.

To the Holders of the "Twenty Year Five Per Cent. Collateral and Mortgage Bonds" of UNITED STATES SHIPBUILDING COMPANY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an election for Directors of the BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY will be held at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of that Company on the 18th day of June, 1903, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Company, No. 421 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and that the holders of a majority in amount of the above-described bonds of the United States Shipbuilding Company are entitled to nominate three (3) of such Directors. You are, accordingly, requested to forward to the undersigned Trustee the names of three persons whom you wish to serve as Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Company for the ensuing fiscal year.

NEW YORK SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, 46 Wall Street, New York City.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING AMALGAMATED COPPER COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held June 1st, 1903, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Company, Hudson County National Bank Building, Nos. 243 and 245 Washington Street, Jersey City, N. J. (office of the New Jersey Corporation Agency,) for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

In accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey, no stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within twenty days next preceding this election.

WM. G. ROCKEFELLER, Secretary.

Dated May 23d, 1903.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 32 Nassau St., New York, May 14, 1903.

The Annual Election for Trustees of this Company will be held at its offices, as above, pursuant to its charter, on Monday, June 1, 1903. The polls will be open at 12 o'clock noon and close at 2 o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM J. EASTON, Secretary.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BANK OF M. & L. JARMULOWSKY, for 2½ months, at the close of business on the 23d day of May, 1903.

[illegible]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: MEYER JARMULOWSKY, President, and LOUIS JARMULOWSKY, Cashier, of Bank of M. & L. Jarmulowsky, a bank located and doing business at No. 165 East Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 23d day of May, 1903, as the day on which such report shall be made.

M. JARMULOWSKY, President. LOUIS JARMULOWSKY, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 28th day of May, 1903, before me, SAMUEL ZIPRIS, [Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

ROCHESTER BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

RESOURCES.

[illegible]

H. F. ATKINSON, President. ALBERT O. FENN, Cashier.

BUFFALO BANKS.

GERMAN-AMERICAN BANK, Buffalo, N. Y., May 23, 1903.

[illegible]

Henry W. Burt, Pres. Jacob W. Diehl, Vice Pres. Edward A. Wappner, Cash. Wm. L. Koester, Asst. Cash.

OGDENSBURG BANKS.

OGDENSBURG BANK, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

REPORT MAY 23, 1903.

[illegible]

OFFICERS. Frank Chapman, President. Thomas Spratt, V. President. Samuel W. Leonard, Cashier.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE GANSEVOORT BANK at the close of business on May 23d, 1903.

[illegible]

OFFICERS. T. ALBEUS ADAMS, President. C. W. MORSE, Vice President. H. E. SHRIVE, Cashier. H. F. MEEHAN, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS. C. W. Morse, Geo. Hotchkiss, Frank Frommel, Edw. Swann, T. Albeus Adams, C. H. Kimball, P. H. Keahon, J. H. Killough, John Crane.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BANK OF THE METROPOLIS, New York City, at the close of business on the 23d day of May, 1903.

[illegible]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: C. H. HACKETT, President, and E. C. EVANS, Cashier, of Bank of the Metropolis, a bank located and doing business at No. 29 Union Square, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 23d day of May, 1903, as the day on which such report shall be made.

C. H. HACKETT, President. E. C. EVANS, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 27th day of May, 1903, before me, FRED'K A. BOOTH, (No. 112,) Notary Public in and for the City and County of New York. [Seal of Notary.]

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE STATE BANK at the close of business on the 23d day of May, 1903.

[illegible]

OSCAR L. RICHARD, President. ARNOLD KOHN, Vice President. ALBERT I. VOORHIS, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK, New York, at the close of business on the 23d day of May, 1903.

[illegible]

OFFICERS. WILLIAM A. NASH, President. THOMAS T. BARR, Vice President. WALTER E. FREW, Vice President. FREDERICK T. MARTIN, Cashier. WILLIAM E. WILLIAMS, Assistant Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR PURCHASE OF TROUSERS.—Phila. Depot, Q. M. Dep't, 1,428 Arch St., Phila., Pa., May 25, 1903.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 11 A. M., Friday, June 5th, 1903, for purchase of 7,500 pairs of White Summer Trousers, samples of which can be seen at the Schuylkill Arsenal, in this city. Bids will be received for all or any portion of the Trousers, the Department reserving the right to reject any or all bids or any part thereof. A GUARANTEE in 20 per cent. of the value of the Trousers bid for will be required with each proposal. UNGUARANTEED BIDS will not be considered. Blanks for proposals will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Trousers," and addressed to COLONEL J. M. MARSHALL, Asst. Q. M. General, U. S. A.

SALE OF CLOTHING.—Depot Quartermaster's Office, St. Louis, Mo., May 29th, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, June 12th, 1903, for the purchase of [illegible] each, Summer coats and trousers, more or less, to be sold at the St. Louis, Mo., Clothing Depot in such quantities as may be designated by the respective bidders, the Government reserving to itself the right to reject any or all bids or any part thereof. Representative samples may be seen at either the St. Louis, Mo.; Philadelphia, Pa., or New York Depots, and the garments must be removed from the St. Louis Depot at the expense of the successful bidders, and paid for on delivery in current funds of the U. S. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for purchase of clothing," addressed to Capt. W. C. R. COLQUHOUN, Depot Quartermaster.

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost.—Certificate of 20 shares United States Steel preferred, No. C 21,481, in name of John F. Calder. Return to B. F. Furlong, Hudson, N. Y., for reward.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Continued from Page 13.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

[illegible]

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday were as follows:

	Thursday.	Wednesday.
Alta	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alpha Consolidated	.05	[illegible]
Andes	.17	.16
Belcher	.19	.18
Best & Belcher	1.25	1.25
Bullion	.04	.04
Caledonia	1.20	1.20
Challenge Consolidated	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chollar	[illegible]	[illegible]
Confidence	1.45	1.35
Consolidated Cal. & Va.	1.20	1.15
Consolidated Imperial	[illegible]	[illegible]
Crown Point	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gould & Curry	.47	.45
Hale & Norcross	[illegible]	[illegible]
Julia	.01	.01
Justice	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kentucky Consolidated	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lady Washington Consolidated	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mexican	[illegible]	[illegible]
Occidental Consolidated	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ophir	1.60	1.55
Overman	[illegible]	[illegible]
Potosi	[illegible]	[illegible]
Savage	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seg. Belcher	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sierra Nevada	[illegible]	[illegible]
Syndicate	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Consolidated	[illegible]	[illegible]
Utah Consolidated	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yellow Jacket	[illegible]	[illegible]
Silver bars	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mexican dollars	[illegible]	[illegible]
Drafts, sight	[illegible]	[illegible]
Telegraph	.10	.10

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 28.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday as follows:

[illegible]

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the General Fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$228,544,947
Gold	[illegible]
Silver	[illegible]
United States notes	[illegible]
Treasury notes of 1890	[illegible]
National bank notes	[illegible]
Total receipts this day	[illegible]
Total receipts this month	[illegible]
Total receipts this year	[illegible]
Total expenditures this day	[illegible]
Total expenditures this month	[illegible]
Total expenditures this year	[illegible]
Deposits in National banks	[illegible]
National bank notes received to-day for redemption	[illegible]
Government receipts:	
From internal revenue	[illegible]
Customs	[illegible]
Miscellaneous	[illegible]

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day, was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS, DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.

[illegible]

DIVISION OF ISSUE.

[illegible]

GENERAL FUND.

[illegible]

Produce Exchange Ticket.

The nominations for the election of the New York Produce Exchange, which is to take place June 1, are as follows: President—E. G. Burgess; Vice President—James F. Parker; Treasurer—E. C. Rice; Managers—C. T. Bowering, Vincent Loeser, S. L. Finlay, John Valiant, George H. Williams, and Nathaniel Doyle; Trustees of the Gratuity Fund—E. H. Dougherty and Frank Brainard.

CONSOLIDATED BOARD TICKET.

Lewis V. F. Randolph Named for President of the Exchange—Reasons for the Nomination.

The annual election of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange will be held June 8, and Louis V. F. Randolph has been nominated for the office of President. Mr. Randolph has been a member for only a short time, having previously been President of the Atlantic Trust Company, which was merged with the Metropolitan Trust Company.

The whole ticket is as follows:

For President—Lewis V. F. Randolph.
For First Vice President—Mortimer H. Wagar.
For Second Vice President—C. H. Badeau.
For Treasurer—E. R. Grant.
For Chairman—Valentine Mott.
For Governors, Two Years—
W. J. Alpers, G. M. Kirkner,
C. W. Curtis, E. A. Luther,
M. E. De Aguero, George Millett,
W. F. Eager, T. E. Tack,
James S. Harris, G. Weinberg.
For Trustees of Gratuity Fund, Five Years—S. F. Strong and H. Plummer.
For Members of Arbitration Committee—
M. M. Looram, [illegible] Moran,
R. S. Mather, W. Scott O'Connor,
W. Jenks Merritt, G. L. Ring,
J. P. Wintringham.

Mr. Randolph's nomination was made in the endeavor to still further advance the standing of the Exchange. The Nominating Committee issued a letter to this effect, in which it says:

"In all business enterprises of a public nature in which many persons are interested and have to depend upon the honesty and efficiency of the officers of the company or association in the management of its affairs, it is always proper and right to fully acquaint the parties in interest with every important movement and to state briefly the reasons therefor. It has long been the aim and desire of a large majority of the leading, active, and influential members of our Exchange to secure the services of some person of well-known character, ability, and financial standing among the business men of the Street to accept the Presidency of the Exchange, in order that we might be brought more prominently before the investing and speculating public."

The committee also thanks Mortimer H. Wagar, the retiring President, for his services in the cause which the committee advocates.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

[illegible]

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 28.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

Globe Power Company, Buffalo, to manufacture machinery; capital, $300,000. Directors—E. E. Hoover, W. M. Hoffman, and G. H. Hoover, Buffalo.

New England Coin Wrapping Machine Company, New York; capital, $500,000. Directors—Helen G. Batsdorf, Nora V. Fallon, and E. W. Tyler, New York.

Main and Seneca Street Realty Company; capital, $210,000. Directors—M. U. Bly, D. E. Peck, and H. C. Lakin, New York.

T. R. Laidlaw Lumber Company, Buffalo; capital, $150,000. Directors—Robert Laidlaw, Toronto, Canada; John McLeod, Buffalo; W. A. Parkinson, Syracuse.

Consolidated Button Company, Akron; capital, $100,000. Directors—J. M. Moyer, Edward Noll, and J. C. Albright, Akron.

Investors' Mortgage Company, Hempstead; capital, $50,000. Directors—J. S. Saunders, Brooklyn; Lucy S. Macdonald, New York; R. L. Lee, Plainfield, N. J.

Howard Collar and Cuff Manufacturing Company, New York; capital, $25,000. Directors—George Gottel, Samuel Benjamin, and Louis Levy, New York.

Van Horne Printing Company, New York; capital, $20,000. Directors—H. E. Van Horne and E. A. Gaissert, New York; Frederick Barnes, Brooklyn.

Kenneth Ives, New York, printing business; capital, $10,000. Directors—Kenneth Ives, F. S. Bacon, and W. S. Appleton, New York.

Osborn Pharmacies, Brooklyn; capital, $15,000. Directors—S. S. Osborn, Brooklyn; C. W. Morse, New Haven, Conn.; G. N. Karner, Plainfield, N. J.

Bureau of Expert Investigation and Construction, New York; capital, $2,000. Directors—J. E. Cahoon, M. H. Alberger, and G. W. Birdsall, New York.

Vermilya-Garry Construction Company, New York; capital, $15,000. Directors—J. M. Richards, Brooklyn; M. J. Garry and Martin Wallace, New York.

Consumers' Society, New York, department store; capital, $2,500. Directors—Emil Carow, Otto Wolfram, and Hellmuth Moerchen, New York.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Another Lexington Avenue Corner Sold—Dealings by Brokers and in the Auction Room.

Details will be found in another column relative to the sale of a large plot on One Hundred and Tenth and One Hundred and Eleventh Streets, near Seventh Avenue, through L. J. Phillips & Co., as the site for a new building in which the Spanish game of pelota will be played.

The Murtha estate has sold 707 and 709 Seventh Avenue, adjoining the northeast corner of Forty-seventh Street, two four-story buildings, on plot 40 by 80.

Cornelius W. Clark has bought from W. T. Sabine the four-story dwelling 150 East Seventy-second Street, southeast corner of Lexington Avenue, 24 by 74.4, and from F. R. Minrath the two adjoining houses 987 and 989 Lexington Avenue, each 15 by 80.

I. Randolph Jacobs & Co. have sold for Francis K. Pendleton the plot, 50 by 201.10, running through from Ninety-eighth to Ninety-ninth Street, 100 feet east of Madison Avenue. The buyer will improve the property.

William A. White & Sons, in conjunction with E. A. Tredwell, have leased for a long term of years for Benjamin B. Johnston to the Crucible Steel Company of America a building to be erected at 410 to 416 Canal Street, 62 to 66 Varick Street, and 18 Laight Street. The plot contains over 10,000 square feet.

Justus L. Bulkley has sold the four-story dwelling 11 West Eighty-second Street, 23 by 102.2.

Isidore Moll has bought for Charles Garfiel the five-story double flat 2,195 Fifth Avenue, 25 by 75.

Simons & Moersfelder have bought from Jacob Cohen 112 and 114 and 118 and 120 East One Hundred and Eleventh Street, two six-story flats, each 33.4 by 100.5.

Joseph L. Buttenwieser is the buyer of 138 to 142 West Sixteenth Street, sold recently by the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and of 137 and 139 West Twenty-fifth Street, sold recently by the Russell estate.

H. C. Senior & Co. have sold for Jerome C. Herman to Edwin Meade the four-story brownstone-front dwelling 112 West Sixty-fourth Street, 19 by 100.

The First National Bank of Yonkers has sold to Edward De Noyelles the two three-story brick dwellings 302 and 304 West One Hundred and Third Street, adjoining the southwest corner of West End Avenue, on plot 40 by 100.11.

Leopold Louis has sold the five-story flat 45 West One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, 25 by 100.11.

Louis Lese has sold the three four-story tenements 640, 642, and 644 East Twelfth Street, on plot 50 by 103.3.

B. Freund has sold to Leopold Hutter the three five-story double flats 158 to 162 East Eighty-fourth Street, each 27 by 88 by 102.2.

B. Freund has bought the two five-story flats 130 and 132 West One Hundred and Ninth Street, on plot 50 by 100.11.

Lewis Levy and I. Huppert have sold for Cohen & Glauber 93 and 95 Mangin Street, two seven-story tenements on plot 50 by 100; also, for Schiff Brothers, 315 Stanton Street, a seven-story tenement on lot 25 by 50.

William Abeles has sold the five-story brick flat 2,105 Second Avenue, 25 by 100.

Dobrocaynski & Blumenkrans have sold for Morris Lipman to B. Appel the six-story tenement 430 East Ninth Street.

W. F. Smith has resold for a Mr. Harris 532 East One Hundred and Forty-eighth Street, a two-story dwelling on lot 25 by 100.

Leonard Morgan has sold for a Mr. Zink to a client the five-story tenement, on lot 25 by 100, 208 East Eighty-eighth Street.

Messrs. Braisted & Goodman have sold for a client the three-story brownstone dwelling 1,825 Madison Avenue.

William Stonebridge has sold for the Brainerd, Shaler & Hall Quarry Company the vacant lot at the southeast corner of One Hundred and Eighty-ninth Street and Arthur Avenue, to Michael Jordan, who will build thereon a brick flat with stores.

Collins & Collins have leased the corner store 708 Madison Avenue for the Netherlands Corporation to Barrett Nephews & Co. (Old Staten Island Dyeing Establishment) for a long term of years.

The dwelling 8 East Thirty-seventh Street was conveyed yesterday by William Moller to George C. Boldt. Mr. Boldt gave back a purchase money mortgage on the property for $80,000, due in five years and bearing 4 per cent. interest.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, resulted as follows:

By Philip A. Smyth.

212 West Seventeenth Street, south side, 137 feet west of Seventh Avenue, 25 by 92, five-story brick tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, M. H. Tompkins ... $30,400

14 Morton Street, south side, 150 feet west of Bleecker Street, 25 by 60, five-story brick tenement; foreclosure sale, to Samuel Cohen ... 26,525

By Richard V. Harnett & Co.

1,090 and 1,092 Park Avenue, west side, 25.2 feet south of Eighty-ninth Street, each 25 by 82.2, two five-story brick double flats, with stores; executors' and trustees' sale, to D. A. Skinnell ... 54,000

373 West Twenty-second Street, north side, 125 feet east of Eighth Avenue, 25 by 98.9, four-story brick dwelling, with three-story brick building at the rear; executors' and trustees' sale, to A. Goetz ... 20,400

White Plains Avenue, southeast corner of Two Hundred and Tenth Street, 25 by 111.2 and irregular, vacant; public auction sale, to A. J. Pearson ... 1,450

Washington Avenue, near Jamaica Plank Road, Richmond Hill, Borough of Queens, fifteen lots, 490 by 150 by 447 by 21.5; executors' and trustees' sale, to A. Goetz ... 3,200

By H. C. Mapes & Co.

Eastern Boulevard, west side, near Middletown Road, and running through to the latter, 680.5 by 546 and irregular, vacant; partition sale, to Lewis & Bubre, parties in interest ... 16,500

Middletown Road, southwest corner of Country Club Avenue, 323.1 by 737.8 by 635.3 by 763.4, vacant; partition sale, to Joseph J. Frank ... 8,100

Vickery Lane, south side, 237 feet east of Main Street, City Island, 50 by 79.6, vacant; to Henry Bubre, party in interest ... 500

By Peter F. Meyer & Co.

Popham Avenue, west side, 27.4 feet north of One Hundred and Seventy-sixth Street, 50 by 100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, C. A. Stock ... 500

One Hundred and Seventy-seventh Street, southwest side, 105.4 feet southwest of Sedgwick Avenue, 75 by 100 by 68.8 by 102.4, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, C. A. Stock ... 3,919

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 161 Broadway:

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., partition sale, Randolph Hurry, referee, 389 Broadway, west side, 50 feet north of Franklin Street, and running through to Franklin Alley, 25 by 150, five-story brick building; 38 West Twenty-eighth Street, south side, 250 feet east of Sixth Avenue, 25 by 98.9, four-story building with store.

By James L. Wells, foreclosure sale, Lynn W. Thompson, referee, 747 Tinton Avenue, west side, 2.7 feet north of Westchester Avenue, 27 by 117.6, four-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $17,044.

By D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co., foreclosure sale, Peter J. Everitt, referee, 228 and 230 West Sixty-first Street, south side, 400 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 50 by 100.5, two five-story stone-front tenements. Due on judgment, $36,-769.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Moses J. Quendaire, referee, 8 East One Hundred and Thirty-third Street, south side, 135 feet east of Fifth Avenue, 25 by 99.11, four-story stone-front tenement. Due on judgment, $10,911.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, sale by order of the Sheriff, 59 East Ninth Street, north side, 204 feet west of Broadway, 26 by 92.2, three-story brick building; all title and interest of Blanche Hauet de Logerot on Nov. 1, 1898.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

Stanton and Pitt Streets, southeast corner, for a six-story brick flat, 50 by 43.6; A. Dworsky of 239 East Sixtieth Street, owner; A. E. Badt of 1 Union Square West, architect; cost, $50,000.

No. 31 Nassau Street, for six-story brick offices, with store, 25.8 by 98.6; W. Edgar estate of 37 Nassau Street, owner; C. Volz of 180 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $40,000.

Nos. 11 and 13 Rivington Street, for a six-story brick tenement, 50.2 by 90.7; I. Lippman of 79 Elm Street, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein of 72 Trinity Place, architects; cost, $45,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-second Street, north side, 275 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, for a five-story brick tenement, 50 by 81.11; W. M. Janpole of 206 Broadway, owner; L. F. J. Weiher of 163 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, architect; cost, $55,000.

Avenue D, west side, 60 feet south of Eighth Street, for a six-story brick tenement, 37.6 by 87; L. Michelson, of 136 Avenue D, owner; G. F. Pelham of 503 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $37,000.

Seventh Avenue and Thirtieth Street, southeast corner, for three-story brick lofts, with store, 46.6 by 83.11; J. Buhn of 245 West Thirty-fourth Street, owner; B. W. Berger & Son of 121 Bible House, architects; cost, $10,000.

No. 37 East Fiftieth Street, for a five-story brick dwelling, 20 by 78.8; Mrs. S. Reed of 661 Fifth Avenue, owner; Atterbury & Phelps of 20 West Forty-third Street, architects; cost, $30,000.

Houston Street and First Avenue, northwest corner, for a six-story brick tenement, with store, 50.2 by 88.6; A. Goodman of 1,489 Madison Avenue, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $45,000.

Street, owner; J. B. Cashman of 1 Broadway, architect; cost, $30,000.

Fourth Avenue and Thirty-second Street, southeast corner, to a five-story brick hotel; L. Innuen of 477 Fourth Avenue, owner; O. L. Spannhake of 982 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $8,000.

Seventh Avenue and Fifty-third Street, northwest corner, to a five-story brick hotel; F. J. O'Connell, premises, owner; J. W. Cole of 405 West Fifty-seventh Street, architect; cost, $7,500.

Nos. 16 to 24 West Forty-fourth Street, to a five-story brick library and school; General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen, premises, owner; R. S. Townsend of 29 East Nineteenth Street, architect; cost, $175,000.

Delancey Street, north side, 88.2 feet west of Ludlow Street, to a five-story brick school; city, owner; C. B. J. Snyder of Fifty-ninth Street and Park Avenue, architect; cost, $6,500.

Jennings Street, south side, 158 feet east of Union Avenue, to a two-story frame shop, 20 by 24; Agnes M. Fragnell of 13 Ritter Place, owner and architect; cost, $175.

No. 917 Union Avenue, to a one-story frame stable, 27 by 28; Pauline Berg, premises, owner; C. F. Lohse of 687 Eagle Avenue, architect; cost, $600.

Alterations.

No. 84 Broad Street, to a four-story brick dwelling; M. Henahan of 111 East Forty-fifth

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Thursday, May 28.

[illegible]

Recorded Leases.

BLEECKER ST, 358 to 364; Jacob Schattman to Benjamin J. Kline, 5 years	$6,500
CHERRY ST, 316; S. Bernstein and another to John Healy, 2 years	480
LIBERTY ST, 144½; Owen B. McManus to Charles Fritsch, 4 7-12 years	2,000
LINCOLN AV, 150; Leopold Hutter to Henry P. Nicholson and another, 5 years	360
MADISON AV, 681; Alfred M. Hoyt to Carl Koller, 5 years	2,500
STANTON ST, 207; David Jacobowitz to Isidor Finfer, 2 years	360
PARK AV, 3,165; Herman H. Ehlers to M. Smith, 2 years	360
PARK ROW, 1; Isaac Westervelt to The Jeffreys & Co., 5 years	6,000
SOUTH ST, 137; Theresa A. Fisher, individually and as executrix, to Arthur E. Noll, 5 years	1,200
2D AV, s e corner of 60th St; Meyer Katzenberg to John Mole, 10 years...$3,000	3,600
2D ST, 183; Katharina Braun to Louis Dintenfass, 3 years	1,300
73D ST, 406 East; Joseph Larchan and another to Joseph Schwartz, 6 years, $720 and	828
115TH ST, 31 East; Henry Mulcher to Herman Scalsoh, 3 years...$900	900

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

[illegible]

Assignments of Mortgages.

ATLANTIC TRUST COMPANY, administrator, to Metropolitan Trust Company	$20,000
BURKE, Edward F., to Henry Lippo	2,900
CLARK, Frederick A., to Robert S. Clark, (two assignments)	65,000
COLLINS, Josephine C. M., to Josephine C. M. Collins, guardian	7,140
COSTELLO, Mary A., to Dutton & Kelsheimer	425
FELT, George L., to Realty Mortgage Company	1
HEINE, Louisa, to American Mortgage Company	12,000
LANIER, Charles, trustee, to Romania G. W. Claggett	8,000
LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY to Selena Simpson	18,000
LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY to Mercantile Trust Company	25,000
LOWENFELD, Pincus, and another, to the State Bank, (two assignments)	1
MANLEY, Laura, to Charles A. Christman	6,150
METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY to Virginia de Boulemont	20,150
NORTON, George F., to Jane C. Norton	1
ROSENBERG, Fannie, as guardian, to Arthur L. Cohen	1
RUSSELL, Euphemia D., and another, executors, to Marguerite B. Rees	1
RUSSELL, Euphemia D., and another, executors, to Rachel Mott Havemeyer	1
RUSSELL, Euphemia D., and another, executors, to Mary I. Jenney, (five assignments)	1
SCHAWEL, Jacob, to Samson Lachman	100
SMITH, William T., and another, trustees, to American Mortgage Company	2,000
WALKER, Alexander, to Leonora P. M. Gross	1

Mechanics' Liens.

AVENUE D, 29 and 31; New York Metal Ceiling Company against Louis Lippman, owner and contractor	$170
BLEECKER ST, 105; Jacob Dawson against Gustav Lange, owner; C. L. Lyons, contractor	128
COLUMBUS AV, 31 and 33; John J. Kearns against Ann D. R. Hagedorn, owner and contractor	96
PARK AV, 1,261; Brockway Brick Company against Peter Costello, owner; Francesco Lamonte, owner and contractor	1,835
STANTON ST, 329 to 335; Solomon Fuchs against Elias Geibwaks, owner; John West, contractor	28
1ST ST, 349; Samuel Mintz against William A. Lauch, owner; Fred Freese and Otto Cramer, contractors	22
5TH AV, 1,047; Pace Plumbing Company against Charles C. Marshall and Albert B. Hilton, owners and contractors	410
5TH AV, 1,047; William Eckenfelder against Charles C. Marshall, owner; Albert B. Hilton, contractor	390
20TH ST, 63 East; Alexander Glubes against John Doe, owner; Jacob Moscowitz, contractor	365
28TH ST, 219 and 221 East; Louis Polstein against Max Rosenthal, owner; Louis J. Rosendorff, contractor	125
111TH ST, 255 and 257 West, and 112th St, 306 and 308 West; Edward J. O'Connor against William A. Elliott, trustee, owner and contractor	525

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.
Chapter 26, under Laws of 1900.

3D AV and 138th St, s w corner, 43.11x 57.3x irregular; Peter Doelger loans to Austin, Frank A., Elsie Carr, and Alice Smith	7,000
11TH ST, 520 to 524 East; Pincus Lowenfeld and William Prager, loan to Charles I. Weinstein	32,000

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

MADISON AV, 341; John Steron against Charles A. Davids and another, Dec. 31, 1902	325
MADISON AV, 341; James McConnell against Charles A. Davids and another, Jan. 5, 1903	37
MADISON AV, 341; Cooke Heating and Power Company against Charles A. Davids and another, April 24, 1903	240
21ST ST, 45 to 49 West; Brockway Brick Company against Frederick Haas and another, April 15, 1903, by bond	185
29TH ST, 29 East, and 30th St, 30 East; The Roebling Construction Company against Woman's Hotel Company and another, March 25, 1903	3,121
35TH ST, 63 West; William H. Aldrich against Ida M. Smith and another, Nov. 10, 1903, by order of court	3,621
114TH ST, 39 West; William Cohen against Mary E. Barry and another, Feb. 9, 1903	35
134TH ST, 1,039 and 1,041 East; Albert Blechner against James E. Browne, May 26, 1903	232

Lis Pendens.

AVENUE B, 95; City of New York against Solomon Prince, executor; 2d Av, 910; City of New York against Sophie Buchler; 30th St, 224 West; City of New York against Mary R. Bennett; Monroe St, 232; City of New York against Robert Grosberg; four actions, (violation of tenement house acts;) attorney G. L. Rives.

BATHGATE AV, w s, 97 ft n of 183d St, 18.2x 86; William A. Cameron against Henry Cleland and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Whalen & Dunn.

PIKE ST, 44; City of New York against Rachel Silbermintz, (violation of building laws;) attorney G. L. Rives.

UNION AV, w s, 68.6 ft n of Home St, 46.4x 91.2x irregular; Grace B. Fairfax against Hannah Elliott and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney H. Swain.

55TH ST, n s, 345 ft e of 6th Av, 18.9x100.5 and w s of the whole front between 157th and 158th Sts, 200x irregular; William Williams against Charles S. Buckley and another, (partition;) attorney G. F. Eschbach.

55TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of 11th Av, runs s 200 to 54th St, x w 100x n 100.5x e 50x n 100.5x e 50 to beginning; Edward Smith against Ruth A. Wallace and another, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney H. B. Wesselman.

35TH ST, 322 and 324 West; Philip Wood against Helen Stein and another, (specific performance;) attorney J. H. Stoutenburgh.

WESTCHESTER REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

WHITE PLAINS.

SOUND VIEW AVENUE,
PRESCOTT ROAD AND OAKLEY ROAD.
Plots 100x200, ½ Acre, 8 Lots, $500.00; or,

$63.00 PER LOT.

In one of the finest residence sections of Westchester County. $20.00 down and $20.00 per month—only

$2.50 PER LOT.

RESTRICTED PROPERTY, SURROUNDED BY HOUSES VALUED AT FROM $10,000 TO $20,000, ON TERMS WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERY ONE.
10% DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
WHITE PLAINS IS NEARER THE BUSINESS CENTRES OF NEW YORK CITY THAN 75% OF NEW YORK CITY PROPER, AND IS INCREASING IN POPULATION AT THE RATE OF 20% A YEAR.
TRAINS EVERY TEN (10) MINUTES DURING RUSH HOURS.
THIRTY-FIVE (35) MINUTES BY EXPRESS.
FORTY-EIGHT (48) TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.
TAX RATE ON THIS PROPERTY 25% OF TAX RATE IN N. Y. CITY.
THE IMPROVEMENTS PLANNED BY THE NEW YORK CENTRAL [illegible] ITS CONNECTIONS WITH THE SUBWAY WILL MAKE WHITE PLA[illegible] TO 45 MINUTES FROM EVERY BUSINESS CENTRE OF NEW YORK [illegible]
TROLLEYS CONNECT WITH NEW YORK CITY, YONKERS, TAR[illegible] RONECK AND MOUNT VERNON.
SECURE AT ONCE ONE OF THESE VALUABLE PLOTS.
MAPS, PASSES, AND PARTICULARS OF THE NEW NETHERL[illegible]
503 FIFTH AVENUE, MANHATTAN.

Five lots, near millionaires' "Ardsley Club," Dobbs Ferry! Near depot! Trolley passes! Bode, 306 East 89th St.

Lots in Westchester County from $150 up; will take parties any day to see property; easy terms. For particulars and tickets address GOSFORD & LANGILL, 245 West 14th St.

At Tuckahoe.—A plot of about 65 acres immediately surrounding the Underhill Homestead. Suitable for first-class sub-division. Inquire of T. B. Underhill, on premises.

Mount Vernon.

Sacrifice.—Gentleman's country residence; finest corner on restricted Chester Hill; house, 14 rooms and bath; all improvements; fine stable; lot, 187x115 feet. Owner, Box 12, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.—Plot 100x105, 12th Av., near [illegible]; graded, sewered; $3,250. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Mt. Vernon.—Beautifully shaded spot for a home; good location, high ground; 100x150. M., 109 Lexington Av.

Mamaroneck.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $100
On Line of New Portchester Railway.
$1.00 WEEKLY—NO ASSESSMENTS.
Near Station; on trolley; water, gas, electric light; fishing, bathing, sailing. WARRANTY REALTY CO. 115 Broadway.

White Plains.

Wanted—Artistic people to build log cabins, rubble, and original bungalows on high wooded tract, 10 minutes station. Roselynne, Box 471, White Plains, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

W. B. TIBBITS.......AUCTIONEER
AUCTION SALE
OF
200 LOTS,
CHATTERTON HILL,
On Central, Robertson and Chatterton Avs.,
AT
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.,
DECORATION DAY,
SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1903, AT 11 A.M.
All lots 50 feet front, high and dry. Water, sewer and gas. Convenient to station and trolley.
ONE HOUR FROM CITY HALL.
96 TRAINS DAILY.
For Maps, etc., apply to
W. B. TIBBITS & CO.,
114 Railroad Av., White Plains, N.Y.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Examination and reports of plumbing work under construction for owner and tenants; smoke and water test applied. Kelly, 2,485 3d Av., Plumber and Sanitary Engineer.

For Sale—4 lots on 132d St., 200 feet from Southern Boulevard; also 4 on Garden St., 90 feet from Southern Boulevard. James Glynn, Owner, 428 East 117th St.

A 5-story triple flat, W. 117th, near Lenox Av.; $29,000; rent, $2,400; all rented; no brokers. Bargebuhr, 1,397 5th Av.

Sixth double tenement, 54th St., near 9th; 25x 100; $43,000; rents, $4,586. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Bargain.—19th St., near 8th Av., three-story house, 20.10x92; $16,500. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Desirable residence, Washington Square to 12th St., inclusive, near 5th, $22,000 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Two double tenements, 52d St., near 9th; 50x100; $36,000; rents, $8,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Modern double tenement, 46th St., near 9th; 25.4x100; $23,000; rents, $2,556. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Builders, Attention.—14th St., near Avenue A; plot 126x103.3; asking, $88,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Double tenement, 16th St., near Av. A; 25x103; $16,000; rents, $1,800. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Double tenement, 48th St., near 2d; 25x100; price, $17,000; rents, $2,[illegible]. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Chrystie St. tenement, with stores; never empty; price $30,000, mortgage $17,000. John Hoeckh, 850 9th Av.

A Fulton St. investment property; very desirable. Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

Washington Heights.

$5,000 cash, balance on mortgage, buys two choice avenue lots near rapid transit station and Broadway cars; big bargain; safe investment; sure profit; also others. Christian Triske & Co., 58 Pine St.

Bronx.

A.—On Gunther estate, lots $250 up; easy payments; city water and gas to property; titles guaranteed free; liberal commissions to agents and purchasers who will help influence sales; take Jerome or Webster Av. trolley, transfer to Yonkers Av. and get off at street leading to St. Joseph's Seminary; property directly opposite; agents on grounds Decoration Day and Sundays; offices two blocks east of mansion. Further particulars on application. Arthur Belden, Gen'l Agent, 215 West 125th St. Open Friday evenings.

If you are looking for a home in the Bronx examine the Johnson houses; houses for 1, 2, and 3 families; of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 156th St., and walk east to the Johnson houses. Write for descriptive booklet. George F. Johnson & Sons, owners and builders, P. O. address East 156th St., Bronx Borough, New York.

AT $300.—ARDEN ESTATE LOTS, (24th Ward,) near fine rapid transit; new Port Chester Railroad to run through property; buy now, before the boom; 5 per cent. cash; balance small monthly payments. Send for full particulars, main office, 149 East 125th St., adjoining 12th Ward Bank.

FOR SALE—THE MOST ELEGANT TWO-family detached brick and stone houses ever built in New York City; neighborhood restricted; Clay Av., near 166th St., three blocks west of 3d Av.; terms moderate.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
404 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING, APPRAISING, MORTGAGES SECURED.

$5,000 cash will purchase four-story dwelling, 46 West 56th; if altered to American basement will net $25,000 profit. Frampton, or Stone, 114 Liberty St.

Mount Hope.—Two-family dwelling, detached; 12 rooms, all improvements; near Claremont Park. L. H. Herrmann, 19 Liberty St., or 1,751 Topping Av.

Choice detached nine-room cottage; all modern improvements; adjoining Claremont Park. Inquire 1,652 Monroe Av.

Great bargain in four-story brick flat near rapid transit station; 10 per cent. investment; always rented. Dickson, 3,391 3d Av.

Sacrifice.—Value $16,000; Washington Av., 69x 140, handsome brick residence, $12,500. Dickson, 3,391 3d Av.

Attractive flats on avenue and side streets, corners; also vacant property. Polak, 3d Av., cor. 174th St.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

To secure a beautiful detached house, finest residential section Brooklyn; 9 rooms and bath, with all improvements, for $5,250; worth $6,500; small amount down, balance monthly. C. A. Eldredge, 31 East 14th St., N. Y. City.

Suburban homes for sale; small deposit down; monthly payment; country places to exchange. Scott, 2,127 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

Splendid house; 11 rooms; all improvements; beautiful neighborhood; cheap; any terms. Owner, 769 22d St., Flatbush.

Brooklyn property sold for cash or exchanged; immediate results. W. J. Lynch, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—NEW YORK STATE.

$850—Tumble-down Catskill Mountain homestead, 106 acres, combining mountain top, lovely valley, dense forest, winding stream, spouting springs, cleared fields, choice orchard, hunting, fishing; accessible; amid matchless splendor of towering mountain peaks. Write quick. Administrator, Box 1,056, Kingston, N. Y.

Saratoga.—Handsome residence, furnished; 22 rooms; three baths; gas, electricity; with five acres wooded lawn; only five minutes' walk from Grand Union Hotel; stable on premises for eight horses; known as Lyonhurst; rent, $1,200. Address Dickson, 3,391 3d Av.

Onteora, Catskill; modern furnished house; 14 rooms, bath, butler's pantry; rent, $700. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—MISCELLANEOUS.

For 30 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue.
Owners, send us details of your property.
Phillips & Wells, 93K Tribune Building, N.Y.

1-4 ACRE CHICKEN FARMS,
garden plots, and home sites at Mt. Pleasant Heights. For particulars and tickets address GOSFORD & LANGILL, 245 West 14th St.

For Sale—80 acres of corn, 30 acres of wheat, 6 horses and mules, 2 cows, large lot of poultry, farming implements and tools, and possession of a fine farm until January next; will sell at a sacrifice. J. R. McGonigal, Dover, Del.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—QUEENS BOROUGH.

Fairview Terrace
FLUSHING, LONG ISLAND.
Decoration Day Excursion
OPENING SALES DAY.
Coming Tunnels, Bridges, Express, Transportation Boom.
BUY NOW. BUY QUICK.
$10.00 Secures Beautiful Lot.
FREE round-trip tickets and carriages to property. Apply at office, Flatiron Building, for passes Saturday morning.
Jackson Suburban Realty Co.

Bayside, Ocean Park, 50x100, $1,100; Hollis Park, 50x125, $600. Advertiser, 1,355 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE.

4% 4½% A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO., Brokers and Dealers in Mortgages 5%
128 BROADWAY.

LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Beautiful, furnished cottage; improvements; with plenty bedrooms; stables; shade; gardens; near bay and depot; bargain; also 15-room farmhouse, with improvements, overlooking lake and bay; shade, fruit; privilege of horse and carriage and bathing house; come; also smaller cottages, from $150 up. E. Metcalf, Patchogue, L. I.

CEDARHURST, L. I.
Thirty acres choice property on Broadway; house and stable; for sale or exchange for improved property in Manhattan. John Kensett Kellogg, 80 William St.

To Rent.—On south side Long Island until owner's return from Europe Aug. 17, furnished cottage, 4 bedrooms, beautiful grounds, many trees, vegetables, fruit, shade, private shore, boathouse, fine sailing, sea breeze, safe bathing. Langdon, Box D 141 Times.

AT BABYLON AND WEST ISLIP, L. I.
Most accessible place on South Shore; 37 miles out; 30 trains daily; express station. Furnished cottages to rent. Desirable property for sale. Illustrated list. Jeremiah Robbins, Babylon, L. I.

A private American family offers superior accommodations to a few adults; near Murray Hill Station; 12 minutes from the water. 274 State St., Flushing.

To Let for Season, Furnished.—Cottage at Great Neck; steamboat landing; finest waterfront on Sound; boating, bathing, fishing. John F. Phillips, Great Neck, L. I.

Furnished house, Saint James, on salt water; sailing, bathing; grounds, stables; ten trains, 90 minutes. Miss Alice Louise Smith, Box 118, Saint James, L. I.

For Sale.—30 acres, South Bay water front; fine location; near Bellport. W. S. Hawkins, Brookhaven, L. I.

To Let.—Cottages with or without improvements, from $175 to $450, season. Address George Biermann, Centre Moriches, L. I.

EASTHAMPTON AND WAINSCOTT.—Furnished cottages to rent. G. Richards, 75 Liberty St., N. Y. Telephone.

Rockaway Park.—Part well-furnished ocean cottage near depot to desirable family. Mrs. Fisk, Second Avenue.

Port Jefferson.—30 acres, adjoining Deal Alvord's Belle Terre, $7,000, worth $20,000. Jones, Freeport, L. I.

NEW ENGLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Cool, breezy Wychmere, (Cape Cod,) seashore cottages, Harwich, Mass.; rented, fully furnished, all conveniences, bathrooms, excellent cold water and hot; delightful climate; rarely 80°; long season; fine bathing. Cape, 505 West 124th St.

Offered at Sacrifice.—Fine country seat and farm, 65 acres fine rich level land; large 12-room house, veranda, running water, beautiful shades, large barns; grand view of Sound; near city and all advantages. D. Hull, South Norwalk, Conn.

Small, old-fashioned cottage; moderate rent; beautifully located; Contentment Island; 11 rooms; furnished; private beach; stable; open Saturday and Sunday. V. Griffith, Rowayton, Conn.

Farm Bargains—Litchfield County, Conn., and Berkshire County, Mass.; 50 farms for sale; 10 acres to 600 acres; from $400 to $10,000. Write for list. J. K. Smith, Station A, Winsted, Conn.

Wilton, Conn.—Partially furnished house; stable; 3 acres; 70 minutes out; price, $1,800; 14-room house and 70 acres, $5,500. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Riverside, Conn.—Rent furnished; attractive residence, shady lawn, conveniences; near depot; yacht club. Atwater, 55 Liberty.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Furnished houses to lease for the Summer. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

Wilton, Conn.—Furnished house, stable; 3 acres; 70 minutes out; season, $150. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

MODERN ARTISTIC HOME, NUTLEY, N. J.
45 minutes via Erie Railroad; new modern artistic house; located near station on a hilltop, affording a grand view of surrounding country; house contains eight rooms and tiled bathroom; exposed sanitary plumbing and modern heating; gas and electric lights; cabinet hardwood trim; artistically decorated; spacious veranda; will sell for $5,100, including lot, 60x120; terms to suit. Lambert, Owner, 80 Nassau St., New York.

NEW HOMES.
EAST ORANGE, 35 MINUTES OUT.
Eight to ten rooms, attic, laundry; cemented cellar; all new up-to-date improvements; hardwood floors; beautiful decorations; steam heat; houses complete in every detail.
PRICE $4,500 UP.
10 PER CENT. DOWN, balance same as rent. VERNON J. MILLER, 150 Nassau St., N. Y.

Montclair.—In beautiful Marlboro Park, near "Park Street" (Erie) Station, school, &c.; only house left of twenty; rent, $780; bargain $8,000; easy terms; latest improvements, steam, gas, electricity, &c.; refined surroundings; other houses building; illustrated booklet free. Montclair Realty Co.

At Ridgefield Park.—Half hour out; two railroads; new house, 7 rooms; all modern improvements; connected to sewer, water, gas; fine location; near depot; large lot; price, $3,500, $600 cash, balance same as rent. Carl Hallberg, owner. Office near depot.

Asbury Park, Allenhurst, Deal, Ocean Grove and Bradley Beach property; choice Summer homes for rent; bargains for sale; illustrated "Renter's List" or illustrated "Buyer's List" mailed free; carriage at office. J. Stanley Ferguson, Post Office Building, Asbury Park, N. J.

$2,500.—Easy terms; West Englewood, No. 3 Reade St.; 25 minutes from city; 10 minutes' walk from depot; eight-room house, in perfect order; plot 50x125; high, healthy location; bargain; possession; rent, $270; six months, $130. Thomas Payne, 98 Broadway.

SUFFERN.—Completely and handsomely furnished house to let for the Summer; high and healthful location; plenty of shade and verandas; six bedrooms; all improvements; one hour out Erie. Box 189 Times.

AVON BY THE SEA, NEW JERSEY.
Furnished cottages for rent; all kinds and prices. Write for list and map. C. D. SNYDER.

Ocean Grove, N. J.—Furnished cottages and boarding houses to rent for the coming season; send for booklet. R. N. Woolston's Real Estate Agency, Ocean Grove, N. J.

$1,250.—On your own terms, elegant 7-room house; ¼ acre of land, with henbery; corner of Maple Av., Eatontown, N. J., near Long Branch. E. M. Michaelis, 203 Broadway.

Dutch Colonial Cottage on Palisades.—Unobstructed view of Hudson for miles; 14 rooms; beautiful decorations; bargain. Eastwood, 222 West 42d.

"WHERE TO LIVE AND DO BUSINESS IN New York." Booklet free at 1,159 and 399 Broadway, or mailed for 4 cents postage by Suburban Pass. Agt., Erie Rd., 1,159 Broadway, N. Y.

Beautiful Palisades, overlooking Hudson River, Riverside Drive; accessible all hours; lots, cottages; easy terms. Eastwood, 222 West 42d St.

SEASHORE HOMES AT ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL. Albert Robbins, 126 Main St., Asbury Park, N. J.

Gentleman's Place, Morris Plains; 8 acres; stable, greenhouse, &c.; $10,000; for sale. E. J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

Valuable estate, near Ridgewood, Jersey; finest spot, Erie main line! Cheap! Bode, 308 East 86th St.

Montclair, N. J.—Large home, near depot; fine location; furnished, for Summer; $75 per month. Box G 132 Times Office.

Upper Montclair, N. J.—Modern 10-room house, furnished, to rent for the season. 319 Inwood Av.

West End, Elberon, Deal, Allenhurst, Monmouth Beach; furnished cottages to let. R. H. Woodward, Long Branch.

Residences and farms; good outbuildings; plenty shade. Wm. Weston, Woodcliff, N. J.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Grantwood-on-Hudson
Opposite Grant's Tomb.
Have You Seen Grantwood in Full Bloom?
If Not, Now Is Your Opportunity.
Grantwood adjoins a beautiful public park commanding magnificent, panoramic views of the Hudson, Manhattan Island, and Long Island Sound. Climate of the Catskills. Elevation 370 feet above the River, on the crest of the Palisades. Health, rest, and pleasures are combined in a Grantwood home.
LOTS $700 TO $1,800.
HOUSES BUILT TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
Write or call for descriptive booklet; also free tickets via Franklin or 42d Street Ferry and North Hudson Company's Trolley or 130th Street Ferry and Hudson River Trolley.
Columbia Inv. & Real Estate Co.,
St. James Bldg., Broadway and 26th St. 'Phone 1847 Madison.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED.
Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, Jr., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St.; 'phone, 1919 Harlem. Branch, 10 Nassau St.; 'phone, 860 Cort.

Wanted—Tenements, east side, below 23d, showing good investment; cash customers. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Wanted—Private house for client; must be a bargain; cash. T. E. Hayman Co., 215-217 West 125th St.

Properties to sell, exchange, rent, and manage. T. E. Hayman Co., 215-217 West 125th St.

Private houses, stores, and flats wanted to rent. Thomas Ryan, 2,083 Lexington Av.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

DWELLING WANTED.
East or west side; mercantile building; $35,000 equity offered part payment; brokers invited. Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., 7 East 42d St.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—RICHMOND BOROUGH.

Go to Cornell's Real Estate Exchange, 38 Water St., Stapleton, for information Staten Island real estate.

CITY HOUSES TO LET — UNFURNISHED.

Elegant brick and stone two-family house; eight rooms and bath to each apartment; steam heat; rent, $75.00 per month. 1,052 Clay Av., three blocks west of 3d Av.

Modern four-story highstoop house, 66 West 98th St.; rent, $1,800. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished, desirable locations; rents, $750 to $5,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Webster Av., Corner 170th St.—Store, three rooms, $18; corner 168th St. and Franklin Av., double store, $15; 759 East 167th St., store, two rooms, $12; corner Washington Av. and 169th St., large double store, $25. Dickson, 2,391 3d Av.

BULKHEAD, WITH 19 LOTS.
Also, corner lots East 30th; also, large lofts on South St. Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Lawyer, architect, or engineer can secure a most desirable office on Wall St. by addressing C. E. H., P. O. Box 1,387.

Three very light, attractive, connecting offices, 105 East 17th St.; rent, $30. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 151 East 34th St.; elevator, heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Attractive offices, north light, 835 Broadway, corner 13th; elevator; rent, $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO.
FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS.
TEL. 3420—38. 110 WEST 42D STREET.

Entire 6-story building, 75 Bowery, near Canal; 25x100; store and basement separate. Wm. F. Nisbet, 66 New St., or your broker.

LOFTS OR FLOOR SPACE TO LET.
513-519 WEST 42D ST. APPLY ON PREMISES; BROKERS PROTECTED.

A number of stores to let on Fulton and Beekman Sts., at $1,200 year and up. Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

Factory lofts, 75x50; light, heat, power, elevator; new, modern building. 523 West 24th.

3d Av. store, west side, near 166th St., 25x80; only $50. Dickson, 2,391 3d Av.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

Attractively furnished apartments for rent at Hatfield House; Summer rates; 108 E. 29th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

THE SAN JACINTO,
S. E. COR. MADISON AVE. & 60TH ST.
New 8-Story Fireproof Apartment House.
Now Open for Inspection and Occupancy.
Two to eight rooms and bath.
Rents $800 and upwards per annum, with service.
LEASES FROM SEPT. 1ST.
Decorations to suit. Examine and engage your apartment before going away for the Summer. Restaurant on top floor of building.
For particulars, Madison Ave. Real Estate Co., on premises. Send for descriptive booklet.

THE ANTOINETTES,
48 TO 52 EAST 58TH ST.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSES.
One block from Savoy and Netherland Hotels. Suites, 6 to 9 rooms; 2 baths.
Modern and up to date in all their appointments.
RENTS $1,300 TO $1,800.
Owner on premises.
HERTER REALTY CO.

THE "RUTHERFORD"
206-208 EAST 17TH STREET.
One suite of 5 rooms and bath from June 1st, $42. Passenger elevator and all conveniences.
JOHN G. FOLSOM, 14 BIBLE HOUSE.
Pamphlet on application.

Union and University Club Members.—Why pay high rents when high-class, attractive apartments at low rates are so near your club headquarters? Call and examine 101-107 West 54th St.; two rooms and bath; electric light; all improvements. Wm. Henry Folsom, 24 East 23d St.

MAGNIFICENT NEIGHBORHOOD—Finest in Harlem. Superior, five-room, breezy apartments, overlooking picturesque Morningside Park; appealing to refined people; incomparable at $30. 342 Manhattan Av.

Choice corner, 2d and 3d story, (brick,) apartments; 6 and 7 rooms; up to date; to select tenants; rents moderate. Apply 1,660 Monroe Av., corner of 173d St.

243 West 135th St.
8 large rooms and bath; 4th floor; $46.

Single apartment, (2d,) 8 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water; every improvement; $58. 133 West 88th St.

Handsome apartment, 5 rooms, bath, steam heat, single flat; one flight up; reasonable rent. Call, 237 West 128th St., or Dickson, 2,391 3d Av.

Furnished and unfurnished flats and apartments in good locations; rents, $50 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Bargain.—Five-room elevator apartment; electric light; telephone; fine cool location; Cathedral Heights. 509 West 112th St.

Second floor in private house; hot water; private bath; gas; telephone. 168 West 47th St.

Eight fine, large, light rooms and bath, top flat, $27; no steam. 16 West 132d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—FURNISHED

THE FLORENCE
105 EAST 18TH STREET,
invites select patronage during the Summer; reasonable transient rates.
THOMAS HOBBS, Superintendent.

101st St., 228 West.—Handsomely furnished, six outside rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity, gas; three months; adults.

103d St., 230 West.—Well-furnished apartment, seven rooms, bath; for Summer months; convenient to riverside; elevator.

Furnished apartment, 8 rooms and bath, to rent for Summer, near Riverside Drive. Apply 322 West 83d St.

Five rooms and bath; seen Friday and Saturday until 5. Macy, 235 West 70th St.

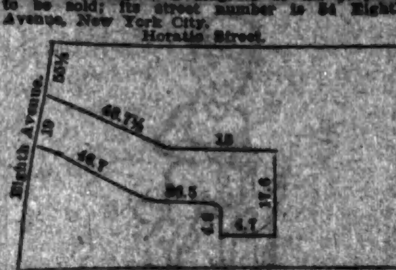
85th St., 303 West.—To rent, fully furnished, seven large rooms to Oct. 1st; $50.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK, NEW York County.—EVA FLORENCE DIBB, plaintiff, against CHARLES EDMUND DIBB, defendant.—Summons.—This is an action for a divorce.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within 20 days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated March 9th, 1903.
GARDENHIRE & JETMORE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.
To Charles Edmund Dibb, the defendant above named:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Honorable Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 17th day of March, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 9th day of April, 1903.
Dated New York, April 10th, 1903.
GARDENHIRE & JETMORE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
a10-law6wF

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—LEO M. KLEIN, plaintiff, against LETITIA ANN EMMENS and others, defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 12th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings erected thereon, situate, lying, and being on the easterly side of Eighth Avenue, between Fourth and Horatio Streets, in the Ninth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, known and designated on a certain map thereof, entitled "Map of property belonging to the estate of Asher P. Hamlin, deceased," dated New York, March, 1860, made by John J. Serrell, Surveyor, by the number (13) thirteen, bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Eighth Avenue, being the centre of the party wall between the house on the lot now being described and the house on the lot number (12) twelve on said map, adjoining to the south thereof, which point is distant seventy-four feet and one-half of one inch southwesterly from the southeasterly corner of Eighth Avenue and Horatio Street; running thence southeasterly through the centre of said party wall to the said lot number twelve on said map forty-six feet seven inches; thence easterly, still along said last-mentioned lot, twenty-six feet five inches; thence southerly, still along said mentioned lot, four feet eight inches, to the lot number fifteen on said map; thence easterly along said lot number fifteen on said map four feet seven inches; thence northerly, still along said last-mentioned lot seventeen feet six inches to lot number fourteen on said map; thence westerly along said last-mentioned lot eighteen feet; thence northwesterly, still along said last-mentioned lot, and through the centre of the party wall between the house on the lot now being described and the house on lot number fourteen on said map, adjoining to the north thereof, forty-six feet seven and one-half inches to Eighth Avenue; thence southwesterly along the easterly side of Eighth Avenue nineteen feet to the point or place of beginning.
Being the same premises conveyed to Charles Emmens, one of the parties of the first part, by deed bearing date May 24, 1860, by Samuel S. Hamlin and Henry R. De Witt, administrators de bonis non, with the will annexed of Asher P. Hamlin, &c., which deed was recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 8th day of May, 1860, in Liber 804 of Conveyances, Page 668.
Dated New York, May 14, 1903.
JULIUS J. LYONS, Referee.
KLEIN & JACKSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 54 Eighth Avenue, New York City.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $12,862.19, with interest thereon from the 9th day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowance, amounting to $442.97, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $472.62, and interest.
Dated New York, 14th day of May, 1903.
JULIUS J. LYONS, Referee.
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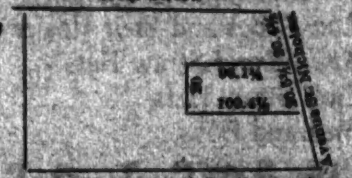
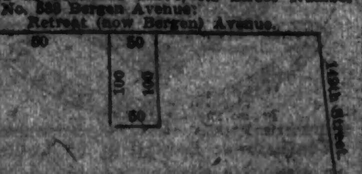
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, plaintiff, against ALLETA R. BAILEY, George Rayner, Hattie Clark, Edward Aaron, and John Finlan, defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 15th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the eleventh day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly line of the Avenue St. Nicholas at a point distant twenty feet and four and one-half inches southerly from the southwesterly corner of Avenue St. Nicholas and One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street, and running thence westerly parallel with the southerly line of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street and partly through the centre of a party wall Ninety-six feet and one and one-quarter inches; thence southerly at right angles to the southerly line of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street twenty feet, thence easterly parallel with the southerly line of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street and partly through the centre of a party wall one hundred feet and four and seven-eighths inches to the westerly line of Avenue St. Nicholas, and thence northerly along the westerly line of Avenue St. Nicholas twenty feet five and one-half inches to the point or place of beginning; be the said distances and the said several dimensions more or less. Subject to the covenants and restrictions contained in the deed recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Block Series of Conveyances, Section 7, Liber 8, Page 225.—Dated New York, May 15th, 1903.
THOMAS B. OSBORN, Referee.
HOLMES, RAPALLO & KENNEDY, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 66 Broadway, New York, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 875 Avenue St. Nicholas:
154th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $22,660.26, with interest thereon from the fourteenth day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $322.10, with interest from May 15th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $301.22 and interest.—Dated New York, May 15th, 1903. THOMAS B. OSBORN, Referee.
my19-2aw3wTu&F&je11

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, WESTCHESter County.—CECILIA STRIPLING, Plaintiff, vs. MARY SCHNEBEL, Louisa Kalsh, Annie M. H. Schnebel, Charles H. Schnebel, and Magdalina E. Schnebel and Frederick Dillemuth, Defendants.
In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 14th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by James L. Wells, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-third Ward of the City and County of New York (late in the Town of Morrisania, County of Westchester,) and State of New York, and which is known and distinguished on a certain map entitled "Map of the Eastward of the Village of Melrose, situated in the Manor of Morrisania, in the County of Westchester," Andrew Findlay, Surveyor, West Farms, April 12th, 1850, by the Number Eighteen (18) and which is bounded and described as follows, to wit:
Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Retreat Avenue, distant Fifty (50) feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of Retreat Avenue and Henry Street, running thence southerly along Lot Number Seventeen (17) on said map and parallel with Henry Street One hundred (100) feet to Lot Number Sixteen (16) on said map; thence easterly along said last-mentioned lot and parallel with Retreat Avenue Fifty (50) feet to Lot Number Nineteen (19) on said map; thence northerly along Lot Number Nineteen (19) and parallel with Henry Street One hundred (100) feet to the southerly line or side of Retreat Avenue; thence westerly along said line or side Fifty (50) feet to the point or place of beginning. Containing all the lands in said bounds, with the buildings and improvements thereon situate.
Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.
SEWARD BAKER, Referee.
MICHAEL J. SULLIVAN, Esq., Plaintiff's Attorney, Willis Avenue and 148th Street, Bronx Borough, N. Y. City.
CHARLES J. VION, Esq., Attorney for Defendants, Willis Avenue and 148th Street, Bronx Borough, N. Y. City.
JULIUS HEIDERMAN, Esq., Attorney for Defendants, 3,070 Third Avenue, Bronx Borough, N. Y. City.
KURZMAN & FRANKENHEIMER, Attorneys for Guardian ad litem for Infant Defendants, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, its Street Number being No. 583 Bergen Avenue:
Retreat (now Bergen) Avenue.



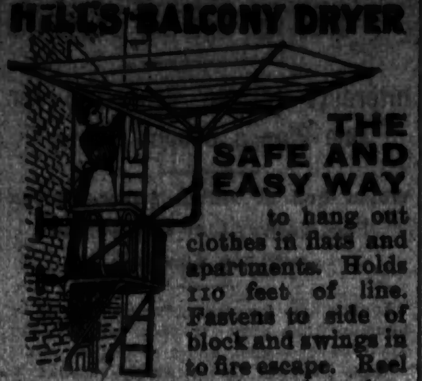
The above premises will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances.
Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.
SEWARD BAKER, Referee.

PATENTS.

Advice free; patents promptly procured; inventors' guide free. Edgar Tate & Co., Patent Attorneys, 245 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

HILL'S BALCONY DRYER



THE SAFE AND EASY WAY to hang out clothes in flats and apartments. Holds 110 feet of line. Fastens to side of block and swings in to fire escape. Reel folds up quickly and can be taken in to keep line clean. Ask the landlord to put one up. Write for Catalogue R to
HILL DRYER CO.,
219 WEST 125TH ST., NEW YORK, or to factory, Worcester, Mass.

Bi-Metal and French Steam Coffee Pot Co.,
948 Broadway,
Bet. 22d & 23d Sts., N. Y.
THE GENUINE FRENCH STEAM COFFEE POT

is the highest perfection in the art of making delicious coffee. All genuine new style French Steam Coffee Pots are stamped on the bottom, JOS. HEINRICHS Paris—New York.
Coffee Pots of every description repaired, and any missing parts replaced. Solid Sterling silver-lined copper tea kettles, coffee pots and chafing dishes.

WILLIAMS, VISIBLE TYPEWRITERS,
SOLD AND RENTED, 310 B'WAY.

GENERAL **TYPEWRITER** EXCHANGE. LATEST MODELS Rented and Sold. Cash or Installments. 239 B'WAY Tel. 1575 Cort.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES. Perfect condition; second hand. A-One Typewriter Exchange, 349 B'way, N. Y., 1 flight up. 465 Fulton St., B'klyn.

WALL PAPER, 1,000,000 rolls; blanks, 1¼c.; gilts, 3c.; embossed, 2½c.; ingrains, 4½c.; tiles, tapestries, &c.; silks, 12½c. upward. BECKER, 166,172, 180 2d St.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 2240 Frank.

BICYCLES $1 PER WEEK. LEADING MAKES. Bausch's, 2,371 3d Av., (128th.) Evgs.

Desks, roll-tops; partitions, railings, tables, safes, letter-presses, counters, shelving, 1,000 telephone stands; cheap; stores, offices fitted. Pine Bros., 29-33 Centre St.

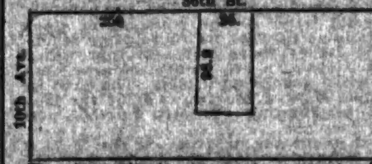
Typewriters.—When renting or buying get a good one. Best Typewriter Exchange, 63 Park Place. Telephone.

Typewriter Headquarters, 322 Broadway.—Call up 1195 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Typewriters rented, $3 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 2866 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 203 Broadway.

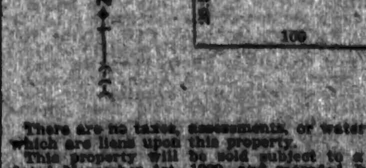
REFEREES' NOTICES.

NO. 442 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET, Borough of Manhattan.—New York Supreme Court, County of New York—M. ADELE SMITH and another, as executrix and executor, &c., plaintiff, against MARTIN L. SUGARMAN et al., defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 8th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of June, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Herbert A. Sherman, auctioneer, the premises described in said judgment as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York, and known and distinguished on a map entitled "Maps showing the situation of one hundred and forty-four lots of land, being part of Glass House Farm, the property of George Rapelje, Esq., drawn by Adolphus Loss, City Surveyor, by the number one hundred and thirty-eight and bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Thirty-sixth Street, distant two hundred and fifty feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of Thirty-sixth Street and Tenth Avenue; thence running southerly and parallel with Tenth Avenue, ninety-eight feet nine inches; thence easterly, parallel with Thirty-sixth Street, twenty-five feet; thence northerly and parallel with Tenth Avenue ninety-eight feet nine inches to the southerly side of Thirty-sixth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly side of Thirty-sixth Street twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning. Known by street number Four Hundred and forty-two West Thirty-sixth Street in the City of New York.
Dated New York, May 8, 1903.
CHARLES J. HARDY, Referee.
BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.
The following is a diagram of the property referred to in the foregoing notice of sale:
36th St.



The approximate aggregate amount of the plaintiff's lien upon the premises, with interest, costs, and disbursements, is $21,027.49, and of taxes, assessments, and water rates, $436.63.
CHARLES J. HARDY, Referee.
BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
m12-2aw3wTu&F&je2

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ANNA R. SPRING et al against PHILIP L. WILSON et al.
In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in the said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows: All that certain lot of land situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at the southwest corner of Second Avenue and 54th Street; running thence southerly along the westerly side of Second Avenue twenty-five (25) feet five (5) inches; thence westerly and parallel with 54th Street one hundred (100) feet; thence northerly and parallel with Second Avenue twenty-five (25) feet five (5) inches, to 54th Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of 54th Street one hundred (100) feet, to the point of beginning.—Dated New York, May 25, 1903.
RICHARD M. HENRY, Referee.
FRANK BARKER, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 45 Wall Street, New York.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above:
54th St.



There are no taxes, assessments, or water rents which are liens upon this property.
This property will be sold subject to a lease dated November 1st, 1900, and recorded June 4, 1901, in Section 5, Liber 76 of Conveyances, page 230, in the New York County Register's office, for a term of twenty years from November 1, 1900, at an annual net rent of $1,050, the tenant paying all taxes and water rates, and having the privilege of a renewal of the term at an annual rental of five per cent. on the then appraised value of the land, or to sell to the then owner of the land the building at sixty per cent. of its appraised value.—Dated New York, May 25, 1903.
RICHARD M. HENRY, Referee.
my26-2aw3wTu&F&je16

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.
ABRAM HYATT, Auctioneer, will sell, by order of James Shea, Trustee, at Public Auction on the premises, near the "Dickey Brook" and the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., at
PEEKSKILL,
N. Y., on
SATURDAY, MAY 30th, 1903,
at Four o'Clock P. M.,
20 ACRES OF LAND,
WITH THREE-STORY DWELLING HOUSE,
containing Fourteen Rooms, pleasantly situated on the property; also farm barn, woodhouse, and other outbuildings, known as the JAMES WEST LAND. This property is nicely situated, overlooking the Hudson River, between the Albany Post Road and the land of the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., adjoining the "Dickey Brook," near Fleischmanns, south of the Village of Peekskill, N. Y.
This property will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder. Terms made known on the day of sale.
SHERMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
HAYS & HERSHFIELD, Attorneys for Trustee, 141 Broadway, New York City.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WATERS PIANOS
represent the highest ideal of an **art piano**. They are famous for **fine tone**, and are warranted to be **durable**.
Style A—Waters Upright Piano, only
$225
cash, or **$250** on installments; **$10** down and **$7** per month. Also Style 85—**Chester Piano**,
$170
cash, or **$190**, payable
only $5 monthly.
Send postal for catalogue.
HORACE WATERS & CO.,
134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St.
Harlem Branch (Open Evenings),
254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

PEASE PIANOS.
128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY.
The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices 1-3 to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting, Exchanging.

STURZ PIANOS.
Sold on easy terms direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS AT 142 LINCOLN AVE.
134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.
A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free.
MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.
EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone 1049—38th.
1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

RELIABLE CONNOR PIANOS
for sale or to rent on easy terms; exchanging and repairing; catalogue mailed free.
4 EAST 42D ST.

THE PIANOTIST
The Invisible Piano Player. Plays any Piano. Any one can play it. Cash or installments. Recitals daily. Warerooms, 122 Fifth Av., nr. 19th St.

Magnificent Wheelock upright piano, slightly used, $90; fine Weber, $74; Steinway, $116; small upright, $49; Chickering, Apollo player, splendid bargain. Biddle's, 6 West 125th St.

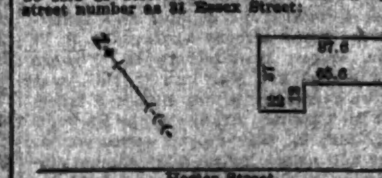
UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 21 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 487 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—EDWIN A. McCAFFREY against MARY CORBITT and others.
In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 19th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Philip A. Smyth, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situated in the Borough of Manhattan, and City, County, and State of New York, known by the street number as Number Thirty-one Essex Street, as now in possession, the said premises being bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Essex Street, distant one hundred feet north of the northerly side of Hester Street, running thence westwardly, parallel with said Hester Street, sixty-five feet and six inches; thence southwardly, parallel with Essex Street, twelve feet; thence westwardly, again parallel with Hester Street, twenty-two feet; thence northwardly, parallel with Essex Street, thirty-seven feet; thence eastwardly, parallel with Hester Street, eighty-seven feet and six inches, to the westerly side of Essex Street; thence southwardly, along the westerly side of Essex Street, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning, together with any other adjoining lands and rights belonging thereto beyond such lines, and be the said several distances and dimensions more or less, and subject, however, to encroachments thereon, if any, by adjoining walls, and subject moreover to all existing tenancies.
Dated New York, May 19th, 1903.
THEODORE SUTRO, Referee.
HOADLY, LAUTERBACH & JOHNSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 25 William Street, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, and known by the street number as 31 Essex Street:



There are no taxes, assessments, or water rates which are liens upon this property, and this sale is made subject to the tenancies and encroachments above referred to.
Dated New York, May 19th, 1903.
THEODORE SUTRO, Referee.
m20-2aw3wW&F&je11

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 5,854.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAROLINE BARBIG, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.
To the creditors of Caroline Barbig of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1903, the said Caroline Barbig was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of F. K. Pendleton, No. 35 Broad St., Room 1,544, in N. Y. City, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1903, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
F. K. PENDLETON, Referee in Bankruptcy.
May 29, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL D. DAVIS, individually; SAMUEL D. DAVIS & CO., and CHARLES B. VAN NOSTRAND, individually, bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that Charles B. Van Nostrand, one of the bankrupts above named, has filed his petition, dated May 21, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15, 1903, at 10:30 A. M. and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 29, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—ANIELLO DENISCO, bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Aniello Denisco, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 19th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 8th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 28th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL D. DAVIS, individually; SAMUEL D. DAVIS & CO., and CHARLES B. VAN NOSTRAND, individually, bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that Samuel D. Davis, one of the bankrupts above named, has filed his petitions, dated May 18, 1903, and May 25, 1903, respectively, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petitions before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 15, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 29, 1903.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

PALMA HOUSE. Men only; rooms, 25c. 23 Bowery.
PURITAN HOTEL. Men only. 152 Bowery, corner Delancey.

BOARDERS WANTED.

11th, 11 East, Van Rensselaer Hotel.—Elegantly furnished apartments; private baths; telephones; elevator; electric light; hotel service; $15 weekly upward, ($28 for two,) including board; transients accommodated.

17th St., 116 East.—Square room, private bath; also two small rooms; first-class table; references.

21st St., 17-19 West, Near 5th Av.—Neatly furnished large and small rooms in well-appointed house; accommodations for transients; references; telephone.

24th St., 11 East, Near Madison Square Park.—Large room, third floor, with board; table board; references.

22d St., 30 East.—Large and small rooms, with board; references; transient guests accommodated.

47th St., 148 West.—Large and single rooms; parlor dining room; Summer rates; table board.

83d St., 250 West.—Room and board with private family in first-class apartment; A1 references given and required. Holton.

93d St., 122 West, "L" station block.—Desirable single room, (southern exposure;) good board; references.

95th St., 66 West.—Pleasant alcove room; good family table; near park, cars; table boarders; reasonable; references.

119th St., 160 West, Between 7th and Lenox Avs.—Very nice rooms and board; $4 to $20; Summer prices.

125th St., 243 West.—Nicely furnished large, also hall room, to let, with or without board.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

1.—Handsomely furnished suite, large sunny rooms, front and back; private bath; ample closets; appointments first-class; house very select; below 14th St., near 5th Av.; neighborhood choice; would rent reasonably during Summer months, but would prefer by the year; references exchanged. Select, Box 43, 1,364 Broadway.

18th St., 116 East, near Irving Place.—Large and small furnished rooms; hot and cold water.

20 and 22 Gramercy Park.—Large, handsomely furnished front parlor bedroom; private bath and toilet; also other rooms; private bath; references.

25th St., 24 West.—Superior room, private bath; ample closets; references required.

41st St., 104 and 106 West.—Pleasant rooms in woman's clubhouse; nurses or business women; telephone; excellent service.

46th St., 146 West.—Bright, cool room; running water; bath; private family; references.

47th St., 169 West.—Furnished rooms to let, $5 per week; references.

49th St., 151 West.—Two large, nicely furnished rooms for rent; running water; private house.

54th St., 260 West.—Large and small nicely furnished rooms; ample closets; running water; homelike; reasonable.

127th St., 7 West.—Desirable alcove, square, and single rooms at reasonable rates for Summer months.

129th St., 234 West.—Handsomely furnished front room with running water; also hall room.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Kaake, 1,133 Broadway.

Madison Av., 69.—Rooms, single and en suite; private baths; breakfast optional.

Room, with or without bath; excellent for studio or business purposes. Apply 17 West 42d St., 2d floor, front.

Washington Square, 42.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished; some overlooking the park; closets, running water; board optional; reasonable.

Bath Beach.
Bath Beach—Bushwick Cottage, Bay 14th St., near Bath Av. Two connecting rooms, well furnished; reasonable.

COUNTRY BOARD.

East Orange.—With refined private family; house all modern improvements; fine grounds and trees; telephone; close to Erie station; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Call, by appointment only, 36 Brighton Av.

20 CLINTON PLACE, NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
A few newly furnished and decorated rooms with first-class board; hotel service; stable accommodation.

Lake View Farm, on Hook Mountain.—New house; improvements; German-American table; spring water containing iron; boating, bathing, fishing; one hour out. Valley Cottage, Rockland County, N. Y.

Excellent accommodations, near water and depot; New York, 45 minutes; large rooms, good board, boating, fishing; terms moderate; men only. Homestead, Sewaren, N. J.

THE KNOLL, WOODBURNE, SULL. C., N. Y. Capacity 60. Every modern improvement. No undesirable persons accommodated. For booklet address J. A. MUNSON, Prop.

Maple Grove Farm.—Accommodates 40; vegetables, milk, butter, eggs; adults, $7 to $8; children according to age. H. C. Toennes, Barryville, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

Ludlow-on-Hudson.—30 minutes New York Central or Putnam; private American family; excellent table; airy rooms; shady veranda; gentlemen only. B., Times, Harlem.

Woodbourne House, Woodbourne, Sullivan Co., N. Y. H. L. Butterfass, Prop. First-class hotel accommodating 60 guests; shady lawns, good hunting and fishing.

Windermere, Tarrytown, N. Y.—Summer, Winter; comfort, convenience, beautiful scenery; healthful; reasonable rates; references. Address above.

At New Rochelle, 43 Pelham Road, near Centre Av., fine rooms; large grounds; directly on the water; boating, bathing; 30 minutes from Grand Central.

Silver Spring Farm, Walden, N. Y.—Beautiful Summer home; excellent table; large lawns; adults only. Mrs. M. E. Kidd.

Mt. Kisco, N. Y. Large house; modern improvements; large lawns and veranda; farm products; homelike. Mrs. Martha Fish.

"Nearwood," Woodbury Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.—Large rooms and piazzas; beautiful lawns; excellent table, &c. D. J. Sargeant.

Private family on Long Island farm wants one or two boarders for Summer; 30 minutes from 34th St. ferry. Box 168, Bayside.

Mount Airy House, Bernardsville, N. J.—Elevation 1,500 feet; large rooms, with first-class board. P. O. Box 37.

Dairy farm; good board; eggs, milk, vegetables from farm; transportation free. Mrs. I. D. Smith, 2,144 East Side Station, Bridgeport, Conn.

Mountain View House, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Large rooms; bath; excellent table; beautiful location. Mrs. John W. Ford.

SHADY LAWN HOUSE, Cornwall-on-Hudson; good accommodations; near boat and depot; moderate. John M. Conlon.

Bath Beach—Ardmoor Villa, 18th St., bet. Benson and Bath Avs.—Desirable rooms; private family; Jewish board.

Bath Beach.—182 Bay 16th St., near Bath Avenue. Desirable large rooms; well-kept house; board optional.

FLORAL HILL HOUSE, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Airy rooms; bath; excellent table; large lawns, &c. Mrs. G. A. Merritt.

Select boarders; commuters; near station, ocean; refined; $10 each. Box 114, Station B, Long Branch, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

3 adults (gent., wife, and son) require 2 rooms and good board; one hour's distance; about $75.00 monthly; Americans. 102 West 87th St.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

Dressmaker.—Parisian dressmaker, accustomed to finest work, wishes some at home; takes orders and fits at customers' residences; references. Ernestine, 367 West 35th St.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 2 Maiden Lane.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EUGENE L. BUSHE, as receiver, &c., against DANIEL COLEMAN and Harry F. Coleman, individually and as trustee, &c.
Pursuant to an interlocutory decree in this action, dated November 27, 1901, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 14th day of January, 1902, and also by authority of an order bearing date July 18, 1899, made by the City Court of the City of New York in the case of James T. Nevin against Daniel Coleman, whereby I, the undersigned, Eugene L. Bushe, was appointed receiver of all the property, equitable interests and rights of action of the said Daniel Coleman, which last mentioned order was duly entered in the clerk's office of said City Court on the same day and in the County Clerk's office of the County of New York on the 21st day of July, 1899, I, the undersigned, receiver, will sell, on the 27th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor at the New York Real Estate Salesrooms, at 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, all the right and interest which Daniel Coleman, as proprietor thereof on the 30th day of March, 1897, had in the livery stable business conducted by him at 202 East Forty-first Street and 120 and 122 West Fifty-sixth Street, in the City and County of New York, under his name or in the name of "Coleman's Stables," "The Grenoble Stables," or the "New York Athletic Club Stables," which business and the good will thereof was on or about the said 30th day of March or the first day of April, 1897, assigned by said Daniel Coleman to his son, Harry F. Coleman, as trustee, and which assignment has been vacated and set aside by said decree of the court, and of which business and the good will thereof I was by said decree appointed receiver.
Dated May 22, 1903.
EUGENE L. BUSHE, Receiver.
NELSON SMITH, Attorney for Receiver, 141 Broadway, City and County of New York.
The above sale was adjourned to take place on the 29th day of May, 1903, at the same hour and place.
Dated May 27, 1903.
EUGENE L. BUSHE, Receiver.
NELSON SMITH, Attorney for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York City.

LOANS.

CASH
IN ANY AMOUNT
advanced, without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character.
Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c.
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FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK.
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SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary, Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 706.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE 729.

INSTRUCTION.

The Merrill-vanLaer School. BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Formerly The Peebles and Thompson School, 30, 32, and 34 East 57th Street, New York City.

ACTING thoroughly and practically taught at the LAWRENCE SCHOOL, 106 West 42d St. Circulars on application.

DANCING.

Announcement.—Perfect waltz guaranteed in six private lessons; $5. Howe's School, 6th Av., corner 42d St.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Inventions Patented and Sold
Send for free booklet.
PATENT DEVELOPMENT CO. OF AMERICA, 130 Broadway, N. Y.

For Sale.—Undeveloped zinc and lead lands in the very heart of the Missouri district; payments, $5 a month; there are logical reasons why these lands are a safe and profitable investment regardless of where you live. Write for circulars and learn why. W. B. Sayler, Carthage, Mo.

A gentleman, first-class connections and business ability, controlling very profitable large cash trade now yielding $750 monthly, will divide with party with $2,500 to invest in more material. Address Salesman, Box 120 Times Office.

Energetic, reliable lawyer renders legal services free relating to the collection of claims, injuries, real estate, and wills, unless successful. Address Lawyer, Box 209 Times Office.

BUSINESS People and Investors not requiring constant bookkeeper; drop postal to-day for terms, &c. Ross, 334 East 141st St.

A rare chance for business man with money. Call or address Mechanical Engineer, 187 Greenwich St., New York.

Printing, cheap, good; 1,000 cards, $1, with artistic design. Fulton Press, 82 Duane St.; get busy.

AUCTION SALES.

By virtue of a lien held against the following personal property: One chestnut mare, fifteen hands high, belonging to Charles Piepenbrink, Jr., of No. 231 West 21st St., Manhattan, City of New York, now in our possession, we will sell said mare at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy such lien, at No. 140 West 84th St., Manhattan, New York, on the 18th day of June, 1903.—Dated New York, May 27, 1903. DOYLE & ULRICH, Lienors.

Mortgage Sale.—Louis Levy, auctioneer, sells today at 11 o'clock, at No. 60 Hamilton Av., Borough Brooklyn, fixtures of a saloon, formerly at No. 174 Worth, Borough of Manhattan. By order of Mortgagee.

J. Mayer, auctioneer, will sell, commencing today and following days, 12 M., at 161 Park Row, the entire stock, consisting of watches, diamonds, jewelry, musical instruments, cutlery, &c.

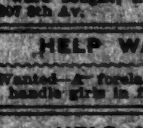
Mortgage Sale.—I, the undersigned, will sell today at 9 o'clock, at No. 1,741 1st Av., Borough of Manhattan, the fixtures and chattels of a saloon. Louis Levy, Auctioneer.

STORAGE.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 390-402 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving, packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, 3c. yard up. Telephone 587—Melrose.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. 389 Columbus. Est. 1875.

BILLIARDS.



Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1850. 105 East 9th St.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 307 6th Av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Wanted—A forelady with tact and energy to handle girls in factory. Box G 140 Times.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Attention!—$1, England; $10, Germany; $20, Africa; also experienced cattlemen; wages return passage. 115 1st St.

Cutter wanted to assist in cutting muslin underwear; work easy and steady; wages, $10; man with experience preferred. American Corset and Clasp Co., New Canaan, Conn.

Wanted—Young man to take charge (with an assistant) of boats and billiard tables at a small Summer hotel; must be competent, energetic, and of good character. Address, with references and full particulars, "Boats," Box 321, New York Post Office.

Watchman.—Strong, able-bodied watchman for out-of-town work; state age, height, weight, and references. Reliable, Box G 139 Times.

PROFESSIONAL SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Stenographer and Typewriter.—I am a young lady, 23 years of age, just graduated from Heffley Institute with honors, and desire position in good office. R., 440 Vanderbilt Building.

Visiting Secretary.—Stenographer, typewriter, (expert,) wishes engagements by day or hour as visiting secretary, or work at home; literary matter a specialty. B., 1,062 Lexington Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

COOKS.
Cook.—By first-class cook in private family where kitchenmaid is kept; excellent bread, pastry, desserts and creams; best city references. 208 East 36th St., Crookhorn's bell.

DRESSMAKERS.
Children's dressmaker, first-class work guaranteed, at home or out. Bodine, 101 West 91st.

Dressmaker.—Imported waists; crash, linen embroidered gowns; embroidered shirt waists; Summer dresses; much reduced. Isabelle, 157 East 47th St.

Dressmaking.—First-class work done; reasonable prices; latest designs in Summer gowns; perfect fit guaranteed. Foley, 216 West 127th.

HOUSEWORKERS.
General Worker.—Colored; neat, industrious; good cook; apartment. Sarah, 224 West 59th St. Tel. 1,685-B. Columbus.

NURSES.
Nurse.—To invalid; personal references; terms moderate. 183 Reade St., first floor.

WAITRESSES.
Waitress.—By first-class waitress; can take butler's place; first-class references. Call at present employer's, 48 East 49th St.

WASHING.
Washing.—Washing and open-air drying; family washing, by respectable widow. Address Box 54, 96 Christopher St.

MISCELLANEOUS.
Wanted—To write advertisements. Advertiser, G. Box 144 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

BOOKKEEPERS.
Accountant, with 20 years' practical experience, will open, post, examine, or straighten out books; prepare statements; highest references; terms moderate. Expert, Box 146 Times.

BUTLERS.
BUTLER—CHAMBERMAID.—A lady going abroad desires situations for butler and chambermaid, whom she can recommend. Call Wednesday and Thursday from 9 to 10 A. M. and 2 to 3 P. M., 19 West 56th St.

Butler or Valet.—By Englishman; city or country; first-class reference. H. C., 680 3d Av.

COACHMEN.
Coachman.—By a married man having family; thoroughly understands his business; best city references; height, 5 ft. 9. Byrne, 1,389 3d Av.

MISCELLANEOUS.
Expert who can write letters on any subject will take charge of correspondence. P., Box 1,625.

Japanese young man, first-class cook and experienced butler, wants situation; small private family; city or country, or on yacht; good references. G. Hall, 14 Tillary St., Brooklyn.

Law clerk, 20, thoroughly experienced court and office work; Junior Law School; references; desires change. Lex., 139 Times.

MAYOR EXONERATES COMMISSIONER STURGIS

Dismisses the Controller's Charges Against Him.

Admits, However, That There Was Technical Violation of the Law—Mr. Grout's Comment.

Mayor Low yesterday dismissed the charges made by Controller Grout against Fire Commissioner Sturgis. The Controller's allegations were that the provisions of the Greater New York charter had been violated in awarding contracts for more than $1,000 without public letting or bidding. Repairs to several engine houses were made and the contracts for several thousand dollars' of work were so divided that each separate contract amounted to less than $1,000. Controller Grout argued that this was a plain violation of the law. Mayor Low took up the charges, and finally referred the matter to Corporation Counsel Rives for an opinion as to whether Commissioner Sturgis had violated the law. Commissioner Sturgis made counter charges against Controller Grout that his department had audited many bills in plain violation of the provisions of the charter. These claims were never investigated officially.

Corporation Counsel Rives in his letter to Mayor Low, made public yesterday, declares that in his opinion there has been no violation of the charter in reference to the purchase of supplies. In the matter of repairs to engine houses, the Mayor says that Corporation Counsel Rives thinks there has been a technical violation of the section of the charter as to seven engine houses in Brooklyn, but he adds that this violation took place while the department was still under the influence of its old and long-established practice, and before Mr. Rives had given his opinion on the subject on Dec. 31, 1902.

The Mayor adds he finds that Mr. Sturgis gave orders that this opinion of the Corporation Counsel must thereafter be the guide of the department, and that if a contrary view was subsequently taken as to repairs, the mistake was made not willfully, but in direct violation of the Commissioner's instructions.

In the matter of the purchase of hose the Mayor says he is convinced that the action of the Fire Commissioner was altogether in the public interest, and that if he made any mistake in this matter at all it was in explaining his wishes to the Board of Estimate "incompletely, or rather, perhaps carelessly, when he asked for authority to award the contract to various bidders."

Continuing, the Mayor says that Commissioner Sturgis was aware of the scandalous transaction in the matter of hose under the previous administration in connection with the operations of William L. Marks, and that an effort was made by the then Fire Chief, Croker, to commit the Commissioner to the purchase of brands of fire hose which had figured conspicuously in those transactions. "Marks," says the Mayor, "even had the audacity to try to renew his dealing with the department in this connection, but he was promptly notified that this would be impossible."

The Mayor then says that the only question he is required to pass upon is the technical violation of the charter complained of by the Controller. He says he is sorry such a violation occurred, and believes that the attention called to the matter by the Controller will lead to a more strict construction of this section of the charter than has heretofore prevailed.

"To act upon the suggestion that the Commissioner should be removed, however, would seem to me," says the Mayor, "to be essentially unjust, because the Commissioner undoubtedly believed he was acting in accordance with the law, until the Corporation Counsel's opinion to the contrary was received, and because since the receipt of that opinion he has endeavored to live up to it, and, thirdly, because the city has suffered no harm, but has in fact been benefited by the expenditure said to have been improperly made."

The Mayor then points out some of the good work done under Commissioner Sturgis, and says the fire losses last year were $1,775,000 less than in 1901, $1,400,000 less than in 1900, and $5,400,000 less than in 1899, although the number of fires was greater in 1902 than in any of these years. The average loss per fire last year in Manhattan and the Bronx, says the Mayor, was $750,420, the lowest average in ten years, all of which he says is very creditable to Mr. Sturgis.

Controller Grout when seen regarding the Mayor's report on the charges against Fire Commissioner Sturgis said that he could see no difference between an ordinary violation of the charter and a technical violation. As to the Mayor's reference to the opinion tendered by Corporation Counsel Rives in December, 1902, by which he says the Fire Commissioner was subsequently guided, the Controller declared there was no difference between this opinion and opinions rendered by predecessors of Mr. Rives. From what he had read of the Mayor's report it sustained his contention that there had been a violation of the law. "However," he concluded, "if the Mayor's report satisfies Mr. Sturgis it will satisfy me."

TRIED TO STRIKE WITNESS.

Theodoras Folerou Was Angered by Testimony That He Conspired Against His Wife.

A litigant attempted to visit physical violence on a witness yesterday afternoon in the Supreme Court before Justice Scott during the trial of the divorce proceedings brought by Theodoras Folerou against Antonia Folerou, in which the Right Rev. Agathodoras A. Papageorgeopulos, the Archimandrite of the Greek Church in this city for many years, appears as co-respondent.

Peter Drivas of 18 Roosevelt Street testified that Folerou had agreed with him to find evidence against Mrs. Folerou which would enable the husband to get a divorce. When he had given this testimony Folerou, white with rage, jumped over the attorneys' table and tried to get at the witness, his fists clenched. Two court officers pulled him back to his seat.

The evidence was not concluded yesterday. Several witnesses gave evidence against Mrs. Folerou.

Folerou is a Greek importer and fruiterer, with a store on Columbus Avenue. He swears that the priest, while pretending to give English lessons to Mrs. Folerou, alienated her affections. Since the filing of the papers the priest has returned to Greece. Mrs. Folerou, too, went to Greece, but came back to New York two weeks ago to defend the action. House, Grossman & Vorhaus are attorneys for her, and A. H. Hummel appears for Folerou.

COL. R. A. AMMON'S TRIAL.

Jury to be Drawn for Special Panel of Talesmen—Edward Schlesinger May Be Extradited.

Judge Newburger yesterday signed an order for a special panel of talesmen from which to draw a jury to try Col. Robert A. Ammon on a charge of feloniously obtaining stolen money. The trial was set down for next Thursday.

Ammon is accused of having obtained nearly a quarter of a million of dollars, the proceeds of the 520-per-cent. Franklin Syndicate swindle. William F. Miller, the boy manager of the concern, who was sent to Sing Sing for ten years, will be brought to the Tombs on Monday and will be the principal witness against Ammon. He has made a confession to Assistant District Attorney Nott which, it is said, involves others besides Ammon, who was Miller's lawyer. Miller is dying from consumption in the prison hospital ward. He is in a state of great weakness and grave fears are entertained that he will not last through the trial. It is hoped that after he has given his testimony the District Attorney will give his indorsement to the application for a pardon which will be made to Gov. Odell and that he may be able to end his life beyond the grim prison walls.

Now that Miller for the first time has made a clean breast of all the inside secrets of the 520-per-cent. syndicate, more attention will be paid to Edward Schlesinger, the broker who was the originator and brains of the concern, and who employed Miller for a moderate salary to act as manager. Schlesinger, after the bubble burst, fled the country. He has been traced to Paris, where he is said to have been leading a gay life with the proceeds of the swindle. He has been indicted by the Kings County Grand Jury, and extradition proceedings are now contemplated by the authorities in his case.

FUN LED TO A TRAGEDY.

Workman Killed Another Laborer and Kept Others at Bay Until He Could Escape.

After killing a fellow-worker in the factory of the American Can Company, at Third Street and Third Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, Louis Derri, or Decko, an Italian, held a crowd of workmen at bay with his pistol while he made his way down stairs and escaped.

The murdered man was John Bornis, twenty-four years old, also an Italian, of 332 Rivington Street, Manhattan. Derri lives in Bayard Street, Manhattan.

On the third floor of the factory yesterday afternoon several men were throwing paper balls at each other. One struck Bornis in the face while he was working. He became angry and accused Derri of throwing the ball. A quarrel resulted, and Derri, it is said, drew a pistol and fired point-blank at Bornis. The bullet struck the latter in the breast, and he soon died.

A score of men leaped toward Derri, but he threatened to shoot the first man who attempted to lay a hand upon him, and the crowd fell back. A doorkeeper tried to bar his way on the ground floor, but gave way before the pistol. Derri ran into the yard of the factory and disappeared.

Capt. Reynolds and his reserves came from the Fifth Avenue Police Station and surrounded the building. Every corner of the yard was looked into and the factory was searched, but Derri was not found. A general alarm for the arrest of the man was sent out from Headquarters.

Several women who witnessed the shooting fainted.

TO BUILD A PELOTA COURT.

Another Effort Making to Introduce in This City the Popular Spanish Ball Game.

Another effort is to be made to introduce the Spanish game of pelota, or jai-alai, in this city. The building or court in which the game is to be played will be erected on One Hundred and Tenth and One Hundred and Eleventh Streets, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, at which point a plot of twenty lots, running through from street to street, has just been acquired from the various owners by A. Andujar, the representative in this city of the Spanish syndicate which is backing the enterprise.

The purchase of the property was negotiated by Brokers L. J. Phillips & Co. and R. A. Brown, and involved something over $450,000. The site has a frontage of 250 feet on both One Hundred and Tenth and One Hundred and Eleventh Streets, and extends westerly from a point about 200 feet west of Seventh Avenue. The sellers were John E. Parsons, Simon Rothschild, and Augustus P. Holly.

The building to be erected will be about 70 feet high, and, in addition to the court itself, which will have a seating capacity of 7,000, will contain a large restaurant. It is said that the property will be transferred within the next few days and that excavation will be begun on June 4.

Pelota, or jai-alai, is a game combining many of the features of handball and basket ball. It is played by four, six, or eight persons with a heavy but lively ball, which is driven against a wall by means of a heavy shield on the player's right hand. The game is of ancient Spanish origin, and is played most expertly by the members of one family, who, it is said, receive salaries as high as $12,000 a year. In recent years the game has been introduced in Havana, where it has become very popular, although the opportunities which it affords for gambling have made it the subject of some censure.

The previous effort to establish the sport in this city was made about a year and a half ago, when several Havana capitalists bought from Justice P. Henry Dugro and others the block front on Central Park West, between Sixty-second and Sixty-third Streets, a plot of about seventeen lots. The plans of this syndicate have never been carried out, and early in the present year its property was sold for about $950,000 to a group of real estate operators doing business as the Unity Realty Company.

NEW RECORD ON THE HUDSON.

The New York's Fast Trip from This City to Poughkeepsie.

The steamer New York of the Hudson River Day Line made a record run between New York and Poughkeepsie yesterday morning. She made the seventy-five miles in 3 hours 2 minutes and 37 seconds, beating the record of 3 hours and 15 minutes of the Mary Powell, which has stood for something like fifteen years. About 200 persons made the run, including Prof. James E. Denton of Stevens Institute and a score of students.

No stops were made between New York and Poughkeepsie. Several times on the run the New York made 25¼ miles an hour. This was close on the Mary Powell's record of 26 miles. The schedule time for reaching Poughkeepsie was 11:15 o'clock, but the New York put alongside the dock at exactly 11:42 A. M. The officials said the run would have been faster but for a hot journal and lack of steam pressure.

LEFT FOR WORK, DISAPPEARED.

Neye Had Told His Wife to "Get Another Man."

Frederick Neye, forty-five years old, of 170 West Eighty-third Street, who had a responsible position with a firm of silk merchants at 121 Spring Street, has been missing since Monday morning. As was his custom, he left his home to go to work shortly after 8 o'clock, and his relatives have not heard from him since.

Mrs. Neye said last night that her husband had been feeling ill, and one evening last week said to her, jokingly, "Well, I guess it's all up with me, and you'll have to get another man." He complained Sunday, and when he arose Monday was not feeling well. When he left the house apparently to go to work he dropped his keys, to which was attached an identification tag, in the letter box.

Neye came of a good German family, which was made poor by the failure of a bank. Twelve years ago he came to this country and a brother went to Australia. Mrs. Neye says the latter is now a millionaire.

POINT DECIDED IN FAIR SUIT.

Relatives of Mrs. Fair May Examine Agreement Surrendering the Estate.

According to a decision rendered yesterday by Justice Greenbaum in the Supreme Court, the heirs of Mrs. Charles L. Fair, who with her husband was killed last August in an automobile accident at Trouville, France, may inspect the "original document" by which it is asserted they gave up all right to her estate for a consideration of $125,000.

The decision was in a motion argued in behalf of Mrs. Hannah Nelson, the mother of Mrs. Fair, and the other heirs-at-law. Mrs. Nelson and her family set up the claim that they were deceived by representations made by Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr. and Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, sisters of Mrs. Fair, through their statements that Mrs. Fair died before her husband, whereas they declare she lived for half an hour after him and thus became entitled to rights in his estate, which were worth $7,000,000. Justice Greenbaum says that the inspection, which he grants, shall take place at the office of Jay & Candler, the attorneys for Mr. Fair's relatives, they having conceded that they had the originals of several papers in their possession and have copies of the remainders.

City Court's General Term Ends.

When the General Term of the City Court was adjourned yesterday its existence ceased. Arguments in one case only were heard by Presiding Justice McCarthy and Justices Hascall and Seabury, two other cases being submitted. In all three actions decision was reserved. Under the act abolishing the General Term of the City Court all cases from the court now are appealable to the Appellate Term of the Supreme Court. All appeals pending up to Sept. 1, 1902, either have been disposed of or the right to appeal has been lost.

MUSIC IN THE PARKS.

Schedule of Band Concerts to be Given During the Summer Months.

Park Commissioner Willcox yesterday gave out the following schedule of the band concerts to be held in the parks during the Summer:

CENTRAL PARK—Thirty concerts. First fifteen, Seventy-first Regiment Band; last fifteen, Seventh Regiment Band. Concerts begin Saturday, June 13. Concerts Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock; Sunday afternoons at 4 o'clock.

MADISON SQUARE PARK—Twelve concerts. First half, Seventy-first Regiment Band; second half, Seventh Regiment Band. Concerts begin Thursday, June 18. Concerts Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock.

CORLEARS HOOK PARK—Twelve concerts. First half, Steel's Band; second half, Fry's Band. Concerts begin Monday, June 15. Concerts Monday evenings at 8 o'clock.

EAST RIVER PARK—Twelve concerts. First half, Smith's Band; second half, Wessenstein's Band. Concerts begin Thursday, June 18. Concerts Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

BATTERY PARK—Twelve concerts by Sixty-ninth Regiment Band. Concerts begin Friday, June 19. Concerts Friday evenings at 8 o'clock.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD PARK—Twelve concerts by Wittenberg's Band. Concerts begin Friday, June 19. Concerts Friday evenings at 8 o'clock.

MOUNT MORRIS PARK—Twelve concerts. First half, Ninth Regiment Band; second half, Smith's Band. Concerts begin Tuesday, June 16. Concerts Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock.

WASHINGTON SQUARE PARK—Twelve concerts by the Old Guard Band. Concerts begin Monday, June 15. Concerts Monday evenings at 8 o'clock.

ABINGDON SQUARE—Twelve concerts by the Twelfth Regiment Band. Concerts begin Wednesday, June 17. Concerts Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock.

HUDSON PARK—Twelve concerts by Ward's Band. Concerts begin Friday, June 19. Concerts Friday evenings at 8 o'clock.

MULBERRY BEND PARK—Twelve concerts. First half, Pinto's Band; second half, Hochdorf's Band. Concerts begin Wednesday, June 17. Concerts Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock.

MORNINGSIDE PARK—Ten concerts. First half, Squadron A Band; second half, Eighth Regiment Band. Concerts begin Friday, June 26. Concerts Friday evenings at 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON FISH PARK—Ten concerts. First half, Edward Hess's Band; second half, Morin's Band. Concerts begin Thursday, June 25. Concerts Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock.

TOMPKINS SQUARE PARK—Twelve concerts. First half, Steiner's Band; second half, Kappel's Band. Concerts begin Tuesday, June 16. Concerts Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock.

STARTED FIRE IN A CELL.

Burglar Tried to Convince His Keepers That He Was Insane, but Failed.

In an effort to convince the prison keepers that he was insane, James J. Dunn, a man with many aliases and a State prison record, set fire to his cot in a cell of the West Side Court prison Wednesday night. The fire was discovered a moment after it started, and was quickly put out.

Dunn was arrested Tuesday in the apartments of Mrs. M. D. Kasis of 215 West Eighty-third Street. After his arrest Inspector McClusky said that he was one of the most accomplished thieves in the business. Dunn was released from prison four weeks ago, after having served a fourteen years' sentence for thirty burglaries.

Keeper Sheehan discovered the blazing cot in Dunn's cell. He put it out in short order. The prisoner, according to the Warden, made no attempt to escape, neither was there any panic on the part of the other prisoners. Dunn, he said, was simply feigning insanity. He was transferred to another cell as soon as the fire in the cot was quenched.

Yesterday afternoon Magistrate Flammer, in the West Side Court, committed Dunn to the Tombs for trial for burglary.

ARRESTED A DELIRIOUS MAN.

Sufferer from Pneumonia, Who Escaped from His Home, Found in a Prison.

Charles Dale, twenty-eight years old, a truckman of 890 Metropolitan Avenue, Williamsburg, while delirious from an attack of pneumonia, early yesterday morning escaped from his home clad only in light clothing and began running through the streets.

Policeman Worden of the Herbert Street Station noticed Dale running and pursued him, soon capturing him. He was taken to the station house, where a charge of vagrancy was made and the man was thrust into a cell. No attention was paid to him and later he was taken to the Ewen Street Police Court and arraigned before Magistrate Voorhis, who remanded him for an inquiry into his sanity.

In the meantime Dale's wife and relatives had been searching for him. He was traced to court. He had been placed in the prison pen in the court, and appeared to be dying. A call was sent to St. Catharine's Hospital, and Dr. Jennings took the man to the institution, where his condition was said last night to be critical.

NEW COUNSEL FOR DR. FLOWER.

John R. Dos Passos Takes the Place of ex-Justice Fursman.

When a motion to dismiss five indictments for grand larceny against Dr. R. C. Flower, whose transactions in Western mining stocks got him into trouble, was called up yesterday before Justice Fitzgerald, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, John R. Dos Passos appeared for Flower and asked for an adjournment until Monday to give him time to familiarize himself with the case. Mr. Dos Passos said he had been retained over night in the place of ex-Supreme Court Justice Fursman, Flower's former counsel, who was ill.

Flower's trial has been fixed for Monday, when Justice Vernon M. Davis will preside in the Criminal Branch. District Attorney Jerome, who was in court to oppose the motion on the ground that it was purely dilatory, said he would have all his witnesses on hand then and be ready to go on with the trial in case the motion should be denied.

Justice Fitzgerald declined to pass on the merits until he had heard argument.

LEGAL NOTES.

PARTITION OF REAL ESTATE.—In an action for partition of certain real estate brought by Julius Levine against Gustavus A. Goldsmith, the latter's defense was that he and the plaintiff did not hold the property as tenants in common, but as copartners. He sought to show this by testimony on his part that a bank account was opened in the name of Goldsmith & Levine; that checks were drawn on this account when various pieces of property were bought, and that the profits and rents realized were equally divided, or reinvested in their joint names. It appeared that the two parties to the suit were partners in a collar manufacturing company, from which they realized large profits. While Mr. Goldsmith claimed that these profits were invested in a real estate business, Mr. Levine's idea of the transactions was that they were permanent investments and that nothing was said about forming a partnership. A judgment in favor of the plaintiff has been affirmed by the Appellate Division of this city. Justice Ingraham, for the court, said that as far as he could see the arrangement was one between two individuals to purchase real estate in common, and that, under the Revised Statutes, as the two had taken title in their individual names, they held as tenants in common. "That the parties adopted a joint name in dealing with the property," continued the Justice, "that they invested the rents or profits realized from the real estate investments by purchasing securities in their joint name or by jointly loaning the money to others is not at all inconsistent with the title by which they held this real estate property."

PARADE OF THE FIREMEN.

Forty Companies Will Take Part in Annual Demonstration.

The brigade of firemen which will parade June 5, on the occasion of the presentation of medals for the years 1901 and 1902, will consist of forty companies—twenty from Manhattan and the Bronx, ten from Brooklyn and Queens, and ten of volunteers from Queens and Richmond. Medal winners and former medal winners will march in front.

The parade will start from Washington Square Arch at 2 o'clock, under the command of Acting Chief Charles D. Purroy.

WOULD BUILD ANOTHER NORTH RIVER TUNNEL

Interests Having Franchise for One Plan a Second Route.

Would End at Fulton Street—Bronx Park Subway Line May Be Run with the Elevated.

Application for franchise rights by a company that wants to build still another North River tunnel, and a proposition from August Belmont to operate elevated railroad trains over the Bronx Park viaduct extension of the subway road, within a few months, were the features of the Rapid Transit Commission's meeting at 320 Broadway yesterday afternoon.

The route of the proposed tunnel to Jersey, as far as the territory within the jurisdiction of this State is concerned, is in the shape of a loop, a single steel tube containing one railway track to enter the city proper at the foot of Fulton Street, run thence up to Church Street, then across southward two blocks to Cortlandt Street, and back to the river. The tubes under the river would be distant from each other about 390 feet, or the length of two blocks. The terminal station on this side would be so deep as not to interfere with the proposed subway line under Church Street, and would cover all the space under Church Street from Fulton to Cortlandt, with Dey Street intervening in the middle of the station.

From Church Street to Broadway there would run, under Dey Street, a subterranean footwalk connecting with the southerly end of the subway station under Broadway between Fulton and Dey Streets. The tubes beneath the river, like those in the trolley tunnel now being built on the line of Morton Street to the foot of Fifteenth Street, Jersey City, would have a diameter of 15 feet 3 inches, with steel walls a foot thick. Under the streets on this side the tunnel structure would be similar to that used in the deep parts of the Manhattan-Bronx subway under Washington Heights and Central Park, for instance.

The corporation that applied for a franchise is known as the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad Company, and is organized under the New York laws with a capital stock of $3,000,000. The interests behind it, according to the statement made by William G. McAdoo, its President, are practically the same as those in the New York and Jersey Railroad Company that is building the tunnel a mile and a half further up the river, to Morton Street.

"The up-town tunnel," Mr. McAdoo told the board in a short speech, "is for traffic to that part of the city, but we have concluded that a line is necessary for the far down-town section."

Besides Mr. McAdoo, the other officers are: Walter G. Oakman, Vice President; Henry A. Murray, Treasurer, and Charles W. King, Secretary. The Directors are Messrs. McAdoo, Oakman, Frederic B. Jennings, John Skelton Williams, Anthony N. Brady, H. B. Hollins, John G. McCullough, Elbert H. Gary, and E. C. Converse. Messrs. Jennings and King are members of the law firm of Stetson, Jennings & Russell, personal attorneys for J. Pierpont Morgan. A majority of the Directors, it is known, have interests in what are known as the Morgan railroads, notably the Erie.

When Controller Grout asked Mr. McAdoo at the board's meeting with what roads it was intended to make connections in New Jersey, the reply was:

"With those converging in Exchange Place, Jersey City."

"Which are they, specifically?" asked the Controller.

"The trolley lines of the North Jersey Traction Company and the Pennsylvania Railroad," said Mr. McAdoo.

Mr. McAdoo explained that it was not necessary to get municipal permits for such undertakings in New Jersey. He intimated that the "intention" to have the terminal in Exchange Place might be subject to a change of mind. The Controller said he did not favor approving the application before it was certain that there was no competition. Mr. Jennings explained that there could not be any competition, as the company had secured the real estate for its terminals on this side.

This real estate, Mr. McAdoo said, had cost about $800,000, and he estimated the cost of the tunnel at from $6,500,000 to $7,000,000. The money for the real estate around Church, Fulton, Dey, and Cortlandt Streets and Broadway, he admitted, had not been actually paid in.

"We did not think that necessary," he said, "as we are backed by men of known standing and are practically the same company that is building the tunnel further up town."

On a motion of Mayor Low, the application was referred to a committee consisting of Commissioners Orr, Smith, and Grout. The Chief Engineer, Mr. Parsons, will examine the engineering features of the plan simultaneously. The company, in its formal letter to the commission, gave no details as to what its route after reaching the Jersey shore would be, nor would Mr. McAdoo give any information on that point when asked for it later. The map he furnished showed the two ends of the loop tunnel terminating abruptly at the New Jersey pier line.

Asked about the progress on the Morton Street tunnel, he told the board that the northerly tube was built a distance of 4,400 feet, of which 3,900 had been done before the New York and Jersey Railroad Company secured the old Hudson Tunnel Company's rights. Work on the southerly tube is progressing well, and he anticipated having the road in operation by the end of 1904.

"At present our plans for this first tunnel call for the terminal at Fourteenth and Henderson Streets, Jersey City," he said. "That point is close to Hoboken, and as a result of negotiations now pending with the steamship companies we may alter the plans so as to take the tracks into Hoboken proper."

The new tunnel, like the first one, will be for trolley cars only, according to the announcement. After the meeting Controller Grout was asked if he knew how it was that interests apparently not allied with the Pennsylvania Railroad should announce their intention of building a tunnel with a terminal at the station of that railroad.

"I can't understand it," he said. "The whole matter will come before the committee."

Mr. Belmont's letter proposing the new plan for putting the Westchester Avenue extension of the subway road into use in connection with the Manhattan Elevated system proposed, in effect, this plan:

To hurry up the work on the elevated extension to Bronx Park from Brook Avenue, and to complete it within four or five months; and then, provided the commission would give its consent, to build a loop in Brook Avenue from Westchester to Third Avenue, connecting the Bronx Park extension with the elevated road.

This proposal, which was submitted to a committee, if it is agreed to by the board, will cause a portion of the new rapid transit road to be in use by next Fall, giving to those who live in the easterly section of the Bronx fast transit to South Ferry by way of the Second and Third Avenue elevated lines. As an ultimate advantage of the connection Mr. Belmont said that these residents would get quicker transit down town by way of the elevated from Brook Avenue than if forced to take the subway line all the way down.

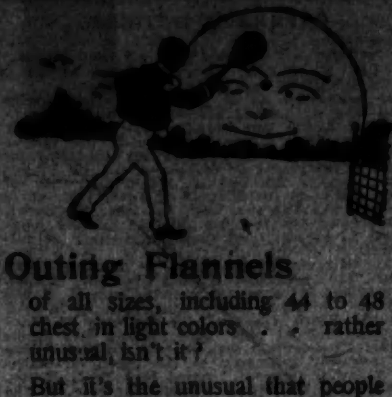
Controller Grout remarked that he disapproved taking up the solution of the connection problem piecemeal.

The demand by Mr. Belmont for pay from the city for easements bought by him to the extent of $1,206,628.39 came up again. The Controller was absent when the bill was presented before, but Deputy Controller Stevenson told the board that Mr. Belmont was charging the city more for the easements than the figures shown in the recorded deeds. Mr. Grout consented to have the matter referred to himself and Mr. Orr as a committee.

When the matter of Park Commissioner Willcox's protests over the disordered conditions of streets and parks along the subway line was considered Mr. Parsons reported that the strike had interfered with his work a great deal, but all reasonable haste was being made to clear up things.

Ceremonies of the City College.

Arrangements for the installation of President-elect Finley of the College of the City of New York, and the laying of the cornerstone for the new college building at One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Street and Convent Avenue, have been completed. Both ceremonies are to be celebrated on Oct. 1, the installation taking place in the morning and the laying of the cornerstone in the afternoon. Ex-President Cleveland, Gov. Odell, and the Mayor and President Butler of Columbia are expected to speak at the inauguration in Carnegie Hall.



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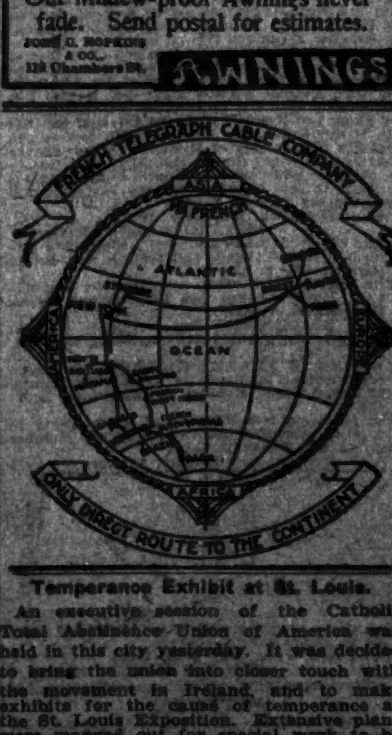

Temperance Exhibit at St. Louis.

An executive session of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America was held in this city yesterday. It was decided to bring the union into closer touch with the movement in Ireland, and to make exhibits for the cause of temperance at the St. Louis Exposition. Extensive plans were mapped out for special work to be taken up at the Pittsburg Convention in August.

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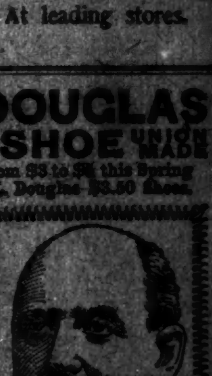

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